



LABOUR GAZETTE

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GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA**

LABOUR GAZETTE

Started in 1921, the *Labour Gazette*, issued monthly, is a journal for the use of all interested in obtaining prompt and accurate information on matters specially affecting labour in India and abroad. It contains statistical and other information on consumer price index numbers for working class, industrial disputes, absenteeism, trade unions, industrial relations, cases under labour laws, glimpses of industrial awards, labour legislation, etc. Special articles embodying results of enquiries and research relating to wages, hours of work, unemployment, family budgets, etc., are published from time to time.

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BOMBAY, AUGUST 1973

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Editor :

Shri A. D. DIVEKAR, B.A. (Hons.),

The Month in Brief

Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class

The Bombay Sholapur and Nagpur Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for the month of June 1973, with the average prices for the year ended December, 1960, equal to 100 were 230, 266 and 220, respectively. The Jalgaon, Nanded, Poona and Aurangabad Consumer Price Index Number, for Working Class for the month of June 1973 with the average prices for the year 1961 equal to 100 were 259, 307, 227 and 295 respectively.

Industrial Disputes

During April 1973, there were 86 strikes involving 26,886 workmen and a time loss of 2,85,581 working days, as compared to 107 disputes in March 1973 involving 36,220 working and time loss of 2,95,736 mandays. Further particulars of industrial disputes are given at pages 1780 to 1781 and 1806 to 1814 of this issue.

Absenteeism

During May 1973, the average absenteeism in the textile industry in seven important textile centres in the State viz. Bombay City, Nagpur, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nanded, Akola and Aurangabad amounted to 22.76 per cent as against 20.79 per cent. in April 1973. For further particulars see pages 1782 of this issue.

Production of Cotton Yarn Spun and Manufacture of cloth

During February 1973, Mills in Bombay City produced a total of 1,43,37,000 Kgs. of yarn, 1,94,000 Kgs. of Miscellaneous goods such as blankets, hosiery goods and knitted fabrics and packed 43,94,000 metres of cotton goods mixed with silk, wool, terene, etc. and packet 9,47,04,000 metres wearable and non-wearable cloth and those in Best of Maharashtra produced 49,73,000 Kgs. of yarn 89,000 Kgs. of miscellaneous goods such as blankets, hosiery and knitted fabrics and packed 2,26,87,000 metres of wearable and non-wearable cloth. The total production of cotton yarn, miscellaneous goods and mixed with silk, wool, terene, etc. packing of wearable and non-wearable cloth for the whole State of Maharashtra

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The Current Notes

Presidents Independence Day Message to the Nation

Following is the text of the message to the Nation by the President, Shri S. Radhakrishnan, broadcast on 14th August 1973 by All India Radio, on the eve of Independence Day :

Tomorrow the nation will celebrate its twenty-seventh Independence Day and, on this sacred occasion, I have great pleasure in offering my warm greetings to my fellow citizens in India and abroad. The day reminds us every year of the pledge we took and the promises we made to give to our people a better and fuller life. Rooted in traditions of democratic conduct and behaviour, we have striven hard all these years to end poverty, ignorance and disease among the vast millions of our population. Our aim has been the establishment of a society in which there will be equality of opportunity for all citizens, thereby assuring their well-being.

In our efforts towards the attainment of our national goal, we have deliberately chosen the democratic method as the only sure path to real progress. I would like to lay the greatest emphasis here on the observance of discipline at all levels. If people lose discipline and rectitude, their moral authority and influence get seriously eroded. The most important sanction to a democratic form of government is the confidence which the people repose in their leaders. It should be the constant endeavour of those placed in power to retain this confidence. The political developments that were witnessed in some countries recently are not conducive to stable government. In our system, governments are chosen by a mandate from the people. This mandate cannot be used to suit personal ambitions or for gaining selfish ends. Equally, the tendency among some people to misuse civil liberty and organize a lawless chaos which paralyse the normal life of the community constitutes a threat to the social order. Freedom and liberty are cherished rights. If they are allowed to degenerate into licence, then the very basis of democratic existence is destroyed.

We have been confronted in recent months by an unprecedented drought which has thrown millions of our people into distress and near-famine conditions in large parts of the country. We are trying to meet this situation. Necessary steps have been taken to ward off distress and to reduce the suffering of the afflicted people. We must curb all conspicuous consumption and wasteful spending. Currently, the monsoon has been good and there is fair prospect of a good *khariff* crop. In our vast country, where agriculture, as in other countries, depends mainly on the monsoon, relative periods of scarcity and abundance are inevitable. But this only emphasises the need to observe discipline and more prudence in the utilisation of our resources. This is all the more important where it concerns essential commodities for the day-to-day life of the community. I feel deeply concerned and distressed that some unscrupulous people take advantage of situations of this kind and resort to hoarding, black marketing and other anti-social acts. Such people, I have no hesitation in saying, are a blot on the nation's honour.

should be branded as enemies of society and punished under the most stringent provisions of law.

Procurement of food grains by Government was undertaken in order that the State could ensure equitable distribution covering the entire population. We have also to build up a ready buffer stock to provide for an emergency. All officials and others entrusted with the work of procurement and distribution should carry out the tasks assigned to them with dedication and without fear or favour. The successful implementation of this programme is vital to the life of the community. Every citizen is entitled to get his requirement of food and other essential articles of daily use at reasonable prices, and the State has a special duty to ensure that the poorest among its population receives adequate protection.

The abnormal rise in prices, more especially of essential commodities, has become one of our major problems. This affects all sections of the community, particularly those of the fixed income group and the poorer sections. An effective remedy for this will be a system of controlled markets, operating through consumer co-operatives and fair price shops situated in all parts of the country both in urban and rural areas. This will also have to be backed by an efficient public distribution system.

Public co-operation is of the utmost importance in all this. In times of grave economic stresses and strains, as at present, the citizens owe a duty to themselves to be vigilant guardians of the national interest. I would suggest that there should be organised in every village and town, citizens' committees to look after the consumers' interest. These committees should not take the law into their hands, but assist the lawful authority in the proper discharge of its duty. While administrative failures, unhealthy trade practices, corruption, favouritism and nepotism should be exposed without fear, the guiding principle will be constructive action. If everyone adopts a positive approach and sincerely works for the good of the people, we shall have no reason to despair.

One of the main causes for the price rise, it is felt, is the scarcity of commodities and fall in production. The workers have a duty to see that they extend their fullest co-operation in keeping up production. Every worker, as I have repeatedly emphasised, is not a mere wage-earner but an honoured citizen making his contribution towards the industrial growth of the country. His role, whether in agriculture or in industry, has a direct bearing on the country's economy. Indeed, our economic prosperity depends mainly on the workers' capacity to produce more. It is only through steady and sustained growth of agriculture and industry that we can hope to establish the egalitarian society we have been aspiring for. While I have always held that it is the inalienable right of the workers to strike, yet considering the most difficult times we are passing through, I would like to repeat my appeal to the workers in industry that in the national interest and even in their own personal interest—they should voluntarily observe a moratorium on strikes for a period of, say, three years. I would also at the same time appeal to the employers that they too should declare similarly a moratorium on lock-outs. Strikes, lock-outs and *bandhas* in times of economic distress ill-serve any cause. A voluntary decision to observe a moratorium at the present juncture will provide a congenial

climate for safeguarding better production so vital to our economy. decision will help in bringing about a genuine partnership between the and the employers and make them realise their respective responsibilities thereby lay firm foundations of good industrial relations and lasting peace.

Through these years of independence extending beyond a quarter of a century we have grown into a mature nation. Drought, floods, cyclones, etc. are common to all countries as part of nature's ways, but these should not be allowed to put back the clock of progress as it is within our power to overcome them. Our resources of men and material, the rich rivers, vast areas of land remaining uncultivated, valuable mines and mineral wealth are all available to us to exploit to their fullest capacity so that we as a nation may grow and our people become free from want. We fought to gain independence from a mighty power by united action, by a willing adherence to truth and non-violence under the leadership of one of the greatest among men that history has known. Let us recapture that spirit of unity—unity of purpose and action—in meeting the challenges that face the country today.

Jai Hind

State Advisory Council of Industries constituted

The Government of Maharashtra has constituted 61-member State Advisory Council of Industries under the chairmanship of the Chief Minister. The Minister for Industries is the vice-chairman of the council. The Council has as its members, the Minister for Finance, the Minister for Urban Development, the Minister of State for Industries and the Minister of State for Labour besides 45 non-official members and 10 official members. The Secretary of Industries and Labour Department, is the member-Secretary of the Council.

The council will advise the Government in the matters of industrial development and co-ordination, industrial development in the State in general and in under-developed areas in particular and regarding the utilisation of land of the State and raw materials for industrial development.

The tenure of the council will be for a period of three years from 22, 1973.

The Government may appoint two committees of the council one for the development of electronics industries and the other for mining and mineral based industries. Such other committees, as may be considered necessary, may also be set up from time to time to go into the details of a subject that may come up for discussion before the council. These committees will consist ordinarily of about five members and their chairmen will be selected from amongst the members of the council.

Members

The non-official members of the council are : Chairman of the Mill Owners' Association, Bombay; Engineering Association of India, Bombay; Engineering Association, Bombay (Western Region); Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Bombay; Bombay Chamber of Commerce; Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce and Industries, Poona; Regional Chamber of Commerce and Industries, Aurangabad; Nag-Vidarbha Chamber of Commerce,

Vidarbha Industries Association, Nagpur; All India Manufacturers' Organisation, Bombay; Indian Chemical Manufacturers' Association; All India Plastics Manufacturers' Association, Bombay; Organisation of Pharmaceutical Producers of India; Association of Man-made Fibre Industries, Bombay; Silk and Art Silk Mills Association, Bombay; All India Woollen Mills Association, Bombay; Kalyan-Ambernath Manufacturers' Association, Kalyan; All India Radio and Electronics Association, Bombay; Small Scale Electronics Industries Association, Bombay; Kolhapur Engineering Association, Kolhapur; Deccan Manufacturers' Association, Sangli; and Federation of Industrial Estates, Sangli; Shri Naval H. Tata, Bombay; Shri Arvind Mafatlal, Bombay; Shri Amrut Modi, Bombay; Shri V. V. Puranik, Bombay; Shri Viren J. Shah, Bombay; Shri N. M. Wagle, Bombay; Shri Lalchand Hirachand, Bombay; Shri J. V. Patel, Bombay; Shri S. L. Kirloskar, Poona; Shri Prabhau V. Mehta, Bombay; Shri M. L. Apte, Bombay; Shri V. G. Rajadhyaksha, Bombay; Shri A. R. Bhat, Poona; Shri R. S. Yawalkar, Nagpur; Shri A. G. Kulkarni, Sangli; Shri B. M. Gogte, Bombay; Shri P. A. Narielwale, Bombay; Shri M. S. Parkhe, Poona; Shri Y. A. Khare, Nagpur; Shri Devkishan Sarada, Bombay; Shri G. D. Gupta (Aurangabad Rolling Mills), Aurangabad; Shri N. G. Bhogle, Aurangabad and Shri Jalan (Deccan Flour Mills), Aurangabad.

The official members of the Council are : Industries Commissioner; Chairman of the Maharashtra State Financial Corporation, Bombay; Maharashtra Small Scale Industries Development Corporation, Bombay; Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation; State Industrial and Investment Corporation of Maharashtra Limited; Development Corporation of Konkan Limited, Bombay; Western Maharashtra Development Corporation Limited, Poona; Marathwada Development Corporation Limited, Aurangabad and Development Corporation of Vidarbha Limited, Nagpur.

Labour attendance on Scarcity Works—Daily 'Sukhadi' to 42 lakhs workers
The daily attendance on scarcity works in 25 districts dropped by 2,84,636 to 46,61,838 and on normal departmental works by 52,657 to 3,21,476 as on June 15. The number of scarcity works also dropped by 1,634 to 62,772 and the normal departmental works by 83 to 5,777. The total number of workers on both types of works thus dropped by 3,37,293 to 49,83,314 or 68,549 works.

So far an expenditure of Rs. 128.15 crores has been incurred on relief work in the present scarcity period.

The daily average number of persons receiving gratuitous relief as on June 15 increased by 5,868 to 96,074.

In 25 districts of the State 53,073 community wells have been taken up and out of these as many as 10,584 have become successful; large number of wells being in Bhir (7601); Sholapur (6254); Osmanabad (6063); Sangli (5942); Aurangabad (3714); Ahmednagar (3,109) and Nasik (3091).

An expenditure of Rs. 49,60,028 was incurred on provision of drinking water in 25 districts as on June 15. The amounts of ordinary tagai, fodder tagai and bullock tagai disbursed in these district as on June 15 came respectively to Rs. 12,15,111 and Rs. 1,15,111.

There were 156 cattle camps with cattle heads of 12,936 in 25 districts on June 15.

As on June 15, nearly forty-two lakh persons working on the scarcity work in fifteen districts were receiving 'Sukhadi' every day. The expenditure on this account upto June 15 came to over Rs. 10.46 crores. Out of this amount Rs. 5.55 crores was borne by the State Government and the remaining Rs. 4.91 crores was contributed by the Chief Minister's Relief Fund. The work of preparation and distribution of 'Sukhadi' is being carried on by the Sadguru Seva Sangh on voluntary basis, Government meeting the administrative cost.

The districtwise beneficiaries of 'Sukhadi' are (figures in lakhs) Poona—3.27; Ahmednagar—5.13; Sangli—2.98; Satara—1.74; Sholapur—5.5; Kolhapur—1.32; Aurangabad—4.17; Bhilir—3.0; Asmanabad—5.9; Dhulia—0.82; Nasik—3.09; Jalgaon—0.25; Thana—0.09; Ratnagiri—0.07; Kolaba—0.08 and other districts—3.61.

8½ per cent bonus for 1972

As the submission of the final report of the Bonus Review Committee has been delayed beyond Government's expectation and meanwhile, bonus payment for the accounting year commencing on any day in 1972 has become due in many cases, the Government of India has requested various employers' federations to pay minimum bonus to the workers for the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972 at a rate not lower than 8½ per cent.

Minimum Wages Committee for Laundry Industry

The Government of Maharashtra has appointed under the chairmanship of Shri R. K. Sharma, Nagpur, a committee to hold inquiries in the laundry industry and to advise the Government in the matter of fixation of minimum wages in that employment.

The committee has to submit its report to the State Government within six months.

The employers are represented by Shri J. C. Upadhye, President, Maharashtra State Launderers' Association, Bombay; Shri N. R. Gokhale, President, Poona Laundry Owners' Association; Shri A. S. Gore, Proprietor, Fashion Electric Dry Cleaners, Aurangabad; and Shri Narayanswami, Bar Nagpur.

Those representing employees are: Shri Abu Talib, General Secretary, Laundry Mazdoor Sabha, Bombay; Shri D. M. Tulpule, General Secretary, Bombay General Employee's Association; Shri Vasant Lule, President, Rashtriya General Workers' Union, Nagpur and Shri A. S. Nagpur, General Secretary, Industrial Workers' Union, Nanded.

Shri B. G. Jadhav, Assistant Commissioner of Labour, Nagpur, is Secretary of the Committee.

Government in the matter of revising the minimum rates of wages in Cinema exhibition industry.

Employers' representatives are : Shri B. D. Bharucha, President, Cinema-tograph Exhibitors' Association of India, Bombay ; Shri S. B. Kalantri, Director of Executive Board, Central Circuit Cine Association, Bhusaval; Jalgaon district ; Shri L. G. Suryawanshi, Secretary, Cinema Exhibitors Association, Akola ; Shri R. N. Shah, President, Poona Exhibitors Association, Poona and Shri Sheshappa Rekhewar, President, Nanded Cinema Exhibitors' Association, Nanded. Employees are represented by the following :

Shri M. W. Kannote, General Secretary, Nagpur Cinema Kamgar Union, Nagpur ; Shri D. M. Tulpule, General Secretary, Theatre Employees' Union, Bombay ; Shri Appasaheb Bhamnalkar, General Secretary, Rashtriya Theatre Kamgar Sangh, Sholapur ; Shri R. T. Pund, General Secretary, Poona Mazdoor Sabha, Poona and Shri Mahentesh Pattanshetty, Adviser, Rashtriya Gumasta Mandal, Latur, Osmanabad district.

Shri Yusuf Nazim, Assistant Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, is the Secretary of the Committee which will submit its detailed report to Government within six months.

Britain takes big step towards equality in jobs

Britain has taken the biggest step towards total sex equality in employment—the most important move since legislation on equal pay for women in 1970.

The Secretary of State for Employment, Mr. Maurice Macmillan, on 11th June 1973 launched a campaign to remind 4,00,000 employers of their obligations under the Equal Pay Act, 1970. He told employers that they should set about introducing equal pay by 1975, if they had not already done so. By then, therefore, Britain will have discharged her responsibilities to the European Economic Community under Article 119 of the Treaty of Rome, which provides for equal pay throughout the Community.

The latest moves mean that by 1974, when they are noted in the next bi-annual report from the Manpower and Social Affairs Directorate of the EEC, Britain will be well on the way to meeting her treaty responsibilities.

Blind workers benefit from rehabilitation programme

Self-respect and a high degree of job satisfaction are elements in a rehabilitation programme enjoyed by some 3,000 blind or severely disabled workers in 59 British factories staffed entirely by handicapped people.

Conceived originally as therapy for blind people, the Government sponsored scheme is co-ordinated by local authorities and aided by voluntary technicians and welfare bodies. Handicapped workers now supply 10 per cent. of the Scottish market for bedding in open competition with industry.

Researchers have found that blind people, properly retrained, can turn out sophisticated manufactures which are a far cry from the baskets and brushes to which they were formerly restricted. In Northampton, in the English Midlands, blind workers are making... tailoring and performance...

Plastic injection-moulding is a skill well within the capacity of blind workers. An innovation here is the design and production of decorative badges for cars, refrigerators, washing machines and other domestic equipment.

Wallets made by plastic welding, aerosol products, high-quality furniture—all these are now being profitably produced by blind workers in Britain.

Employment services for the disabled in Britain—Review

A major review of the employment services available for Britain's 6,10,000 registered disabled people is being undertaken by the Government's Department of Employment. The object is to provide a better and more effective service in the changing world of the 'seventies'.

Of the total number of registered disabled, it is estimated that 5,07,000 are in "open" employment and 13,000 in "sheltered" employment, and at present the Government spends £21 $\frac{1}{4}$ m on services for them.

The bedrock of the Department of Employment's help for the disabled is the employment of 500 disablement resettlement officers throughout the country, helped by about 60 part-time officials. Their task is to help disabled people to find useful work, but before doing so the resettlement officer consults the individual's doctor on the extent of the disability.

Other help provided by the Department for the disabled includes industrial rehabilitation units (there are 25 helping some 14,000 a year), residential training centres, and "sheltered" workshops for people who would find it difficult to hold down a job in open industry.

Unemployment in Britain continuous to Fall

The number of job-seekers in Britain is still falling and the number of jobs on offer going up, though both figures are moving at a slower rate than earlier this year.

The seasonally adjusted total of adult unemployed fell by 8,900 between May 14 and June 11 to stand at 5,90,000, or 2·6 per cent. of all employees, the Department of Employment said on 21st June 1973.

These figures, which exclude the under 18 year olds and students looking for vacation work, relate only to England, Scotland and Wales. Including Northern Ireland, the total is more than 6,21,000 or 2·7 per cent. of the labour force.

Since at this time of the year the demand for labour normally expands, the seasonally adjusted figures just quoted discount part of last month's actual fall in unemployment. In fact, the number of adults seeking work actually registered in Britain (excluding Northern Ireland) in mid-June was just under 5,46,000, of whom just under 1,11,000 had been out of work for four weeks or less.

Unfilled vacancies

Also published by the Department of Employment yesterday were the figures of vacancies notified by employers to the Department's local employment offices and remaining unfilled on June 6 last. After seasonal adjustment, total adult vacancies amounted to just under 3,07,000, a rise of 11,000 since

the previous count on May 9. Many jobs, of course, are not notified to the official employment offices, so that this figure should not be taken as representing the total unsatisfied demand for manpower.

The latest returns show that seasonally adjusted unemployment fell by an average of 13,400 a month in the three months from mid-March to mid-June compared with 20,400 between mid-February and mid-May and 28,800 between mid-January and Mid-April. In the same period, seasonally adjusted adult vacancies rose by 17,500, 21,400 and 24,700 respectively.

These signs of easing pressure on the labour market are welcome, for there has been anxiety lest the present rapid expansion of the economy should lead to "overheating"—that is shortages of supply, including the supply of labour. The Government believes that there is still plenty of spare capacity in the economy and points to the fact that the amount of overtime worked is still relatively low by historical standards.

State Dept. Labor Aide Lauds Goals of AIFLD

The U. S. policy of support for free trade unionism will remain constant in the future as it has since the end of World War II, the top labour affairs official of the State Dept. told graduates of the American Institute for Free Labor Development.

Dale E. Good, recently named Special Assistant to the Secretary of State for International Labour Affairs, said the government's assistance in AIFLD programme is provided not as a favour, "but as a matter of right and justice".

This support, Good said, is based on the fact that American workers—many who are members of the AFL-CIO—contribute to the government's resources.

These taxpayers "have said to their government through the AFL-CIO that they want part of their tax dollars to go to further trade unionists and help them throughout the world".

Good, who is also labour affairs director for the government's Agency for International Development, stressed the link between economic development and freedom in his address to the 39 graduates of the AIFLD class.

A higher standard of living is achieved by workers under democratic forms of government, he stressed, because they participate in the economic development and enjoy the fruits of their productivity.

Graduates of the 45th AIFLD class also heard addresses by fellow Latin American trade unionists representing the two sections of the institute's programme. They were Arturo Jaramillo of Ecuador, speaking for participants in the course on adult education techniques, and Alberto Marques of Brazil, for students in the union finances course.

AIFLD Executive Director William C. Doherty, Jr., presided at the graduation ceremonies. Andrew C. McLellan, AFL-CIO inter-American representative, presented the certificates to the graduates.

Labor Dept. Study Backs Extension Of Jobless Aid to Farm Workers

"An extensive Labor Dept. study shows that unemployment insurance coverage can be feasibly extended to farm workers.

"The costs of providing unemployment insurance protection to farm workers are not prohibitive to farm employers or to the unemployment insurance system as a whole," said Labor Secretary Peter J. Brennan in a letter to Congressional leaders reporting the study's findings.

About 65 million jobs currently are protected by the federal-state unemployment insurance program. Farm jobs are among the few remaining kinds of jobs still not covered by the system.

The study carried out by the Labor Dept's Manpower Administration in collaboration with land-grant universities, was ordered by Congress in 1971 after attempts to give farm workers unemployment insurance protection were defeated.

The Administration has indicated its intention to resubmit legislation to Congress broadening the program to take in farm workers. The AFL-CIO has long favored extending unemployment compensation protection to all wage and salary workers, including farm workers, domestic workers and public employes.

Data for the study were gathered in 18 states covering 53 per cent of the 7,700,000 farm workers and 57 per cent. of the 31,420 employers who would have been brought under unemployment insurance had enabling legislation been in effect in 1969.

Given the prevailing trend toward consolidation of farms and a corresponding reduction of workforce, the Labor Dept. estimates 65,000 employers and 6,350,000 workers would be affected in 1975 if an enabling law were approved by Congress.

The system is financed by a tax on the employer. For purposes of the study and suggested legislation, the Labor Dept. surveyed large farms, defined those with four or more employes in 20 weeks of a calendar year, or a quarterly payroll of \$5,000 or more. The study's main conclusions:

25 per cent. of all farm employers and 77 per cent. of the farm workforce in the 18 states studied are accounted for by large farms.

The cost of providing unemployment insurance protection to farm workers would be reasonable under existing state laws. Contributions from farm employers, on the average, would be sufficient to pay benefits to involuntarily unemployed farmworkers.

Nonfarm employers currently subject to unemployment insurance taxes would be only slightly affected in 16 of the 18 states surveyed, and not greatly affected in California and Florida, the exceptions.

The study also notes that extension of coverage to farm employees would bring financial aid to many migratory and minority workers excluded from existing social programs.

Data from 14 of the 18 states showed that 90 per cent. of the migratory workers were black, of Puerto Rican or Mexican descent or members of other minority groups.

Government Employees Seek Full-scale Bargaining System.

Full Range Collective bargaining for workers in the federal service is the key goal of the American Federation of Government Employees, its president Clyde M. Webber, declared in a network radio interview.

Webber stressed that although AFGE has won recognition for 6,20,000 federal employees, the present system bans all but a "very narrow span" of issues from union-management negotiations. And, he added, quick resolution of disputes even within that severely restricted range is often blocked by cumbersome and time-consuming procedures.

He called for passage of a bill sponsored by Rep. Frank J. Brasco (D-N.Y.) that would establish a badly needed "basis in law for labor-management relations in the federal government."

Webber appeared on the network radio interview Labor News Conference, broadcast Tuesdays on the Mutual Broadcasting System.

Under Brasco's measure, Webber pointed out a Federal Labor-Management Authority appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate would replace the multitude of third-party panels now assigned various labor relations duties over and above their regular department and agency responsibilities, and would resolve impasses through bindings arbitration.

Webber turned aside the contention that federal employees are "doing very well under the present system of dealing with Congress on fringe benefits" and automatic pay adjustments. The fact is, he declared, both blue-collar and white-collar government workers trail their counterparts in private industry in almost every area. He pointed out that wage lines supposedly keyed to those in the private sector are actually catch-ups to "rates actually paid" for a year or more in private industry, and that federal health and life insurance, as well as pensions and leave, lag far behind those negotiated in growing number of union contracts.

PUBLIC UTILITY SERVICE DECLARED

The month of June 1973

The following undertakings have been declared as the Public Utility undertakings under the provision of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 for the period indicated against them.

Serial No.	Name of the undertaking	period	No. and date of notifications of M.G.G. which apply
1	Sholapur Municipal Transport undertaking, Sholapur.	Six Months from the 2nd May 1973.	No. IDA. 1468/19th April 1973 in M.G.G., Part 14th June 1973 No. 4923.
2	Poona Municipal Transport Service, Poona.	Six months ending 22nd December 1973.	No. IDA. 1470/2nd June 1973 M.G.G., Part 14th June 1973 at p.
3	Chemical Fertilizer Industry.	Six months ending 22nd December 1973.	No. IDA. 1469/2nd June 1973 in M.G.G., Part 21st June 1973 No. 5000.

ALL INDIA AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR INDUSTRIAL WORKERS (ON BASE : 1960=100) MAY 1973

The All-India Average Consumer Price Index Number for Industrial Workers (General) on Base : 1960 = 100 for May, 1973 is 228 (Two hundred and twenty-eight) as compared to 221 in April, 1973. The Index for May, 1973 on Base : 1949 = 100 derived from the 1960 based index works out to be 228.

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Articles, Reports, Enquiries, etc.

(The views expressed in signed Articles appearing in this section carry weight in as much as they are expressed by the persons who know their subjects well. They, however, do not necessarily reflect the views of Government. All rights concerning these Articles are reserved.)

LAY-OFF COMPENSATION OR WAGE INSURANCE*

By

C. M. GEORGE

("The Government is examining the question of payment of unemployment insurance to workers during periods of lockouts of factories due to calamities beyond the control of both the management and the workers", Shri K. V. R. Reddy, Labour Minister, Government of India said in Rajya Sabha on May 4, 1973 as reported in the Times of India, Bombay, May 5, 1973).

The above quoted statement from the Minister has come in the wake of shortage of electric power, its rationing and consequent large scale lay-off of workers in industry throughout the country, except in eight states. As per the existing legal provisions, workers with one year continuous service with an employer when laid-off are entitled for lay-off compensation at the rate of fifty percent of their wages (basic and D. A.). This is limited for a period of forty-five days during a period of twelve months, if there is an agreement to this effect. The situation created by the present power shortage has affected lay-off workers for more than forty-five days in many parts of the country and such workers are not getting any compensation now, as the employers anticipating any similar eventuality had included in their certified standing orders provision for lay-off without compensation after the first forty-five days. Even where no such provisions are made in the standing orders, the employers refuse payment of compensation in a concerted manner, as the number of employers affected are the entire employers in any local area. This presents a serious situation. It seems that the Legislature had not visualised a situation like the present one. This is the background of the Government's thinking in the matter of unemployment insurance.

This paper attempts to examine the impact of power ration on its users, particularly on those whose income is affected by it.

The Public in General

For those who have never been its direct users, short supply in electricity may appear to have no impact. But a shortage in essentials produced with the aid of power is likely to affect the market conditions to their disadvantage. The power cut has not affected the industrial workers in their living environment. But in their work place, they are the worst affected. They do not have employment for all the six days in a week or they are laid-off on a rotating basis. In either case, there is a shrinkage in their wage packet. This has further reduced their purchasing power, even otherwise badly affected by the spiralling prices.

*Views expressed in this article are only those of the author.

For the middle income group and the monthly-rated workers the power cut has not been as harsh as to others. But here too, those workers whose agreement on wages and other service conditions had expired and negotiations were to take place, they are placed at a very disadvantageous position. The wage increase they expected is unlikely to materialise. The employers play at a very low key. Those aggressive among the trade unions found that the employers locking out the unit. Such employers save in two fronts, i.e. avoiding the wasteful expenditure on lay-off compensation on the one hand and teaching their union a lesson for using bad strategy. The upper income group and particularly those used to ostentatious living has had a hard time, as their comfort rendering electrical appliances remain dead.

Employers

The employing class is another category hit very hard. Their idle machine time, salary and wage paid for work not executed, keeping disproportionate inventory, the need for rescheduling the production plan etc., need not necessarily result in lower dividend declaration, but certainly affect their anticipated growth and profit. Here again the disadvantage is unevenly distributed. Those units situated in states with heavy power cut suffer in their competitive position in comparison with units in the same industry elsewhere. The marginal and sick units are the worst affected. One possible result would be that marginal units may fall into the category of sick ones and the sick may reach a critical stage that demands oxygen tents. This situation creates anxiety to both labour and management.

Marginal Units

The marginal units are facing yet another misfortune. Large scale labour turn-over is experienced at least in few units in industrial centres where mobility due to proximity is possible. The workers involved in such mobility seem to think of better prospects in more stable and growing organisation. While a situation like the one we have today is potential for such an eventuality at least for those employed in crucial production lines and whose skills are in demand elsewhere, the sudden spurt seems to be partly due to the legal gratuity benefit available to workers under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. A workman with five years service with an organisation is entitled for gratuity under this Act. Earlier under awards and agreements, such liberal conditions were not available to the workers. This helps as an incentive for a change and change to a better and prosperous establishment. The employers in such establishment, to attract the required skill have to offer a much higher financial remuneration for the vacancy thus created. This further complicate the wage structure and relative wages of different category of employees. This added dimension creates helplessness among those workers whose mobility is curtailed by market conditions in employment.

The Healthy Ones

For those financially sound and growing units, the present situation may affect only marginally. Even so, their long term planning is hit. Those depend on other industrial units for components and semi-processed industrial

raw materials are likely to be affected as a result of chain reaction. It may take longer period to get over the difficulties created even by this bottle neck.

Employment Seekers

The miseries created by large scale lay-off and closure to those already in employment with anticipated steady income and in most cases with financial commitment over the income is only one side of the evil effect of power cut. On the other side is the youthful new entrants in the employment market, in most cases literate and better informed than their earlier generation. This class is also very much affected by the present situation. An industrial climate that demands staggering production and large scale lay-off is definitely the one that give hopes to large majority of employment seekers.

Whose Responsibility

The present power scarcity is certainly not the creation of either the employers or the workers. It is convenient to blame the monsoon. When there is a Central Ministry for Irrigation and power and a person no less than a technocrat is heading it for the past one decade, he and his ministry cannot escape from at least sharing the blame with the monsoon. There is one more question. Had there been no vagaries of monsoon, what was the power position? Even earlier to the present difficulties, factories have been starving for power at least in few states. If it is reasonably established that neither the employers nor the workers are responsible for the present unfortunate situation, why should they pay for it?

The Government may argue that it is also paying a price—the excise duty it would have collected, if the wheels of industry were uninterrupted. But this loss is not a loss in public finance, for the Government first decide its expenditure and then collects taxes to match the expected expenditure liability. This only further means that to raise the anticipated revenue, the Government is likely to squeeze the public further.

Calamities, natural or otherwise may occur anywhere and at any time. The Government has always been to the rescue of the people affected by drought, floods, cyclone and earthquake etc. In any of the calamity situation mentioned above if the Government servants are forced to remain idle for days or even for weeks are they not entitled for their pay? Even in the present situation, the monthly rated and salaried employees besides the management personnel get their full pay irrespective of the fact that they are forced to remain idle or not. Is it not double standard?

Insurance in place of lay-off Compensation

It is in this context the statement made by the Labour Minister is relevant. His statement has come almost a fortnight after a constructive suggestion made by Shri N. H. Tata, while making his presidential address at the annual general meeting of the Employers' Federation of India. Shri Tata advocated for institution of an insurance scheme to which the government workers and the employers contribute (Commerce—Vol. 126, No. 3233, P. 810). Such an insurance could protect the wages of workers in such contingencies like the one we are facing today. The trade unions, particularly the INTUC has been

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demanding for unemployment insurance scheme for more than a decade. The employers on the other hand have so far been against it. (NCL Report P. 176). Now all the three parties seem to agree on this and therefore it is time to think it seriously.

The unemployment insurance that is demanded by workers and now suggested by Shri Tata is unlikely to create too severe a burden on any of the three parties concerned. On the other hand the employers will be freed from the uncertain financial liabilities now imposed on them in consideration of social justice. The Government may not be required to pay a fraction of the excise duty they collect from the industry. When made to pay unemployment compensation it may do better not only in power generation but also in removing the bottle-necks in industrial production. If the workers are guaranteed reasonable minimum number of steady employment in every year and a compensation for forced idleness at a rate higher than the present lay-off compensation and without any period limit, a tripartite agreement on this is a possibility.

Practice already in existence

It may interest the Government, the employers and the workers alike to know a novel scheme, similar to the one under consideration, existing in the cashew processing industry in Kerala. The workers' demand for creation of a fund for payment of gratuity, lay-off and retrenchment compensation as back as in early 1960's has been conceded by the employers in the industry in 1968 and payment to workers in appropriate contingency since 1960 is made from this fund. The employees have no liability. The employers have to contribute 15 days wages of the workers every year. In the context of the Government's thinking to amend the Gratuity Act, 1972 to make it obligatory on the part of the employers to deposit the gratuity amount every year when the workers qualify themselves for this, it is desirable to study the cashew industry scheme in detail.

The N. C. L.

The National Commission on Labour is very specific on the subject. The commission had realised that legal obligation on employers to pay lay-off compensation and retrenchment works at times harshly on some employees. It has, therefore, recommended for distribution of this burden on the industry with safe-guards that it may not subsidise inefficient management. The commission further desire that lay-off and retrenchment compensation in the present form to continue during transition (N.C.L. Report P. 176). It is almost four years since the N.C.L. has submitted its report. Yet the Government has not considered the matter seriously till very recently. When millions of workers and their dependents are suffering, the government owe a responsibility to explain to the public its plan in clear terms."

Equal pay : Not as simple as it sounds*

The early suffragettes who fought for political equality for women at the beginning of the century would be amazed by some of the last ditch proposals

thrown up by the legal implementation of the equal pay issue in Britain, nearly 50 years after the first jubilant attainment of equal voting rights.

By January 1976 equal pay for men and women doing the same or similar work will have become the law of the land.

In fact women in the professions, in business and in the arts have long been paid salaries equal to their male colleagues. So, after a slow closing of the gap, have women in the public service, teachers and civil servants.

But in modern Britain, where more than a third of the labour force is female and where more than 60 per cent of all women, unmarried or married, go out to work, the remaining most glaring discrimination has been in their pay, training and promotion in the strictly industrial fields.

Whose Fault ?

This had long been suspected, but it was not until statistical research connected with the gradual implementation of the new law that it was confirmed that in 1970 there was a built-in differential of 21 per cent — 42 per cent in wage rates paid to men and women working side by side in factories, workshops and service industries.

As a convenient pool of cheap labour women were often found relegated to the poorer, less well paid jobs and denied opportunities for further training and promotion.

Who was to blame ? Although trades unions have traditionally been opposed to discrimination of any sort there were undoubtedly many on the factory floor who agreed with one official when he said : “ There are still some old fashioned men who do not believe in their wives going out to work, and I am one of them. ”

But Clive Jenkins, of the Association of Scientific, Technical and Managerial Staffs, put the blame firmly, if sweepingly, on the other side : “ We do not think there is any such thing as women’s work...there is a tendency among employers now, however, to create or describe areas of work as appropriate to women for whatever excuse.... ”

The Unions press

It is not only with the fact of pay differentials, but with attitudes like these that the Equal Pay Act has to contend.

But 2·5 million of Britain’s nine million women workers belong to trades unions. Several unions, particularly white collar ones, are now pressing strongly for equality in pay and in this way find that they are expanding their membership and their bargaining power.

Sometimes it may be a matter of sheer equity. On the other hand, a lower paid woman might be a more attractive employment prospect to a budget-conscious employer than a more highly paid male counterpart.

It is now becoming obvious that the final attainment of equal pay requires more than agreement about the principles involved. For example, how can read equality be measured ?

Already definitions and relativities are hotly debated as women's wages rise to meet the 1976 deadline. Several questions remain to be answered: What kind of work is done by a semi-skilled man? Is it in fact the kind of work which might be called "unskilled" if it is done by a woman?

'It's A start'

Employers, trades union officials and, as a last resort, even industrial arbitration courts could become involved in creating, for the first time in British industry, job evaluations and a central pay structure by which wage rates can be assessed. A whole network of industrial agreements may be necessary to agree on the measurements of jobs and of job content.

Another problem unforeseen in 1970 is the government's battle against inflation which sets a legal limit to the money allowed for wage rises. Higher earnings for women under the phased five-year programme may mean a halt to rises for men in the industry, at least for the time being. Will the men accept that?

Ethel Chipchase, secretary of the Trades Union Congress Women's Advisory Committee, sees the Equal Pay Act as an important step in eliminating some of the remaining discrimination against women at work—"at least, it's a start."



Notifications Under Labour Laws

Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948.

1

The Government of Maharashtra has suspended in respect of the establishment, the operation of the provisions of the Act for the period and subject to the conditions specified in columns 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively in the following schedule on account of completion of the accounts and stock taking for the half yearly and yearly closing in June and December 1973 respectively in the State of Maharashtra.

SCHEDULE

Establishment	Provisions of the Act	Period of suspension	Condition
1	2	3	4
Banks	Section 13 (relating to closing hours) Sections 14(1), 14 (2).	28th, 29th and 30th June 1973 and 28th, 29th and 31st December, 1973.	If an employee is required to work in excess of the limit of hours of work specified in section 63 of the Act, he shall be entitled in respect of over-time work (which shall be noted in the prescribed register) to wages at the rate not less than those prescribed in section 63(1) of the said Act.
	Section 17	.....	If an employee is required to work on any day in excess of the period fixed under the said Act, the spread over of such an employee shall not exceed sixteen hours a day.

The suspension of provisions of section 13 relating to closing hours and sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 14 shall be available to the Banks to the extent that they do not exceed the time-limit of six days specified in Rule 9 of the Maharashtra Shops and Establishments Rules, 1961.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. 7373/172119/Lab-III-A dated 22nd May, 1973, published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part I-L, dated 14th June, 1973, at page 4935).

II

The Government of Maharashtra has amended the Schedule II to the Act and added to it one more entry after entry No. 170, namely.

- “171. Female employees employed in the Taj Mahal Inter-continental Hotel, Bombay. Section 33, subject to the conditions that—
- (1) no woman shall be given night duty continuing for more than one week ;
 - (2) all women whose duty terminates or starts after 9-00 p.m. and before 6-00 a.m. should be provided with company's conveyance from their residence to hotel and back ;
 - (3) women should be placed in groups at night ;
 - (4) rest rooms and separate lockers shall be provided in the hotel premises for women ;
 - (5) in the Bar room, no women shall be put on duty as attendant.”

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. BSE/1472/166018/Lab-III-A, dated 7th May, 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 14th June, 1973 at page 4924).

III

The Government of Maharashtra has amended Schedule II to the Act, namely :—

In the said Schedule II to the said Act, in entry No. 79, in column 2, after entry (ZC) the following entry shall be added, namely :—

“ (zd) Office of the General Insurance Corporation of India, Bombay.”

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BSE/1473/171694 Lab-III-A, dated 2nd June, 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 21st June 1973, at page 5003).

IV

The Government of Maharashtra has suspended an account of the Ramzan and Ramzan Id, in respect of the establishment specified in column 1 of the schedule appended hereto the operation of the provisions of the Act specified in column 2 of the said schedule for the period and subject to the conditions respectively specified in columns 3 and 4 of the said schedule in the State of Maharashtra.

SCHEDULE

Establishment	Provisions of the said Act	Period	Conditions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
I. Sweetmeat Shops, restaurants and eating houses.	Sections 10 (1), 11 (1) (a) 14, 16, 18, 19 (1), 20, 21 and 24.	From 29th September 1973, to 28th October 1973 (both days inclusive).	No shop shall on any day be closed later than mid-night. If any employee is required to work in excess of the limit of hours of work specified in section 63 of the said Act he shall be entitled in respect of over-time work which shall be noted in the prescribe register, to wages at the rates not less than those prescribed in section 63 of the said Act.

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LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

Establishment	Provisions of the said Act	Period	Conditions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
I—contd.			The spread over shall exceed fourteen hours any day.
II. Shops selling cloth, caps and shoes, perfumery, cutlery, stationery, bangles, ribbons and cosmetics, hair cutting saloons and tailoring establishments.	Sections 10 (1), 11 (1) (a) 14, 16 and 18.	From 19th October 1973 to 28th October, 1973 (both days inclusive)	No shops shall on any day closed later than mid- If any employee is required to work in excess of limit of hours of work specified in section 63 of said Act, he shall be entitled in respect of over-time work, which shall be in the prescribed rate to wages at the rate not less than those prescribed in section 63 of the said Act. The spread over shall exceed fourteen hours any day. Every employee shall on account of the loss of prescribed weekly holidays granted (i) equal number of holidays in exchange after 28th October 1973 before 28th December 1973, and (ii) wages for the work done on such holidays at the rate of wages not less than those prescribed for over-time work in section 63 of the said Act.

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

Establishment	Provisions of the said Act	Period	Conditions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
I— contd.			<p>The spread over shall exceed fourteen hours on any day.</p> <p>Every employee shall account of the loss of prescribed weekly holidays be granted (i) equal number of holidays in exchange after 28th October, 1973, but before 28th October, 1973, and (ii) wages for the work done on holidays at the rate of wages not less than those prescribed for over-time work in section 63 of the said Act.</p>
II. Shops selling cloth, caps and shoes, perfumery, cutlery, stationery, bangles, ribbons and cosmetics, hair cutting saloons and tailoring establishments.	Sections 10 (f), 11 (f) (a) 14, 16 and 18.	From 19th October 1973 to 28th October, 1973 (both days inclusive)	<p>No shops shall on any day be closed later than mid-night.</p> <p>If any employee is required to work in excess of the limit of hours of work specified in section 63 of the said Act, he shall be entitled in respect of over-time work, which shall be in addition to wages at the rate of wages not less than those prescribed in section 63 of the said Act. The spread over shall exceed fourteen hours on any day.</p> <p>Every employee shall account of the loss of prescribed weekly holidays be granted (i) equal number of holidays in exchange after 28th October 1973, but before 28th December 1973, and (ii) wages for the work done on such holidays at the rate of wages not less than those prescribed for over-time work in section 63 of the said Act.</p>

Motor Transport Workers Act, 1961

The Government of Maharashtra has made the following rules, namely :—

RULES

1. These rules may be called the Maharashtra Motor Transport Workers (Amendment) Rules, 1973.

2. In rule 12 of the Maharashtra Motor Transport Workers Rules, 1962, in sub-rule (i) for the figures, letter and words "XXX-B-Miscellaneous, Social and Developmental Organisations Fees realised from the Motor Transport Workers Act, 1961", the figures, letter and words "XXX II-C—Miscellaneous, Social and Developmental Organisations-Miscellaneous Fees realised under the Motor Transport Workers Act, 1961" shall be *substituted*.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MTW/1172/145793/ Lab-III-A, dated 2nd May 1973 published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 14th June 1973 at page 4928).

Employee's Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952)

The Government of India has directed that the 'Katha making Industry' shall be added to Schedule I to the Act with effect from 31st May 1973.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. EPF-2373/171872/ Lab-I, dated 31st May 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 21st June 1973 at page 5002).

Payment of Wages Act, 1936**I**

The Government of Maharashtra has appointed the Presiding Officers of the Labour Courts mentioned in column 1 of the schedule hereto, to be the authorities to hear and decide within the areas specified against their names in column 2 of the schedule, all claims arisen out of deductions from the wages or delay in wages, of persons employed or period in these areas including all matter incidental to such claims and for that purpose amended the Government Notifications, Industries and Labour Department, No. PWA. 1969/113738/ Lab-III, dated the 3rd April 1970, as follows, namely :—

(a) after entry 3B, the following shall be *inserted*, namely :—

3C. Shri S. N. Pathak, Judge, Labour Court, Akola district, Akola.

3D. Shri A. R. Walawalkar, Judge, Labour Court, Sholapur, Sholapur district.

(b) in entry No. 4, in column 1, the following shall be *added* at the end, namely :—

"(v) Akola district.

(vi) Sholapur district".

2. Nothing in this notification shall affect any part-heard cases pending immediately before the issue of this notification on the file of the Authorities appointed immediately before the date of this notification in the districts of Akola and Sholapur, namely, the Civil Judges (Senior Division), Akola and Sholapur, and those part-heard cases shall be disposed of by such Authorities as if this notification had not been issued.

SCHEDULE

Presiding Officer of Labour Court	Areas
1. S. N. Pathak, Judge, Labour Court, Akola	Akola district.
2. Shri A. R. Walawalkar, Judge, Labour Court, Sholapur.	Sholapur district.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. PWA. 1572/176200 Lab-III-A, dated 18th June 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 28th June 1973 at page 5409).

Payment of Wages Act, 1936

II

The Government of Maharashtra has made the Maharashtra Payment of Wages (Amendment) Rules, 1973 and inserted the following new column in Form II appended to the Maharashtra Payment of Wages Rules, 1963 after column 29, namely :—

“Deductions made under section 6BB of the Bombay Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1953. 29a”

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. PWA-1471/16514 Lab-III-A, dated 15th June 1973 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 5th July 1973 at page 5717.)

Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (11 of 1948)

I

The Government of India has added the employment in Fire Clay Mines to Part I of the Schedule to the Act.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-52174812/Lab-III-A, dated 4th June 1973, published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 21st July 1973 at page 5004).

II

The Government of Maharashtra has appointed the officers mentioned in the first column of the schedule appended hereto to be authorities to hear and decide for the areas specified against their names in the second column of the said schedule claims arising out of payment of less than the minimum rates of wages under sub-section (1) of section 12 or in respect of the payment of remuneration for weekly days of rest or for work done on such days under clause (b) or (c) of sub-section (1) of section 13 or of wages the overtime rate under section 14, to the employees employed in any scheduled employment for that purpose. The Central Government has amended Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. MWA-1569/133422-II, dated 3rd August 1970 as follows :—

In the said notification, after the brackets, figures and word “(XI of 1948)” the following shall be inserted, namely :—

“and in exercise of the functions of the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 20 of the said Act entrusted to the State Government by the Government of India, Ministry of Labour and Employment Notification, No. LW-1569/133422-II (21)/58 dated the 23rd September 1969.”

SCHEDULE

Designation of Officers	Areas
1. The Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bombay.	Greater Bombay.
2. Shri N. M. Datye, Judge, Labour Court, Poona ..	Poona and Haveli Talukas of Poona district.
2A. Shri N. K. Nandapurkar, Judge, Labour Court, Nagpur.	Nagpur district, Wardha district, Bhandara district and Chandrapur district.

Designation of Officers	Areas
3. Shri T. D. Patankar, Judge, Labour Court, Kolhapur.	Kolhapur district, and Sangli district.
3A. Shri Sadashiv Narayan Pathak, Judge, Labour Court, Akola.	Akola district, Buldhana district, Yeotmal district and Amravati district.
4. All Civil Judges (Junior Division) and where there are no Civil Judges (Junior Division), Civil Judges (Senior Division), in the State of Maharashtra except the Civil Judges (Senior Division) and the Civil Judges (Junior Division) exercising jurisdiction within the following areas :—	The areas within the limits of their respective jurisdiction.
(i) Poona and Haveli Talukas of the Poona district.	
(ii) Kolhapur district.	
(iii) Sangli district.	
(iv) Nagpur district.	
(v) Wardha district.	
(vi) Bhandara district.	
(vii) Chandrapur district.	
(viii) Akola district.	
(ix) Buldhana district.	
(x) Yeotmal district.	
(xi) Amravati district.	

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-3172/166111/ Lab-III-A, dated 2nd June 1973, published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 21st June 1973 at pages 5004 to 5005).

III

Government of Maharashtra has fixed with effect from 1st June 1973, the minimum rates of wages in respect of employment in Bakeries given in Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Class of employees	Rate			
		Zone I	Zone II	Zone III	Zone IV
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I	<i>Skilled adult employees—</i> ..	220	190	175	150
	(1) Mistry of all types.				
	(2) Bhattiwala.				
	(3) Drivers.				
	(4) Clerks.				
	(5) Cashier-cum-Salesman.				
	(6) All other employees by whatever name called, doing the work of the nature done by the above classer of workers.				
II	<i>Semi-skilled adult employees—</i> ..	175	155	140	125
	(1) Gulliwala.				
	(2) Weighman or Katpech-wala.				
	(3) Lineman or distributor.				
	(4) All other employees by whatever name called, doing the work of the nature done by the foregoing type of employees.				

III

Government of Maharashtra has fixed with effect from 1st June 1973, the minimum rates of wages in respect of employment in Bakeries given in Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Class of employees	Rate			
		Zone I	Zone II	Zone III	Zone IV
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I	<i>Skilled adult employees—</i> .. (1) Mistry of all types. (2) Bhattiwala. (3) Drivers. (4) Clerks. (5) Cashier-cum-Salesman. (6) All other employees by whatever name called, doing the work of the nature done by the above classer of workers.	220	190	175	150
II	<i>Semi-skilled adult employees—</i> .. (1) Gulliwala. (2) Weighman or Katpech-wala. (3) Lineman or distributer. (4) All other employees by whatever name called, doing the work of the nature done by the fore-going type of employees.	175	155	140	125

Serial No.	Class of employees	Rate			
		Zone I	Zone II	Zone III	Zone IV
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
III	Unskilled adult employees— (1) Patrawala. (2) Helper. (3) Sweeper. (4) Cleaner. (5) All other employees by whatever name called, doing the work of the nature done by the foregoing type of employees.	150	135	125	110
IV	Adolscents employed in any of the category of employment referred to in entries I, II, III above in this column.	75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	75 pre cent of t rates fixed f adults in respo of the same ca gory of emplo ment.
V	Children employed in any of the category of employment referred to in entries I, II and III.	50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	50 pre cent of t rates fixed f adults in respo of the same ca gory of emplo ment.

Serial No.	Class of employees	Rate			
		Zone I	Zone II	Zone III	Zone IV
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
III	Unskilled adult employees— (1) Patrawala. (2) Helper. (3) Sweeper. (4) Cleaner. (5) All other employees by whatever name called, doing the work of the nature done by the foregoing type of employees.	150	135	125	110
IV	Adolscents employed in any of the category of employment referred to in entries I, II, III above in this column.	75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.
V	Children employed in any of the category of employment referred to in entries I, II and III.	50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.	50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

Serial No.	Class of employees	Rate			
		Zone I	Zone II	Zone III	Zone IV
1	2	3	4	5	6

Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
150	135	125	110

III *Unskilled adult employees—*

- (1) Patrawala.
- (2) Helper.
- (3) Sweeper.
- (4) Cleaner.
- (5) All other employees by whatever name called, doing the work of the nature done by the foregoing type of employees.

IV *Adolescents employed in any of the category of employment referred to in entries I, II, III above in this column.*

75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

75 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

V *Children employed in any of the category of employment referred to in entries I, II and III.*

50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

50 per cent of the rates fixed for adults in respect of the same category of employment.

IV

The Government of Maharashtra has made the Maharashtra Minimum Wages (Amendment) Rules, 1973 and added in rule 21 of the Minimum Wages Rules, 1963 in sub-rule (2) after clause (xiv) the following namely :—

RULES

1. These rules may be called the Maharashtra Minimum Wages (Amendment) Rules, 1973.
2. In rule 21 of the Minimum Wages Rules, 1962, in sub-rule (2), after the clause (xiv), the following shall be added, namely :—
“ (xiv) Deduction made under section 6 BB of the Bombay Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1953. ”.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 1471/165145/-Lab-III-A, dated 15th June 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part-I-L, dated 5th July 1973 at page 5710).

V

Government of Maharashtra, after giving notice of its intention so to do as required by section 27 of the Act has added to Part I of the schedule to the Act the employment “ 40. Employment in any dispensary not being a dispensary in any hospital falling under entry 6 or 23 in this schedule in respect of which it is of the opinion that minimum rates of wages should be fixed under the Act.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 5871/175551/-Lab-III-A, dated 20th June 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 5th June 1973 at page 5718.).

Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946

I

Government of Maharashtra has appointed Shri D. V. Shastri, B.A. LL.B. (having the qualifications laid down in the said section) to preside over the Fourth Labour Court, Bombay and for that purpose has amended the principal notifications as amended by the amending notification as follows, namely :—

In the Schedule appended to the principal notification in the third column against the entry relating to the Fourth Labour Court, Bombay, for the words and letters “ Shri N. M. Kothari ” the words and letters “ Shri D. V. Shastri ” shall be substituted.

(Government notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BIR. 2773/159782/-Lab-I, dated the 30th April 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 21st June 1973 at page 5263).

II

Government of Maharashtra has made the Bombay Industrial Relations (Amendment) Rules, 1973 further to amend the Bombay Industrial Relations Rules, 1947 and substituted in it for Rule 70 the following namely :—

1. These rules may be called the Bombay Industrial Relations (Amendment) Rules, 1973.
2. In the Bombay Industrial Relations Rules, 1947, for rule 70, the following shall be substituted, namely :—
“ 70. On receipt of a copy of an award forwarded under sub-section (1) of section 74, the Registrar shall, within a period of 30 days from the date of its receipt by him, publish it in the *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, and shall forward copy of the same to the Commissioner of Labour. ”

[Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BIR. 1071/127/Lab(1), dated 27th June, 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 5th July, 1973 at pages 5708 to 5709.]

Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

I

The Government of Maharashtra has declared the employment of workmen in Sholapur Municipal Transport, Sholapur to be "Public Utility Service" for the purposes of the Act for a further period of six months from 2nd May, 1973.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. IDA/1468/L, dated 19th April, 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, part I-L, dated June, 1973 at pages 4923-24).

II

The Government of Maharashtra has declared Chemical Fertilizer Industry and the Municipal Transport Service, Poona, to be a Public Utility Service for the purpose of the Act, for a further period of six months ending 22nd December, 1973.

(Government Notifications, Industries and Labour Department, Nos. IDA-1469/L and Nos. IDA-1470/Lab-II, dated 2nd June, 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 21st June, 1973 at page 5000-5001.).

III

The Government of Maharashtra has appointed Shri D. V. Shastri, Civil Judge (Senior Division), Bhir to be the Presiding Officer of the Fourth Labour Court, Bombay, to fill the vacancy occurred by reason of the expiration of the period of re-employment of Shri Kothari and for that purpose has amended the notification as follows namely :—

In the schedule to the notification for the words, letters and brackets " Shri N. M. Kothari, Civil Judge (Senior Division), Poona, the words and letters " Shri D. V. Shastri, Civil Judge (Senior Division), Bhir.

(Government notification, Industries and Labour Department No. IDA-1173/Lab-II, dated 30th April 1973 published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette* Part I-L, dated 21st June, 1973 at page 5262).

IV

The Government of Maharashtra has declared the Kolhapur Municipal Transport Service, Kolhapur to be a public utility service for the purpose of the Act, for a further period of six months from 21st July, 1973.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. IDA. 1469/L, dated 21st June, 1973 published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated July, 1973 at page 5717).

Maharashtra Mathadi, Hamal and Other Manual Workers'

(Regulation of Employment and Welfare) Act, 1969

The Government of Maharashtra has nominated Shri Kishanbhai Kantilal Kapatkar and Shri Jayawantrao Maruti Chavan to be members representing the employers and unorganized workers, respectively on the cloth markets and Shops Board for Greater Bombay for that purpose has amended Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. UWA. 1471(CL)/112810/Lab-IV, dated the 26th March, 1971 read with Govt.

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. UWA. 1471(CL)/120929 dated 31st August, 1972 as follows namely :—

In the said notification.—

(i) under the heading "Members representing employers", after entry 6, the entry shall be inserted namely :—

"7. Shri Kishanbhai Kantilal Kapadia, C/o. Messrs. Swastik Textile Agency, Nakhoda Street, Tamba-Kanta, Bombay -3";

(ii) under the heading "Members representing unprotected workers" after the following entry shall be inserted, namely :—

"7. Shri Jayawantrao Maruti Chavan, C/o. Shree Kapad Bazar Maratha Mandal, 42/48, Ramwadi, 1st floor, Bombay-2.";

(iii) in clause (d) the following shall be added at the end, namely :—

"Shri Kishanbhai Kantilal Kapadia.

"Shri Jayawantrao Maruti Chavan".

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. UWA. 1473 (Lab-IV, dated 12th April, 1973 published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, dated 14th June, 1973 at page 4927).

Employees' Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund Act, 1952 (19 of 1952)

1

Government of India has made the scheme namely Employees Provident Fund (Amendment) Scheme, 1973, to amend the Employees Provident Funds Scheme, 1952

1. (1) This Scheme may be called Employees' Provident Fund (Fourth Amendment) Scheme, 1973.

(2) It shall come into force on the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952 after paragraph 68-L, the new paragraph shall be inserted namely :—

"68-M. Grant of advance to members affected by cut in the supply of electricity. A member may be allowed a non-refundable advance from his account in the Fund if there is a cut in the supply of electricity to a factory or establishment in which he is employed on the following conditions, namely :—

(a) The advance may be granted only to such a member whose total wages for the month immediately preceding the month in which the application for advance was made was half or less than half of the wages for a month.

(b) The advance shall be restricted to the amount of wages for a month or the amount standing to the credit of the member in the fund as his own share, whichever is less.

(c) No advance shall be paid unless the State Government certify that there is a cut in the supply of electricity in the area in which the factory or establishment is located and the employer certifies that the fall in the member's pay was due to the supply of electricity.

(d) Only one advance shall be admissible under this paragraph.

Explanation.—"Wages means, for the purpose of this paragraph, basic wages and dearness allowance excluding lay-off compensation, if any."

(Government notification, Industries and Labour Department No. E.P.F. Lab-I, dated 5th June, 1973, published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part I, dated 5th June, 1973 at page 5002).

BIR. 1071/127370/
Gazette, Part I-L,

workmen in Sholapur
purposes of the Act,

o. IDA/1468/Lab-II,
part I-L, dated 14th

Industry and the Poona
for the purpose of the

os. IDA-1469/Lab-II,
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t, Bombay, to fill the
yment of Shri N. M.
ws namely :—

"Shri N. M. Kothari,
ri D. V. Shastri, Civil

o. IDA-1173/160886/
nt Gazette Part I-L,

ipal Transport Service,
a further period of six

No. IDA. 1469/Lab-II,
te, Part I-L, dated 5th

Kantilal Kapadia and
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of Labour Department

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. UWA. 1471(CL)/120929/L dated 31st August, 1972 as follows namely :—

In the said notification.—

(i) under the heading "Members representing employers", after entry 6, the following entry shall be inserted namely :—

"7. Shri Kishanbhai Kantilal Kapadia, C/o. Messrs. Swastik Textile Agency, Nakhoda Street, Tamba-Kanta, Bombay -3";

(ii) under the heading "Members representing unprotected workers" after entry 6, the following entry shall be inserted, namely :—

"7. Shri Jayawantrao Maruti Chavan, C/o. Shree Kapad Bazar Maratha Khandal, Mandal, 42/48, Ramwadi, 1st floor, Bombay-2.";

(iii) in clause (d) the following shall be added at the end, namely :—

"Shri Kishanbhai Kantilal Kapadia.

"Shri Jayawantrao Maruti Chavan".

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. UWA. 1473(a)/120929/L dated 12th April, 1973 published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part I-L, dated 14th June, 1973 at page 4927).

Employees' Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund Act, 1952 (19 of 1952)

I

Government of India has made the scheme namely Employees Provident Fund (Fourth Amendment) Scheme, 1973, to amend the Employees Provident Funds Scheme, 1952 namely

1. (1) This Scheme may be called Employees' Provident Fund (Fourth Amendment) Scheme, 1973.

(2) It shall come into force on the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952 after paragraph 68-L, the following new paragraph shall be inserted namely :—

"68-M. Grant of advance to members affected by cut in the supply of electricity. A member may be allowed a non-refundable advance from his account in the Fund, if there is a cut in the supply of electricity to a factory or establishment in which he is employed, on the following conditions, namely :—

(a) The advance may be granted only to such a member whose total wages for the month immediately preceding the month in which the application for advance was made were half or less than half of the wages for a month.

(b) The advance shall be restricted to the amount of wages for a month or the amount standing to the credit of the member in the fund as his own share contribution with interest thereon, whichever is less.

(c) No advance shall be paid unless the State Government certify that the cut in the supply of electricity was enforced in the area in which the factory or establishment is located and the employer certifies that the fall in the member's pay was due to the supply of electricity.

(d) Only one advance shall be admissible under this paragraph.

Explanation.—"Wages means, for the purpose of this paragraph, basic wages and dearness allowance excluding lay-off compensation, if any."

(Government notification, Industries and Labour Department No. E.P.F. 107/L dated 5th June, 1973, published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part I-L, dated 14th June, 1973 at page 5002).

II

The Government of India has made the scheme namely Employees Provident Funds (Second Amendment) Scheme, 1973 to amend the Employees Provident Fund Scheme 1952, as follows:—

(2) In the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952, in clause (b) of sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1, sub-clause (LXXI) shall be renumbered as sub-clause (LXXII) and before sub-clause (LXXII) as so renumbered, the following sub-clause shall be inserted, namely:—

(LXXI) as respects messes other than military messes covered by the notification of Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment) No. G. S. R. 299, dated the 24th March, 1973 come into force on 31st March, 1973.

(Government notification, Industries and Labour Department No. EPF. 1073/168968/ Lab-I, dated 15th May, 1973 published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part I-L, dated 21st June, 1973 at page 5011).



Labour Legislation

Second Central Wage Board for Sugar Industry*

Recommendation of the Second Central Wage Board for Sugar Industry :

Machinery to hear and decide disputes arising out of doubtful points relating to the—

GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA

INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR DEPARTMENT

Resolution No. BIR. 3772/160281-Lab-I

Sachivalaya, Bombay-32, 2nd May 1973

Read—

(1) The Government of India, Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment), Resolution No. WB-7(30)/70, dated the 7th July 1970 ; and

(2) Letter No. CL/BIR/1672/SWB/J, dated the 8th December 1972 from the Commissioner of Labour and Director of Employment, Bombay.

RESOLUTION.—The Government of India have accepted the recommendations made by the Second Central Wage Board for the Sugar Industry appointed by it under their Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment), Resolution No. WB-7(2)/62, dated the 16th November 1965. The Second Central Wage Board for the Sugar Industry as not made any specific recommendations for the machinery to be set up for clarifying doubtful points relating to its recommendations though it has recommended in para. 364(17)(i) of its report that all disputes relating to the implementation of the Board's recommendations which are not settled through *bi-partite* negotiations should be referred to a *Tripartite* Machinery to be set up by the Government of the State concerned. In this connection, Government of Maharashtra hereby notifies for the information of all concerned that the Wage Board for the Sugar Industry set up by it under section 86-A of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 (Bom. XI of 1947) (hereinafter referred to as the Maharashtra Sugar Wage Board) will hear and decide disputes in respect of Sugar Factories in the Maharashtra State arising out of doubtful points relating to the recommendations of the Second Central Wage Board for the Sugar Industry and recommends that the parties concerned may approach the Maharashtra Sugar Wage Board direct in the matter, should such occasions arise.

This Resolution should be published in the *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, for the information of all concerned.

Maharashtra Sugar Wage Board

The Wage Board for the Sugar Industry, Maharashtra, has been empowered to decide the disputes arising out of the doubtful points relating to the recommendations of the Second Central Wage Board for the Sugar Industry *vide* Government Resolution, Industries and Labour Department, No. BIR 3772/160281-Lab-I, dated the 2nd May 1973.

*M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 14th June 1973, Page 4921.

Other Legislation

Maharashtra Industrial Relations (Validation of certain proceedings) Act, 1972*

The following Act of the Maharashtra Legislature, having been assented to by the President on the 9th February 1973, is hereby published for general information.

MAHARASHTRA ACT No. X OF 1973

(First published, after having received the assent of the President, in the "Maharashtra Government Gazette" on the 20th February 1973)

An Act to validate certain proceedings commenced before Labour Courts or the Industrial Court under certain provisions of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946, and to make provision for recommencing certain proceedings.

WHEREAS, the High Court of Judicature at Bombay (Nagpur Bench), in Special Civil Application No. 812 of 1966, decided on 12th day of April 1967, held—

“..... for working out of the rights under paragraph D of sub-section (1) of section 78 of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946, it was not necessary for an employee first to approach an employer or to follow the procedure under sub-section (4) of section 42 of that Act, and its proviso of the Act”,

and dismissed the petition with costs (this decision being hereinafter in this Act referred to as “the High Court decision”);

AND WHEREAS, the Supreme Court of India, in Civil Appeal No. 12 of 1968, decided almost five years later, that is on the 9th day of March 1972, has taken a contrary view, and overruled the High Court decision (*vide* 1972, Vol. I Labour Law Journal, 657) (hereinafter this decision being referred to in this Act as “the Supreme Court decision”);

AND WHEREAS, during the period commencing on the 12th day of April 1967 (being the date of “the High Court decision”) and ending on the 9th day of March 1972 (being the date of “the Supreme Court decision”) (hereinafter in this Act referred to as “the relevant period”), in reliance on the High Court decision, several proceedings, which were commenced (without following the procedure prescribed by sub-section (4) of section 42 of the principal Act and the proviso thereto) under paragraph D of sub-section (1) of section 78 of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the principal Act), are pending either before Labour Courts or in appeal before the Industrial Court;

AND WHEREAS, several such proceedings pending in the Labour Courts and the Industrial Court have been dismissed on the ground only that proceedings under paragraph D of sub-section (1) of section 78 were commenced without following the procedure prescribed by sub-section (4) of section 42 of the principal Act and the proviso thereto, and several such proceedings which are pending in those Courts are likely to be dismissed on the same ground and such dismissal has resulted, and is likely to result in undue hardship to parties instituting those proceedings in reliance on the High Court decision;

AND WHEREAS, it is expedient that all such proceedings pending in the Labour Courts or the Industrial Court should be deemed to be validly commenced; and where such proceedings have been dismissed on the ground only that such proceedings were commenced without following the procedure prescribed by sub-section (4) of section 42 of the principal Act or the proviso thereto, provision be made for enabling the parties to recommence such proceedings; It is hereby enacted in the Twenty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

2. *Temporary amendment of section 42 and validation and disposal of proceedings instituted in Labour Courts and in Industrial Court under certain provisions of Bom. XI of 1947.*—

(1) During the relevant period, the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 42 of the principal Act shall be deemed to be deleted ; and accordingly, any such proceeding commenced during the relevant period and pending at the commencement of the Maharashtra Industrial Relations (Validation of Certain Proceedings) Act, 1972 before any Labour Court or before the Industrial Court in appeal, shall be and shall be deemed to have been duly and validly commenced before such Labour Court, or, as the case may be, maintained before the Industrial Court, and no such proceedings or appeal shall be dismissed or set aside on the ground only that proceedings under paragraph D of sub-section (1) of section 78 of the principal Act were commenced without following the procedure prescribed by sub-section (4) of section 42 of the principal Act, and the proviso thereto.

(2) Where any such proceedings have, before the commencement of this Act, been dismissed by any Labour Court or the Industrial Court on the ground only that proceedings under paragraph D of sub-section (1) of section 78 of the principal Act were commenced without following the procedure prescribed by sub-section (4) of section 42 of the principal Act and the proviso thereto, such proceedings may be restored to the file of the Labour Court or the Industrial Court on an application made therefor within a period of six months from the commencement of this Act, and be decided as if the proviso to sub-section (4) of section 42 of the principal Act, had been deleted during the relevant period.

—•••••—

Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for June 1973

BOMBAY*

230—A rise of 5 points

In June 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for the Bombay Centre with base : January to December 1960 to 100 was 230 being 5 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index number relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 living survey at the Bombay Centre.

The index numbers for the food group increased by 8 points to 262 due to a rise in the average prices of wheat, bajra, bread, gramdal, moongdal, masurid dal, uriddal, coconut oil, groundnut oil, goatmeat, fish pamphret, dry bombil, milk, curd, ghee, turmeric chillies dry, chillies green, onions, garlic, kachumber, zeera, sugar, bhajia, jalebi, cold drink and a rise in the sub group of vegetables and fruits.

The index number for the clothing bedding and footwear group increased by 2 points to 211 due to a rise in the average prices of dhoties, sarees, shawl, long-cloth, mulmul, bush-shirt, full pant and vest.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 1 point to 174 due to a rise in the average prices of hair oil, tooth-powder, umbrella, trunk, utensils brass and tailoring charges.

The index numbers for the pan, supari, tobacco etc. group, the fuel and light group and the housing group remained constant at 240, 208 and 118 respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CITY

(Average price for the calendar year 1960=100)

Group	Weight proportional to the total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		May 1973	1960=100
I-A. Food	57.1	254	100
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	4.9	240	100
II. Fuel and Light	5.0	208	100
III. Housing	4.6	118	100
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	9.4	209	100
V. Miscellaneous	19.0	174	100
Total	100.0		
<i>Consumer Price Index Number</i> .. .. .	....	225	

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found in the report.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended December 1960	May. 1973	June. 1973	May. 1973	June. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I.A. Food—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice	kg.	59.23	0.70	1.39	1.34	199	191
(2) Wheat	"	25.05	0.41	0.90	0.91	220	222
(3) Jowar	"	9.42	0.53	.	.		
(4) Bajra	"	3.22	0.55	1.98	2.22	360	404
(5) Bread	125 kg	0.92	0.12	0.34	0.37	283	308
(6) Grinding charges	3 kg.	2.16	0.09	0.21	0.21	233	233
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (a) ..						226	228
(b) Pulses and pulse products—							
(1) Arhar Dal	kg.	63.78	0.78	2.60	2.57	333	329
(2) Gram Dal	"	12.99	0.60	2.16	2.24	360	373
(3) Moong Dal	"	12.21	0.90	3.51	3.57	390	397
(4) Masur Dal	"	7.87	0.78	2.17	2.27	278	291
(5) Urid Dal	"	3.15	0.88	3.22	3.23	366	367
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (b) ..						340	342
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Coconut Oil	500 ml.	9.55	1.36	4.29	4.37	315	321
(2) Groundnut Oil	"	71.05	1.00	3.64	3.69	364	369
(3) Vanaspati (loose)	500 g.	19.40	1.75	3.73	3.73	213	213
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (c) ..						330	334
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat's Meat	500 g.	52.54	1.48	4.01	4.35	271	294
(2) Fish fresh—			0.44	1.82	1.59	334	321
(i) Bumblefish	Dozen	38.41	1.23	3.13	3.46	264	280
(ii) Pamfret	Each	3.97	0.25	0.66	0.70	234	243
(3) Fish dry Bombil	Dozen	5.08	1.93	4.52	4.69		
(4) Eggs	"						
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (d) ..						293	301

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—Contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended December 1960 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milks—							
(i) Pure ..	L. ..	86.87	1.15	2.82	3.15	205	21
(ii) Anrey ..	" ..	....	1.03	1.70	1.70		
(2) Curd ..	kg. ..	1.31	1.57	3.84	4.00	245	25
(3) Ghee ..	" ..	11.82	7.50	15.53	15.88	207	21
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (e)						206	21
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt ..	kg. ..	5.40	0.13	0.26	0.26	200	20
(2) Turmeric ..	500 g. ..	5.40	0.72	2.78	2.91	386	40
(3) Chillies (dry) ..	" ..	28.42	1.35	2.55	2.62	189	19
(4) Chillies (green) ..	" ..	6.83	0.41	2.04	1.87	498	45
(5) Onion ..	" ..	19.42	0.15	0.35	0.44	233	29
(6) Garlic ..	" ..	4.67	0.60	0.61	2.03	268	33
(7) Coconut ..	Each ..	12.95	0.33	1.04	1.03	315	31
Other Spices—							
(8) Pepper ..	500 g. ..	16.91	3.69	4.80	4.82	291	29
(9) Jeera ..	" ..	....	1.80	3.72	3.93		
(10) Lavang ..	10 g. ..	....	0.31	1.66	1.62		
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (f) ..						267	28
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
Potatoes ..	½kg. ..	19.61	0.25		0.66		26
Muli ..	kg. ..	1.94	0.06		0.26		43
Brinjals ..	½kg. ..	8.19	0.26		0.94		36
Cauliflower ..	" ..	4.31	0.35		1.42		40
Cabbage ..	" ..	6.03	0.26		1.31		50
Bhendi ..	" ..	4.31	0.42		1.01		24
Tomatoes Ripe ..	" ..	9.70	0.38		0.89		40
Tomatoes raw ..	" ..	....	0.25		0.82		28
Cucumber ..	" ..	0.65	0.29		0.80		34
Pumpkin white ..	" ..	2.15	0.23		0.64		32
Pumpkin red ..	" ..	1.51	0.20		1.05		25
Karela ..	" ..	1.29	0.42		0.17		28
Methi ..	Judi. ..	3.02	0.06		0.23		38
Tondali ..	" ..	7.33	0.06		0.84		32
Alu-leaves ..	½kg. ..	4.74	0.26		0.13		21
Banana ..	Judi ..	14.01	0.06		1.31		21
Orange ..	Doz. ..	3.45	0.48		4.29		20
Lemon ..	" ..	1.94	2.10		1.62		33
Mango Ratnagiri ..	" ..	5.17	0.48		7.59		15
Mango Amba ..	"	3.46		2.98		
Total ..		100.00	1.82				
Sub-group Index I-A (g) ..							

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—Contd.

CLASS FOR

Index number	
May 1973	June 1973
7	8
205	219
245	258
207	212
206	219
200	200
386	404
189	194
498	456
233	293
268	338
315	312
291	291
267	281
264	264
433	433
362	362
406	406
504	504
240	240
400	400
283	283
348	348
320	320
250	250
283	283
383	383
323	323
217	217
273	273
204	204
338	338
192	192
311	311

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
(h) Other Food—							
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	500 g. ..	29.57	0.60	1.25	1.26	208	219
(2) Tea Leaf ..	50 g. ..	12.52	0.39	0.61	0.66	156	156
(3) Snacks (Bhajiya) ..	Plate of 8 pieces	15.01	0.11	0.32	0.33	291	300
(4) Snacks (Jalebi) ..	kg. ..	7.11	1.90	6.45	6.79	339	350
(5) Tea Readymade ..	Cup ..	34.55	0.07	0.19	0.19	271	271
(6) Cold Drink ..	Bottle of 340 ml.	1.24	0.12	0.56	0.57	467	470
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (h) ..						249	250
I-A. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and cereal products.	....	35.29				226	226
(b) Pulses and Pulse products.	....	4.79				340	340
(c) Oils and Fats ..	....	5.78				330	330
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs ..	....	10.62				293	300
(e) Milk and Milk Products.	....	9.53				206	219
(f) Condiments and Spices.	....	6.76				267	280
(g) Vegetables and Fruits ..	....	8.24				278	310
(h) Other Food. ..	....	18.99				249	250
Total ..		100.00					
Food-group Index I-A. ..						254	260
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco etc.							
(1) Pan (leaf) ..	100 leaves	18.55	0.52	2.33	2.23	429	429
(2) Pan (finished) ..	Each	9.89	0.04	0.11	0.11	275	275
(3) Supari ..	500 g.	19.44	3.42	4.85	4.75	142	130
(4) Katha ..	"	3.53	4.76	12.92	12.81	271	260
(5) Bidi ..	Katta of 25	28.80	0.16	0.30	0.30	188	188
(6) Cigarette ..	Pkt. of 10	6.54	0.14	0.44	0.44	314	314
(7) Chewing Tobacco ..	kg.	13.25	4.16	6.76	6.85	162	160
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-B ..						240	240
II. Fuel and Lighting—							
(1) Firewood ..	40 kg.	11.51	3.39	7.31	7.19	216	216
(2) Kerosene Oil ..	litre ..	42.64	0.28	0.61	0.61	218	218
(3) Electricity charges ..	Unit ..	9.81	0.22	0.34	0.34	155	155
(4) Charcoal ..	40 kg. ..	28.30	7.36	16.04	16.11	218	218
(5) Match box ..	Each (50 stick)	7.74	0.05	0.09	0.09	180	180
Total ..		100.00					
II-Group Index ..						208	208

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Decembr 1960	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	Jun-1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
III. Housing—							
(I) Residential House ..		100.00					
Total ..		100.00				118	118
III. Group Index ..						118	118
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear :							
Dhoti Bleached ..	Pair ..	10.72	9.97	25.40	25.63		
Dhoti unbleached ..	Pair ..	..	8.89	19.36	19.61	236	239
Saree Inchalkaranji ..	Each ..	28.14	11.74	20.85	21.25		
Saree Malegaon ..	Each ..	..	10.72	18.57	18.90	175	179
Shirtings Sharrock ..	M. ..	24.87	1.68	3.68	3.71		
Shirting Mafatal ..	M. ..	..	1.65	3.61	3.63	219	220
Long Cloth ..	M. ..	5.95	1.60	3.84	3.87	240	242
Trousers Cloth ..	M. ..	2.76	1.80	4.52	4.50	251	250
Mulmul ..	M. ..	8.54	2.23	5.02	5.03		
Markin ..	M. ..	..	1.09	3.17	3.11	258	255
Bush shirt ..	Each ..	3.94	4.20	8.01	8.19	191	195
Full Pant ..	Each ..	3.77	5.45	14.22	14.52	261	266
Vest ..	Each ..	2.18	1.18	2.93	3.06	248	259
Shoes-Gents ..	Pair ..	3.10	16.75	29.65	29.65	177	177
Chappal—ladies ..	Pair ..	6.03	6.57	9.40	9.40	143	143
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group IV. ..						209	211
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Medical Care—							
(1) Doctor Fees ..	Per visit	19.78	2.58	4.46	4.46	173	173
(2) Medicine ..	4 Doses	32.46	0.76	1.00	1.00	132	132
(3) E.S.I. Premium ..	..	47.76	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group, Index-V(a) ..						125	125
(b) Education, recreation and amusement—							
(1) School Fee ..	Per Student	22.54	6.75	6.78	6.78	100	100
(2) School Book ..	Each ..	7.64	2.47	3.00	2.78	121	113
(3) Stationery—							
(i) Ex. Book ..	Each ..	4.73	0.12	0.21	0.21	192	192
(ii) Pencil ..	..	..	0.12	0.25	0.25		
(4) News paper ..	Per copy..	7.64	0.07	0.15	0.15	214	214
(5) Cinema ..	Adult ..	57.45	0.48	1.39	1.39	290	290
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(b) ..						224	225

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—*con. ld.*

Number	Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
				Year ended Dec. 1960	May 1973	Jun. 1973	May 1973	June 1973
8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
118	<i>(c) Transport and Communications—</i>							
	(1) Railway fare for 80 Km.	Per Passenger.	51.13	1.61	2.45	2.45	152	152
118	(2) Bus fare	Per Adult ..	38.60	0.15	0.20	0.20	133	133
	(3) Postage	Per Card	10.27	0.05	0.10	0.10	200	200
	Total ..		100.00					
239	<i>Sub-group Index V(c)</i> ..						150	150
179	<i>(d) Personal Care and Effect—</i>							
220	(1) Hair Oil	Bottle (114 ml.)	26.92	1.36	2.82	2.83	207	208
242	(2) Barber Charges	Per head	44.23	0.94	1.76	1.76	187	187
250	(3) Toilet Soap	Cake	14.91	0.44	0.74	0.74	168	168
255	(4) Tooth Powder	Small Bottle No. 3.	7.21	0.50	0.78	0.79	156	158
195	(5) Blade	Pkt. of 5	0.96	0.27	0.42	0.42	156	156
266	(6) Umbrella	Each	5.77	5.55	13.06	13.20	235	238
259	Total ..		100.00					
177	<i>Sub-group Index V(d)</i> ..						190	191
143	<i>(e) Others—</i>							
	(1) Durrice	Each	2.66	4.93	11.53	11.97	234	243
	(2) Trunk	..	2.66	5.82	15.82	16.09	272	276
	(3) Utensils (Brass)	500 g.	7.99	2.84	10.78	10.98	380	387
	(4) Bucket (Balti)	Each	2.16	2.96	7.17	7.17	242	242
	(5) Laundry charges	Per Piece	25.29	0.15	0.32	0.32	213	213
	(6) Washing Soap	Bar	35.28	1.28	2.02	2.02	158	158
	(7) Tailoring charges of Shirt.	Each	23.96	1.19	2.61	2.64	203	205
	(8) Tailoring charges of Blouse.	..	..	0.89	1.66	1.68	203	205
	Total ..		100.00					
211	<i>Sub-group Index V(e)</i> ..						207	209
173	<i>V. Miscellaneous Group—</i>							
132	(a) Medical Care	....	28.27	..	..	..	125	125
101	(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement.	....	11.94	..	..	..	224	223
	(c) Transport and Communication.	....	14.81	..	..	..	150	150
	(d) Personal Care and Effect.	....	18.89	..	..	..	190	191
	(e) Others	....	26.09	..	..	..	207	209
	Total ..		100.00					
125	<i>Miscellaneous Group Index V.</i>						174	175

SHOLAPUR***266—A rise of 7 points**

In June 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for the Sholapur Centre with base January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 266 being 7 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the Standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey in Sholapur City.

The index number for the food group increased by 9 points to 312 due to a rise in the average prices of rice, wheat, jowar, goatmeat, beef, milk, ghee, turmeric, chillies (green), chillies, (dry), tamarind, onions, garlic, gur, bhajia and jalebi and rise in the sub-group index number for vegetables and fruits.

The index number for the pan, supari, tobacco etc. group increased by 13 points to 195 due to a rise in the average price of panleaf.

The index number for the fuel and light group decreased by 1 point to 187 due to a fall in the average price of dung-cake.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 6 points to 215 due to a rise in the average price of dhoti.

The index numbers for the miscellaneous group and housing remained steady at 178 and 152 respectively.

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR SHOLAPUR CITY**

(Average prices for the calendar year 1960 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		May 1973	June 1973
I-A. Food	63.0	303	312
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	3.4	182	195
II. Fuel and Light	7.1	188	187
III. Housing	5.2	152	152
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	9.0	209	215
V. Miscellaneous	12.3	178	178
Total ..	100.0		
<i>Consumer Price Index Number</i> ..	....	259	266

*Details regarding scope and method of compilation of the index may be seen on pages 607 to 612 of December 1965 issue of *Labour Gazette*. For *Errata* see page 897 of January 1966 issue.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old index number 1927-28 = 100, the new index should be multiplied by the linking factor of 3.82.

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE—Contd.

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Products—							
(1) Rice ..	kg.	26.98	0.55	1.24	1.25	225	227
(2) Wheat ..	..	13.53	0.41	0.90	0.91	220	222
(3) Jowar ..	..	56.97	0.46	1.82(1)	1.84	396	400
(4) Grinding Charges ..	3 kg.	2.52	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (a) ..						323	327
(b) Pulses and Products—							
(1) Arhar dal ..	kg.	76.17	0.75	2.80	2.72	373	363
(2) Gram dal ..	..	18.22	0.56	2.18	2.20	389	393
(3) Masur dal ..	..	5.61	0.73	2.08	2.12	285	290
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (b) ..						371	364
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut oil ..	kg.	98.91	1.94	7.94	7.88	409	406
(2) Vanspati (loose) ..	500 g.	1.09	1.86	4.50	5.71	242	307
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (c) ..						407	405
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat meat ..	kg.	72.32	2.45	5.38	5.90	220	241
(2) Beef ..	..	23.69	0.66	1.44	1.65	218	250
(3) Fish (fresh) Rahu ..	..	1.50	1.46	3.50	3.50	240	240
(4) Fish (dry) Zinga ..	..	2.49	2.14	4.00	4.00	187	187
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (d) ..						219	242
(e) Milk and Milk Pro- ducts—							
(1) Milk ..	1	89.79	0.67	2.34	2.45	349	366
(2) Ghee ..	kg.	10.21	6.19	15.00	16.00	242	258
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (e) ..						338	355

(i) Quotation for April 1973.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
SHOLAPUR CENTRE *contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt ..	kg. ..	4.71	0.09	0.20	0.20	222	222
(2) Turmeric ..	.. ..	3.40	1.11	4.66	5.80	420	523
(3) Chillies (green) ..	300 g. ..	4.98	0.23	0.88	1.05	383	457
(4) Chillies (dry) ..	.. ..	59.43	0.65	1.35	1.60	208	246
(5) Tamarind ..	kg. ..	7.59	1.20	3.75	4.90	312	408
(6) Onions ..	.. ..	10.73	0.23	0.55	0.80	239	348
(7) Garlic ..	300 g. ..	7.85	0.24	0.88	1.20	367	500
(8) Coconut ..	Each ..	1.31	0.27	0.86	0.81	319	300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (f) ..						250	309
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
(1) Potatoes ..	kg. ..	12.15	0.46		1.50		326
(2) Brinjals ..	300 g. ..	14.98	0.11		0.60		545
(3) Muli ..	.. ..	1.00	0.09		0.30		333
(4) Tomato ..	.. ..	13.36	0.25		0.50		200
(5) Methi ..	200 g. ..	6.07	0.12		N.A.		N.A.
(6) Dodka ..	300 g. ..	10.93	0.13		0.40		308
(7) Ambadi ..	200 g. ..	31.39	0.09		0.22		244
(8) Banana ..	Doz. ..	10.93	0.51		1.35		265
(9) Mango ..	.. ..	5.26	1.00		3.31		331
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Sub-group I (g) :—							
(h) Other Food—							
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	kg. ..	47.53	1.16	2.15	2.15	185	185
(2) Gur ..	.. ..	7.97	0.64	2.10	2.17	328	339
(3) Tea (leaf) ..	Pkt. of 50 g. ..	21.56	0.39	0.58	0.58	149	149
(4) Tea (readymade) ..	Cup ..	20.74	0.07	0.15	0.15	214	214
(5) Snack Saltish (Bhajia) ..	kg. ..	1.10	1.60	6.00	7.00	375	438
(6) Snack Sweet (Jalobi) ..	.. ..	1.10	2.17	5.00	6.20	230	286
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (h) ..						197	200

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
SHOLAPUR CENTRE contd.

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt ..	kg. ..	4.71	0.09	0.20	0.20	222	222
(2) Turmeric ..	.. ..	3.40	1.11	4.66	5.80	420	523
(3) Chillies (green) ..	300 g. ..	4.98	0.23	0.88	1.05	383	457
(4) Chillies (dry) ..	.. ..	59.43	0.65	1.35	1.60	208	246
(5) Tamarind ..	kg. ..	7.59	1.20	3.75	4.90	312	408
(6) Onions ..	.. ..	10.73	0.23	0.55	0.80	239	348
(7) Garlic ..	300 g. ..	7.85	0.24	0.88	1.20	367	500
(8) Coconut ..	Each ..	1.31	0.27	0.86	0.81	319	300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (f) ..						250	309
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
(1) Potatoes ..	kg. ..	12.15	0.46		1.50		326
(2) Brinjals ..	300 g. ..	14.98	0.11		0.60		545
(3) Muli ..	.. ..	1.00	0.09		0.30		333
(4) Tomato ..	.. ..	13.36	0.25		0.50		200
(5) Methi ..	200 g. ..	6.07	0.12		N.A.		N.A.
(6) Dodka ..	300 g. ..	10.93	0.13		0.40		308
(7) Ambadi ..	200 g. ..	31.39	0.09		0.22		244
(8) Banana ..	Doz. ..	10.93	0.51		1.35		265
(9) Mango ..	.. ..	5.26	1.00		3.31		331
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Sub-group I (g) :—							
(h) Other Food—						302	308
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	kg. ..	47.53	1.16	2.15	2.15	185	185
(2) Gur ..	.. ..	7.97	0.64	2.10	2.17	328	339
(3) Tea (leaf) ..	Pkt. of 50 g. ..	21.56	0.39	0.58	0.58	149	149
(4) Tea (readymade) ..	Cup ..	20.74	0.07	0.15	0.15	214	214
(5) Snack Saltish (Bhajia) ..	kg. ..	1.10	1.60	6.00	7.00	375	438
(6) Snack Sweet (Jalobi) ..	.. ..	1.10	2.17	5.00	6.20	230	286
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (h) ..						197	200

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE. *contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt ..	kg. ..	4.71	0.09	0.20	0.20	222	222
(2) Turmeric ..	.. ..	3.40	1.11	4.66	5.80	420	523
(3) Chillies (green) ..	300 g. ..	4.98	0.23	0.88	1.05	383	457
(4) Chillies (dry) ..	.. ..	59.43	0.65	1.35	1.60	208	246
(5) Tamarind ..	kg. ..	7.59	1.20	3.75	4.90	312	408
(6) Onions ..	.. ..	10.73	0.23	0.55	0.80	239	348
(7) Garlic ..	300 g. ..	7.85	0.24	0.88	1.20	367	500
(8) Coconut ..	Each ..	1.31	0.27	0.86	0.81	319	300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (f) ..						250	309
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
(1) Potatoes ..	kg. ..	12.15	0.46		1.50		326
(2) Brinjals ..	300 g. ..	14.98	0.11		0.60		545
(3) Muli ..	.. ..	1.00	0.09		0.30		333
(4) Tomato ..	.. ..	13.36	0.25		0.50		200
(5) Methi ..	200 g. ..	6.07	0.12		N.A.		N.A.
(6) Dodka ..	300 g. ..	10.93	0.13		0.40		308
(7) Ambadi ..	200 g. ..	31.39	0.09		0.22		244
(8) Banana ..	Doz. ..	10.93	0.51		1.35		265
(9) Mango ..	.. ..	5.26	1.00		3.31		331
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Sub-group I (g) :—							
(h) Other Food—						302	308
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	kg. ..	47.53	1.16	2.15	2.15	185	185
(2) Gur ..	.. ..	7.97	0.64	2.10	2.17	328	339
(3) Tea (leaf) ..	Pkt. of 50 g. ..	21.56	0.39	0.58	0.58	149	149
(4) Tea (readymade) ..	Cup ..	20.74	0.07	0.15	0.15	214	214
(5) Snack Saltish (Bhajia) ..	kg. ..	1.10	1.60	6.00	7.00	375	438
(6) Snack Sweet (Jalebi) ..	.. ..	1.10	2.17	5.00	6.20	230	286
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (h) ..						197	200

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index May 1973 7
			Year ended Dec. 1960 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear—						
Dhoti—						
(i) Laxmi Mills ..	Pair ..	8.53	10.69	19.44(i)	27.71	175
(ii) Vishnu Mills ..	..	..	10.47	11.68(i)	25.41	
Sarce ..	Each ..	29.79	10.05	21.00	21.00	209
Shirt ..	..	2.92	3.41	5.24	5.24	154
Long cloth	M ..	7.48	1.39	3.04	3.04	219
Shirting—						
(i) Ahmedabad Mills ..	..	25.70	1.61	2.87	2.87	193
(ii) Century Mills ..	..	..	1.49	3.09	3.09	
Markin ..	..	17.41	1.28	3.43	3.43	268
Trousers cloth ..	..	2.57	1.47	3.56	3.56	242
Chappal (Lady's) ..	Pair ..	4.67	6.40	9.40	9.40	147
Shoes (Gent's) ..	..	0.93	15.98	28.55	28.55	179
Total ..		100.00				
<i>Group Index IV</i> ..						209
V. Miscellaneous						
(a) Medical Care—						
(1) Doctor's fee ..	Per Visit	29.23	4.33	5.00	5.00	115
(2) Medicine ..	Phial of 3 doses	70.77	0.71	0.92	0.92	130
Total ..		100.00				
<i>Sub-group Index V (a)</i> ..						125
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement—						
(1) School fee ..	Per Student.	33.15	6.00	5.70	5.90	95
(2) School Book ..	Each ..	22.65	2.50	2.96	2.97	118
(3) Stationery—						
(i) Exercise Book ..	..	5.53	0.12	0.20	0.20	146
(ii) Pencil ..	..	..	0.12	0.15	0.15	
(4) Cinema ..	Per Adult	38.67	0.31	0.95	0.95	306
Total ..		100.00				
<i>Sub-group Index V (b)</i>						185

(i) Quotation for January 1973

(ii) Quotation for January 1973

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(c) Transport and Communication—</i>							
(1) Railway fare (from Sholapur to Poona).	Per Passenger	67.41	5.22	7.45	7.45	143	143
(2) Bus fare	Per Adult	32.59	0.15	0.25	0.25	167	167
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group Index V(c)</i> ..						151	151
<i>(d) Personal care and Effects—</i>							
(1) Hair Oil ..	Bottle of 250 g.	39.28	2.00	5.62	5.62	281	281
(2) Barber charges ..	Per adult	49.11	0.62	1.30	1.30	210	210
(3) Toilet Soap ..	Each ..	8.93	0.44	0.75	0.75	170	170
(4) Ornaments (glass) ..	per dozen	2.68	0.75	0.75	0.75	100	100
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group Index V(d)</i>						231	231
<i>(e) Others—</i>							
(1) Utensils (Copper)	500 g. ..	6.07	3.25	20.00	20.00	615	615
(2) Laundry Charges	Per Piece.	9.64	0.11	0.22	0.22	200	200
(3) Washing Soap ..	Bar of 12 Pieces.	44.64	1.31	2.10	2.10	160	160
<i>(4) Tailoring Charges—</i>							
(i) Shirt ..	Each ..	36.43	0.80	1.44	1.44	170	170
(ii) Blouse ..	" ..	..	0.70	1.12	1.12		
(5) Durrie ..	" ..	3.22	3.80	9.52	9.52	251	251
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group Index V(e)</i>						198	198
V. Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical care ..		25.86				125	125
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement		15.92				185	186
(c) Transport and Communication.		12.49				151	151
(d) Personal care and Effects.		21.02				231	231
(e) Others ..		24.71				198	198
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Group Index V</i> ..						178	178

NAGPUR*

220—A rise of 3 points

In June 1973 the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Series) for Nagpur Centre with base January to December 1960 was 220 being 3 points higher than that in the preceding month relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 19 Living Survey in Nagpur City.

The index number for food group increased by 4 points to 246 in the average prices of wheat, eggs, ghee, chillies-dry, onions, garlic, zera, bhajia, jileti and tea (ready-made) and a rise in the Sub number of vegetables and fruits.

The index number for the pan, supari, tobacco etc. group increased by 2 points to 214 due to a rise in the average price of panleaf.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 2 points to 237 due to a rise in the average prices of shirt ganji, shirt (ready-made), chappals, (gents) and sandal (ladies.)

The index numbers for the fuel and light, and the miscellaneous housing remained stationary at 186, 166 and 138 respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1960 = 100)

Groups	Weights proportional to total expenditure	Group Index
		May 1973
I-A. Food	57.2	242
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	3.8	188
II. Fuel and Light	5.7	186
III. Housing	6.6	138
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	10.9	235
V. Miscellaneous	15.8	166
Total	100.0	
<i>Consumer Price Index Number</i>		217

* Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index are given on pages 771 to 779 of January 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old Index Number (1939 = 100) Index Number should be multiplied by the linking factor of 5.22.

LABOUR GAZETTE--AUGUST 1973

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CENTRE

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg. ..	53.60	0.64	1.31	1.31	205	20
(2) Wheat (0.S.) ..	.. ..	35.69	0.41	0.90	0.91	220	22
(3) Jowar ..	.. ..	8.72	0.41	0.76(1)	0.76(1)	185	18
(4) Grinding charges ..	3 Kg. ..	1.99	0.08	0.16	0.16	200	20
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (a) Index ..						208	20
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Arhar dal ..	Kg. ..	68.17	0.71	2.60	2.50	366	35
(2) Gram dal ..	.. ..	28.12	0.52	2.08	2.02	400	38
(3) Moong dal ..	.. ..	3.71	0.55	2.69	2.72	489	49
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (b) Index ..						380	36
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Gingelli Oil ..	Kg. ..	4.84	2.75	7.95	8.00	289	29
(2) Groundnut Oil ..	.. ..	7.91	1.92	8.00	8.08	417	42
(3) Vanaspati (loose) ..	500 g. ..	9.67	1.79	4.18	4.25	234	23
(4) Linseed Oil ..	Kg. ..	77.58	1.54	5.55	5.45	360	35
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (c) Index ..						349	34
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat-meat ..	Kg. ..	90.16	2.68	7.00	7.00	261	26
(2) Fish (fresh)—							
(i) Rahu ..	.. ..	5.32	3.22	6.00	6.00	202	20
(ii) Mangur ..	.. ..	4.52	3.22	7.00	7.00	175	18
(3) Eggs ..	Dozen ..	4.52	2.06	3.60	3.86		
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (d) Index ..						254	25
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk ..	L. ..	71.96	0.80	1.74	1.74	218	21
(2) Curd ..	Kg. ..	3.57	2.14	4.00	4.00	187	18
(3) Ghee	24.47	8.85	16.58	16.93	187	19
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (e) Index ..						209	21

(i) Quotation for April 1973

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NAGPUR CENTRE *contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportion- al to total Expendi- ture 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt ..	Kg.	5.59	0.13	0.25	0.25	192	192
(2) Turmeric ..	..	7.69	1.63	7.00	7.00	429	429
(3) Chillies (Dry) ..	..	49.65	2.88	5.00	5.19	174	180
(4) Onion ..	..	18.55	0.27	0.48	0.58	178	215
(5) Garlic ..	..	6.51	1.06	2.00	2.20	189	208
(6) Corriander ..	..	2.33	1.16	3.02	3.20	260	276
(7) Ginger ..	..	3.50	2.96	5.00	8.00	270	270
(8) Zeera ..	..	6.06	3.49	7.00	7.15	201	205
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (f) Index ..						203	215
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
(1) Potatoes ..	Kg.	49.71	0.39		1.14		292
(2) Brinjals..	..	20.72	0.41		1.00		244
(3) Gourd ..	..	2.29	0.29		0.61		210
(4) Gawarphali ..	..	2.29	0.32		0.94		294
(5) Tondli ..	..	5.71	0.44		0.92		209
(6) Palak ..	..	5.71	0.31		0.94		303
(7) Chadulisag ..	..	0.57	0.38		0.70		184
(8) Mango ..	Doz.	4.00	3.00		11.40		300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (g) Index ..						262	272
(h) Other Food—							
(1) Sugar ..	Kg.	44.71	1.22	2.15	2.15	176	176
(2) Gur ..	..	2.40	0.72	2.25	2.25	312	312
(3) Tea leaf ..	Pkt. of 25g.	13.26	0.19	0.32	0.32	168	168
(4) Bhajia ..	Kg.	8.46	2.14	5.25	6.00	245	280
(5) Jalebi ..	..	1.97	1.61	6.25	7.00	388	435
(6) Tea (readymade) ..	Cup	29.20	0.06	0.25	0.30	417	500
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (h) Index ..						259	287
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products.		49.53				208	209
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products.		8.83				380	368
(c) Oils and Fats ..		6.05				349	345
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs		5.00				254	255
(e) Milk and Milk Products.		7.51				209	210
(f) Condiments and Spices.		6.95				203	215
(g) Vegetables and Fruits		6.67				262	272
(h) Other Food ..		9.46				259	287
Total ..		100.00					
Food Group I-A Index ..						242	246

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NAGPUR CENTRE—*contd*

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportion- al to total Expendi- ture 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.—							
(1) Pan-leaf ..	100 leaves.	14.85	0.29	0.87	1.36	300	469
(2) Pan (ready made) ..	Each ..	13.61	0.03	0.07	0.07	233	233
(3) Supari ..	Kg.	26.60	6.71	8.00	8.00	119	119
(4) Katha ..	..	5.36	8.57	12.00	12.00	140	140
(5) Bidi ..	Katta of 25	21.44	0.16	0.25	0.25	156	156
(6) Cigarettes ..	Pkt. of 10	8.04	0.15	0.50	0.50	333	333
(7) Chewing and leafy tobacco.	Kg. ..	10.10	5.00	6.00	6.25	120	125
Total ..		100.00					
Group I-B. Index ..						188	214
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Fire-wood ..	40 kg.	69.55	2.38	4.31	4.31	181	181
(2) Coke ..	.. ..	5.90	2.88	7.76	7.79	269	270
(3) Kerosene Oil ..	Litre ..	14.13	0.34	0.69	0.69	203	203
(4) Electricity Charges..	Unit ..	2.74	0.29	0.36	0.36	124	124
(5) Coal ..	40 kg. ..	2.61	6.38	13.00	13.00	204	204
(6) Match box ..	Each (50 sticks)	5.07	0.05	0.07	0.07	140	140
Total ..		100.00					
Group II Index for Fuel and Light.						186	186
III. Housing—							
Residential House ..		100.00					
Total ..		100.00				138	138
Group III Index for Housing.						138	138
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear—							
(1) Dhoti—							
(i) Empress Mills ..	Pair ..	9.87	12.10	28.62	28.38	238	236
(ii) Model Mills ..	.. ..	..	10.68	25.54	25.35	165	165
(2) Sarree ..	Each ..	36.48	8.09	13.31	13.31	165	165
(3) Shirting—							
(i) Empress Mills ..	M. ..	18.35	1.21	3.14	1.25	292	308
(ii) Model Mills ..	.. ..	..	1.05	3.41	3.64	306	298
(4) Trouser's Cloth ..	.. ..	3.34	1.43	4.37	4.26	363	349
(5) Long cloth ..	.. ..	3.06	1.14	4.14	3.98		
(6) Markin—							
(i) Empress Mills ..	.. ..	13.06	1.04	4.35	4.28	359	353
(ii) Model Mills ..	.. ..	..	1.09	3.27	3.21	159	165
(7) Pyjama ..	Each ..	1.60	4.25	6.75	7.00	142	163
(8) Ganji ..	.. ..	1.25	1.23	1.75	2.00	173	187
(9) Shirt ..	.. ..	1.60	3.75	6.50	7.00	215	215
(10) Bed Sheet ..	Pair ..	2.01	8.50	18.28(1)	18.28(1)	178	178
(11) Shoes (Gents) ..	.. ..	4.17	16.00	28.55	28.55	220	223
(12) Chappals (Gents) ..	.. ..	4.17	4.96	10.93	11.05	147	167
(13) Sandle (Ladies) ..	.. ..	1.04	6.40	9.40	10.66		
Total ..		100.00					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NAGPUR CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total expenditure 3	Price per Unit of Quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
V. Miscellaneous—							
<i>(a) Medical care—</i>							
(1) Doctor's fee ..	Per visit ..	22.98	3.00	5.00	5.00	167	167
(2) Medicine ..	Phial of 3 doses.	45.06	0.75	0.75	0.75	100	100
(3) E.S.I. Premium ..	....	31.96	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V (a) Index ..</i>						116	116
<i>(b) Personal care and effects—</i>							
(1) Hair oil ..	Bottle of 114 ml.	24.01	1.37	2.64	2.64	193	193
(2) Barber charges ..	Per Adult ..	38.30	0.50	1.25	1.25	250	250
(3) Toilet soap ..	Per Cake ..	15.80	0.46	0.75	0.75	163	163
(4) Tooth Powder (Medium size) ..	Bottle ..	2.74	0.87	1.60	1.60	184	184
(5) Ornaments (glass) ..	Dozen ..	4.25	0.75	0.75	0.75	100	100
(6) Watch ..	Each ..	12.16	65.00	90.00	90.00	138	138
(7) Face powder (small)	Tin ..	2.74	1.00	2.75	2.75	275	275
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V (b) Index ..</i>						201	201
<i>(c) Education, Recreation and Amusements—</i>							
(1) School fee ..	Per Stu- dent.	23.53	5.50	5.50	5.50	100	100
(2) School Book ..	Each ..	17.65	2.00	2.35	2.50	118	125
(3) Toy ..	" ..	1.02	0.24	0.26	0.26	108	108
(4) Stationery (Ex.-book)	Each (40 pages).	1.79	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	167
(5) Cinema ..	Per Adult ..	56.01	0.42	0.89	0.89	212	212
Total ..		100.00					

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

173

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—concl'd.

Number	Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per Unit of Quantity			Index Number	
				Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
	<i>(d) Transport and Communication—</i>							
167	(1) Railway fare of 80km	Per Passenger	45.49	1.61	2.45	2.45	152	152
100	(2) Bus fare ..	Per Adult ..	29.19	0.15	0.25	0.25	167	167
101	(3) Post card ..	Each ..	3.86	0.05	0.10	0.10	200	200
	(4) Rickshaw charges ..	Per Adult ..	21.46	0.37	0.62	0.62	168	168
	Total ..		100.00					
116	<i>Sub-group V (d) Index ..</i>						162	162
	<i>(e) Others—</i>							
193	(1) Cot ..	Each ..	5.94	5.50	11.00	11.00	200	200
250	(2) Trunk/Box ..	.. ..	2.05	5.01	9.00	9.00	180	180
163	(3) Earthenware ..	.. ..	2.05	0.30	2.00	2.00	667	667
184	(4) Utensil Aluminium	Kg. ..	4.79	8.50	15.00	15.00	176	176
100	(5) Utensil Brass ..	.. ..	11.42	7.71	20.00	20.00	259	259
138	(6) Laundry charges ..	Per piece ..	9.59	0.12	0.25	0.25	208	208
275	(7) Washing Soap ..	Bar ..	33.11	1.30	2.14	2.14	165	165
	(8) Tailoring Charges	{ Shirt ..	31.05	0.88	1.62	1.62	192	192
		{ Blouse ..	..	0.75	1.50	1.50		
	Total ..		100.00					
201	<i>Sub-group V (e) Index ..</i>						201	201
	<i>Miscellaneous—</i>							
100	(a) Medical care ..		28.00				116	116
	(b) Personal care and effects.		18.30				201	201
125	(c) Education, Recreation and Amusements.		19.55				167	168
108							162	162

AURANGABAD***295—A rise of 29 points**

In June 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for the Aurangabad Centre, with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 295 being 29 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the Standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 Family Living Survey at Aurangabad Centre.

The index number for the food group increased by 46 points to 362 due to an increase in the average prices of jowar, wheat tural, gramdal, moongdal masurdal turmeric, chillies dry, tamarind, mixed spices, jeera, potatoes, onions, brinjals tomatoes, garlic and gur.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 4 points to 172 due to an increase in the average prices of firewood and chips.

The index number for the housing remained stationary at 194.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 4 points to 219 due to an increased in the average prices of saree, cloth for trouser, and long cloth.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 6 points to 185, due to a rise in the average prices of pan leaf, pan finished, kath, hair oil, and school fees.

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CITY**

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		May 1973	June 1973
I. Food	60.72	316	362
II. Fuel and Light	7.50	168	172
III. Housing	8.87	194	194
IV. Clothing and Footwear	9.29	215	219
V. Miscellaneous	13.62	179	185
Total ..	100.00		
<i>Consumer Price Index Number</i> ..		266	295

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1130 to 1134 of the March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944 = 100

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
I. Food Group—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg. ..	5.40	0.69	1.20	1.17	174	170
(2) Wheat ..	.. ..	10.12	0.42	0.88	0.89	210	212
(3) Jowar ..	.. ..	30.33	0.38	1.71	2.20	450	579
(4) Grinding charges for cereals. ..	.. ..	2.35	0.02	0.05	0.05	250	250
Total ..		48.20					
Index Number sub-group I(a)						359	440
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Turdal, without husk. ..	Kg. ..	3.96	0.70	2.91	2.92	416	417
(2) Gramdal, Katori. ..	.. ..	2.05	0.60	1.99	2.11	332	352
(3) Moongdal, without husk. ..	.. ..	1.11	0.71	3.22	3.37	454	475
(4) Masurdal Thick grain. ..	.. ..	0.74	0.64	2.00	2.16	312	338
Total ..		7.86					
Index Number sub-group I(b)						389	401
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut oil Whitish. ..	½ Ltr. ..	2.00*	1.07	....	....	....	....
(2) Karad Oil ..	.. ..	3.49	1.11	3.83	3.78	345	341
(3) Vanaspati Dalda. ..	½ Kg. (loose) ..	0.48	1.58	3.97	3.97(1)	251	251
Total ..		5.97					
Index Number sub-group I(c)						338	333
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton, Goat meat. ..	½ Kg. ..	4.70	1.26	3.00	3.00	238	238
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(a) Bombil ..	Kg. ..	0.24	2.90	7.00	7.00	264	262
(b) Zinga ..	.. ..	....	2.13	5.08	5.00		
(c) Nathmi ..	.. ..	....	1.93	6.00	6.00		
Total ..		4.94					
Index Number sub-group I(d)						239	239

* The weight of "Groundnut Oil" is imputed to that of "Karad Oil"

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(e) Milk and Milk Products—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Milk—							
(Buffalo Milk) ..	200 ml. ..	6.65	0.16	0.30	0.30	188	188
Total ..		6.65					
Index Number sub-group I(e).						188	188
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt—							
White ..	Kg. ..	0.35	0.11	0.21	0.21	191	191
(2) Turmeric—							
White ..	250 gms. ..	0.31	0.34	1.20	1.31	353	385
(3) Chillies (dry)—							
Superior quality ..	½ Kg. ..	4.62	0.90	2.50	2.88	278	320
(4) Tamarind ..	.. ..	0.45	0.49	2.36	2.90	482	592
(5) Mixed spices—							
Bojwar ..	250 gms. ..	1.80	0.42	1.22	1.26	290	300
(6) Jira—							
Thick Blackish (gray). ..	.. ..	0.30	0.69	1.69	1.79	245	259
Total ..		7.83					
Index Number sub-group I(f).						290	326
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—							
(1) Potatoes—							
Medium ..	½ Kg. ..	1.35	0.30	0.60	0.66	200	220
(2) Onions—							
Red ..	Kg. ..	1.06	0.25	0.50	0.51	200	204
(3) Brinjals—							
Medium ..	½ Kg. ..	0.48	0.24	0.65	0.79	271	329
(4) Tomatoes—							
(1) Red ..	.. ..	0.64	0.28	0.90	2.05	305	608
(2) Green ..	.. ..		0.18	0.52	0.87		
(5) Garlic—							
Medium ..	50 gms. ..	0.68	0.06	0.15	0.20	250	333
Other Vegetables—							
Varieties available in the month of May 1973—							
(i) Pumpkin ..	½ Kg. ..	1.80	0.17	0.50	....	236	
(ii) Dil Pasand ..	.. ..	....	0.28	0.50	....	
Varieties available in the month of June 1973—							
(i) Bhendi ..	.. ..		0.39	..	0.73	231	
(ii) Dodka ..	.. ..		0.27	..	0.74		
Total ..		6.01					
Index Number sub-group I(g).						233	283

contd.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—contd.

Number	Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
				Basic Price	May. 1973	June 1973	May. 1973	June 1973
8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
188	(h) Recreation and Amusement— Cinema			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
188	Lowest class ..	Full ticket.	6.90	0.44	1.05	1.05	239	239
	Total ..		6.90					
	Index Number Sub-group V (h).						239	239
191	(i) Transport and Communication—							
385	(1) Rail—							
320	(1) Rail—							
592	Fare for 50 km.. ..	Full ticket	6.19	1.04	1.50	1.50	144	144
300	(2) Bus—							
259	S. T. fare for 30 miles. ..	..	5.30	1.50	2.20	2.20	147	147
	(3) Postage—							
	(1) Post card ..	Per card	1.10	0.05	0.10	0.10	167	167
	(2) Money Order	Rs. 30 ..	..	0.45	0.60	0.60		
326	Total ..		12.59					
	Index Number Sub-group V (i).						147	147
220	V. Miscellaneous Group—							
204	(a) Pansupari ..	....	12.17				182	230
329	(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	....	18.56				173	173
608	(c) Household utilities ..	....	2.55				251	251
333	(d) Washing Soap ..	....	14.13				159	159
	(e) Medical care ..	....	12.28				139	139
	(f) Personal care ..	....	17.59				219	220
	(g) Education and Reading.	....	3.23				171	172
	(h) Recreation and Amusement.	....	6.90				239	239
231	(i) Transport and Communication.	....	12.59				147	147
	Total ..		100.00					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(h) Fruits and fruit							
Products— Banana— Medium ..	Doz. ..	1.14	0.32	0.83(1)	0.88(1)	275	275
Total ..		1.14					
Index Number sub-group I(h).						275	275
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Product—							
(1) Sugar— Medium ..	Kg. ..	3.45	1.17	2.15	2.15	184	184
(2) Gur— Superior ..	.. ..	1.81	0.46	2.12	2.18	461	474
Total ..		5.26					
Index Number sub-group I(i).						279	284
(j) Beverages—							
(1) Tea leaf— Brooke Bond ..	50 gms. ..	1.86	0.41	0.57	0.57	139	139
(2) Prepared Tea— Chalu Chaha ..	Cup ..	4.28	0.08	0.20	0.20	250	250
Total ..		6.14					
Index Number sub-group I(j).						216	216
Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and cereal products.	....	48.20				359	440
(b) Pulses and pulse products.	....	7.86				389	401
(c) Oils and fats ..	....	5.97				338	333
(d) Mutton, fish and eggs.	....	4.94				239	239
(e) Milk and Milk products.	....	6.65				188	188
(f) Condiments and spices.	....	7.83				290	326
(g) Vegetables and vegetable products.	....	6.01				233	283
(h) Fruits and fruit products.	....	1.14				275	275
(i) Sugar, honey and related products.	....	5.26				279	284
(j) Beverages ..	....	6.14				216	216
Total ..		100.00					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Ma 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and chips—							
(i) Mixture ..	37 Kgs. ..	81.82	2.87	4.07	4.19	150	154
(ii) Babhool ..	.. ..	..	2.80	4.44	4.56		
(2) Kerosene Ordinary..	1 ..	12.44	0.22	0.65	0.65(2)	295	295
(3) Match Box Wimco..	Box of 50	5.74	0.06	0.09	0.09	150	150
	Horse Brand.						
	Sticks.						
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group II</i>						168	172
III. Housing—							
<i>Rent—</i>							
House rent for selected tenements.	P.M. ..	100.00	4.70			194	194
Total ..		100.00	(Jan. 71)				
<i>Index Number Group III</i>						194	194
IV. Clothing and Footwear							
(1) Dhoti 8.2 mts. length and 119 to 121 cms. width.	Per sq. metre.	6.04	1.07	2.15	2.15	201	201
(2) Saree 7.3 8.2 mts. length and 102 to 152 cms. width.	.. ..	31.57	1.28	2.53	2.64	198	206
(3) Cloth for trousers 89 to 97 cms. width.	.. ..	2.51	2.36	4.89	5.00	207	212
(4) Long cloth 89 to 97 cms. width.	.. ..	36.63	1.64	3.88	3.93	237	240
(5) Coloured fabric 67 to 69 cms. width.	.. ..	18.17	1.86	4.05	4.05	218	218
Total ..		94.92					
<i>Index Number sub-group IV (a).</i>						217	221
(b) Footwear—							
<i>Shoes—</i>							
(i) Bata Co. ..	Per pair ..	5.08	15.08	28.55	28.55	180	180
(ii) Flex Co. ..	..	..	19.22	32.95	32.95		
Total ..		5.08					
						180	180

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—CO

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Nu May 1973 7
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	
IV. Clothing and Footwear—contd.						
(a) Clothing ..	..	94.92	..	..	..	217
(b) Footwear ..	..	5.08	..	..	..	180
Total ..		100.00				
<i>Index Number Group IV</i>						215
V. Miscellaneous—						
<i>(a) Pan-supari—</i>						
(1) Pan leaf— Madras I ..	Bundle of 100 leaves.	3.84	0.50	1.10	1.88	238
(2) Pan Finished— With Masala ..	Bida ..	2.19	0.04	0.08	0.09	200
(3) Supari— Manglori ..	50 gms. ..	4.36	0.41	0.52	0.52	127
(4) Katha— Kanpur ..	.. ..	1.78	0.72	1.25	1.27	174
Total ..		12.17				
<i>Index Number Sub-group V (a)</i>						182
<i>(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—</i>						
(1) Bidi— Totapuri ..	Bundle ..	15.38	0.15	0.28	0.28	187
(2) Jarda— Hazivazir ..	Packet of 25 gms.	3.18	0.19	0.20	0.20	105
Total ..		18.56				
<i>Index Number Sub-group V (b)</i>						173
<i>(c) Household Utilltes— Utensils Brass— Lota (Poona Market).</i>						
Each. ..	..	2.55	7.18	18.00	18.00	251
Total ..		2.55				
<i>Index Number Sub-group V (c)</i>						251

contd.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—concl'd.

Number	Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
				Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
221 180	(d) Washing Soap— (1) Laundry— Ordinary washing and ironing of cotton shirt.	Per piece	4.86	0.11	0.20	0.20	182	182
	(2) Washing Soap— Sunlight ..	Cake ..	9.27	0.42	0.62	0.62	148	148
	Total ..		14.13					
219	Index Number Sub-group V (d)						159	159
376	(e) Medical care— (1) Patent Medicine Anacin.	Two tablets.	4.67	0.12	0.15	0.15	125	125
	(2) Mixture (Daily) ..	Per day.	7.61	0.68	1.00	1.00	147	147
225	Total ..		12.28					
127 176	Index Number Sub-group V (e).						139	139
	(f) Personal Care— (1) Hair Oil, Tata Co.	Small bottle.	5.82	1.30	2.67	2.71	205	208
230	(2) Barber charges— (i) Hair cut and shave.	Adult ..	8.70	0.50	1.35	1.35	250	250
	(ii) Haircut ..	.. ..	..	0.37	1.00	1.00		
	(iii) Shave ..	.. ..	..	0.19	0.40	0.40		
	(3) Toilet Soap— (i) Life Buoy ..	Cake	2.74	0.48	0.75	0.75	156	156
187 105	(ii) Hamam ..	.. ..	..	0.48	0.75	0.75	158	158
	(4) Blade Six morning	2 pkts. of 5 blades each.	0.33	0.57	0.90	0.90		
	Total ..		17.59					
	Index Number Sub-group V (f).						219	220
173	(g) Education and Reading— (1) School fees for Sid. IX.	Student ..	1.90	3.01	5.54	5.55	184	184
251	(2) School Books, Prathamik Ganit, (Govt. Publication).	Copy	1.33	0.62	0.95	0.95	153	153
	Total ..		3.23					
251	Index Number Sub-group V (g).						171	172

NANDED*

307—A rise of 33 Points

In June 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for Nanded Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was being 33 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relative to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at the Nanded Centre.

The index number for the food group increased by 51 points to 378 due to a rise in the average prices of jowar, gramdal, uriddal, masurdal, groundnut oil, mutton, ghee turmeric, chillies (dry), tamarind, potatoes (big), Onion (white), sugar, gur and rise in the sub-group index of other vegetables.

The index number for the fuel and light group has increased by 1 point to 176 due to an increase in the average price of kerosene oil.

The index number for the housing remained stationary at 141.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 4 points to 228 due to an increase in the prices of cloth for trousers, long cloth and average price of chappal (Bata Co.).

The index number for the Miscellaneous group increased by 7 points to 191 due to an increase in the average price of panleaf.

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CITY**

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		May 1973	June 1973
I. Food	61.46	327	378
II. Fuel and Light	5.88	175	176
III. Housing	4.62	141	141
IV. Clothing and Footwear	12.22	224	228
V. Miscellaneous	15.82	184	191
Total ..	100.00		
<i>Consumer Price Index Number</i> ..		274	307

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1107 to 1112 of the March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
I. Food Group—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(a) Cereal and Cereals Product—</i>							
(1) Rice	Kg. ..	13.02	0.64	1.24	1.24(i)	194	194
(2) Wheat .. ..	.. ..	6.81	0.42	0.91	0.89	217	212
(3) Jowar .. ..	.. ..	30.64	0.34	1.62(ii)	2.13	476	626
(4) Grinding charges ..	5 Kgs. ..	2.82	0.13	0.15	0.15	115	115
Total ..		53.29					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(a).</i>						355	441
<i>(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—</i>							
(1) Turdal— (1) Gawran (medium)	Kg. ..	3.89	0.64	2.51	2.48	392	388
(2) Gramdal Punjab (medium).	.. ..	1.84	0.57	2.01	1.12	353	372
(3) Moongdal— Without husk .. ..	.. ..	1.55	0.66	3.20	3.18	485	482
(4) Uriddal without husk	.. ..	0.54	0.77	3.00	3.01	390	391
(5) Masurdal— (a) Big .. ..	.. ..	0.82	0.61	2.00	2.15	328	352
(b) Medium .. ..	.. ..	..	0.61	..			
Total ..		8.64					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(b).</i>						394	398
<i>(c) Oils and Fats—</i>							
(1) Groundnut, Oil Meethatel (Redish in Colour).	Kg. ..	4.84	2.22	7.80	8.04	351	362
Total ..		4.84					
<i>Index Number Sub-</i>						351	362

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton—							
(i) Goat Meat ..	½ Kg.	5.62	1.08	2.75	2.77	244	
(ii) Beef ..	Kg.	....	0.96	2.25	2.33		
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(i) Bombil ..	Kg.	0.61	2.46	5.45	5.50	306	
(ii) Zinga ..	..	....	2.02	4.50	4.50		
(3) Fish (fresh)—							
Varieties available in May 1973—							
(i) Rahu ..	Kg.	....	0.92	3.25	4.00	306	
(ii) Katerna ..	..	....	0.94	4.00			
Varieties available in June 1973—							
(i) Rahu ..	Kg.	....	1.19		3.50	306	
(ii) Katerna ..	..	....	1.23		4.00		
Total ..		6.23					
Index Number Sub-group I(d).						250	
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk (Buffalo) ..	200 ml.	4.54	0.13	0.30	0.30	231	
(2) Ghee (Buffalo) ..	½ Kg.	0.29	3.01	7.83	8.00	260	
Total ..		4.83					
Index Number Sub-group I(e).						233	
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt white ..	Kg.	0.28	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	
(2) Turmeric Khandaki	50 gms.	0.24	0.06	0.24	0.25	408	
(3) Chillies (dry)—							
(i) Gawarani (fine) ..	Kg.	4.22	1.30	5.44	5.50	419	
(ii) Gawarani (med.) ..	..	....	1.18	4.94	5.00		
(4) Tamarind, Kadiwali	200 gms.	0.77	0.25	0.90	0.98	360	
(5) Mixed spices Bojwa	50 gms.	1.61	0.20	0.25	0.25	125	

contd.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Number	Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
				Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
250	(1) Potatoes— (i) Big size .. (ii) Small size ..	1/2 Kg.	0.69	0.30 0.26	0.65 } 0.50 }	0.73 } 0.50 }	204	218
	(2) Onions— (i) Red .. (ii) White ..	Kg.	1.97	0.31 0.31	0.51 } 0.52 }	... } 0.68 }	166	219
	(3) Brinjals (Kali) ..	250 gms. ..	0.50	0.11	0.40	0.35	364	318
266	(4) Tomatoes— (i) Red .. (ii) Green ..	250 gms.	*0.39	0.21 0.13	0.62 } }	0.62 } }	295	295
	(5) Garlic Gawathan ..	50 gms. ..	0.54	0.05	0.12	0.20	240	400
	Other vegetables— Varieties available in the month of May 1973—							
	(i) Gawar Phalli ..	250 gms. ..	*1.20	0.12	0.34 } 0.50 }		281	....
	(ii) Karela ..	" ..	....	0.18				
	Varieties available in the month of June 1973—							
	(i) Gawar Phalli ..	250 gms. ..	....	0.09		0.28 } 0.41 }		302
	(ii) Karela ..	" ..	....	0.14				
251	Total ..		4.29					
	Index Number	Sub-					248	283
	group I(g).							
231 266	(h) Fruits and Fruit Products—							
	(1) Banana— (i) Big size .. (ii) Medium .. (iii) Small ..	Dozen	1.87	0.35 0.29 0.22	1.46 } 1.01 } }	1.35 } 1.13 } 0.66 }	383	347
233	Total ..		0.87					
	Index Number	Sub-					383	347
	group I(h).							
167 417	(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products—							
423	(1) Sugar— (i) D grade ..	Kg. ..	3.57	1.17	2.15	3.05	184	261
392 125	(2) Gur— (i) Gawran 1st quality .. (ii) Gawran 2nd quality ..	200 gms.	0.70	0.10 } 0.10 }	0.41	0.42	410	420
	Total ..		4.27					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—CO

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(j) Beverages—							
(1) Tea leaf—							
(i) Brooke Bond ..	Packet of 50 gms.	1.13	0.35	0.55	0.55	157	
(ii) Lipton ..	"	..	0.35	0.55	0.55		
(2) Hot drink—							
(i) Chalu Chaha ..	Per Cup ..	4.49	0.07	0.15	0.15	232	
(ii) Canteen tea ..	" ..	..	0.04	0.10	0.10		
Total ..		5.62					
Index Number Sub-group I(j).						217	
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products.		53.29	....			355	
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products.		8.64	....			394	
(c) Oils and Fats ..		4.84	....			351	
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.		6.23	....			250	
(e) Milk and Milk Products.		4.83	....			233	
(f) Condiments and Spices.		7.12	....			335	
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products.		4.29	....			248	
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products.		0.87	....			383	
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.		4.27	....			221	
(j) Beverages ..		5.62	....			217	
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Food Group I						327	
II. Fuel and Light—							
(a) Firewood and Chips (B) Dharwad (old) ..	20 Kgs. ..	80.76	1.66	2.82	2.82	165	
(B) Gabari ..	" ..	....	1.57	2.50	2.50		
(C) Kerosene ..	" ..	..	..	..	..
(D) Kerosene oil white in colour ..	Per litre ..	13.99	0.26	0.65	0.67	250	
(E) Match Box—							
(F) Wicker, Home Brand ..	Per Box (50 sticks).	5.25	0.06	0.08	0.08	133	
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for group II.							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY— contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(j) Beverages—							
(1) Tea leaf—							
(i) Brooke Bond ..	Packet of 50 gms.	1.13	0.35	0.55	0.55	157	157
(ii) Lipton ..	"	..	0.35	0.55	0.55		
(2) Hot drink—							
(i) Chalu Chaba ..	Per Cup ..	4.49	0.07	0.15	0.15	232	232
(ii) Canteen tea ..	" ..	..	0.04	0.10	0.10		
Total ..		5.62					
Index Number Sub-group I(j).						217	217
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Products.	Cereal	53.29	....			355	441
(b) Pulses and Products.	Pulse	8.64	....			394	398
(c) Oils and Fats ..		4.84	....			351	362
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.		6.23	....			250	251
(e) Milk and Products.	Milk	4.83	....			233	233
(f) Condiments and Spices.		7.12	....			335	342
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products.		4.29	....			248	283
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products.		0.87	....			383	347
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.		4.27	....			221	287
(j) Beverages ..		5.62	....			217	217
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Food Group I.						327	378
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and Chips							
(i) Dhawda (old) ..	20 Kgs. ..	80.76	1.66	2.82	2.82	165	165
(ii) Gaheri ..	" ..	....	1.57	2.50	2.50		
(2) Kerosene—							
(i) Rock oil white in colour.	Per litre ..	13.99	0.26	0.65	0.67	250	258
(3) Match Box—							
(i) Wimco, Horse Brand.	Per Box (50 sticks).	5.25	0.06	0.08	0.08	133	133
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for group II.							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
III. Housing Rent—							
(1) Rent of selected Tenements.	p.m. ..	100.00	5.47	....	....	141	141
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group III.</i>						141	141
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
<i>(a) Clothing—</i>							
(1) Dhoti ..	Per Sq. Metre.	11.53	1.08	2.54	2.53	235	234
(2) Saree ..	..	19.77	1.24	2.41	2.41	194	194
(3) Cloth for Trousers	..	1.58	2.74	5.04	5.36	184	196
(4) Long cloth ..	..	27.48	1.44	3.64	3.85	253	267
(5) Coloured fabrics..	..	31.21	1.81	4.05	4.05	224	224
Total ..		91.57					
<i>Index Number for sub-group IV(a).</i>						227	231
<i>(b) Footwear—</i>							
<i>(1) Shoes—</i>							
(i) Bata, Janata ..	Per Pair ..	4.89	15.02	28.55	28.55	181	181
(ii) Carona Master Junior.	..	....	18.34	31.35	31.35		
<i>(2) Chappals—</i>							
(i) Bata All wear Rubber Sole.	Per Pair ..	3.54	4.45	10.45	10.45	209	212
(ii) Panther Bata ..	..	....	6.18	10.45	11.05		
(iii) Carona Kolhapur	..	....	8.35	19.25	19.25		
(iv) Carona Bahadur	..	....	8.65	17.55	17.55		
Total ..		8.43					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group IV(b).</i>						193	194
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing ..		91.57				227	231
(b) Footwear ..		8.43				193	194
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group IV.</i>						224	228

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
III. Housing Rent—							
(1) Rent of selected Tenements.	p.m. ..	100.00	5.47	....	....	141	141
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group III.</i>						141	141
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti ..	Per Sq. Metre.	11.53	1.08	2.54	2.53	235	234
(2) Sarco ..	..	19.77	1.24	2.41	2.41	194	194
(3) Cloth for Trousers ..	..	1.58	2.74	5.04	5.36	184	196
(4) Long cloth ..	..	27.48	1.44	3.64	3.85	253	267
(5) Coloured fabrics..	..	31.21	1.81	4.05	4.05	224	224
Total ..		91.57					
<i>Index Number for sub-group IV(a).</i>						227	231
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata, Janata ..	Per Pair ..	4.89	15.02	28.55	28.55	181	181
(ii) Carona Master Junior.	..	....	18.34	31.35	31.35		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata All wear Rubber Sole.	Per Pair ..	3.54	4.45	10.45	10.45	209	212
(ii) Panther Bata ..	..	....	6.18	10.45	11.05		
(iii) Carona Kolhapur ..	..	....	8.35	19.25	19.25		
(iv) Carona Bahadur ..	..	....	8.65	17.55	17.55		
Total ..		8.43					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group IV(b).</i>						193	194
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing ..		91.57				227	231
(b) Footwear ..		8.43				193	194
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group</i>						224	228

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May. 1973	June 1973	May. 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan and Pan—							
(1) Pan leaf—							
(i) Local medium ..	Bundle of 25 leaves.	2.83	0.07	0.22	0.30	357	
(ii) Local inferior ..	" ..	....	0.04	0.16	0.20		
(2) Pan finished without masala.	Per Vida.	6.61	0.04	0.05	0.08	125	
(3) Supari Manglori ..	50 gms.	4.22	0.41	0.37	0.35	90	
Total ..		13.66					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (a).</i>						162	
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(1) Bidi Kalilakali ..	Bundle of 25 Bidies.	9.00	0.13	0.22	0.22	169	
(2) Cigarettes—							
(i) Golkonda ..	Packet of 10 Cigarettes.	6.34	0.10	0.32	0.32	333	
(ii) Charminar ..	" ..	..	0.13	0.45	0.45		
(3) Jarda Lal Dadhi Brand.	Packet of 25 grms.	1.63	0.14	0.25	0.25	179	
Total ..		16.97					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(b).</i>						231	
(c) Household Utillies—							
(1) Utensils Brass—							
Lota, Poona ..	Kg. ..	1.90	7.80	18.00	18.00	231	
(2) Utensils Aluminium—							
Baghuna without chhap.	100 gms.	0.69	0.90	1.13	1.13	126	
Total ..		2.59					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (c).</i>						203	
(d) Washing soap—							
(1) Laundry ordinary washing and ironing.	Per shirt.	3.74	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	
(2) Washing soap Shama Washing soap ..	Per Cake.	6.52	0.25	0.25	0.25	100	
Total ..		10.26					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May. 1973	June 1973	May. 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
V. Miscellaneous—							
<i>(a) Pansupari—</i>							
<i>(1) Pan leaf—</i>							
(i) Local medium ..	Bundle of 25 leaves.	2.83	0.07	0.22	0.30	357	464
(ii) Local inferior ..	" ..	....	0.04	0.16	0.20		
(2) Pan finished without masala.	Per Vida.	6.61	0.04	0.05	0.08	125	200
(3) Supari Manglori ..	50 gms.	4.22	0.41	0.37	0.35	90	85
Total ..		13.66					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (a).</i>						162	219
<i>(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—</i>							
(1) Bidi Kalilakali ..	Bundle of 25 Bidies.	9.00	0.13	0.22	0.22	169	169
<i>(2) Cigarettes—</i>							
(i) Golkonda ..	Packet of 10 Cigarettes.	6.34	0.10	0.32	0.32	333	333
(ii) Charminar ..	" ..	..	0.13	0.45	0.45		
(3) Jarda Lal Dadhi Brand.	Packet of 25 grms.	1.63	0.14	0.25	0.25	179	179
Total ..		16.97					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (b).</i>						231	231
<i>(c) Household Utillites—</i>							
(1) Utensils Brass— Lota, Poona ..	Kg. ..	1.90	7.80	18.00	18.00	231	231
(2) Utensils Aluminium— Baghuna without chhap.	100 gms.	0.69	0.90	1.13	1.13	126	126
Total ..		2.59					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (c).</i>						203	203
<i>(d) Washing soap—</i>							
(1) Laundry ordinary washing and ironing.	Per shirt.	3.74	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	167
(2) Washing soap Shama Washing soap ..	Per Cake.	6.52	0.25	0.25	0.25	100	100
Total ..		10.26					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(e) Medical Care—</i>							
<i>(1) Patent Medicine—</i>							
(i) Anacin ..	2 Tablets	9.36	0.13	0.13	0.13	128	128
(ii) Aspro ..	"	....	0.10	0.15	0.15		
(iii) Zinda, Tilasmath ..	Bottle	....	0.37	0.50	0.50		
(2) Mixture, Doctor's daily mixture.	Per day	5.47	0.62	0.75	0.75	121	121
Total ..		14.83					
						126	126
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (e).</i>							
<i>(f) Personal Care—</i>							
<i>(1) Hair Oil—</i>							
(i) Tata Co. Coconut Oil.	Small bottle.	4.20	1.34	2.55	2.55	190	190
<i>(2) Barber charges—</i>							
(i) Hair cut with shave ..	Adult	7.20	0.41	1.00	1.00	257	257
(ii) Hair cut ..	"	....	0.31	0.75	0.75		
(iii) Shave ..	"	....	0.14	0.40	0.40		
<i>(3) Toilet soap—</i>							
(i) Hamam ..	Cake	1.93	0.48	0.75	0.75	156	156
(ii) Lifebuoy ..	"	....	0.48	0.75	0.75		
<i>(4) Blades—</i>							
(i) Bharat ..	Packet of 10 blades.	0.07	0.47	0.89	0.88	187	186
(ii) 6 Morning ..	2 pkts. of 5 blades each.	....	0.54	1.00	1.00		
Total ..		13.40					
						221	221
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (f).</i>							
<i>(g) Education and Reading—</i>							
(1) School fees for VIII Standard.	Per student	3.30	2.14	4.90	4.90	229	229
<i>(2) School Books—</i>							
(i) Marathi Vachan Mala.	Per copy	3.43	0.75	2.00	2.00	202	202
(ii) Subodh Ganit ..	"	....	0.69	0.95	0.95		
Total ..		6.73					
						215	215
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (g).</i>							
<i>(h) Recreation and Amusement—</i>							
(1) Cinema— Lowest Class ..	Full ticket.	6.62	0.30	0.75	0.75	250	250
Total ..		6.62					
						250	250
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (h).</i>							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—concl'd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(i) Transport and Communication.—</i>							
<i>(1) Rail—</i>							
<i>(i) Fare for III Class 50 Km.</i>	Adult Ticket.	7.94	1.04	1.50	1.50	144	144
<i>(ii) Bus—S.T. Bus fare for 20 miles.</i>	..	3.14	1.00	1.55	1.55	155	155
<i>(2) Postage—</i>							
<i>(i) Card ..</i>	Single	0.57	0.05	0.10	0.10	167	167
<i>(ii) M. O. Charges for Rs. 30</i>		....	0.45	0.60	0.60		
<i>(3) Rickshaw Fare for 2 miles.</i>	One Passenger.	3.29	0.22	0.50	0.50	227	227
Total ..		14.94					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (i).</i>						166	166
<i>V Miscellaneous—</i>							
<i>(a) Pansupari ..</i>		13.66	..	..	..	162	219
<i>(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.</i>		16.97	..	..	..	231	231
<i>(c) Household Utilities..</i>		2.59	..	..	..	203	203
<i>(d) Washing soap ..</i>		10.26	..	..	..	124	124
<i>(e) Medical care ..</i>		14.83	..	..	..	126	126
<i>(f) Personal care ..</i>		13.40	..	..	..	221	221
<i>(g) Education and Reading.</i>		6.73	..	..	..	215	215
<i>(h) Recreation and Amusement.</i>		6.62	..	..	..	250	250
<i>(i) Transport and Communication.</i>		14.94	..	..	..	166	166
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group V</i>						184	191

JALGAON CENTRE*

259—A rise of 25 points

In June, 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class at Jalgaon City with base January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 259 being 25 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 Family living survey at Jalgaon Centre.

The index for the food group increased by 39 points to 310 due to a rise in the average prices of rice, wheat, jowar, gramdal, moongdal, uriddal, bombay fresh fish, milk, ghee, turmeric, chilies (dry), coriander, zeera, potatoes, onion and garlic.

The index number for miscellaneous group has increased by 3 points to 176 due to a rise in the average prices of panleaf, pan finished and bidies.

The index number for the fuel and light and clothing and footwear group and housing remained stationary at 184, 205 and 137 respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY

(Average price for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		May 1973	June 1973
I. Food	60.79	271	310
II. Fuel and Light	7.20	184	184
III. Housing	6.11	137	137
IV. Clothing and Footwear	10.29	205	205
V. Miscellaneous	15.61	173	176
Total	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number		234	259

*Detail description of the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd.

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
<i>(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—</i>							
(1) Rice ..	kg. ..	6.72	0.63	1.20(1)	1.21	190	192
(2) Wheat ..	" ..	10.89	0.46	0.88	0.89	191	193
(3) Jowar ..	" ..	21.16	0.35	1.26	1.84	360	526
(4) Grinding charges— For cereals ..	7 kgs.	1.94	0.12	0.35	0.35	292	292
Total ..		40.71					
<i>Index Number for Sub- group I (a).</i>						284	371
<i>(b) Pulses and Pulse Pro- ducts—</i>							
<i>(1) Turdal—</i>							
(i) Jalna ..	kg. ..	3.79	0.73	2.60	2.60	356	356
(ii) Gawran (Bharwa) ..	" ..	....	0.66	....	....	....	....
(2) Gramdal ..	" ..	2.13	0.58	1.95	2.07	336	357
<i>(3) Moongdal—</i>							
(i) With husk ..	kg. ..	1.35	0.70	2.98	3.12	406	420
(ii) Without husk ..	" ..	....	0.83	3.20			
<i>(4) Uriddal—</i>							
(i) With husk ..	kg. ..	0.86	0.65	2.79	2.80	397	398
(ii) Without husk ..	" ..	....	0.83	3.02			
Total ..		8.13					
<i>Index Number for Sub- group I (b).</i>						363	371
<i>(c) Oils and Fats—</i>							
(1) Groundnut oil ..	kg. ..	7.21	2.28	8.05	7.92	353	347
(2) Vanaspati Dalda (loose) ..	½ kg. ..	1.16	1.99	3.42	3.42(2)	172	172
Total ..		8.37					
<i>Index Number for Sub-</i>							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—*contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
<i>(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—</i>							
(1) Rice ..	kg. ..	6.72	0.63	1.20(1)	1.21	190	192
(2) Wheat ..	" ..	10.89	0.46	0.88	0.89	191	193
(3) Jowar ..	" ..	21.16	0.35	1.26	1.84	360	526
(4) Grinding charges— For cereals ..	7 kgs.	1.94	0.12	0.35	0.35	292	292
Total ..		40.71					
<i>Index Number for Sub- group I (a).</i>						284	371
<i>(b) Pulses and Pulse Pro- ducts—</i>							
<i>(1) Turdal—</i>							
(i) Jalna ..	kg. ..	3.79	0.73	2.60	2.60	356	356
(ii) Gawran (Bharwa) ..	" ..	....	0.66	....	....	....	....
(2) Gramdal ..	" ..	2.13	0.58	1.95	2.07	336	357
<i>(3) Moongdal—</i>							
(i) With husk ..	kg. ..	1.35	0.70	2.98	3.12 } 3.27 }	406	420
(ii) Without husk ..	" ..	....	0.83	3.20			
<i>(4) Uriddal—</i>							
(i) With husk ..	kg. ..	0.86	0.65	2.79	2.80 } 3.03 }	397	398
(ii) Without husk ..	" ..	....	0.83	3.02			
Total ..		8.13					
<i>Index Number for Sub- group I (b).</i>						363	371
<i>(c) Oils and Fats—</i>							
(1) Groundnut oil ..	kg. ..	7.21	2.28	8.05	7.92	353	347
(2) Vanaspati Dalda .. (loose)	$\frac{1}{2}$ kg. ..	1.16	1.99	3.42	3.42(2)	172	172
Total ..		8.37					
<i>Index Number for Sub-</i>							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton—							
(i) Goat meat ..	½ kg. ..	4.38	1.45	3.00	3.00	207	207
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(i) Bombil big ..	kg. ..	0.91	2.72	7.00	7.60		
(ii) Zinga ..	.. ..	..	2.70	6.00	6.00		
(3) Fish fresh—							
<i>Varieties selected for May 1973—</i>							
(i) Rahu ..	kg. ..	..	2.14	4.00		195	224
(ii) Balm ..	.. ..	..	1.88	3.00			
(iii) Shinagada ..	.. ..	..	2.57	3.83			
<i>Varieties selected for June 1973—</i>							
(i) Rahu ..	kg. ..	..	2.14		4.00		
(ii) Sandkhol ..	.. ..	..	1.79		4.00		
(iii) BarikMachali ..	.. ..	..	1.05		2.17		
Total ..		5.29					
Index Number for Sub-group I (d).						205	210
(e) Milk and Milk products—							
(1) Milk (Buffalo) ..	l ..	8.42	0.77	1.70	1.94	221	252
(2) Ghee (Buffalo) ..	½ kg. ..	1.31	3.71	8.25	8.45	222	228
Total ..		9.73					
Index Number for Sub-group I (e).						221	249
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt—							
(i) White ..	kg. ..	0.29	0.13	0.22	0.22	176	176
(ii) Black ..	.. ..	..	0.12	0.22	0.22		
(2) Turmeric—							
(i) Sangli (whole)	250 g.	0.30	0.34	1.29	1.31	379	385
(3) Chillies (dry)—							
(i) Asoda ..	kg. ..	4.56	1.65	5.03	5.45	305	330
(4) Corriander ..	250 g. ..	0.24	0.31	0.80	0.85	258	274
(5) Mixed spices—							
(i) Garam Masala (whole) ..	.. ..	1.86	4.95	11.22	11.22	161	161
(ii) Lahoti powder ..	200 gr. ..	..	1.79	1.71	1.71		
(6) Jira ..	250 gr. ..	0.37	0.68	1.77	1.84	260	271
Total ..		7.62					

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Vegetable and Vegetable Products—							
Potatoes—							
Big ..	kg.	1.15	0.28	0.52	0.58	180	201
Small ..	..	..	0.24	0.42	0.47		
Onions—							
Red ..	kg.	0.86	0.27	0.45	0.53	167	198
White ..	..	..	0.27	0.45	0.54		
Garlic ..	250 g.	0.54	0.20	1.01	1.46	505	730
Other Vegetables ..							
Vegetables selected for 1973—							
Brinjal ..	250 g.	2.92	0.06	0.16	198	198	198
Pumpkin ..	..	..	0.09	0.15			
Sawari Sheng ..	..	..	0.13	0.21			
Vegetables selected for 1973—							
Bhendi ..	..	..	0.25	..	0.22	155	155
Pumpkin ..	..	..	0.09	..	0.16		
Dodka ..	..	..	0.13	..	0.26		
Total ..		5.47					
Number for Sub-I (g).						220	228
Fruits and Fruit products—							
Banana—							
Big ..	Dozen	1.61	0.29	0.75	0.75	260	260
Small ..	..	..	0.23	0.60	0.60		
Total ..		1.61					
Number for Sub-I (h).						260	260
Sugar, Honey and other products—							
Sugar ..	kg.	5.60	1.23	2.78	2.37	226	193
Sugar—Kopergaon 1st Quality.	..	1.63	0.57	2.11	2.36	370	414
Total ..		7.23					
Number for Sub-I (i).						250	243

CONSUMER

Articles	1
(j) Beverages—	
(1) Tea leaf—	
(i) Brooke Laojee	
(ii) Lipton	
(2) Hot drink—	
Prepared tea	
Total ..	
Index Number group I(i).	
I. Food—	
(a) Cereals and Products.	
(b) Pulses and Products.	
(c) Oils and Fats	
(d) Mutton, Eggs.	
(e) Milk and products.	
(f) Condiments and Spices.	
(g) Vegetable and table Products.	
(h) Fruits and products.	
(i) Sugar, Honey and related Products.	
(j) Beverages	
Index Number group.	
II. Fuel and	
(1) Firewood	
(i) Khair.	
(ii) Dhawad	
(iii) Adja	
(2) Kerosene	
(i) Chakk	
(3) Electricity	
(4) Match	
Horse head	
50 Sticks	

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products—							
(1) Potatoes—							
(i) Big ..	kg.	1.15	0.28	0.52	0.58	180	201
(ii) Small ..	..	..	0.24	0.42	0.47		
(2) Onions—							
(i) Red ..	kg.	0.86	0.27	0.45	0.53	167	198
(ii) White ..	..	..	0.27	0.45	0.54		
(3) Garlic ..	250 g.	0.54	0.20	1.01	1.46	505	730
(4) Other Vegetables ..							
<i>Varieties selected for May 1973—</i>							
(i) Brinjal ..	250 g.	2.92	0.06	0.16	198		
(ii) Pumpkin ..	..	..	0.09	0.15			
(iii) Gawari Sheng ..	..	..	0.13	0.21			
<i>Varieties selected for June 1973—</i>							
(i) Bhendi ..	..	..	0.25	0.22	0.16	155	
(ii) Pumpkin ..	..	..	0.09				
(iii) Dodka ..	..	..	0.13				
					0.26		
Total ..		5.47					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (g).</i>						220	228
(h) Fruits and Fruit products—							
(1) Banana—							
(i) Big ..	Dozen	1.61	0.29	0.75	0.75	260	260
(ii) Small ..	..	..	0.23	0.60	0.60		
Total ..		1.61					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (h).</i>						260	260
(i) Sugar, Honey and related products—							
(1) Sugar ..							
..	kg.	5.60	1.23	2.78	2.37	226	193
(2) Gur—							
(i) Kopargaon Quality.	1st	1.63	0.57	2.11	2.36	370	414
Total ..		7.23					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (i).</i>							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd.

Number	Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
				Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
				Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
8								
201	(j) Beverages— (1) Tea leaf— (i) Brooke Bond Laojce (ii) Lipton Laojce	Pkt. of 50g.	2.11	0.40 0.41	0.60 0.60	0.60 0.60	148	148
198	(2) Hot drink— Prepared tea	Cup of 3½ Ozs.	3.73	0.12	0.25	0.25	208	208
730	Total ..		5.84					
	<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(i).</i>						187	187
155	I. Food— (a) Cereals and Cereal Products.	....	40.71	..			284	371
	(b) Pulses and Pulse Products.	....	8.13	..			363	371
	(c) Oils and Fats ..	....	8.37	..			328	323
	(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.	....	5.29	..			205	210
	(e) Milk and Milk Products.	....	9.73	..			221	249
	(f) Condiments and Spices.	....	7.62	..			264	281
228	(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products.	....	5.47	..			220	228
	(h) Fruits and Fruit Products.	....	1.61	..			260	260
	(i) Sugar, Honey and related Products.	....	7.23	..			259	243
	(j) Beverages ..	....	5.84	..			187	187
260	Total ..		100.00					
	<i>Index Number for food group.</i>						271	310
260	II. Fuel and Light— (1) Firewood and chips— (i) Khair.. ..	37 kgs. ..	78.50	3.39	6.50	6.50		
	(ii) Dhawda ..	.. ..	..	3.15	6.50	6.50	199	199
193	(iii) Adjator Mixed ..	.. ..	..	2.71	5.40	5.40		
414	(2) Kerosene— (i) Chakkar Brand ..	l ..	11.40	0.45	0.65	0.65	144	144
	(3) Electricity charges ..	Per unit ..	6.28	0.50	0.36	0.36	72	72
	(4) Match Box— Horse headbrand of 50 Sticks.	Box of 50 sticks.	3.82	0.06	0.10	0.10	167	167
243	Total ..		100.00				184	184

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(j) Beverages—</i>							
<i>(1) Tea leaf—</i>							
<i>(i) Brooke Bond</i>	Pkt. of 50g.	2.11	0.40	0.60	0.60	148	148
<i>(ii) Lipton Laojee</i>	.. ..	..	0.41	0.60	0.60		
<i>(2) Hot drink—</i>							
Prepared tea ..	Cup of 3½ ozs.	3.73	0.12	0.25	0.25	208	208
Total ..		5.84					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(i).</i>						187	187
<i>I. Food—</i>							
<i>(a) Cereals and Cereal Products.</i>	....	40.71	..			284	371
<i>(b) Pulses and Pulse Products.</i>	....	8.13	..			363	371
<i>(c) Oils and Fats ..</i>	....	8.37	..			328	323
<i>(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.</i>	....	5.29	..			205	210
<i>(e) Milk and Milk Products.</i>	....	9.73	..			221	249
<i>(f) Condiments and Spices.</i>	....	7.62	..			264	281
<i>(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products.</i>	....	5.47	..			220	228
<i>(h) Fruits and Fruit Products.</i>	....	1.61	..			260	260
<i>(i) Sugar, Honey and related Products.</i>	....	7.23	..			259	243
<i>(j) Beverages ..</i>	....	5.84	..			187	187
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for food group.</i>						271	310
<i>II. Fuel and Light—</i>							
<i>(1) Firewood and chips—</i>							
<i>(i) Khair..</i>	37 kgs. ..	78.50	3.39	6.50	6.50	199	199
<i>(ii) Dhawda ..</i>	.. ..	..	3.15	6.50	6.50		
<i>(iii) Adjator Mixed ..</i>	.. ..	..	2.71	5.40	5.40		
<i>(2) Kerosene—</i>							
<i>(i) Chakkar Brand ..</i>	1 ..	11.40	0.45	0.65	0.65	144	144
<i>(3) Electricity charges ..</i>	Per unit ..	6.28	0.50	0.36	0.36	72	72
<i>(4) Match Box—</i>							
Horse headbrand of 50 Sticks.	Box of 50 sticks.	3.82	0.06	0.10	0.10	167	167
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index ..</i>						184	184

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
III. Housing—							
(1) Rent—							
(i) Rent for selected tenements.	p.m. ..	100.00				137	137
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for III Group.</i>						137	137
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti ..	per sq. mt.	17.82	1.23	2.42	2.36	197	192
(2) Saree ..	..	27.15	1.24	2.22	2.22	179	179
(3) Cloth for trouser ..	..	0.51	2.15	5.51	5.67	256	264
(4) Long cloth ..	..	32.06	1.61	3.94	3.96	245	246
(5) Coloured poplin ..	..	14.36	2.13	4.14	4.19	194	197
Total ..		91.90					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group IV (a).</i>						208	208
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	per pair ..	3.53	17.20	29.65	29.65	169	169
(ii) Carona Co. ..	..	....	18.78	31.25	31.25		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	..	4.57	6.25	10.45	10.45	167	167
Total ..		8.10					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group IV (b).</i>						168	168
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(1) Clothing ..		91.90				208	208
(2) Foot wear ..		8.10				168	168
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group IV.</i>						205	205
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan Supari—							
(1) Pan leaf—							
(i) Akda pan ..	Bundle of 100	2.01	0.55	0.67	0.88	122	160
(2) Pan finished—							
With Masala ..	Vida ..	5.39	0.04	0.05	0.06	125	150
(3) Supari (Manglori) ..	250 g.	2.81	2.08	2.09	2.09	100	100
(4) Katha —							
(i) Kanpur ..	50 g.	0.85	0.73	1.23	1.23		
(ii) Belgaum ..	..	....	0.36	0.66	0.65	176	175
Total ..		11.06					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (a).</i>						122	141

contd.

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY— contd.

Number	Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
				Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
137	(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
	(1) Bidiies—							
	(i) Camel brand ..	Bundle of 25.	5.80	0.19	0.35	0.38	171	
137	(ii) Shiledar ..	.. ..	....	0.19	0.30	0.30		
	(2) Jarda—							
	(i) Gangaram Brand.	Pkt. of 50g.	3.54	0.24	0.55	0.55	234	
	(ii) Chandrakant brand ..	.. ..	....	0.23	0.55	0.55		
	Total ..		9.34					
	Index Number for Sub-group V (b).						195	
208	(c) Household utilities—							
	(1) Utensils—							
	(i) Lota (Poona) ..	½ kg. ..	5.28	3.55	9.00	9.00	257	
169	(ii) Lota (Nasik) ..	.. ..	....	3.45	9.00	9.00		
	Total ..		5.28					
	Index Number for Sub-group V (c).						257	
168	(d) Washing Soap—							
	(1) Laundry—							
	(i) Ordinary washing and ironings of cotton.	per piece ..	2.54	0.10	0.20	0.20	200	
	(2) Washing soap—							
	(i) 501 Bar Soap ..	Bar ..	7.44	1.40	2.10	2.10	165	
	(ii) B. Dhantak Co. ..	Cake ..	....	0.40	0.72	0.72		
	Total ..		9.98					
	Index Number for Sub-group V (d).						174	
	(e) Medical Care—							
	(1) Dr. Vaze's Cough syrup.	Small bottle.	3.80	1.50	2.00	2.00	133	
	(2) Daily mixture ..	per day ..	11.98	0.58	0.62	0.62	133	
	Total ..		15.78					

Number
 June 1973
 8
 137
 137
 192
 179
 264
 246
 197
 208
 169
 167
 168
 208
 168
 205
 160
 150
 100
 175

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY *contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight Proportional to total Expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number
			Basic price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	
<i>(f) Personal care—</i>						
(1) Hair oil— Tata Co. ..	Small bottle	4.89	1.32	2.80	2.80	212
(2) Barber charges— (i) Hair cut with shave	Adult ..	7.32	0.50	1.25	1.25	217
(ii) Hair cut ..	.. ..	..	0.40	1.00	1.00	
(iii) Shave ..	.. ..	..	0.20	0.30	0.30	
(3) Toilet Soap— (i) Life Buoy ..	Cake ..	3.02	0.48	0.75	0.75	155
(ii) Hamam cake ..	.. ..	..	0.49	0.75	0.75	
(4) Blades— (i) Bharat Blade ..	Pkt. of 10 blades.	0.11	0.44	0.80	0.80	179
(ii) Six Morning ..	2 Pkts. of 5 blades each	..	0.57	1.00	1.00	
Total ..		15.34				
<i>Index Number or Sub-group V (f).</i>						203
<i>(g) Education and Reading—</i>						
(1) Books— (Bal Bharati Chauthe Pustak.)	Copy ..	5.42	0.75	2.00	2.00	267
(2) School fees— For VIII Std. ..	Per student p.m.	3.46	5.00	5.00	5.00	100
Total ..		8.88				
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (g).</i>						202
<i>(h) Recreation and Amusement—</i>						
(1) Cinema (Lowest class)	Adult ..	6.69	0.32	0.78	0.78	244
Total ..		6.69				
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V (h)</i>						244
<i>(i) Transport and Communication—</i>						
(1) Rail— Railway fare 50 km...	Per Passenger	12.48	0.98	1.50	1.50	153
(2) Bus fare— S.T. Bus 32 km. (Full ticket)	.. ..	4.09	1.00	1.55	1.55	155
(3) Postage— (i) Single card ..	Per card	1.08	0.05	0.10	0.10	167
(ii) M. O. charges. Rs. 30 ..	..	..	0.45	0.60	0.60	
Total ..		17.65				
<i>Index Number for Sub-</i>						

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY *concl.*

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan-Supari	11.06	....	....	....	122	141
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	9.34	....	....	....	195	200
(c) Household Utilities..	5.28	....	....	....	257	257
(d) Washing Soap	9.98	....	....	....	174	174
(e) Medical Care	15.78	....	....	....	113	113
(f) Personal Care	15.34	....	....	....	203	203
(g) Education and Reading.	8.88	....	....	....	201	202
(h) Recreation and Amusement.	6.69	....	....	....	244	244
(i) Transport and Communications.	17.65	....	....	....	154	154
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group V.</i>						173	176

POONA*

POONA CENTRE

227 —A rise of 8 points

In June 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for Poona City with base January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 227 being 8 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Poona Centre.

The index number for the food group increased by 12 points to 266 due a rise in the average prices of rice, wheat, bajri, turdal, gramdal, moongdal, milk, ghee, chillies (dry), turmeric, tamarind, potatoes, onions, brinjals, tomatoes, banana, sugar, gur, tealeaf and prepared tea.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 1 point to 192 due to a rise in the average prices of firewood and charcoal.

The index number for the housing and miscellaneous group remained stationary at 124 and 172.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 6 points to 211 due to a rise in the prices of saree, long cloth and coloured poplin.

FINAL INDEX NUMBER—227.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
POONA CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		May 1973	June 1973
I Food	55·85	254	266
II Fuel and light	6·89	191	192
III Housing	6·65	124	124
IV Clothing and Footwear	10·31	205	211
V Miscellaneous	20·30	172	172
Total ..	100·00		
<i>Consumer Price Index Number</i>		219	227

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
<i>(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—</i>							
(1) Rice ..	kg. ..	13.81	0.76	1.26	1.32	166	174
(2) Wheat ..	" ..	11.28	0.53	0.90	0.91	170	172
(3) Jowar ..	" ..	8.39	0.45	....	....	....	....
(4) Bajri ..	" ..	3.08	0.51	1.91	2.17	375	425
		} 11.47					
(5) Grinding Charges— For Cereals ..	4 kg. ..	1.42	0.14	0.32	0.32	229	229
Total ..		37.98					
						232	251
<i>(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—</i>							
Turdal—							
Laxmi Chhar or Surti (Fine) ..	kg. ..	3.80	0.80	2.86	2.91	358	364
Gramdal ..	" ..	1.81	0.60	2.07	2.17	345	362
Mungdal—							
Without Husk (Medium) ..	" ..	0.68	0.82	3.36	3.56	410	434
Total ..		6.29					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(c) Oils and Fats—							
Groundnut oil ..	kg. ..	1.94	2.32	8.22	8.10	354	349
Karadai oil ..	½ kg. ..	3.94	1.20	.. (1)	.. (1)	...	...
Vanaspati (Dalda) (Loose) ..	.. ..	1.22	1.66	3.09	3.09	186	186
Total ..		7.10					
<i>Index number for Sub-group I (c).</i>						325	321
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
Muttons—							
Goat Meat ..	½ kg. ..	3.68	1.51	3.50	3.50	231	231
Sheep Meat ..	.. ..	....	1.52	3.50	3.50		
Fish (Dry)—							
Bombil (Big) ..	kg. ..	1.01	2.60	5.95	6.00	288	259
Bombil (Small) ..	.. ..	....	2.46	5.95	6.00		
Zinga ..	.. ..	....	2.57	5.00	5.60		
Fresh Fish—							
Varieties selected in the month of May 1973—							
(i) Bombay Wamb ..	kg. ..	....	1.77	5.20	288	259	
(ii) Singada ..	.. ..	....	1.33	5.20			
(iii) Amlī ..	.. ..	....	1.06	4.00			
Varieties selected in the month of Jun. 1973—							
(i) Butter fish ..	kg. ..	....	2.45	0.35	5.55	206	206
(ii) Bombay Wamb ..	.. ..	....	1.90		6.23		
(iii) Amlī ..	.. ..	....	1.18		3.62		
Eggs (Hen's) ..	Each ..	0.57	0.17	0.35	0.35		
Total ..		5.26					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (d)</i>						239	234
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
Milk buffalo ..	200 ml. ..	10.66	0.15	0.32	0.34	213	227
Ghee Amul (tinned) ..	kg. ..	0.93	7.88	16.90	17.55	214	223

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>f) Condiments and Spices—</i>							
Salt White (Medium) ..	Kg. ..	0.16	0.11	0.22	0.22	200	200
Chillies (Dry) Gawaran Medium.	250 g. ..	2.04	0.47	1.32	1.37	281	291
Termeric, Sangli and Akhi (Medium).	.. ..	0.15	0.33	1.07	1.21	324	367
Tamarind-Old Chinch No. 1.	Kg. ..	0.24	1.08	3.40	4.12	315	381
Mixed Spices— Garam Masala ..	50 g. ..	3.27	0.84	2.53	2.54	301	302
Total ..		5.86					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (f).</i>						292	301
<i>g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—</i>							
Potatoes— Big size ..	½ Kg. ..	1.87	0.29	0.58	0.67	213	242
Small Size ..	.. ..	....	0.23	0.52	0.58		
Onions— Big Size ..	Kg. ..	0.92	0.31	0.61	0.75	205	256
Small Size ..	.. ..	....	0.24	0.51	0.65		
Brinjals—Big Size ..	.. ..	0.56	0.49	1.35	1.42	276	290
Tomatoes Medium Red No. 2.	.. ..	0.77	0.79	2.58	2.69	327	341
Other vegetables ..							
Varieties selected for May 1973— (i) Dodki ..	Kg. ..	4.42	0.44	1.50	....	341	323
(ii) Tondli ..	.. ..	....	0.41	1.43			
(iii) Gawar ..	.. ..	....	0.53	1.77			
Varieties selected for June 1973— (i) Bhendi ..	Kg. ..	....	0.62		1.40		
(ii) Ghewada ..	.. ..	....	0.52		2.25		
(iii) Tondli ..	.. ..	....	0.41		1.27		
Total ..		8.54					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (g).</i>						293	297
<i>(h) Fruits and Fruit Products—</i>							
Banana— Big Size ..	Doz. ..	1.23	0.49	1.19	1.20	239	249
Small Size ..	.. ..	....	0.39	0.92	0.99		
Total ..		1.23					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING FOR POONA CITY— contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products—</i>							
Sugar ..	Kg. ..	6.29	1.18	2.67	2.70	226	229
Cur ..	.. ..	1.20	0.58	2.29	2.46	395	424
Total ..		7.49					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(i)</i>						253	260
<i>(i) Beverages—</i>							
<i>Tea leaf—</i>							
Brooke Bond (Medium).	Packet of 50 gs.	3.43	0.38	0.59	0.60	153	156
Lipton (Medium)	.. ..	..	0.39	0.59			
<i>Hot drinks—</i>							
Prepared Tea ..	Cup of 3½ gs.	5.23	0.06	0.15	0.17	250	283
Total ..		8.66					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(j)</i>						212	233
I. Food Sub-groups—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal products.	....	37.98	..	..	..	232	254
(b) Pulses and pulse products.	....	6.29	..	..	..	360	371
(c) Oils and Fats ..	....	7.10	..	..	..	325	321
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.	....	5.26	..	..	..	239	234
(e) Milk and Milk Products.	....	11.59	..	..	..	213	226
(f) Condiments and spices.	....	5.86	..	..	..	292	301
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products.	....	8.54	..	..	..	293	297
(h) Fruits and Fruits products.	....	1.23	..	..	..	239	249
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.	....	7.49	..	..	..	253	260
(j) Beverages ..	....	8.66				212	233

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and chips (Rawal/medium)	37 kg. ..	30.63	3.08	6.07	6.11	197	198
(2) Kerosene, Chavi Brand.	5 litres	24.03	1.54	3.15	3.15	205	205
(3) Electricity charges	Per unit ..	6.45	0.19	0.28	0.28	147	147
(4) Charcoal—							
(i) Big Size	37 kg. ..	35.36	7.47	13.49	13.51 } 10.83 }	185	187
(ii) Patti or Rawal	" ..	..	5.63	10.61			
(5) Match box (Tekksa, 50 sticks).	Box ..	3.53	0.05	0.10	0.10	200	200
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group (II)</i>						191	192
III. Housing—							
(2) Rent for selected tenements.	Per month.	100.00				124	124
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group(III)</i>						124	124
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
<i>(a) Clothing—</i>							
(1) Dhoti	Per sq. metre.	3.57	1.28	2.46	2.46	192	192
(2) Saree	" ..	29.86	1.28	2.64	2.66	206	208
(3) Cloth for trousers	" ..	5.25	2.62	6.00	6.00	229	229
(4) Long cloth	" ..	11.76	1.64	3.54	3.93	216	240
(5) Coloured Poplin	" ..	40.44	2.25	4.59	4.73	204	210
Total ..		90.88					
<i>Index Number Sub-Group (IV) (a).</i>						207	214
<i>(b) Footwear—</i>							
(1) Shoes							
(i) Bata Co.	Per Pair ..	4.27	17.14	29.56	29.65	174	174
(ii) Flex Co.	" ..	..	19.30	33.95	33.95		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata Co.	" ..	4.85	6.18	10.00	10.45	183	186
(ii) Flex Co.	" ..	..	8.40	17.10	17.10		
Total		9.12					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY—*contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	May 1973 5	June 1973 6	May 1973 7	June 1973 8
IV. Clothing and Foot- wear—<i>contd.</i>			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Clothing ..		90.88				207	214
(2) Foot-wear ..		9.12				179	181
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Group (IV).						205	211
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan-Supari—							
(1) Pan-leaf—							
(i) Gawran. Kachhi	100 ..	1.08	0.33	1.18	1.22	358	370
(2) Pan Finished—							
(i) Poona Masala	Each vida ..	1.82	0.04	0.10	0.10	250	250
(3) Supari—							
(i) Manglori ..	50 gs. ..	1.57	0.45	0.49	0.49	109	109
Total ..		4.47					
Index Number Sub-group V(a).						226	229
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(1) Bidies—							
(i) Charbhai ..	Bundle of 25 bidies. ..	2.56	0.15	0.30	0.30	200	200
(ii) Pawar ..	" ..		0.15	0.30	0.30		
(2) Cigarettes—							
(i) Charminar ...	Pkt. of 10 Cigarettes ..	1.94	0.15	0.50	0.50	292	292
(ii) Pila Hathi ..	" ..		0.20	0.50	0.50		
(3) Chewing Tobacco—							
(i) Akoli Jarda No. 1	50 gs. ..	1.92	0.37	0.50	0.50	152	152
(ii) Akoli Jarda No. 2	" ..		0.28	0.45	0.45		
(iii) Satara Jarda ..	" ..		0.31	0.50	0.50		
Total ..		6.42					
Index Number Sub-group V(b).						213	213
(c) House-hold Utilltes Utensils Brass—							
(1) Lota ..	kg. ..	4.76	7.14	18.00	18.00	252	252

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(d) Washing Soap—							
(1) Laundry charges (Ordinary. Washing and Ironing).	Per Piece ..	4.23	0.13	0.25	0.25	192	192
(2) Washing Soap BB Chhap.	Cake ..	7.37	0.40	0.72	0.73	180	182
Total ..		11.60					
Index Number Sub-Group V(d)						184	186
(e) Medical Care—							
(1) Patent Medicine—							
(i) Glycodine Terf/ Vasaka.	Bottle of 70 ml.	17.37	1.89	2.64	2.64	124	124
(ii) Anacin	2 Tablets ..	..	0.12	0.13	0.13	137	137
(2) Mixture, Mixture.	Daily Per Day ..	1.35	0.57	0.78	0.78		
Total ..		18.72					
Index Number Sub-group V(e).						125	125
(f) Personal Care—							
(1) Hair oil. Tata etc. ..	Small Bottle	3.37	1.34	2.67	2.66	199	199
(2) Barber charges—							
(a) Haircut with shave	Per Adult	6.52	0.75	1.42	1.42	173	173
(b) Haircut	Per Adult	..	0.65	1.08	1.08		
(c) Shave	Per Adult	..	0.20	0.33	0.33		
(3) Toilet Soap—							
(a) Lifebuoy	Cake ..	2.29	0.49	0.75	0.75	156	156
(b) Lux	Cake ..	..	0.49	0.78	0.78		
(4) Tooth Powder—							
(a) Bytco (Family size)	Bottle ..	1.98	1.87	3.25	3.29	184	185
(b) Bytco (Small size)	Bottle ..	..	0.46	0.89	0.89		
(5) Blades—							
(a) Bharat	Packet of 10	0.04	0.43	0.90	0.90	180	180
(b) 6' Morning	2 Packet of 5 each.	..	0.60	0.90	0.90		
Total ..		14.20					
Index Number Sub-group V(f).						178	178
(g) Education and Reading—							
(1) School Fees for Std. VIII.	Per month	8.86	4.85	5.17	5.17	107	107
(2) School Books—Std. VIII—							
(i) Sahitya sarita	Per Copy	2.55	2.42	3.00	3.00		
(ii) Ankaganit	Per Copy	..	1.75	2.50	2.50	124	124
(iii) Apala Bholok	Per Copy	..	1.88	1.95	1.95		
(3) News Papers—							
(a) ...	Per Copy	2.50	0.07	0.13	0.13	200	200

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY—*concl'd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(h) Recreation and Amusement— Cinema— Lowest Class ..	Ticket ..	6.74	0.52	1.25	1.25	240	240
Total ..		6.74					
Index Number Sub-group V(h).						240	240
(i) Transport and Communication— (1) Railway— (i) Railway Fare for 50 k.m.	Per Passenger	6.46	0.98	1.50	1.50	153	153
(2) Bus Fare— (i) P.M.T. Bus fare 3.22 k.m.	.. ..	11.43	0.10	0.20	0.20	173	173
(ii) S.T. Fare 48 k.m.	.. ..	....	1.50	2.20	2.20		
(3) Postage— (i) Single Card ..	Per card ..	1.29	0.05	0.10	0.10	167	167
(ii) M. O. Charges ..	Rs. 25 ..	....	0.45	0.60	0.60		
Total ..		19.18					
Index Number Sub-group V(i)						166	166
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan, Supari ..	....	4.47	....	....	....	226	229
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	....	6.42	....	....	....	213	213
(c) House-hold Utilities	....	4.76	....	....	....	252	252
(d) Washing Soap ..	....	11.60	....	....	...	184	186
(e) Medical Care ..	....	18.72	....	....	....	125	125
(f) Personal Care ..	....	14.20	....	....	....	178	178
(g) Education and Reading.	....	13.91	....	....	....	126	126
(h) Recreation and Amusement.	....	6.74	....	....	....	240	240
(i) Transport and Communication.	....	19.18	....	....	....	166	166
Total ..		100.00					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL CENTRES IN INDIA

The following table gives the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for Bombay, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nagpur, Nanded, Aurangabad, Poona, Madras and Kanpur during May 1973 and June 1973 :—

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for certain Industrial centres in India for the months of May 1973 and June 1973.

Groups	Bombay (a)		Sholapur (a)		Nagpur (a)	
	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
Food	254	261	303	312	242	246
Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc. ..	240	240	182	195	188	214
Fuel and light	208	208	188	187	186	186
Housing	118	118	152	152	138	138
Clothing, bedding, footwear ..	209	211	209	215	235	237
Miscellaneous	174	175	178	178	166	166
Consumer Price Index Number ..	225	230	259	266	217	220
Groups	Jalgaon		Nanded		Aurangabad	
	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
Food	271	310	327	378	316	362
Fuel and light	184	184	175	176	168	172
Clothing	205	205	224	228	215	219
House Rent	137	137	141	141	194	194
Miscellaneous	173	176	184	191	179	185
Consumer Price Index Number ..	234	259	274	307	266	295
Groups	Poona		Madras		Kanpur	
	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
Food	254	266				
Pan, Supari, Tobacco, Intoxicants ..	....	....		
Fuel and Light	191	192				
Clothing	205	211				
House Rent	124	124				
Miscellaneous	172	172				
Consumer Price Index Number ..	219	227				

The following table shows the Consumer Price Index Numbers for Bombay, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nagpur, Ahmedabad, Madras and Kanpur on base 1939 equal to 100 :—

Month and Year	Bombay	Ahmed- abad	Sholapur	Jalgaon	Nagpur	Madras
June 1972 ..	850	812	1,047	1,058	1,049	
July ..	858	825	1,078	1,084	1,060	
August ..	842	834	1,104	1,100	1,065	
September ..	858	834	1,119	1,106	1,065	
October ..	858	860	1,141	1,116	1,065	
November ..	854	868	1,173	1,143	1,070	
December ..	863	899	1,199	1,153	1,070	
January 1973 ..	867	916	1,199	1,148	1,065	
February ..	880	934	1,214	1,164	1,075	
March ..	896	951	1,256	1,180	1,081	
April ..	917	....	1,297	1,211	....
May ..	951	....	....	....	....
June ..	972	....	....	....	....

INDEX NUMBERS FOR BOMBAY, SHOLAPUR, JALGAON, AHMEDABAD ON BASE SHIFTED TO 1944 EQUAL TO 100

Month and Year	Bombay	Ahmedabad	Sholapur	Jalgaon
June 1972 ..	376	280	380	
July ..	380	284	392	
August ..	373	287	401	
September ..	380	287	406	
October ..	380	292	414	
November ..	378	299	426	
December ..	382	309	435	
January 1973 ..	384	316	435	
February ..	390	322	441	
March ..	397	327	456	
April ..	406			

Labour Intelligence

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS IN MAHARASHTRA: REVIEW FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1973.

Industrial Courts and Tribunals

Name of the Court	No. of applications etc. received during the month	Break-up of the applications
1	2	3
<i>Under Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946</i>		
No.		
I. <i>Industrial Courts—</i>		
(a) Industrial Court, Maharashtra, Bombay.	31	10 References. 9 Submissions. 7 Appeals. 2 Revision applications. .. Review application. .. Criminal appeals. 2 Miscellaneous applications. 1 Misc. Applns. (TR) (IC). .. Appeals under Chapter VII (reg. S. Os.).
Total ..	31	
(b) Industrial Court, Maharashtra (Nagpur Bench).	..	.. References. .. Submissions. .. Appeals. .. Revision applications. .. Review applications. .. Criminal appeals. .. Miscellaneous application. .. Appeals under Chapter VII (reg. S. Os.).
Total ..	..
II. (a) Industrial Court, Maharashtra (Nagpur Bench), Cases under section 16 of the Central Provinces and Berar	..	..

Name of the Court	No. of applications etc. received during the month	Break-up of the applications
1	2	3

Under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

III. (a) Industrial Tribunals, Bombay.	87	No.	..	References.
		47	..	Adjudications.
		39	..	Applications.
		1	..	Complaint.
		<hr/>		
Total ..	87			
(b) Industrial Tribunals, Nagpur.	1	..	..	References.
		1	..	Adjudication.
		..	..	Application.
		..	..	Complaints.
		<hr/>		
Total ..	1			

IV. *Labour Courts—*

Name of the Court	Total No. of applications etc. received	Break-up of the applications received under		
		Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial Employment (Standards) Orders, 1947
1	2	3	4	5
(1) Labour Courts, Bombay.	273	No.	No.	No.
		87	2	..
		..	1	..
		130	8	..
		..	36	..
<hr/>		5	4	..
Total ..	222	51	..	..

Name of the Court	Total No. of applications etc., received	Break-up of the applications received under		
		Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
1	2	3	4	5
		No.	No.	No.
2) Labour Courts, Poona.	127	13 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B. .. Under section 33 (2)(b). 89 Under section 33 C(2). .. Under section 36-A. 4 Miscellaneous applications.	1 Illegal strikes and lockouts. 1 Illegal change. .. Criminal Complaints. 18 Miscellaneous Submissions. .. References. .. Miscellaneous applications. 1 Remanded appeal	.. Under section 13-A.
Total ..	106	106	21	..
3) Labour Court, Kolhapur.	26	11 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B. .. Under section 33 (2)(b). 14 Under section 33 C(2). .. Under section 36-A. .. Miscellaneous applications.	.. Illegal strikes and lockouts. .. Illegal change. .. Criminal complaints. 1 Miscellaneous Submissions. .. References. .. Miscellaneous applications.	.. Under section 13-A.
Total ..	25	25	1	..
4) Labour Courts, Nagpur.	115	38 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B. .. Under section 33 (2)(b). 66 Under section 33 C(2). .. Under section 36 A. .. Miscellaneous ap-	3 Illegal strikes and lockouts. 3 Illegal changes. .. Criminal complaints. 5 Miscellaneous Submissions. .. References. .. Miscellaneous ap-	.. Under section 13-A.

Name of the Court	Total No. of applications etc, received during the month	Break-up of the applications received under—			
		Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946	
1	2	3	4	5	
(5) Labour Court, Akola.	55	No. 13 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B. .. Under section 33(2) (b)	No. 40 Under section 33C(2). .. Under section 36A. .. Miscellaneous applications.	No. 2 .. Illegal Strikes and lockouts. .. Illegal changes. .. Criminal complaints. .. Submissions. .. References. .. Miscellaneous applications. 2 Reinstatements.	No. 13A. Under section 13A.
	Total ..	53	2	..	
(6) Labour Court, Sholapur.	156	No. 11 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A, and 33B. 136 Under section 33C (2).	No. 9 Miscellaneous Applications.	No. 13A. Under sections 13A.	
	Total ..	147	9	..	
V. Labour Court, Nagpur	..	..	..	Break up of the applications received under section 16 of the Central Provinces and Berar Industrial Disputes Settlement Act, 1947.
	Total ...	..	..	..

WAGE BOARDS—

In all four references were received by the Wage Boards during the month under review. Their break-up is as under :—

Type of references	Received by the Wage Board for—			Total
	Cotton Textile Industry	Silk Textile Industry	Sugar Industry	
1	2	3	4	5
Remanded references	.. 1	....	2	3
Modification applications	.. ....	1	....	1
Implementation references	.. ....	....	....	....

Conciliation:

An analysis of disputes handled by the Conciliation Machinery in the State during May 1973 under various Acts is given below :—

(a) *Cause-wise analysis of the cases received during the month :—*

Act	Issues relating to pay, allowances and bonus	Employment, leave, hours of work and Misc. causes	Total
(1) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	136	233	369
(2) Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946.	10	23	33
(3) Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	4	1	5
Total ..	150	257	407

(b) *Result-wise Analysis of the cases dealt with during the month :—*

Act	Pending at the beginning of the month 1	No. of cases received during the month 2	Settled amicably 3	Ended in failure 4	Withdrawn or not pursued by parties 5	Closed 6	Total handled (3 to 6) 7	Pending at the end of the month 8
I.D. Act, 1947 ...	1,123	369	100	158	70	94	422	1,070
B.I.R. Act, 1946	232	33	12	18	25	7	62	203
B.I.R. (Ext. and Amdt.) Act, 1964	32	5	4	1	3	....	8	29
Total ..	1,387	407	116	177	98	101	492	1,302

Industry-wise and district-wise analysis of the cases received during the month under Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964 are given below :—

Act	Cotton Textile 2	Silk Textile 3	Woollen Textile 4	Textile Processing 5	Hosiery 6	Banking 7	Sugar 8	Electricity industry 9	Trans. port industry 10	Total 11
B.I.R. Act, 1946	18	5	....	4	....	1	3	....	2	33

Act	Textile Industry 2	Paper Industry 3	Printing Industry 4	Press Industry 5	Shops 6	Bidi 7	Cinema 8	Local Bodies 9	Other Misc. 10	Total 11
B.I.R. (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	5	5

District-wise analysis is given below :—

Act	Bombay 2	Thana 3	Poona 4	Sholapur 5	Satara 6	Sangli 7	Kolhapur 8	Jalgaon 9	Ahmed-nagar 10	Total 11
B.I.R. Act, 1946	27	1	3	....	....	1	1	....	....	33

Act	Amravati	Nagpur	Wardha	Chanda	Akola	Buldhana	Total
B. I. R. Act, (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	5	....	....	....	....	5

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN MAHARASHTRA STATE DURING APRIL 1973

Disputes in April 1973	..	..	..	..	86
Work People involved	..	..	..	..	26,886
Working days lost	..	..	..	..	6,09,885

The number of disputes and number of workers affected due to strike activity in Maharashtra State during the month of April 1973 have decreased as compared to the previous months. There was rise fall in time lost.

The figures for the month under review show 86 disputes in progress involving 26,886 workers and a time loss of 6,09,885 man-days as compared to 107 disputes in March 1973 with 36,220 workers affected and time loss of 2,95,736 man-days.

Eleven of the total disputes in progress during April 1973 were in the Textile industry 28 in the Engineering Industry and the Forty-six remaining 47 were in other industries Forty-six of the total disputes-involving 14,096 workers were actually recorded during the month while 40 disputes involving 12,790 workers were carried over from the previous month.

The following table gives an analysis of industrial disputes by group of industries:—

Industry Group	Number of disputes in progress			Number of work people involved in all disputes April 1973	Aggregate man-days lost in April 1973
	Started before beginning of April 1973	Started in April 1973	Total		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Textile ..	4	7	11	6,418	39,381
Engineering ..	14	14	28	6,837	88,807
Miscellaneous ..	22	25	47	13,631	1,57,393
Total April 1973 ..	40	46	86	26,886	2,85,581
Total March 1973 ..	43	64	107	36,220	2,95,736

*The word "disputes" in the official sense means interruption of work and it is hereby

Thirtynine of the disputes arose over questions of "pay allowances and bonus issues" 36 related to "retrenchment and grievances about personnel" three on leave and hours of works and the remaining eight were due to other causes.

Out of the Fifty five disputes that terminated during the course of the month Eighteen were settled either entirely for partially in favour of the workers Twenty nine in favour of the employers, while the result of the remaining Eight disputes were indefinite.



PROGRESS OF IMPORTANT INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN MAHARASHTRA STATE DURING THE MONTH OF APRIL 1973.

(1) *Oil Seals Mfg. Co. Pvt. Ltd., and its Sister Concern, Bombay.*—The workers of Oil Seals Mfg. Co. Pvt. Ltd., and its sister concerns at Bombay employing about 455 workers resorted to strike from 23rd October 1972 over their demand for increase in wages. The strike continued till the end of the month.

(2) *Swastik Rubber Products, At Chinchwad, Poona.*—The workers of Swastik Rubber Products, at Chinchwad, Poona employing about 3,005 workers resorted to strike from 2nd February 1973 protesting against suspension of three workers. The strike ended in this month causing a loss of 61,600 mandays.

(3) *Rajabhadur Motilal Poona Mills Ltd., Poona.*—The strike in Rajabhadur Motilal Poona Mills Ltd., Poona, which commenced from 9th March 1973 affecting 2,200 workers over the workers demand for weekly off, sick leave, Dearness Allowance should be linked with Poona Consumers Price Index etc., continued till the end of the month.

(4) *Voltas Ltd., and Its Branches at Bombay.*—The workers of the Voltas Ltd., and its branches at Bombay employing about 4,031 workers resorted to strike from 12th February 1973 over their demands for wages, working Hours etc., continued till the end of the month.

(5) *Arybhushan Press and 10 other Printing Presses at Poona.*—The strike in Arybhushan Press and 10 other Printing Presses at Poona which commenced from 4th March 1973 affecting 621 over workers protest against filing appeal in the Industrial Tribunal in regards to wages. Dearness Allowance ended on April 14th 1973 causing 18,926 Mandays lost.

(6) *Mazgaon Dock Ltd., Bombay.*—The strike in Mazgaon Dock Ltd., at

NIGHT SHIFT IN COTTON MILLS IN BOMBAY CITY

At the beginning of June, 1973 there were 48 mills in Bombay City working Night Shift and the number of men doing night work was 80,036.

LABOUR TURNOVER IN COTTON TEXTILE UNDERTAKINGS
FOR MAY 1973

In all 67 Cotton Textile undertakings in Maharashtra State employing 2,46,906 workers on an average recorded an average percentage of Labour Turnover of 3.45 for the month of May 1973. The increase in employment of Labour (accession) was reported to be 2.45 per cent. Whereas the extent of decrease in employment (separation) registered in the total labour employed in all undertaking was 1.00.

The following table indicates the correlation of labour turnover with the size of establishments :—

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR MAHARASHTRA STATE FOR
MAY 1973

Group	Number of workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour Increase	Labour Decrease
Up to 100	35	94.29	100.00	194.29	....	5.71
101 to 500	715	0.70	....	0.70	0.70	... ..
501 to 1,000	4,560	2.61	2.24	4.85	0.37	... ..
1,001 to 2,000	10,020	1.47	1.08	2.55	0.39	... ..

As regards labour turnover in Bombay City more or less the same trends are noticeable in the State as a whole could be seen from the following table.

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR BOMBAY CITY FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1973

Group	No. of workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour increase	Labour decrease
Up to 100	35	94.29	100.00	194.29	....	5.71
101 to 500	248	....	....	....	....	....
501 to 1,000	1,476	4.61	1.56	6.17	3.05
1,001 to 2,000	7,232	1.30	1.42	2.72	0.12
Over 2,000	1,92,996	2.37	0.98	3.35	1.39

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The percentage of labour turnover in the establishments engaging upto 100 workers was 194.29 whereas it was only 2.72 in concerns engaging upto 1001 to 2000 workers.

In Sholapur the highest rate of labour turnover of 4.13 per cent was recorded in mills engaging upto 501 to 1000 employees. This can be seen from the following table :—

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR SHOLAPUR FOR MAY 1973

Group	Number of workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour increase	Labour decrease
Up to 100	....	....	....	....	....	....
101 to 500	467	1.07	....	1.07	1.07	....
501 to 1,000	1,333	0.98	3.15	4.13	....	2.71
1,001 to 2,000	....	....	....	....	....	....
Over 2,000	13,728	3.32	0.82	4.14	2.50	....
All Establishments	15,528	3.05	0.99	4.04	2.06	....

WORKING OF THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT, 1923 IN MAHARASHTRA FOR THE QUARTER ENDING DECEMBER, 1972

During the quarter ending December 1972, in the State of Maharashtra 204 cases of Workmen's Compensation were disposed off. The total disposal in this quarter was less by 77 as compared to the previous quarter. Out of these 226 cases, 217 cases were from Greater Bombay. The Industry wise break-up of 226 cases is as follows :—

Industry	No. of cases
(i) Engineering	10
(ii) Building and Road Construction	24
(iii) Transport Service	111
(iv) Miscellaneous	81
Total	226

In this quarter 104 cases of proceedings were held under the Workmen's Compensation Act. The result of these proceedings are given below :—

Details of the Proceedings	No. of cases
(i) Compensation awarded	94
(ii) Dismissal .. .. .	..
(iii) Withdrawn .. .. .	..
(iv) Miscellaneous	10
Total	104

The Statement 'A' showing industry wise break-up of proceedings and memoranda of agreements is given below :—

STATEMENT 'A'

Nature of Industry	Proceedings					Total	Registration of Agreements			Grand Total
	Compensation awarded	Dismissal	Withdrawals	Recovery	Review and other Miscellaneous applications		Agreement Registered	Registration refused	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
GROUP II										
<i>Secondary Production</i>										
Textile Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering ..	9	..	..	..	..	9	1	..	1	10
Metals ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chemicals ..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	2
Food, Drink ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	4
Tobacco ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wood working Furniture.	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Paper and Printing.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Stone brick and Glass.	4	..	..	1	..	5	2	..	2	7
Leather ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Building and Road Constructions.	20	..	..	3	..	23	1	..	1	24
Miscellaneous ..	15	21	..	5	..	20	39	..	39	59
GROUP III										
<i>Services</i>										
Transport ..	36	..	..	1	..	37	74	..	74	111
Public Administration.	6	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6
Communication ..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2
Total ..	94	..	..	10	..	104	122	..	122	226

Compensation Proceedings

The Commissioner of Workmens Compensation awarded compensation of Rs. 4,35,377 during the quarter under review. In the proceeding quarter the amount of compensation awarded was Rs. 4,80,657. In 11.50 proceedings

LABOUR GAZETTE--AUGUST 1973

The table showing an amount of compensation paid to the workmen and nature of injuries given below :--

STATEMENT ' B '

Nature	Original Claim for compensation settled in favour of applicants					No. of withdrawal cases	No. of dismissal cases	No. of recovery cases	Reviews and other miscellaneous applications	Grand Total
	By Lumpsums		By instalment							
	No. of cases	Total amount	No. of cases	Total amount by instalments, (monthly)	Total Number of cases					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Fatal ..	49	3,23,616	..	..	49	..	..	3	..	..
Permanent total disablement.	1	6,860	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Permanent Partial disablement.	38	1,03,275	..	..	38	..	..	7	..	..
Temporarily disablement.	6	1,626	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
Total	94	4,35,377	..	..	94	..	..	10	..	..

Registration of Agreements

There was no case of fatal accident. There were 2 cases of permanent total disablement, 98 cases of permanent partial Disablement and 22 cases of temporary disablement. The gross amount of agreed compensation was Rs. 1,18,728 as against the compensation of Rs. 1,06,865 in the preceding quarter.

The following table classifies these agreements according to the nature of injuries and the total amount of agreed compensation :--

STATEMENT ' C '

Nature of injuries	Manner of Settlement by agreed compensation				Registration Refused	Total
	By Lump-sums		By instalments			
	No. of cases	Total amount	No. of cases	Monthly amount		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fatal
Permanent disablement	..	2	3,822	..	..	..

WORKING OF TRADE UNIONS ACT, 1926 IN MAHARASHTRA STATE

REVIEW FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1973

On the 31st May, 1973, there were 2947 Trade Unions registered under Trade Unions Act, 1926.

20 Trade Unions were registered under the Trade Unions Act, 1926, by the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Bombay the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Nagpur, the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Poona and the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Aurangabad during the month of June, 1973.

They are as follows :—

1. Bombay Division	18
2. Nagpur Division	.. Nil
3. Poona Division	.. Nil
4. Aurangabad Division	.. 2
Total	20

The total number of registered Trade Unions thus stood at 2967 at the end of the month of June, 1973.

Serial No.	Name of the Union and Address	Registration Number and Date	Name of the President	Name of General Secretary
1	2	3	4	5
1	Garware Employees' Union, C/o National Federation of Commercial Employees, 31, Wellington Street, Bombay 2.	6717, 5th June 1973.	Shri S. N. Karkera	Shri P. P. Rajc.
2	Remond Woollen Farm Kamgar Sabha, C/o Bajirao Mali Advocate, Galli No.4, H No. 1417, Dhulia.	6718 15th June 1973.	Shri Kisanrao Pawar	Shri Bajirao Mali.
3	Dhulia Iron Industries Mazdoor Sabha, Hadap Buiding Galli No. 5, Dhulia.	6719 15th June 1973.	Shri Ahmed Mohamed Siddik	Shri Mukhatyar Sk. Sardar.
4	Jalgaon City Saw Mill Owners and Timber Traders Union, 160, Jilha Peth, Jalgaon.	6720 16th June 1973.	Shri P. Z. Gohil	Shri V. M. Patel.
5	Maharashtra Sahakari Karmachari, Mahamandal C/o The Maharashtra	6721 16th June 1973.	Shri V.C. Shrishri-	Shri Vasant Kunte.

Serial No.	Name
1	Majdoor U Bodwad, Jalgaon.
1	Mumbai M Woollen Shankar
9	Makand S C/o Ka Velji Ch 70.
10	Kolaba Dwark Ambed
11	The Mu Radha Road,
12	Fibre Fe Indus MID
13	SKEFK Natio Empl Bom
14	Pearl I Wad Lalt Bom
15	Premi Pra Dac
15	Larse C/o Sal
17	Dhul Ha
18	Jalg C C
19	Un t
20	La

Serial No.	Name of the Union and address	Registration Number and Regn. Date	Name of the President	Name of the General Secretary
1	2	3	4	5
7	Majdoor Union Bodwad, At and Post Bodwad, Taluka Bhusawal, District Jalgaon.	6723, 20th June 1973	Shri Vishwanath Nanaji Badgujar.	Shri Gulabrao Namdeorao Kadam.
8	Mumbai Mill Majdoor Sangh, Eastern Woollen Mill Compound, 62, Bhavani Shankar Road, Dadar, Bombay-23.	6724, 20th June 1973.	Shri Vasantrao Falke	Shri D. S. Salvi.
9	Mukand Staff, and Officers Association, C/o Kamani Employees Union, Kerson Velji Chawl, L. B. Shastri Marg, Bombay 70.	6725 20th June 1973.	Shri Y. V. Chavan	Shri N. Vishwanathan.
10	Kolaba Jilha Parishad Kamgar Union, Dwarka Bhuvan, Shivaji Peth, Dr. Ambedkar Chowk, Thana.	6726 22nd June 1973.	Shri Balkrishna Vasudeo Bapat	Shri Arju Balu Dawne.
11	The Municipal Nurses' Association 35, Radhakrishna Niwas, Dr. Ambedkar Road, Dadar, Bombay-14.	6727 22nd June 1973.	Shri Ram Mahadik	Shri J.M. Castelino.
12	Fibre Foils Employees Union, A-6, MIDC Industrial Area Andheri (East), Chakala MIDC P-O. Bombay 400093.	6728 25th June 1973.	Shri B.J.Serrao	Shri Sanjeeva Shetty.
13	SKEFKO India Staff Association, C/o National Federation of Commercial Employees, 31, Wellington Street, Bombay-2.	6729 25th June 1973.	Shri S. N. Karkera	Mr. L. Lobo.
14	Pearl Metal Employees' Union, Al, Doshi Wadi, Opposite Sarvodaya Hospital, Lalbahadur Shastri Marg, Ghatkopar, Bombay-86.	6730 27th June 1973.	Shri S. Krishnamurthy Iyengar.	Shri Vijay Sabnis.
15	Premier Kamgar Sena C/o Datta Pradhan, Pradhan Bhuvan, 6 Akshikar Street, Dadar, Bombay 400028.	6731 28th June 1973.	Shri D.S.Pradhan	Shri J. A. Malusare.
16	Larsen and Toubro Supervisors Association C/o Larsen And Toubro, Powai Works, Saki Vihar Road, Bombay-72.	6732 28th June 1973.	Shri K.R. Chandran	Shri R. Duraiswamy.
17	Dhulja Powerloom Majdoor Sabha, Dhule Hadap Building, Galli No.5, Dhule.	6733 30th June 1973.	Shri Habib Khan Kalekhan.	Shri Mukhtar Ahmed Sk. Sardar.
18	Jalgaon Jilha Sut Girni Kamgar Union, C/o Trade Union Centre, Rani Laxmi Chowk, Amalner Jilha Julgaon.	6734 30th June 1973.	Shri Baburao Dhondu Patil.	Shri Kashinath N. Alawani.

AURANGABAD DIVISION

19	Umerga Nagar Parishad Kamgar Sanghata, Umerga, District Osmanabad.	AWB-258 5th June 1973.	Shri Vithal Narayan Sagar.	Shri Kishan Shankar Katke.
20	Lakud Vyapari and Saw Mill Karkhandar Association, C/o Pashumiya Sayedlal, Lakdi Adda Grain Market, Latur, District Osmanabad.	AWB-259 8th June 1973.	Shri Bashumiya Sayedlal.	Shri Mahaboob Shaikh.

WORKING OF THE EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE SCHEME OF MAHARASHTRA DURING JUNE 1973

Non-Medical Side

The following table shows the registration of employees and payment of cash benefit under the Employees' State Insurance Scheme during June 1973.

Serial No.	Registration	During the month			
		Bombay	Nagpur		
(Non-Medical Side.)					
1	No. of workers registered	17,343	864	....	....
2	Net No. of IPs. entitled to medical care at the end of the month.	8,81,052	28,443	....	....
		During the month		Since 1st April 1973	
Employment Injury Benefit		Bombay	Nagpur	Bombay	Nagpur
3	No. of accident reports record	6,014	705	17,467	1,858
4	No. of T. D. B. payments	5,231	863	15,164	2,426
5	Amount of T. D. B. paid Rs.	2,85,250.57	29,354.05	8,40,528.67	85,687.25
6	No. of cases referred to Medical Board (fresh).	670	1	2,416	15
7	No. of cases decided (admitted)	489	1	1,047	11
	(a) partial permanent disablement	487	1	1,043	11
	(b) total permanent disablement	2	....	4	....
8	Amt. of P. D. B. paid Rs.	6,73,335.65	6,137.45	18,05,526.79	21,115.38
9	Total No. of I Ps. got fitted with Artificial Limbs.	....	....	1	....
10	No. of dependents admitted to D. B.	25	....	95	....
11	Amt. of D. B. paid Rs.	83,541.90	4,488.25	2,64,128.15	14,084.95
Sickness Benefit					
12	No. of S. B. payments	58,231	6,893	1,74,300	19,187
13	No. of S. B. days	2,97,478	41,472	8,91,944	1,15,225
14	Amt. of S. B. paid Rs.	15,14,892.65	1,79,262.45	45,00,069.06	5,01,831.85
15	Amt. of E. S. B. paid Rs.	2,64,810.90	2,50,23.00	7,13,856.10	79,537.10
Maternity Benefit					
16	No. of fresh maternity cases admitted	199	12	666	20
17	No. of M. B. days	13,817	689	46,944	1,654
18	Amt. of M. B. paid Rs.	1,23,409.80	3,214.00	3,97,937.75	8,400.00

Decisions of the Court on applications filed by the Employees State Insurance Corporations Bombay under Various legal Provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 :-

Medical Side

1. Prescriptions issued during the month of February 1973	2,18,743
2. The Number of insured workers attending Diagnostic Centres	21,909.
3. The X-Ray plates taken during the month	2,657
4. The Blood Examination	2,728
5. Number of persons admitted in the Hospital	(TB. 383 + General- 2,530)= 2,913.
6. The total No. of beds occupied during the month	(TB- 17,072 + General- 30,508)= 47,670.
7. Payment made to the chemists during the month	Rs. 7,48,574.
8. Payment made to Insurance Medical Practitioners during the month.	Rs. 25,10,514.
9. Change of increase in the No. of Diagnostic Centres	.....
10. Any other special features of interest during the month	One full time E. S. I. Scheme Service Dispensary for treatment of Insured persons and their families has been sanctioned by Government with effect from 1st February 1973 at the E. S. I. Scheme Hospital at Mulund for the desiring Insured workers from Mulund, Bhandup and Thana area.

FATAL INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS AND INDUSTRIAL DESEASES DURING JUNE, 1973

During June 1973, 8 work people in the State of Maharashtra whose death occurred by the accident in course of their employment were reported during the month of June 1973.

Industrial Accidents

214. *Soft drinks and carbonated water industries—*

(b) Carbonated water industries	1
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23. *Textiles—*

(a) Cotton Mills	1
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(d) Woollen Mills	1
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35. *Metal products (except machinery and transport equipment)—*

350. Manufacture of Metal products (except machinery and transport equipment)—

(h) Others	1
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36. *Machinery (except electrical machinery)—*

360. Manufacture of machinery (except electrical machinery)—

(e) Textile machinery and accessories	1
---------------------------------------	----	----	----	----	---

(g) Others	1
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38. *Transport equipment—*

384. Repair of motor vehicles and cycles—

(a) Motor vehicles	2
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Total	8
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MONTHLY PROGRESS REPORT FOR THE MONTH OF
MAY, 1973

I. Employment situation in general in Maharashtra State for the month of May 1973

The total number of demands notified to Employment Exchanges during May 1973 showed an appreciable rise. The number of applicants placed during the month also showed a rise.

The overall vacancies notified to Employment Exchanges rose to 8461 in May 1973 from 6816 in April and the number of placements increased to 3003 from 2950 in the last month.

Placements have shown a rise in Central Government and Quasi Government sectors. In the other two sections viz. State Government and Private, there was a fall.

822 applicants were placed in Central Government establishments in May 1973 as against 712 in April 1973, 1304 in State Government establishments as against 1442, 497 in Quasi Government establishments as against 552 and 380 in Private establishments as against 544.

Among the Employment Exchanges, appreciable rise in placements has been recorded by Sub-Regional Employment Exchange, Bombay-870 in May 1973 as against 707 in April 1973, District Employment Exchange, Satara-117 as against 44, District Employment Exchange, Sangli-150 as against 47, and District Employment Exchange, Nanded-101 as against 54.

The rise in placements is mainly attributed to the receipt of results of previous submissions. At Nanded, the rise is reported to be due to temporary recruitment of field workers by the Malaria Officer, Nanded.

A good number of vacancies for clerks were notified by the Collector, Sangli under the scarcity work programme and by the Zilla Parishad, Sangli for Primary teachers to the local Employment Exchange which brought about a rise in the placements of that Exchange.

The sectorwise position of vacancies notified showed a rise in all sectors except the Central Government establishments.

1469 vacancies were notified by Central Government establishments in May 1973 as against 1761, in April 1973, 2895 by State Government establishments as against 1964, 1218 by Quasi Government employers as against 603 and 2879 by Private employers as against 2488 in the last month.

II. Appreciation of Statistics Rendered

(a) *Registration.*—20907 applicants were registered with Employment Exchanges in May 1973 as against 29507 in April 1973.

(b) *Vacancies Notified.*—8461 vacancies were notified to the Employment Exchanges in May 1973 as against 6816 in April 1973.

(c) *Submission.*—33830 submissions were made by Employment Exchanges in May 1973 as against 28662 in April 1973.

(d) *Placements.*—3003 applicants were placed by Employment Exchanges in May 1973 as against 2950 in April 1973.

(e) *Employers using the Exchanges.*—1674 employers notified vacancies to Employment Exchanges at the end of May 1973.

(f) *Live Register.*—There were 610896 applicants on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges at the end of May 1973 as against 615121 in April 1973.

IV. Vacancy clearing

(a) Fresh vacancies circulated by S.E.C.O.	..	..	35
(b) Vacancies filled during the month :			
(i) Vacany Exchange	..	..	Nil
(ii) Other Exchanges	..	..	Nil
(c) Vacancies at the end of the month under limited or unlimited circulation :			
(1) Less than 3 months	..	..	205
(2) More than 3 months but less than 6 months.	..	..	610
(3) More than 6 months	..	..	1,119

V. Interesting Placements

Yeotmal .. (1) Two Graduates were placed as Taluka Saving Organisers with the Directorate of Small Saving on Rs.363 per month.

- R.E.E., Bombay* .. (1) One candidate was placed as Physiotherapist with J. J. Group of Hospital, Bombay on Rs. 470 per month.
- (2) One applicant was placed as Development Officer (Elect. Engi.) with C.I.D.C.O. Limited on Rs. 1,139 per month.
- (3) One candidate was placed as Engineering Apprentice with crescent Iron and Steel Limited., on Rs. 350 plus Allowances.
- (4) 3 candidates were placed as Junior Engineers with Central Design Organisation, Bombay on Rs. 275 plus Allowances.
- Poona* .. (1) One candidate was placed as Demonstrator with the Administrator Officer, Armed Forces Medical College, Poona-1, on Rs. 335 plus Allowances.
- (2) One candidate was placed as Geological Assistant with the Director of Agriculture, Maharashtra State, Poona-1, on Rs. 275 plus Allowances.
- Osmanabad* .. (1) 2 B.E. (Mech.) candidates were placed as Junior Engineers with the Superintending Engineer, B. and C., Aurangabad on Rs. 471 per month.
- Satara* .. (1) One B.E. (Elec.) candidate was placed as Junior Engineer with the Executive Engineer, Bhatghar and Vir Hydro Electric Division, Wathar Colony on Rs. 411 per month.
- (2) One B.E. (Mech.) and one D.M.E. candidate were placed as Engineer with the Cooper Engineering Limited., Satara, on Rs. 375 per month.
- Nanded* .. (1) One M.Sc., (Agriculture) candidate was placed as Agriculture Officer, with the Chief Executive Officer, Z.P., Parbhani on Rs. 471 per month.

VI. Appreciation of Work Done for Special Type of Applicants :

	Regional	Placements	Live Register	
1. A. B. Standard	351	62	5,507	
2. Displaced Persons	25	....	613
3. Discharged Govt. Employees ..	21	17	1,326	
4. Women	34,852	227	75,169	
5. I. T. I. Trainees	395	92	10,612	
6. Ex-Servicemen	532	121	6,030	
7. Part-time Employment seekers—				
(1) Registered .. ..		....
(2) Placed		2		
(3) Vacancies Notified ..		3		
8. Recruitment to Arm Forces—				
	Army	Navy	Airforce	Total
(1) Ex-Servicemen
(2) Others

Physically Handicapped applicants registered with normal Employment Exchanges (other than the Special Employment Exchange for Physically Handicapped) in the State during May 1973.

Category	Number of Registration affected during the month	Number of Placements affected during the month	Number on Live Register at the end of the month
1. Blind	5	....	197
2. Deaf and Dumb	2	....	32
3. Orthopaedically Handicapped	41	10	1,191

VII. Staff Training

Out of 30 Exchanges, staff training classes were held at 14 Exchanges.

IX. Conference and meetings

The District Employment Officer, Ratnagiri, attended the Meeting of the Third Five Year Plan at Sawantwadi.

XII. Any Other items of Interest

Work done by University Employment Information and Guidance Bureaux during May 1973.

Name of University	Registration	Vacancies notified	Placement obtained	No. on live Register
(1) U.E.I. and G.B., Bombay ..	6	35	216	3,647
(2) U.E.I. and G.B., Poona ..	32	15	2	196
(3) U. E. I. and G. B., Nagpur ..	34	....	3	1,107
(4) U. E. I. and G. B., Aurangabad	32	....	....	192
(5) U. E. I. and G. B., Kolhapur ..	55	24	3	217

Work done by Special Employment Exchange for Physically Handicapped, Bombay, during the month of May 1973.

Category	Registration	Vacancies notified	Placements obtained	No. on Live Register
(1) Blind	7	1	1	247
(2) Deaf and Dumb	4	4	4	42
(3) Orthopædically Handicapped ..	27	7	7	318
(4) Respiratory Disorder .. .. .	....	....	....	4

Work done by the Professional and Executive Unit during the month of May 1973

(1) No. of X-1s on the Live Register at the end of the previous month.				2,14
(2) No. of X-1s received during the month	..	..	..	11
(3) No. of candidates submitting during the month against—				
(i) Notified vacancies (Secondary)	..	..	..	2
(ii) Central Employment Exchanges Vacancies	..	..	..	2
(iii) Advertised Vacancies	..	..	..	..
(4) No. of P. and E. candidates placed during the month	..	..	..	..
(5) No. removed from Live Register	..	..	..	2
(6) No. of P. and E. X-1s on the Live Register at the end of the month.				2,0

The work in respect of preparation of Report on Occupational pattern of employees in Maharashtra State in the Public Sector September 1968 has continued at the S.E.M.I. Unit.

The work relating to sample survey to ascertain the proportion of employed persons on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges is continued at S.E.M.I. Unit.

Youth Employment Service :

I. *Individual Programme at Employment Exchanges.*—(1) During the month of May 1973 in all 2,004 applicants received individual information. Of these 1,447 were applicants, 390 were students and 167 were parents/Guardians.

(2) In all 37 postal enquiries in occupational information were received during the month.

(3) Out of 698 applicants who received Individual Guidance, 684 were fresh candidates and 14 were review cases.

(4) 3,786 applicants were given guidance at the time of registration.

II. *Group Guidance Programme at Employment Exchanges.*—(5) 211 Group discussions were conducted during the month of May 1973.

(6) 1,999 applicants attended the Group discussions.

(8) 33 visits were paid by Employment Officers to employers and heads of training institutions in connection with collection of information on placements.

IV. *Placement/Admission Activities.*—(9) During the month 1,140 applications were forwarded to various training centres for apprenticeship training.

(10) 73 applicants were actually placed in training.

(11) Placements of 20 guided applicants were received during the month of May 1973.

TEXTILE EMPLOYMENT (DECASUALISATION) SCHEME

During the month of June 1973 the Decasualisation Scheme, Bombay registered 2,225 workers, demands for 2,115 workers were received from the mills. 2,895 Submissions were made against these demands. Placements of 1,668 workers were obtained against these Submissions.

Similarly during June 1973 the Decasualisation Scheme, Sholapur registered 74 workers, Demands for 202 workers, were received from the mills. 196 Submissions were made to the mills against these demands. Placements of 102 workers obtained against these submissions.

“Appreciation of Statistics rendered (Bombay)”

Registrations.—2,225 workers were registered under the Decasualisation Scheme as against 3,721, in May 1973.

Demands Notified.—2,115 vacancies were notified to the Sectional Offices as against 5,395 in May 1973.

Submissions.—2,895 Submissions were made by Decasualisation Scheme as against 5,967 in May 1973.

Placements.—1,668 workers were employed by the mills as against 3,249 in May 1973.

Live Register.—1,172 workers were on the Live Register at the end of June 1973.

“Appreciation of Statistics rendered (Sholapur)”

Registration.—74 workers were registered under the Decasualisation Scheme as against 66 in May 1973.

Demand Notified.—202 vacancies were notified to the Scheme as against 124 in May 1973.

Submissions.—196 Submissions were made to the mills as against 246 in May 1973.

Placements.—102 workers were employed by the mills as against 104

Labour Literature

ARTICLES OF LABOUR INTEREST

1. Should the Practice of Overtime Payments be Abolished ? Published in Kerala Labour Gazette, Trivandrum, Vol. XIV. No. 12, December 1972, p. No. 13.
2. Trade Union Education in India by Cyril H. Khisty, Kerala Labour Gazette, Trivandrum, Vol. XIV, No. 12, December 1972, p. No. 17.
3. First Aid Appliances in the Factory by Sri Aswathnarayana, Inspector of Factories, Bangalore, Mysore Labour Journal, Bangalore, Vol. VII, No. 3, March 1973, p. No. 3.
4. Modernisation of Trade Union Movement by S. W. Dhabe, Workers' Education, Nagpur, April 1973, p. No. 6.
5. Framework of Industrial Relations by P. M. Mantri and M. L. Gore, Workers' Education, Nagpur, April 1973, p. No. 11.
6. Social Responsibility of Trade Unionism by A. G. Sheorey, Workers' Education, Nagpur, April 1973, p. No. 21.
7. Workers Education in Denmark by H. C. Gupta, Workers' Education, Nagpur, April 1973, p. No. 28.
8. New Trends in Audit Education by Henri Janne and Marie-Lau Roggemans, Workers' Education, Nagpur, April 1973, p. No. 44.
9. Union and Young Workers, published in Workers' Education, Nagpur, April 1973, p. No. 70.
10. Industrial Relations in India's Public Sector by Shri Om P. Bhat, Free Labour World, Belgium, 275, May 1973, p. No. 8.
11. Bonus in A Development Economy, by M. R. Hazare, The Indian Workers, New Delhi, Vol. XXI, No. 37, June 11, 1973, p. No. 7.
12. Wanted : 200 Million New Jobs in Asia, 1980 by M. M. Mehrotra, The Indian Worker, New Delhi, Vol. XXI, No. 40, July 2, 1973, p. No. 5.

Book Review

mentaries on Contract Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, by K. D. Srivastava and R. K. Srivastava (published by Eastern Book Company, Law Publishers and Book Sellers, 34, Lal Baugh, Lucknow. Price Rs. 10.00).

The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, is a piece of legislation for ensuring protection to the workmen. In the Welfare State it is necessary that the Contract Workmen are ensured a continuous employment and protection. Almost every industrial establishment is required to employ contract labour and, therefore, a study of this legislative measure, is imperative for all such establishments.

The working conditions of Contract Labour employed in Indian Industries have been a matter of public concern for a long time. Almost every committee or commission set up by the Government to enquire into the conditions of contract labour has frowned upon this system and has recommended its abolition. There is no security of employment for contract labourers and there is much scope for exploitation. Hence due to the constant agitation on the part of the Unionists it was considered necessary to have a separate legislation to provide them protection and the Standing Labour Committee prepared the draft bill which was then introduced in the Parliament. The same bill has now come into force in the form of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970.

Since the above Act has come into force there is much litigation and many cases are pending before the supreme court. Hence it is a fact that the Act is not yet been thoroughly enforced as it should be. However, with further steps, the State Government has taken to implement the same, it has benefited to some extent, the lot of the contract employees.

K. D. Srivastava and Shri R. K. Srivastava, the authors of the present book have done a good service to the Community by bringing out a book which contains exhaustive commentaries on the various provisions of the above Act. However necessary, they have also referred to the decided cases which will enable the readers to find out the original cases in which, the points have been decided. The Commentary is also a lucid one. The book will give the readers a very good idea of this important piece of legislation and will also prove useful to the industrial establishments, contractors, trade unionists and advocates practicing labour laws as well as courts and Tribunals and the students who study industrial legislation for their studies.

Statistics

EMPLOYMENT THROUGH EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES (Maharashtra)

Year and Month	Number of applicants on Live Registers at the end of the month/year	Registration	Placements	Number of Employers who used the exchanges	Vacancies notified	Vacancies outstanding at the end of the month/year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1964 ..	2,58,676	3,68,711	72,583	....	1,36,667	24,073
1965 ..	2,76,852	4,04,490	75,301	....	1,42,716	23,654
1966 ..	2,82,826	3,96,688	71,336	....	1,32,680	18,203
1967 ..	2,86,676	4,05,063	40,634	....	76,018	14,103
1968 ..	2,94,711	4,12,803	39,704	....	80,487	18,367
1969 ..	3,00,133	3,92,540	42,104	....	86,450	23,954
1970 ..	3,28,313	4,02,039	38,562	....	87,221	27,193
1971 ..	4,29,578	4,75,360	44,184	....	85,253	22,672
1972—						
July ..	4,91,627	41,399	3,353	1,400	7,149	23,946
August ..	5,18,093	37,117	2,651	1,406	7,268	24,803
September ..	5,39,879	32,398	3,213	1,445	6,869	25,137
October ..	5,57,729	30,533	2,931	1,410	7,532	25,966
November ..	5,75,690	28,735	3,596	1,343	7,351	26,796
December ..	5,97,650	33,561	2,932	1,280	6,007	26,249
1973—						
January ..	6,18,540	32,651	3,056	1,413	7,016	26,249
February ..	29,066	27,635	3,117	1,330	6,321	26,619
March ..	32,041	35,367	4,126	1,522	7,527	26,957
April ..	28,522	32,522	3,522	1,522	7,527	26,957

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1970—

October

November

December

1971—

September

October

November

December

1972—

May

June

July

August

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November

December

1973—

January

February

March

April

May

June

EMPLOYMENT THROUGH DECASUALISATION SCHEME

Statement showing the number of workers registered Demand, submitted and placed together with the Live Register.

Month	Registration	Demands	Submis- sions	Place- ments	Live Register	
1970—						
October	..	1,855	1,177	1,905	776	1,972
November	..	2,294	2,957	2,754	950	1,726
December	..	2,922	2,069	3,085	1,293	2,243
1971—						
September	..	2,283	1,248	2,161	1,641	2,220
October	..	2,010	1,890	1,671	624	2,074
November	..	2,914	2,075	3,133	1,015	2,480
December	..	2,600	1,344	2,216	1,011	3,179
1972—						
May	..	4,121	4,726	5,655	3,560	623
June	..	2,246	2,021	2,718	2,464	817
July	..	1,999	1,980	2,040	1,097	1,003
August	..	1,982	1,324	1,909	1,087	1,459
September	..	1,978	1,458	1,800	672	1,716
October	..	1,750	1,009	1,408	613	1,953
November	..	2,811	1,771	2,597	690	2,442
December	..	2,296	1,321	1,927	849	2,420
1973—						
January	..	2,400	1,174	1,899	754	3,439
February	..	2,582	3,458	4,372	1,104	2,351
March	..	3,435	3,425	5,231	2,009	1,873
April	..	3,229	3,623	4,699	2,118	1,858
May	..	3,721	5,395	5,967	3,249	1,067
June	..	2,225	2,115	2,895	1,668	1,172
	..				1,478	1,292

MONTHLY REVIEW OF WORK STOPPAGES DUE TO INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1973

1805

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in disputes	Date when work-stoppage		Maximum No. of workers affected		Man-days lost		Result
			Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Bakery ..	Bombay— Modern Bakeries (India) Ltd. (Pub.)	L. & H. W.— Demand for earned leave on par with the office staff etc.	17th April 1973.	17th April 1973.	206	..	206	206	Unsuccessful.
Confectionary Products.	Pimpri (District Poona)— Harnik Food Industries (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of a terminated worker.	26th February 1973.	10th April 1973.	78	..	624	2,964	Successful.
Cotton Textile.	Bombay— The Shrinivas Cotton Mills Ltd., (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for withdrawal and suspension order served on one worker.	2nd April 1973.	2nd April 1973.	24	..	9	9	Unsuccessful.
Do ..	Bombay— The Shrinivas Cotton Mills Ltd., (Pvt.).	Wages— Payment of wages for strike period on 2nd April 1973.	3rd April 1973.	5th April 1973.	48	..	72	72	Do.
Do. ..	Bombay— New Kaiser I-Hind Spg. & Wvg. Mill (Pub.).	L. & H. W.— Demand for Holiday on 11th April 1973 being Ramnavmi.	11th April 1973.	11th April 1973.	2,541	..	2,541	2,541	Do.
Packing cases	Bombay— Maharashtra Wood Works, (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of a suspended worker.	30th January 1973.	Contd. ..	11	..	248	820	Contd.
Corrugated Boxes and sheets.	Bombay— Krishna Trading Co. and its sister concern, (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of 12 workers.	8th April 1973.	Contd. ..	70	..	1,293	1,293	Do.
Rubber Products.	Chinchwad (Poona)— Swastik Rubber Products (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against suspension of 3 workers.	2nd March 1973.	Continued ..	3,005	..	75,125	13,255	Continued

Chinchwad (Poona)— Swastik Rubber Pro- ducts (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against suspen- sion of 3 workers.	2nd March 1973.	Continued ..	3,005	..	75,125	13,255	Continued
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Bombay— Super Plastic Industries Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages.	27th March 1973.	Continued	52	..	1,352	1,560	Continued.
Bombay— Plasmac Machine Mfg. Co. Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for legal dues due to change from a partnership firm to a limited company.	2nd April 1973	2nd April 1973	40	..	40	40	Unsuccessful.
Bhosari (Poona)— K. K. Nag Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for 8.33 per cent bonus.	24th February 1973.	2nd April 1973	104	..	104	3,328	Indefinite.
Bombay— Indian Oil Blending Ltd. (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for Pay and Allowances etc.	13th April 1973.	14th April 1973.	192	192	384	384	Successful.
Bombay— Asian Chemical Works (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages and D. A. and other general demands.	24th March 1973.	Continued	75	..	1,875	2,400	Continued.
Dombivli (Thana)— Western Chlorides and Chemicals Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Demand reinstatement of 3 retrenched workers.	28th April 1973.	Continued	21	..	63	63	Continued.
Ambarnath— (Thana)— Albright, Morarji and Pandit Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for reinstat- ment of 2 discharged workers.	5th April 1973	12th April 1973.	260	..	1,820	1,820	Partially- successful.
Bombay— Glaxo Laboratories (India) Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against transfer order.	16th April 1973.	16th April 1973.	44	..	11	11	Unsuccessful.
Hadapsar (Poona)— J. N. Parikh (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against lay-off	16th March 1973.	17th April 1973.	19	..	266	532	Unsuccessful.
Nasik— Tigrania Metal & Steel Industries (Pvt.)	Personnel— Reinstatement of 16 suspended workers	13th April 1973.	18th April 1973.	75	..	450	450	Successful.
Poona— Jabiech Engineering Workt (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against harras- ment by a supervisory staff.	14th February 1973.	7th April 1973.	30	9	234	1,755	Unsuccessful
Bombay— Bharat Containers Pvt.	Wages— Demand for wage	15th February 1973.	7th April 1973	124	..	738	5,550	Indefinite..

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

MONTHLY REVIEW OF WORK STOPPAGES DUE TO INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1973—contd.

Serial No.	Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Date when work stoppage		Maximum No. of workers affected		Man-days lost		Result
				Began	Ended	Directly	Indirectly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
21	Engineering Chinchwad District.	Poona— Mather Greaves Ltd. (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for additional Bonus.	30th April 1973.	30th April 1973.	170	..	21	21	Successful.
22	Rolling shutters Shuffers.	Poona— Nichrome Metal Works (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for rise in pay scales etc.	23rd March 1973.	11th April 1973.	50	..	500	900	Successful.
23	Engineering	Bombay— H.A.H. Bachwal. Tin Factory (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages, D. A., etc.	3rd February 1973.	Contd. ..	41	..	1,025	3,034	Contd.
24	Engineering ..	Bombay— Christensen Longye (India) Ltd. (Pvt.)	Others— Demand for time concession (with wages) in case of ferry break down.	28th March 1973.	3rd April 1973.	186	..	465	1,023	Successful.
25	Engineering ..	Poona— The Southern Machine Industries (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages etc.	24th March 1973.	Contd.	91	..	1,225	1,862	Contd.
26	Engineering.	Thana— Dagger Forests Tool Ltd., (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of four workers.	3rd April 1973.	Contd.	124	..	2,975	2,975	Contd.
27	Mfg. Transformers.	Poona— The National Electrical Industries Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of two casual workers.	10th April 1973.	10th April 1973.	207	3	129	129	Indefinite.
28	Switches and Lamp.	Poona— Mungi Electricals (Pvt)	Personnel— Protest against disciplinary action against 3 workers.	9th March 1973.	16th April 1973.	16	..	224	544	Unsuccessful.
29	Electronic companies.	Bombay— R. G. Keswani Industries (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for wage scale D. A., etc.	29th March 1973.	20th April 1973.	160	..	2403	2854	Successful.

Others— 9th April, 22nd April, 810 56 1,392 1,392 Indefinite

	Mazgaon Dock Ltd., (Pub.)	Protest against the appeal filed against award of Industrial Tribunal Court.	1973.	1973.					
Powerloom.	Poona— Messrs Kundan Textiles and other Powerloom and Handloom concern (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for immediate payment of bonus instalment.	18th April, 1973.	Contd.	853	..	9,383	9,983	Contd.
Cotton Textile	Poona— Rajabhadur Motilal Poona Mills Ltd., (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for weekly off sick leave, D. A. should be linked in with Poona consumers Price Index etc.	9th March 1973.	9th April, 1973.	2200	..	17,600	61,600	Unsuccessful.
Type tube valves and accessories.	Bombay— Schrader Scovill Doncan Ltd. (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages, D.A. etc.	9th February, 1973.	30th April, 1973.	171	31	5050	13,938	Successful.
Silk Textile	Thana— Kishanchand Spg. Mills (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of dismissed workers.	17th March, 1973.	Contd.	119	23	3508	5354	Contd.
Wooden Furniture.	Bombay— Deepak Industries (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against suspension of 2 workers.	27th April, 1973.	28th April, 1973.	42	..	84	84	Compromise.
Re-rolling of Iron Bars.	Thana— Shree Ram Rolling Mills (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for preference to old workers for filling in leave vacancy.	15th April, 1973.	17th April, 1973.	89	60	447	447	Unsuccessful.
Automobile Ancillary.	Bombay— Asha Metal Workers and its sister concern (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages etc.	13th February 1973.	....	114	..	1,450	1,450	Unsuccessful.
Repairing and Servicing Motor Vehicles.	Bombay— Dadajee Dhakjee and Co. (Pvt.)	Wages— Protest against non-payment of salary for March 1973 in time.	12th April 1973.	12th April 1973.	120	..	30	30	Successful.
Do.	Dapodi (Dist. Poona)— Central work Shops Dapodi, M. S. R. T. Corporation (Pub.)	Others— Demand to continue the old system of working instead of new.	7th April 1973 (8-13 a.m.)	7th April 1973 (10-45 a.m.)	26	..	8	8	Indefinite

Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in disputes	Date when work stoppage		Maximum No. of workers involved		No. of mandays lost		Result
			Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Coaches and Commercial Vehicles.	Bombay— India Body Builder (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for wages for the closure period of the concern due to fire.	9th February 1973.	11th April 1973.	28	..	252	1,484	Unsuccessful.
Surgical cotton.	Thana— Messrs. Lavino Kapoor Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against suspension of a worker.	7th April 1973	12th April 1973.	290	..	1,450	1,450	Unsuccessful.
Hosiery (knitting).	Bombay— Leela Scottish Lace Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	13th January 1973.	Contd.	43	..	1,075	3,913	Contd.
Powerloom Factory.	Ichalkaranji, Kolhapur— Chandrashekhar Wvg. Factory (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increased in wages.	20th January 1973.	11th April 1973.	26	..	312	1,898	Unsuccessful.
Printing	Poona— Arybhushan Press and ten other Printing Presses (Pvt.)	Wages— Protest against filing appeal in the I. T. Award in regards to wages, D. A.	4th March 1973.	14th April 1973.	621	..	6,090	18,926	Compromise.
Mfg. of Industrial Rubber Goods.	Bombay— Oil Seals Mfg. Co. Ltd. and its sister concern (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages.	23rd October 1972.	....	455	..	11,375	73,938	Contd.
Radiator	Bombay— Luthra Import and two other sister concerns (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of suspended workers.	3rd February 1973.	....	28	..	700	2,072	Contd.
Glass Utencil	Bombay— Lakhi Trading Co., and its sister concerns (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for withdrawal of termination notices on apprentice.	9th January 1973.	Continued ..	311	..	3,791	22,452	Continued.
Engineering workshop.	Bombay— AARTI Engineering Corporation (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	19th February 1973.	2nd April 1973	17	..	34	620	Unsuccessful.

Machinery	Bombay— Bardai Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	15th July 1972	....	56	..	1,400	13,888	Continued.
Engineering and Marketing.	Bombay— Voltas Limited and its Branches (Pvt.)	Wages— Employees demand for increase in D.A. 5 days 45 hours a week E.D.P. etc.	12th February 1973.	....	4,031	..	65,000	89,883	Continued.
Engineering	Poona.— C.T.R. Mfg. Industries Ltd. (Pvt)	Personnel— Demand for resignation of the Fabrication Superintendent.	14th April 1973.	Continued.	338	..	4,494	4,494	Continued.
Wooden Boxes.	Kanhan Nagpur— M. P. Timber Works (Pvt.)	Bonus— Bonus for the year 1970	25th April 1973.	Continued.	103	..	515	515	Continued.
Cotton Textile	Sholapur.— The Lakhshmi Vishnu Cotton Mill Ltd.(Pvt)	Others— Protest against the order to work on 4 sides on counts 2/30 as per the order of wage Board.	9th April 1973	27th April, 1973.	89	328	4,613	4,613	Unsuccessful.
Wooden packing cases	Bombay— Messrs. GISCO (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for D.A.	2nd April 1973.	5th April 1973	15	..	45	45	Successful.
Dyeing and Printing of Cloth sarees.	Bombay— Amardeep Printing Mills (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for more wages.	21st April 1973.	Continued.	156	17	1,038	1,038	Continued.
Light Engineering.	Chinchwad District Poona— Wanson (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against the suspension of 2 workers by the management.	1st April 1973	1st April 1973	191	..	96	96	Unsuccessful.
Mfg. of stainless steel cutlery	Bombay— Pearl Metal Works (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	27th April 1973.	27th April 1973.	54	..	54	54	Unsuccessful.
Light Engineering.	Bombay— OFIPIN Pvt. Ltd (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for annual bonus for the year 1971-72.	13th April 1973.	21st April 1973.	12	..	96	96	Successful.
Cloth Processing.	Ichalkaranji Dist. Kolhapur— Laxmi Co-operative Processors Ltd. (Pvt.)	Retrenchments— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	21st April 1973.	21st April 1973.	88	..	88	88	Unsuccessful.

Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in disputes	Date when work-stoppages		Maximum No. of workers affected		No. of mandays lost		Result
			Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Manufacturers of steel rollers.	Sangli— Kirti Industries (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages and D. A. etc.	25th April 1973.	25th April 1973.	48	..	48	48	Unsuccessful.
Aluminium pensil.	Palghar (Dist. Thana) Delux Metal Works (Pvt.)	Personel— Protest against suspension of a worker.	23rd April 1973.	Contd.	18	..	126	126	Contd.
Match Boxes	Bombay— Khoka Company (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages, D. A. etc.	2nd April 1973.	5th April 1973.	60	..	180	180	Indefinite.
Soft Drink (Cacola).	Bombay— Pure Drink Company Pvt. Ltd (Pvt.)	Personel— Demand for confirmation according to seniority etc.	26th April 1973.	27th April 1973.	300	..	450	450	Indefinite.
Engineering ..	Thana— Ultra Steel Engineers (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages, leave facilities etc.	22nd April 1973.	Contd.	22	..	132	132	Contd.
Electricity distributing.	Malegaon (Dist-Nasik) The Amalgamated Co. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for H. R. A. as per the scale of M.S.E.B.	23rd April 1973.	25th April 1973.	126	..	378	378	Indefinite.
Printing Contractor.	Bombay— Mistry Premji Sunderji and Co. (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Protest against retrenchment.	14th March 1973.	2nd April 1973.	21	..	21	357	Unsuccessful.
Wholesale and Retail.	Bombay— Mayur Barrels Supply Co., and its sister concern. (Pv.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of terminated workers.	9th January 1973.	6th April 1973.	15	..	75	1,140	Successful.
Steel ..	Bombay— Y. M. C. A. International House (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Protest against retrenchment of one worker.	15th March 1973.	.. ..	60	..	1,500	2,400	Contd.

and aders.	<i>Bombay— Handy Gas service (Pvt.).</i>	<i>Personnel— Protest against show cause notice issued to a driver.</i>	21st February 1973.	2nd 1973.	April	39	..	39	1,375	Unsuccessful.
and ng.	<i>Bombay— Contractor of Fertilizer Corporation of India (Pvt.).</i>	<i>Wages— Demanding incentive Bonus and weekly off.</i>	9th April 1973	10th 1973.	April	200	..	300	300	Unsuccessful.
ental	<i>Bombay— Sahakar Bazar (Pvt.) ..</i>	<i>Others— Recognition of Union.</i>	8th April 1973	25th 1973	April	57	71	1,832	1,832	Successful.
..	<i>Bombay— A Saqira Tailoring Shops (Pvt.).</i>	<i>Bonus— Demands for 8.33 per cent bonus.</i>	25th October 1972.	Contd.	..	60	..	1,500	9,660	Contd.
..	<i>Bombay— Siddharth Tailors(Pvt.)</i>	<i>Bonus— Demands for 8.33 per cent bonus.</i>	3rd November 1972.	Contd.	..	25	..	625	3,825	Contd.
..	<i>Bombay— Kank Tailor (Pvt.) ..</i>	<i>Bonus— Demand for 8.33 per cent bonus.</i>	1st November 1972.	Contd.	..	35	..	875	5,425	Contd.
..	<i>Bombay— Keshavrao Tailor(Pvt.)</i>	<i>Bonus— Demand for 8.33 per cent bonus.</i>	3rd November 1972.	Contd.	..	22	..	550	3,366	Contd.
Tex-	<i>Thana- Glorey Mfg. Wvg. Mjills Pvt.</i>	<i>Wages- Demand for increase in wages etc.</i>	22nd April 1973.	26th 1973.	April	36	..	180	180	Snccessful.
al ..	<i>Rasayani, District Kolaba- Hindustan Organic chemicals (Pub.).</i>	<i>Wages- Demand for revision of wages and fringe benefits.</i>	9th April 1973	....	..	974	..	18,506	18,506	Contd.
ring...	<i>Akolo- Vishwakarma and Co., New Vishwakarma Foundry Works (Pvt.).</i>	<i>Personnel— Protest against alleged unfair labour practice.</i>	1st April 1973	....	..	12	..	265	265	Contd.
Indus-	<i>Nasik- Arists Plast Pvt. Ltd.</i>	<i>Personnel— Demand for reinsta- ment of dismissed- workers.</i>	10th April 1973.	13th 1973.	April	17,90	..	5,265	5,265	Unsuccessful.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN PROGRESS IN MAHARASHTRA STATE IN THE STATE SPHERE FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH 1973

Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Date when work stoppage		Maximum No. of workers affected		No. of mandays lost		Result	
			Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of month		
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Offsetting Press	Gondia, District-Bhandara—Vasant Fire Art Litho Works Pvt.	L & H. W.—Protest against change Weekly Holidays.	26th 1973.	April 26th 1973.	April 26th 1973.	260	55	190	190	Unsuccessful.
Construction and	Bombay—New India Co., Taj Mahal. construction Pvt.	Retrenchment—Demand for reinstatement of 26 retrenched workers.	26th 1973.	March 10th 1973.	April 10th 1973.	42	..	294	546	Unsuccessful.
Printer and agent.	Bombay—India Book House, Pvt.	Wages—Demand for increase in pay etc.	6th April 1973	....	....	17	..	357	357	Contd
Oil ..	Bombay—Burmahshell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India Ltd. (Pvt.).	Wages—Demand for Wages.	10th 1973.	April 10th 1973.	April 10th 1973.	654	..	161	161	Unsuccessful.
Printing and binding in ..	Bombay—Bombay Municipal Corporation (Conservancy Department)	Others—Protest against deputed 6 workers in a garbage removal-an-instead of 8 workers.	17th 1973.	April 17th 1973.	April 19th 1973.	1,314	..	3,942	3,942	Partially successful.
Club ..	Bombay—Wellington Club (Pvt). Sports	Others—Demand for reognition of Union.	17th 1973	April 17th 1973	April 17th 1973	390	..	390	390	Unsuccessful.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR LOW-PAID EMPLOYEES IN DIFFERENT MOFUSSIL CENTERS IN THE ANDHRA AND MADRAS STATES FOR THE MONTHS OF MAY 1973 AND JUNE 1973

(Base : Year ended May 1936=100)

Groups	Visakhapatnam		Eluru		Cuddalore		Trichinapalli	
	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
Food	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR
Fuel and Lighting
Clothing
House-rent
Miscellaneous
Consumer Price Index Number

Groups	Madurai		Coimbatore		Kozhikade	
	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973	May 1973	June 1973
Food	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR
Fuel and Lighting
Clothing
House-rent
Miscellaneous
Consumer Price Index Number

DEARNNESS ALLOWANCE FOR BOMBAY, SHOLAPUR, JALGAON, NAGPUR AND NANDED PAYABLE AS PER CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS

Centre	May 1973		June 1973	
	Number of working days	Dearness Allowance	Number of working days	Dearness Allowance
Bombay	26	Rs. 242.85	26	Rs. 253.00
Sholapur	INR	INR	INR	INR
Jalgaon	24	Rs. 195.53	25	Rs. 208.63
Nagpur	INR	INR	INR	INR

STATEMENT OF AGRICULTURAL WAGES IN URBAN AREAS DURING MAY, 1973.

1816

DIVISION	BOMBAY									POONA					
	Thana		Kolaba		Ratnagiri	Nasik		Dhulia	Jalgaon	Ahmednagar		Poona	Sangli	Sholapur	Kolhapur
District	Kalyan	Palghar	Alibag	Mahad	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Malegaon	Nandurbar	Jalgaon	Shevgaon	Shrirampur	Poona	Miraj	Sholapur	Ichalkaranji
Village	Kalyan	Palghar	Alibag	Mahad	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Malegaon	Nandurbar	Jalgaon	Shevgaon	Shrirampur	Poona	Miraj	Sholapur	Ichalkaranji
Working		(8)	(8)				(8)		(8)	(8)					
of Labour	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.
Labour—															
penters ..		8.00	9.00				6.00		5.00	6.00					
cksmiths ..		8.00	10.00				6.00		4.00	6.00					
hies (Cobblers).		3.00	....				6.00		3.00	6.00					
our—															
..		2.75	4.00				2.50		4.00	3.00					
men ..		2.50	3.00				2.00		3.00	2.50					
lren ..		1.50	2.00				1.00		3.00	2.00					
Agricultural															
..		....	2.50				....		3.00	3.00					
en ..		....	2.00				....		2.00	2.50					
ren ..		....	2.00				....		....	2.00					
..		....	3.00				2.50		3.00	4.00					
en ..		....	2.25				2.50		2.00	3.00					
lren ..		....	2.25				1.00		2.00	2.50					

I.N.R.—Information not received.

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

STATEMENT OF AGRICULTURAL WAGES IN URBAN AREAS DURING MAY, 1973—contd.

Division	AURANGABAD					NAGPUR									
	District	Aurangabad	Parbhani	Bhir	Nanded	Osmanabad	Buldhana	Akola	Amravati	Ycotal	Wardha	Nagpur	Bhandara	Chandrapur	
Village	Aurangabad	Hingoli	Mominabad	Nanded	Bembla	Shegaon	Mangalpir	Amravati	Digras	Wardha	Narkhed	Gondia	Warora	Desai-gunj	
Working						(8)	(8)	(8)			(7)	(8)			
Type of Labour	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	
Unskilled Labour—															
Carpenters ..						5.00	6.00	6.50			10.00	5.00			
Blacksmiths ..						5.00	7.00	6.50			7.00	5.00			
Mochies(Cobblers).						5.00	3.50	6.50			6.00	3.00			
Skilled Labour—															
Men ..						2.25	2.00	2.75			4.50	1.75			
Women ..						1.25	1.50	2.25			1.50	1.25			
Children ..						....	1.00	2.00			3.00	0.75		
Agricultural Labour—											(8)				
Men ..						2.25	3.00	2.50			5.00	2.00			
Women ..						1.25	2.50	2.25			2.00	1.25			
Children ..						....	1.50	1.75			2.00	0.75		
Artisans—															
Men ..						....	....	2.75			3.00	1.50		
Women ..						....	....	2.25			1.50	....		
Children ..						....	....	1.50			1.50	....		

I.N.R.—Information not received.

STATEMENT OF AGRICULTURAL WAGES IN RURAL AREAS DURING MAY, 1973

1818

Division	BOMBAY											POONA						
	Thana		Kola- ba	Ratna- giri	Nasik		Dhulia			Jalgaon			Ahmednagar			Poona	Satara	
	Tana- shij	Dolk- hamb	Man- gaon	Masure	Lasal- gaon	Pimp- algaon	Taloda	Pim- palner	Kapadne	Wagholi	Rot- wad	China- wal	Rashin	Deolali	Kalas- khurd	Jun- nar	Kel- ghar	Budh
Working					(8)	(8)	(8)				(8)	(8)						
Labour	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.
...					8.00	8.00	6.00				6.00	8.00						
...					9.00	9.00	6.00				6.00	6.00						
...					7.00	7.00	6.00				6.00	5.00						
...					3.00	3.00	2.50				3.00	2.50						
...					2.50	2.50	2.00				1.50	2.00						
...					1.50	1.50	1.50				1.00	1.50						
Agricultural					2.00	2.00	2.50				3.00	2.50						
...					1.50	1.50	2.00				2.00	2.00						
...					0.75	0.75	1.50				1.00	1.50						
...					....	....	2.50				....						
...					....	....	2.00				....						
...					....	....	1.50				....						

I.N.R. - Information not received

LABOUR GAZETTE - AUGUST 1973

District	POONA					AURANGABAD					NAGPUR								
	Sangli		Sholapur	Kolhapur		Parbhani	Bhir	Nanded	Osmanabad	Buldhana	Akola	Yectmal	Wardha	Nagpur	Bhandara	Amravati	Chandrapur		
	Jath	Atpadi Charan	Hajapur	Gargoti	Kadoli	Phulmarin	Pingali	Amalnair	Loha	Latur	Mera Bk.	Akoli	Babulgaon	Seloo	Fetri	Sakoli	Khala-pur	Mul	Brahma-puri
Working					(8)					(8)	(8)		(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)			
of Labour	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	
Labour—																			
penters.					9-00					Work not done on daily wages	2-50		7-00	6-00	5-00	6-00			
smiths.					10-00						2-50		5-00	6-00	4-00	6-00			
chies (blers.)					7-00						2-50		3-00	6-00	4-00	6-00			
Labour—														(10)					
n ..					2-50					2-00	1-50		3-00	3-00	2-50	2-50			
men ..					2-00					1-00	0-75		1-25	2-00	1-50	2-00			
ldren ..					....					1-00	....		1-00	1-25	1-00	1-50			
gricultural														(8)					
n ..					2-50					2-00	....		3-00	2-50	2-50	2-25			
men ..					2-00					1-00	....		1-25	1-50	1-50	2-00			
ldren ..					2-00					1-00	....		1-00	1-00	1-00	1-50			
n—														(10)					
n ..					....					....	1-50		2-50	3-00	2-00	2-50			
men ..					....					....	....		....	1-50	1-50	2-00			
ldren ..					....					....	....		....	1-25	1-00	1-25			

I.N.R.—Information not received.

LABOUR GAZETTE—AUGUST 1973

ERRATA TO THE LABOUR GAZETTE FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1973

Page No.	Line/Entry/Item	Column/ Paragraph	Incorrect	Correct
1414	1st Line	.. 1st paragraph ..	Marathawada	Marathwada.
1417	6th Line	.. 2nd paragraph	18·4	18·14
1434	3rd Line	1st paragraph	higher than at	higher than that.
1434	1st Line	.. 2nd paragraph	due to at rise	due to a rise
1436	Vegetable and fruits sub-group I-A (g) (May 1973).	5th paragraph	231	()
1436	..	7th paragraph	()	231
1489	Table I(a)	.. Col. 3	Misc. (TR) (U) I	Misc. (TR) (IC) Applns.
1494	First Line (Industrial disputes in Maharashtra State during February 1972).	.....	February 1972	February 1973
1495	First Line	.. Col. No. 6	.. at Kordl District Nagpur.	at Karudi District Nagpur.
1495	Third Line	... do.	do.	do.
1497	Table—Item 5	.. ..	58·67	58·57
1498	9th Line reading	February	March
1522	Line No. 9 (Sr. No. 39.	Col. No. 9	.. 4728	6324

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ERRATA TO LABOUR GAZETTE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1973

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1583	(3) Stationery	7	192	188
1583	do.	8	188	192
1585	Groups-I-A Food	Group Index May 1973	...	303
1585	Consumer Price Index Number	..	...	259
1586	Sub-Group I-A (b) Index	Column 8	370	371
1589	(a) Medical Care			
	(1) Doctors fees ..	Column 6	5.40	5.00
1590	(e) others			
	(1) Utensils (copper)	..	20.40	20.00
1591	First lines Para 1	... ..	Working class	For Working class
1593	I-A Food Group Index	Column 7	238	232
1606	Foot Note	.. ... ..	impended	imputed
1644	Table	2nd Para	2, 24, 4-34	2, 42, 434
1645	Table	5th Para	95658	9565
1645	Table	..	8398	839
1647	3rd Line	1st Para	131 to 500	101 to 500
1670	Table	2nd	Food	Food

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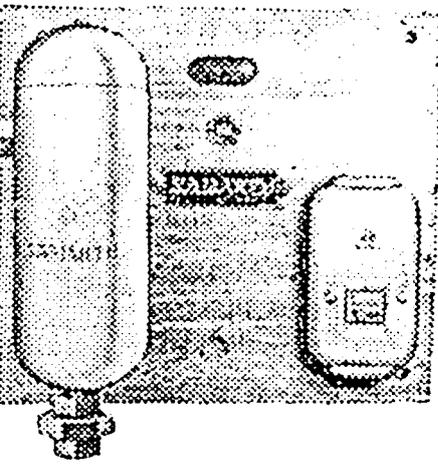
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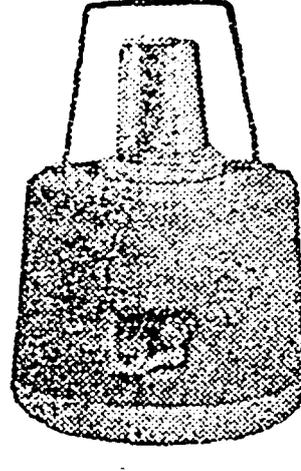
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