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LABOUR GAZETTE

Started in 1921, the *Labour Gazette*, issued monthly, is a journal for the use of all interested in obtaining prompt and accurate information on matters specially affecting labour in India and abroad. It contains statistical and other information on consumer price index numbers for working class, industrial disputes, absenteeism, trade unions, industrial relations, cases under labour laws, glimpses of industrial awards, labour legislation, etc. Special articles embodying results of enquiries and research relating to wages, hours of work, unemployment, family budgets, etc., are published from time to time.

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The "Labour Gazette"

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LABOUR GAZETTE

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Editor :

Shri A. D. DIVEKAR, B.A. (Hons.),
Deputy Commissioner of Labour,
Maharashtra, Bombay (Ex-Officio).

The Month in Brief

Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class

The Bombay, Sholapur and Nagpur Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for the month of October 1973 with the average prices for the year ended December 1960 equal to 100 were, 228, 279 and 260 respectively. The Jalgaon, Nanded, Poona and Aurangabad Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for the month of October 1973, with the average prices for the year ended December 1961 equal to 100 were, 298, 304, 247 and 284 respectively.

Industrial Disputes

During August 1973, there were 81 disputes involving 23,114 workmen and a time loss of 1,63,680 working days, as compared to 76 disputes in July 1973 involving 25,805 workers and time loss of 1,89,905 mandays. Further particulars of industrial disputes are given at pages 478 to 479 and 505 to 513 of this issue.

Absenteeism

During Sept. 1973, the average absenteeism in the textile industry in seven textile centres in the State viz. Bombay City, Nagpur, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nanded, Akola and Aurangabad amounted to 16.22 per cent. as against 15.69 per cent. in Sept. 1972. For further particulars see pages 480 of this issue.

Production of Cotton Yarn Spun and Manufacture of cloth

During June 1973, Mills in Bombay City produced a total of 1,38,64,000 Kgs. of yarn, 1,85,000 Kgs. of Miscellaneous goods such as blankets, hosiery goods and knitted fabrics and packed 38,64,000 metres of cotton goods mixed with silk, wool, terene, etc. and packed 9,69,58,000 metres wearable and non-wearable cloth and those in rest of Maharashtra produced 54,96,000 Kgs. of yarn, 83,000 Kgs. of miscellaneous goods such as blankets, hosiery and knitted fabrics and packed 2,87,02,000 metres of wearable and non-wearable cloth. The total production of cotton yarn, miscellaneous goods and mixed with silk, wool, terene, etc. packing of wearable and non-wearable cloth for the whole State of Maharashtra amounted to 1,93,60,000 Kgs., 68,000 Kgs., 40,94,000 metres and 12,56,60,000 metres respectively,

Current Notes

Minimum Wages Committee for Rubber Industry

The Government of Maharashtra has appointed a Committee under the chairmanship of Shri Eknathrao B. Nimbalkar, M.L.A., to hold enquiries into the conditions prevailing in the employment in the rubber manufacturing industry in the State and to advise the Government in the matter of revision of minimum rates of wages in the employment.

The Committee has issued a questionnaire to the employers' organisations and unions in the industry which is to be returned duly filled in to its Secretary Shri D. G. Deshpande, Assistant Commissioner of Labour, Poona.

New Members on Minimum Wages Committee

The Government of Maharashtra has appointed Shri N. K. Vissanji, Senior Executive of Wallace Flour Mills Co. Ltd., Bombay and Shri Shambihari Goyal, Shri Bajrang Dall Mill, Central Avenue Road, Nagpur, as the members representing employers on the committee appointed to hold enquiries into the conditions prevailing in the employment in any rice mill, flour mill, or dal mill in the State and to advise in the matter of revision of minimum rates of wages in the employment.

Additional Commissioner of Labour for Maharashtra Appointment of

A new post of Additional Commissioner of Labour, for Maharashtra has been created at Bombay, Shri R. J. Tamboli has taken over the charge of this new post with effect from 12th November 1973.

Collective Bargaining under Adverse circumstances

Mr. Peter Henle of the Congressional Research Service of the Library of Congress (U.S.A.) has examined several bargaining relationships that have recently attracted attention because the unions involved have agreed to radical revisions in existing contracts in order to save jobs. He notes that each of these cases has centred on one plant in a relatively successful multiplant firm, in which labour costs have been clearly above those of competitors, and there is a history of mutual trust and confidence between the parties. The following extracts from his article may be read with interest :—

" During the past three years, a new phenomenon has appeared in the field of collective bargaining. A number of bargaining agreements have been reopened well in advance of their termination and significant provisions have been renegotiated embodying sizeable concessions by unions. Although there have been few such situations, they have involved prominent corporations and unions and thus have attracted extensive publicity. As a result, they have been frequently cited by employers involved in other bargaining situations and they may affect the bargaining mood and attitudes of both unions and employers for some time.

A firm's financial health of course affects the economic climate in which any labour-management negotiation takes place. In cases in which employers face financial difficulties, agreements frequently have been renewed with limited or even no gains by the union and occasionally a wage reduction has been negotiated. Such situations are to be expected during a recession and in fact, the

These union concession cases are perhaps the purest example of economic factors at work in a collective bargaining situation. They are a useful reminder that union decisions must be related to economic realities. In these cases, economic conditions in effect dictated a turnaround in labour costs. This is of special interest to economists who have been assuming that wage settlements in line with the nation's economic needs could not be achieved through collective bargaining. In their arguments they could point to the 1969-71 experience when the recession seemed to have no appreciable dampening effect on the continuing high level of wage increases. Yet, in the cases cited in this article, the result of bargaining has been a downward flexibility in labour costs.

This tendency, however, should not be overemphasized. Almost all newly negotiated agreements incorporate advances in wages, and most firms find it possible to operate quite successfully at the higher wage level. Increases in productivity through improved technology, materials, or work methods, soften the impact of higher compensation on unit labour costs. Situations which reverse this normal bargaining process to lower the level of compensation must be placed in the category of "rare and unusual" cases.

On the other hand, the fact that unions and managements were able to reach agreement, even in this limited number of cases, on such sensitive issues and under such difficult circumstances, is evidence that the collective bargaining system still serves national objectives and is responsive to economic conditions and adaptable to changing circumstances.

Shri Stresses Wage Price Link-Up

President V. V. Giri, on 17th November 1973 called for a "proper linking up of wages, productivity and prices".

However, he said that "if the wages factor is not matched by a proportionate increase in productivity and production, the very system will not be able to adjust itself to the growing demands of labour."

Speaking at a function for the distribution of national safety awards Shri Giri addressed with his "working class comrades" to realise their primary responsibility to maintain the production and productivity at the highest tempo.

"Employers, for their part", the President pointed out, "must also create a climate for good industrial relations by a proper appropriation of the role of labour which is a co-sharer in the fortune of industry."

The President commended to managements and trade unions alike to "devote utmost attention and energy to schemes designed to ensure the safety of workers."

The Labour Minister, K. V. Raghunatha Reddy, in his address, said it was imperative that the Government, industry and trade unions should all co-operate in their efforts to stop accidents. A specialist cell was proposed to be set up in the Central Labour Institute to suggest improved methods to make the plant, machinery and processes safe.

The President gave away awards to 40 workmen who have distinguished themselves for their excellent performance, and 97 industrial establishments.

Study Tour of Indian Family Planning Services

Eight participants from Turkey arrived in the Indian capital on a Study Tour organised by the UNFPA/ILO to familiarise themselves with some of the successful family planning programmes in India. During the course of their stay in India, the group will study family planning services in the organised sector for workers and their families in Indian industry.

The participants include senior officials of the Turkish Ministry of Health, representatives of employers and workers and medical personnel connected with medical welfare and family planning programmes.

Through its worldwide connections with employers' organisations, trade unions and social agencies, the ILO is helping, through its population education activities, to promote a wider concept of labour welfare, which would include family planning services alongside job security, social security and occupational health as an essential interest of the workers.

This tour is part of an ILO programme whose objective is to see that family planning services are provided to workers as a part of their normal labour welfare and health services, and also to ensure that these are accepted and sought by the workers themselves. In this connection the ILO has launched a series of operational programmes, with the financial support of the UNFPA, to establish a programme for the organised sector within the national population and family planning programmes.

Upon completion of an orientation and briefing course at the Department of Family Planning, Labour and Employment and the Employees' State Insurance Corporation, the participants will have detailed discussions with the concerned employers and workers organisations in India. Also scheduled are visits to various institutions and family planning centres in New Delhi, Bombay, Jamshedpur, Dhanbad and Calcutta which will enable the visitors to have first hand information on the progress achieved in the field of family planning.

An Evaluation Session is proposed at the end of the Study Tour at Calcutta where the various organisations concerned with the successful implementation of family planning programmes will exchange their experiences with the participants.

Minister's Award on Cement Workers' Wages

A bipartite negotiating committee consisting of representatives of employers and employees in the cement industry was constituted in June 1973 to negotiate and settle all problems such as wages, dearness allowance and all related matters. The members of the Committee are :—

Employers' Group : Shri R. D. Shah, Shri Kurlawala, Shri J. N. Tewari, Dr. S. Sahai, Shri T. S. Subramanyam and Shri N. C. Jain (Cement Manufacturers' Association).

Workers' Group : Shri G. Ramanujam, Shri H. N. Trivedi, Shri I. Moinuddin and Shri D. D. Khoda (I.N.T.U.C.) and Shri M. S. Krishna (MLA, and Shri K. K. Sinha (AITUC),

The employers and employees representatives had several rounds of dis-

an unskilled worker on entry they could not come to an agreement, The Committee almost reached a deadlock. They jointly approached the Labour Minister to use his good offices to bring about a settlement at least on this single issue. During the discussions, both the parties agreed to accept the decision of the Labour Minister as the sole arbitrator and abide by his decision.

The award given by Shri K. V. Raghunatha Reddy, Union Labour Minister on 15th October, 1973 is as follows :—

(1) The total minimum wage for an unskilled worker on entry shall be Rs. 295·10 p.m. linked to all-India Consumer Price Index of 227 base 1960 for the period April-June 1973.

(2) Dearness Allowance : The D. A. will be revised every quarter according to the rise or fall in the said all-India Consumer Price Index. The rate of increase or decrease will be Rs. 1·30 for each point of rise or fall in the average quarterly index. Adjustments of D. A. will be made as follows :—

Average of quarter : July-September, October-December, January-March and April-June.

Date of revision : 1st December, 1st March, 1st June and 1st September.

(3) The revised wage structure shall come into effect from the 15th of September 1973 provided, however, that for paying dearness allowance, the payment to be made for October 1973 should reflect the amount due on the average index for the quarter ending 30th June 1973. The next revision of the dearness allowance will be as indicated above.

(4) Detailed wage structure providing for suitable differentials along with other issues covered by the terms of reference, will be settled by the Bipartite Negotiating Committee within three months.

(5) Till the detailed wage structure is worked out, all those employees who were eligible for the interim relief of Rs. 25 per month granted earlier shall be eligible for getting the benefit of the present increase given to an unskilled worker. All other allowances now obtaining including house rent allowance shall continue to be operative.

(6) This settlement shall be in force up to the 1st March 1977.

If any doubt arises with regard to interpretation of this award the decision of the Labour Minister will be final and binding.

Accidents at work in U. K. in 1972

During the year 1972, as many as 2,58,137 accidents at work, 468 of which were fatal, were notified to the Factory Inspectorate in U. K. These included 216,495 (261 fatal) involving persons engaged in factory processes. 35,017 (190 fatal) to persons engaged in building operations and works of engineering constructions 5,484 (13 fatal) in works at docks, wharves, quays other than shipbuilding and 1,141 (four fatal) in inland warehouses.

9-Nation Seminar on Labour Problems

Participants from nine nations came to Manila for AAFLI's first region-wide seminar, a two-week examination of workers' problems over a range as broad as the continent itself.

Twenty-four ranking trade union leaders were joined by educators, economists and government officials in an unprecedented exploration of the area's economic, social, political and technological circumstances, as they affect wage-earners and small farmers. There were numerous papers presented by specialists in various fields, and nearly as many panel discussions. Sessions ran from 9 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. each weekday, with a 90-minute noon recess.

The welcoming address to the participants was given by Blas F. Ople, Philippine secretary of labour, one of many indications of the importance placed on the seminar by that government. Other nations represented were Fiji, Indonesia, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Singapore, Sri Lanka and Taiwan.

The topics given the most attention were manpower problems and policies, including unemployment and underemployment; wages and wage-setting, both private and public; and land reform in developing countries.

Jeremias U. Montemayor, president of the Federation of Free Farmers, who chaired the opening session; Conrado F. Estrella, Philippine secretary of the department of agrarian reforms; Jose A. Rono, secretary for local government and community development services; Dr. Vincente U. Quintana, director of the Agricultural Credit and Co-operative Institute and S. K. Shen, co-chairman of the Taiwan Land Reform Training Institute, led the sessions on agrarian affairs.

Secretary Ople launched two days on various aspects of employment problems and policies, followed by Dr. Harry T. Oshima, University of the Philippines economics professor; Dr. Bernardo M. Villegas, academic director, Center for Research and Communication and Dr. Mahar Mangahas, also from the University of the Philippines.

Investments and technology involved Vicente T. Paterno, chairman of the Philippine Board of Investments—who discussed how martial law affected his board's operations; Col. Amulfo Ramirez, director of manpower information and operations and Dr. Oshima.

Comparisons of methods of national wage fixing were explored by Prof. K. S. Nijhar, University of Malaya; Prof. Chung Chong-Jin, Korean Yonsei Univ. Graduate School of Business Administration; Amado Inciong, Philippine undersecretary of labour; Froilan Bacungan, wage commissioner in that department, and Dr. Thomas Elliott of the Singapore National Trade Union Congress.

Training, education and related areas were treated by Tomas de la Cruz, manpower consultant for the United Nations' manpower programs; Dr. Manuel S. Alba, director of the Philippine education commission, and Rony Diaz, director of that country's manpower and youth center.

Cipriano Cid of the Philippine Association of Free Labor Unions and Dr. Elliott spoke on the impact of multinational corporations in Southeast Asia. Ben Sharman of the International Association of Machinists joined in this discussion, commenting on the current status of American workers due to the export of jobs.

The closing address by Dr. Cicero Calderone of Siliman University, Dumaguete, Negros Oriental, was entitled "Social Justice: The Asian Experience."

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Articles, Reports, Enquiries, etc.

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USING TWO NEW ARBITRATION TECHNIQUES

SAM KAGEL AND JOHN KAGEL*

**Mediation-arbitration can promote settlement of contract disputes
factfinding can speed handling of grievances**

THE PUSH TO FIND some alternative to strikes, particularly in major labor-management disputes, still continues. Even so staunch a defender of the right to strike as AFL-CIO President George Meany said in a press interview: "Strikes are expensive. We'd like to see some mechanism that would eliminate strikes because we find that strikes are becoming more and more expensive not only to industry, but to those we represent."¹

What must be and has been sought is an incentive to encourage the parties to negotiate their own settlement in tough situations but with voluntarily agreed to provisions for terminal settlement if they cannot reach agreement. The use of orthodox mediation is not always successful in such an effort.

Another difficulty for which labor and management seek solutions exists in the handling of grievance procedures, the most important failure of which is the slowness with which grievances are resolved. What is occurring is an increased awareness among labor and management of the corrosive effect of protracted consideration of the individual employees' problem. It is not so much a question of whether or not the grievance has merit, but whether the unions are learning that employees with unresolved grievances are dissatisfied members and whether management is becoming aware that such dissatisfaction represents a hidden payroll cost in terms of not achieving full productivity from that employee.

There are two evolving techniques in collective bargaining that have gained increasing acceptance as possible remedies for stalemated negotiations and protracted grievance procedures. These are mediation-arbitration, or "med-arb," as a method for settling the substantive terms of a collective bargaining agreement, and a contract provision for a factfinding step early in the grievance procedure designed to make that procedure more effective.

Mediation-arbitration

The primary objective of labor and management in collective bargaining is to arrive at a substantive agreement on wages, hours, and other conditions of employment. To attain this objective, labor and management have developed and used a number of techniques which taken together add up to the collective,

*Shri Sam Kagel and John Kagel are arbitrators and partners in the San Francisco law firm of Kagel and Kagel.

¹AFL CIO press release.

bargaining process. Our purpose is briefly to note all of these techniques, paying particular attention to a new one which we have called mediation arbitration.

The most frequently used technique is that of negotiation—direct discussions between the parties without outsiders participating—the use of advocacy and persuasion by each of the parties seeking to convince the other party as to the correctness and fairness of its position.

The mediation technique marks the entrance into negotiations of an outsider who seeks to aid the parties in reaching an agreement. The mediator has no authority to make decisions on disputed matters and thus cannot impose an agreement on the parties. He can only seek to guide the parties into an area where it may seem likely that the parties can then reach an agreement. But, he has no “muscle” by way of any grant of authority to make a final and binding decision.

In arbitration, on the other hand, a third party also enters the collective bargaining process. But the arbitrator's position is significantly different from that of the mediator as he can impose a final and binding decision on the issues in dispute which is enforceable at law. His authority is a grant from the parties who agree in advance to accept his decision as final and binding. This technique has been seldom used, but its use is increasing, in arriving at the substantive terms of the agreement.

Finally, there is the use of direct economic power—the strike and lockout. Contrary to statements that are often made, collective bargaining does not end when a strike or lockout begins. The purpose of either of these techniques is to bring about an agreement by using direct economic power to force the other party to accept certain terms of settlement.

Thus, negotiation, mediation, arbitration, and the use of direct economic power are the orthodox, accepted techniques which are used to achieve the objective of collective bargaining, namely, the settlement of the terms of the collective bargaining agreement. They are used individually or in combination, and one party's success, or lack of it, is determined by how well these techniques are used in the particular setting then existing, such as economic conditions, relative economic strength of the parties, the interest of government or the public, and so forth.

Over the years there has been a persistent clamor for compulsory arbitration in major labor disputes as an alternative to strikes or lockout. This would have to be accomplished by legislation. Most of organized labor and a substantial portion of management in the private sector is not willing to accept compulsory arbitration. Public employers, particularly, have voiced objection to compulsory arbitration in the public sector.

A combination of mediation and arbitration, placing primary emphasis on negotiations, may be the type of approach to avoid the externally imposed settlement (compulsory arbitration) and heavy economic losses and disruption (strikes and lockouts in major industries). It must be agreed to voluntarily by the parties. Recourse to med-arb requires giving up the right to strike or to lockout.

In this process the mediator-arbiter has a dual role. When acting as a mediator he has in reserve the authority of an arbitrator. This gives the med-arbiter "muscle" which is not available to him if he acts solely as a mediator. It places the med-arbiter in a position where he does far more than transmit messages between labor and management. He, in effect, becomes a party to the negotiations in the sense that, while negotiating, each of the contending parties must necessarily seek to convince him that their position is reasonable and acceptable. In so doing, the parties no longer maintain the arm's length attitude normally assumed in orthodox mediation nor the semilegal stance assumed in an arbitration.

As one participant in a med-arb said, the process keeps both parties "honest." That is, each must really seek a reasonable solution of the issues on the table. Each must disclose all of its respective positions and its reasoning and "evidence" to support them. Each party must face up to the merits of a particular issue under discussion because if either or both do not, the med-arbiter will make the decision. The incentive is for both parties to settle through negotiations rather than have the med-arbiter made the decision. The presence of the med-arbiter provides this incentive.

In short, the posture of the parties in the med-arb process changes from that normally assumed in either orthodox mediation or arbitration. The process encourages direct negotiation between the parties with supervision by the med-arbiter who, if he performs his job properly, will seek to emphasize the need for the parties to arrive at their own agreement. But he has available, if necessary, the authority to make a final decision on any points remaining in dispute.

Med-arb experiences

Will parties accept med-arb knowing that, in effect, they are agreeing to the possibility that a third party—the med-arbiter—may decide key issues in dispute? Our experience has included the use of med-arb in situations prior to strikes and in cases after strikes have occurred. Here are some instances:

In 1970, the agreements of the California Nurses' Association expired with three groups of hospitals. Four thousand nurses and 33 hospitals were involved in this case. The parties agreed to med-arb giving up the right to strike or lockout. Of 89 issues to be settled, 88 were agreed to through negotiations in the presence of the med-arbiter, and the latter had to decide only one issue, a procedural one, in his capacity as arbitrator.

When the 1971-72 Pacific Coast longshore strike ended, 13 issues were left over for med-arb. In two all-day sessions all 13 were settled by negotiations. The issues were important and complicated. There is no doubt that the presence of the med-arbiter was an incentive to the parties to assume reasonable positions and settle the issues directly.

In a med-arb case involving some 40 disputed issues between the restaurants and bartenders in Oakland, Calif, all issues were settled in 1 long day's session without the need of an arbitrator's decision. And after a wildcat strike at a major San Francisco public hospital, over 80 unresolved issues were worked out through med-arb.

The med-arb technique was used in a case involving a major commercial printing company and the Pressman's Union. This resulted in 8 out of 9 issues being settled directly between the parties. Some of these issues involved difficult problems of manning on presses.

Recently a 6-month strike occurred in the San Francisco Bay Area soft drink industry involving six Teamster local unions. When the strikers returned to work, the parties agreed to med-arb. Some 17 common issues were culled out of the over 140 proposals made by the parties. Fifteen of those were settled through med-arb. They included provisions dealing with grievance procedures, sick leave, health and welfare trust, vacations, holidays, mergers, and so on. Many local issues were then considered and only nine remain for decision by arbitration.

The important fact in med-arb is that it is voluntarily accepted even though in this two-level technique the parties agree to be bound by the med-arbiter's decision if a direct settlement is not made. This technique avoids legislative compulsion, generally abhorred by labor-management negotiators. The parties are not fooled by the fact that they know that the med-arbiter has the authority to make the decision if the parties fail to work out their own arrangement. It is precisely that knowledge, however, that is the incentive for the parties to reach their own agreement. It is that knowledge which is the incentive to reasonableness.

Public sector solution ?

In the public sector med-arb would appear particularly appropriate. If strikes are to be outlawed, an alternative method of settling labor-management disputes must be provided. Med-arb would be a more viable technique than that of formal compulsory arbitration. The tradition of strikes in the public sector is not as entrenched as it is in the private sector. If an acceptable alternative to strikes in the public sector is offered, it is likely to gain approval.

It is not suggested that med-arb is the complete answer to those who insist that there be an absolute end to all strikes or lockouts. Such a condition will probably never be achieved regardless of what legislation might be passed for the purpose. Workers cannot be forced to work, and employers cannot be forced to offer employment. Techniques palatable to both parties which encourage direct negotiations with some form of terminal settlement must be developed. Med-arb is one such technique.

The factfinding step

Too often, facts essential to settle a grievance are not obtained until there is an arbitration hearing. Meanwhile, in the steps preceding the arbitration, the union and employer too often assume a litigious stance, with each adopting the view, "my man, right or wrong." The result are deadlocked grievances which should have been settled or withdrawn.

The factfinding step is designed to repair some of these defects. This step in the grievance procedure must be tailored to the requirements of the parties.

If the employee fails to settle the grievance directly with his supervisor and then files a written grievance, this act triggers the factfinding step. The following

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outlines the factfinding process as contained in an agreement made in the San Francisco Bay Area soft drink industry between the employers and six locals of the Teamster Union :

The factfinders shall be organized and function as follows :—

(a) One factfinder shall be designated by the employer and one factfinder shall be designated by the union.

(b) The object of the factfinders is to thoroughly investigate the grievance so that their report could be the basic source of stipulated facts concerning the grievance. Thus the factfinders shall mutually interview witnesses, including the grievant and the employer representative involved in the grievance, collect relevant written records, and carry out such other investigation as may be required by the specific grievance.

In the event an employee is appointed by the union as a factfinder, the employee shall perform his factfinding function with a minimum interruption of work. Except in discharge and suspension cases, the factfinding shall be performed on non-working time unless it is impracticable to do so.

(c) The factfinders shall put in writing all the facts upon which they agree and these will be considered stipulations. If the factfinders cannot agree on certain facts, each factfinder's view of such disputes facts shall also be placed in the written report.

(d) Upon the conclusion of the factfinders' investigation and written stipulations they shall thereafter within 1 working day seek to settle the grievance and shall have the authority to do so.

(e) If the factfinders are unable to settle the grievance, they shall give to the manager of the plant and a designated person in the union a copy of their written report. The manager (or his representative) and the union representative shall then within 2 working days thereafter meet for the purpose of seeking to resolve the grievance.

If the manager and the union representative fail to settle the grievance, the parties will then refer the grievance to the next steps provided in the collective bargaining agreement, including arbitration.

One value in the factfinding step is that it collects immediately the relevant facts. When the parties then seek to negotiate a settlement of the grievance, they address themselves to the stipulated facts, not to what "my man" said or did not say. The posture of the negotiators changes from that of advocates to that of jurors.

Of equal importance, a stipulation of the facts lessens the political aspects of the grievance by providing both union and management officials objective reasons for advising their respective constituents to either drop or settle disputes by pinpointing the operative facts involved.

Factfinding as a technique for resolving labor-management grievances grew out of a backlog of over 1,000 pending grievances involving Aerojet General Corp., a major aerospace company, and its employees. The application of joint factfinding to these grievances sharply reduced the number eventually submitted to arbitration.

The factfinding procedure has been adopted by the Space Division of the North American Rockwell Co. and the United Automobile Workers. Its use has reduced drastically the time within which grievances are settled. As a result of its use, only one grievance went to arbitration in 1971. By contrast, previously many cases went to arbitration and most of them were over 2 years old by the time they reached arbitration. Other industries that have adopted the procedure include companies in the pulp and paper industry and various public agencies. So far, its adoption has led to an improvement in employee attitudes and grievance processing.

An additional improvement has resulted from relabeling a grievance, at least at the first step, a "mutual problem." It does not become a "grievance" until the union wishes to pursue the matter beyond factfinding. The net effect of this simple transformation has been to lessen tensions in the employee-supervisor one-on-one informal first step, and to make labor and management view employee complaints as a *mutual* problem to be resolved.

Attitudes play a significant role in the early resolution of grievances. Because of the change in name, a grievance does not automatically raise a red flag, causing instant argument regardless of its merits. While this is especially true in public employment where supervisory decisions are just beginning to be questioned, it is of equal effect in the private sector and undoubtedly has contributed to North American Rockwell Company's and the United Automobile Workers' success with the new procedures.

The time, expense, and emotions involved in the grievance procedure or their absence is within the control of the parties. Blaming arbitrators for these problems is misplaced criticism. With a proper appreciation of the role of the grievance procedure, the effect of unresolved grievances on individual employees, and with a cessation of the practice of copying grievance procedures rather than drafting them to suit local conditions, the adoption of the techniques outlined can meaningfully reduce the parties' own problems in this area of collective bargaining.

FRUSTRATED CREATIVITY AND SHOPFLOOR UNREST

BY

Shri MICHAEL MASON*

Job enrichment, at the least, is the industrial psychologists' latest palliative against industrial unrest in its various forms: strikes, absenteeism, defective workmanship. It can become a genuine measure to make life more interesting for millions on the factory floor who find many of the repetitive jobs they now do on the assembly line both boring and frustrating.

To try and solve the problem of work frustration a tripartite committee composed of representatives of the British Government, the Trade Union Congress and the Confederation of British Industry has been set up. It held its first meeting against the background of a report "On the Quality of Working Life" by an occupational psychologist, Dr. N. A. B. Wilson, made at the request

analysing the reasons why people become dissatisfied with their work Wilson mentions "forced uniform pacing, especially if the pace is high ; repetitiveness and very short time cycles, leading to monotony, triviality and meaninglessness in work ; large impersonal structures of organisation, working arrangements and relations ; objectives which seem distant and unreal to the worker."

The report concludes that there is consensus of opinion among work study experts that these stresses lead to absenteeism, large labour turnover and consequent problems of manpower resources.

Money Not Enough

In recognising that a mass return to craftsmanship and individual enterprise is impossible, the report adds that proposals to meet the individual's needs for achievement and commitment by automating his work and transferring his natural interest to leisure pursuits, or even just to pay enormous wages for unpopular routine work, are unlikely to be feasible or effective now or in the future.

Money alone is not enough to turn dissatisfaction into satisfaction. People are looking for a better life all round.

In individual studies it was found that although men value the pay and security which assembly line jobs offer, most of them dislike the pace at which the line is set. "The work isn't hard", commented one worker, "it's the horrendous pace. The men yell 'hurrah' whenever the line breaks down. I can hear it all over the plant."

Many men and women found the assembly line job physically tiring. The main source of this fatigue, says Dr. Wilson, is probably a combination of the working together with unremitting, if superficial, attention. "The worker has neither the comfort of letting his mind wander nor the absorption of the craftsman or professional."

Monotonous

Workers find no interest in the job and dislike the monotony. There seems to be a very high degree of association between the two. Men also said that there was little or no possibility of using their brains, developing skills, attending to quality work, or becoming more versatile.

The British lead in setting up an official body composed of Government, unions and employers to examine this important problem follows a report from the European Community's Social Action Programme which has recommended abolition of the assembly line as a desirable end.

British industry tends to feel that the dismantling of a system based on efficiency which at times pays too little heed to the human factor, might end in paying too little attention to the need for industry to pay its way, a danger of which both trade unions and employers are aware.

Organisations ranging from trades unions to the Electricity Board and firms such as Shell have made studies of industrial boredom and frustration and it is this experience which the tripartite committee wants to call upon before

Notifications Under Labour Laws

Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948

Government of Maharashtra has amended Schedule II to the Act, and added after entry No. 172 the following, namely :—

- “ 173. Female employees employed in the Oberoi Sheraton Hotel, Bombay. Section 33, subject to the conditions that—
- (1) no woman shall be given night duty continuing for more than one week ;
 - (2) all women, whose duty terminates or starts after 9-00 p.m. and before 6 a.m. should be provided with Company's conveyance from their residence to hotel and back ;
 - (3) women should be placed in groups at night ;
 - (4) rest rooms and separate lockers shall be provided in the hotel premises for women ;
 - (5) in the Bar Room, no women shall be put on duty as attendant. ”

(Government notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BSE. 1473/189290, Lab.-III-A, dated 18th September 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 25th October 1973 at page 9252).

II

Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948

The Government of Maharashtra has directed that all the provisions of the Factories Act, 1948 (LXIII of 1948), shall apply to the Retail Cloth Shop of the Ambika Silk Mills Company, Ltd., Bombay-13, which is Located within the precincts of the factory of the Mills Company.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BSE. 2473/187619/ Lab.-III-A, dated 18th September 1973 published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 25th October 1973 at pages 9252-53).

III

Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948

Government of Maharashtra has—

- (1) directed that all the provisions of the Act shall come into force in the Vairag Gram Panchayat area with effect from the 1st day of December 1973,
- (2) declared Vairag Gram Panchayat to be a local authority for the purposes of the Act from the 1st day of December 1973 and also,
- (3) directed that all the provisions of the Payment of Wages Act, 1936 (IV of 1936) shall subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of the section 38 and with effect from the 1st day of December 1973, apply to all the establishments in the Vairag Gram Panchayat area in the Sholapur District to which the Act shall apply with effect from the 1st day of December 1973.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BSE. 2173/188151/ Lab.-III-A, dated 24th September 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 25th October 1973, at page 9253).

IV

Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948

Government of Maharashtra has amended schedule II to the Act and added after entry No. 173, the following, namely :—

- “ 174(a). Office of the Maharashtra Fisheries Development Corporation Limited, Bombay. Sections 35, 36, 37 and 62 subject to the condition that any visit book, registers and records maintained by the Corporation are continued to be maintained properly and such registers and records are made available to the Inspector for inspection. ”

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BSE. 1473/193920/ LAB-III-(A), dated 17th October 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 25th October 1973, at page 9253).

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Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948

Government of Maharashtra has amended the Schedule II to the Act and added in entry No. 174 in column 2 after entry (a) the following, namely :—

“(b) Regional Sales Office of Messrs. Bharat Ophthalmic Glass Ltd., Bombay.”

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BSE.-1473/191990/Lab-III-A, dated 31st October 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L dated 8th October 1973 at page 9607).

VI

Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948

Government of Maharashtra has amended Schedule II to the Act; and added after entry No. 174 the following, namely :—

“175. Female employees employed in the Hotel President, Cuffe Parade, Bombay-400-005.

Section 33 subject to the conditions that :—

- (1) no woman shall be given night duty continuing for more than one week ;
- (2) all women, whose duty terminates or starts after 9-00 p.m. and before 6-00 a.m. should be provided with Company's conveyance from their residence to the hotel and back ;
- (3) women should be placed in groups at night ;
- (4) rest rooms and separate lockers shall be provided in the hotel premises for women ;
- (5) in the bar room, no women shall be put on duty as attendants.”

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BSE.-1473/19424/Lab-III-A, dated 31st October 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 8th November 1973 at pages 9607-9608).

Central Provinces and Berar Industrial Disputes Settlement Act, 1947

Government of Maharashtra has appointed Shri M. G. Chitale, retired Judge of the High Court, Bombay, and Shri D. L. Bhojwani, Judge, Bombay City Civil Court and Additional Sessions Judge, Greater Bombay, to be Members of the State Industrial Court, and for that purpose Government has amended the notifications, Industries and Labour Department, No. CPA.-1867/LAB(i), dated the 5th August 1967 and CPA. 1872/1165(i)/Lab-I, dated the 13th June 1972 as follows, namely :—

In the said notification in clause (b), for entry 2 and the words and letters,

“Shri D. M. Aney, B.A., LL.B.” the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“2. Shri D. L. Bhojwani, B.A., LL.B.,

3. Shri M. G. Chitale, B.A., LL.B.”

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. CPA. 1873/194846/Lab-I, dated 27th September, 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 18th October 1973 at page 9214).

Employees' Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund Act, 1952

Government of Maharashtra has appointed Sarvashri Rajkumar Chopra and S. R. Suri to be Inspectors (Grade I) for the purposes of the Act and of any Scheme framed thereunder for the whole of the State of Maharashtra.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. EPF. 1673/178669/

I

Factories Act, 1948

Government of Maharashtra has—

(1) appointed Shri S. J. Bhagawat to be the Inspector for the purposes of the Act and assigned to him the local limits of Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Dhulia, Jalgaon, Sangli, Kolhapur, Sholapur and Ratnagiri Districts.

(2) Specified the Deputy Chief Inspector of Factories, Poona to be the authority to which the Inspector shall be officially subordinate.

(3) declared the Inspector of Factories, Dhulia to be the Inspector to whom prescribed notices in respect of the factories situated in the areas of Dhulia, Jalgaon and Nasik Districts shall be sent.

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. FDE. 1273/196322/ Lab-III-B, dated 9th October 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 25th October 1973 at page 9250).

II

Factories Act, 1948

Government of Maharashtra has made the rules called the Maharashtra Factories (Amendment) Rules, 1972, the same having been published as required by Section 115 of the said Act, in the Schedule attached to rule 102, the following new entry has been added viz. :—

Serial No.	Section of the Act empowering exemption	Class of factory	Nature of exempted work	Extend of exemption	Conditions
1	2	3	4	5	6
71	64(2) (d)	Electronic Components Factory.	Welding lacquering and colour coding of carbon resistors.	Sections 51, 54, 55 and 56.	As in Serial No. 10 except condition at (d).

(Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. FAC. 1671/188899/ Lab-III-B, dated 24th September 1973, published in *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, Part I-L, dated 8th November 1973 at page 9597).

I

Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

Government of Maharashtra has appointed—

(a) Shri D. V. Shastri, Judge, Fourth Labour Court, Bombay, to be the Presiding Officer of the Labour Court, Kolhapur, to fill the vacancy caused by reason of resignation of Shri T. D. Patankar ;

(b) Shri A. R. Walawalkar, Judge, Labour Court, Sholapur, to be the Presiding Officer of the Fourth Labour Court, Bombay, to fill the vacancy caused by reason of the appointment of Shri D. V. Shastri as the Presiding Officer of the Labour Court, Kolhapur ; and

(c) Shri C. S. Chindhade, Civil Judge (Senior Division), Poona, to be the Presiding Officer of the Labour Court, Sholapur, to fill the vacancy caused by reason of the appointment of Shri A. R. Walawalkar as the Presiding Officer of the Fourth Labour Court, Bombay.

Utility Services declared in the month of October 1973

Following undertakings have been declared as the public Utility Service under the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 for the period indicated against them :—

Name of the undertaking	Period	No. and date of the Notification of M. G. G. in which published
Industry engaged in the production, supply and distribution of Petroleum and Petroleum products.	Six months from 29th September 1973.	IDA.-1467/Lab-II, dated 4th September 1973, <i>Maharashtra Government Gazette</i> , Part I-L, on 4th October 1973, at page 8774.
Industry engaged in the animal food manufacturing wherein 10 or more workmen are employed.	Six months from 23rd September 1973.	IDA.-1473/Lab-II, dated 17th September 1973, <i>Maharashtra Government Gazette</i> , Part I-L, on 4th October 1973, at page 8840.

—•••—

Labour Legislation

THE PAYMENT OF BONUS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1973*

Act No. 39 of 1973

[1st September, 1973]

An Act further to amend the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows :—

1. *Short title.*—This Act may be called the Payment of Bonus (Amendment) Act, 1973.

2. *Amendment of section 10*—In section 10 of the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 (21 of 1965), (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted namely :—

“(3) The provisions of sub-section (2) shall apply in relation to the payment of minimum bonus by every employer to every employee in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972 as they apply in relation to the payment of minimum bonus in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971 and accordingly for the purposes of such application, the reference to ‘the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971’ or any reference to ‘that accounting year’ in that sub-section shall be construed as a reference to ‘the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972’.”

3. *Amendment of section 13*—In section 13 of the principal Act, in the proviso, for the words and figures “in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971”, the words and figures “in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971 and in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972” shall be substituted.

4. *Amendment of section 19*—In section 19 of the principal Act, after sub-section (7), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

“(8) The provisions of sub-section (2) to (7) (both inclusive) shall apply in relation to the percentage of the salary or wage of an employee payable (in cash or, as the case may be, partly by remittance for crediting in his provident fund account and partly in cash) by way of bonus under this Act (including section 34) in the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972 as they apply in relation to the percentage of the salary or wage of an employee payable as aforesaid by way of bonus under this Act (including section 34) in the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971 and accordingly for the purposes of such application—

(i) any reference to ‘the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971’ in sub-sections (2), (3) and (4), shall be construed as a reference to ‘the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972’; and

(ii) the reference to ‘sub-section (2) of section 10’ in sub-section (4), shall be construed as a reference to ‘sub-section (3), of section 10’.

The Employees’ Provident Funds and Family Pension Fund (Amendment) Act, 1973.†

Ministry of Law, Justice and Company Affairs, Legislative Department, New Delhi, the 7th September 1973|Bhadra 16, 1895 (Saka)—4th September 1973.—An Act further to amend the Employees’ Provident Funds and Family Pension Fund Act, 1952 and to incorporate an explanatory provision connected therewith in section 405 of the Indian Penal Code.

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 6th September

(2) It shall come into force in the Official Gazette.

2. Amendment of Pension Fund Act, words “be recovered Central Provident Fund” in the C

3. Amendment of sub-section (1) the (a) in sub-section (b) after sub-section (1) the

“(2) With an employer (employee) for the first time contained in debts.”

4. Amendment of (a) after sub-section (1A) A

“(1A) A provisions of section payment of the payment term which

(a) where employee wages; (b) where liable to

Provided judgment, imprisonment (b) in sub-sections of this (c) sub-section

5. Insertion of 14AA. having been Family Pension Act, the following

14AB. rupees. 14AB. Code

it shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint.

Amendment of section 8.—In section 8 of the Employees' Provident Funds and Family Pension Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for the words "be recovered by the appropriate Government", the words "be recovered by the Provident Fund Commissioner or such other officer as may be authorised by him, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, in this behalf," shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 11.—Section 11 of the principal Act shall be re-numbered as section (1) thereof, and—

(a) in sub-section (1) as so re-numbered, for the words and figures "section 230 of the Companies Act, 1913 (7 of 1913),", the words and figures "section 530 of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956);" shall be substituted;

(b) after sub-section (1) as so re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), if any amount is due from an employer in respect of the employee's contribution (deducted from the wages of the employee) for a period of more than six months, the amount so due shall be deemed to be a first charge on the assets of the establishment, and shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, be paid in priority to all other debts."

Amendment of section 14.—In section 14 of the principal Act,—

after sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(1A) An employer who contravenes, or makes default in complying with, the provisions of section 6 or clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 17 in so far as it relates to the payment of inspection charges, or paragraph 38 of the Scheme in so far as it relates to payment of administrative charges, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, but—

(a) which shall not be less than three months in case of default in payment of the employees' contribution which has been deducted by the employer from the employees' wages;

(b) which shall not be less than one month, in any other case; and shall also be liable to fine which may extend to two thousand rupees:

Provided that the court may, for any adequate and special reasons to be recorded in the judgment, impose a sentence of imprisonment for a lesser term or of fine only in lieu of imprisonment."

(c) in sub-section (2), for the words "The Scheme", the words "Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Scheme" shall be substituted;

(d) sub-section (3) shall be omitted.

Insertion of new sections 14AA 14AB and 14AC.—After section 14A of the principal Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely :—

14AA. Enhanced punishment in certain cases after previous conviction.—Whoever, after having been convicted by a court of an offence punishable under this Act, the Scheme or the Family Pension Scheme, commits the same offence shall be subject for every such subsequent offence to imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year but which shall not be less than three months and shall also be liable to fine which may extend to four thousand rupees.

14AB. Certain offences to be cognizable.—Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (5 of 1898), an offence relating to default in payment of contribution by the employer punishable under this Act shall be cognizable.

14AC. Cognizance and trial of offences.—(1) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act, the Scheme or the Family Pension Scheme except on a report in writing of the facts constituting such offence made with the previous sanction of the Provident Fund Commissioner or such other officer as may be authorised by the Central Government, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, in this behalf, by an Inspector appointed under section 13.

(2) No court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or a Magistrate of the first class shall try any offence under this Act or the Scheme or the Family Pension Scheme."

6. *Amendment of section 14B.*—In section 14B of the principal Act,—

(a) after the words "contribution to the Fund", the words "or the Family Pension Fund" shall be inserted;

(b) for the words "the appropriate Government", the words "the Central Provident Fund Commissioner or such other officer as may be authorised by the Central Government, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, in this behalf" shall be substituted;

(c) the words "twenty-five per cent. of" shall be omitted;

(d) the following proviso shall be inserted at the end, namely:—

"Provided that before levying and recovering such damages, the employer shall be given a reasonable opportunity of being heard."

7. *Insertion of new section 14C.*—After section 14B of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"14C. *Power of court to make orders.*—(1) Where an employer is convicted of an offence of making default in the payment of any contribution to the Fund or the Family Pension Fund or in the transfer of accumulations required to be transferred by him under sub-section (2) of section 15 or sub-section (5) of section 17, the court may, in addition to awarding any punishment, by order in writing require him within a period specified in the order (which the court may, if it thinks fit and on application in that behalf, from time to time, extend), to pay the amount of contribution or transfer the accumulations as the case may be, in respect of which the offence was committed.

(2) Where an order is made under sub-section (1), the employer shall not be liable under this Act in respect of the continuation of the offence during the period or extended period, if any, allowed by the court, but if, on the expiry of such period or extended period, as the case may be, the order of the court has not been fully complied with, the employer shall be deemed to have committed a further offence and shall be punished with imprisonment in respect thereof under section 14 and shall also be liable to pay fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for every day after such expiry on which the order has not been complied with."

8. *Insertion of new section 17B.*—After section 17A of the principal Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"17B. *Liability in case of transfer of establishment.*—Where an employer, in relation to an establishment, transfers that establishment in whole or in part, by sale, gift, lease or licence or in any other manner whatsoever, the employer and the person to whom the establishment is so transferred shall jointly and severally be liable to pay the contribution and other sums due from the employer under any provision of this Act or the Scheme or the Family Pension Scheme, as the case may be, in respect of the period up to the date of such transfer:

Provided that the liability of the transfer shall be limited to the value of the assets obtained by him by such transfer."

9. *Amendment of Act 45 of 1860.*—To section 405 of the Indian Penal Code, the following *Explanation* shall be added, namely:—

"*Explanation.*—A person, being an employer, who deducts the employee's contribution from the wages payable to the employee for credit to a Provident Fund or Family Pension Fund established by any law for the time being in force, shall be deemed to have been entrusted with the amount of the contribution so deducted by him and if he makes default in the payment of such contribution to the said Fund in violation of the said law, shall be deemed to have dishonestly used the amount of the said contribution in violation of a direction of law as aforesaid."

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for October 1973

BOMBAY*

228—Index remained stationary.

In October 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for the Bombay Centre with base January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 228 being same as that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59, from a living survey at the Bombay Centre.

The index number for the pan, supari tobacco group decreased by 18 points to 221 due to a fall in the average prices of pan, supari and chewing tobacco.

The index number for the fuel and light group decreased by 1 point to 118 due to a fall in the average price of coal.

The index number for the clothing bedding and footwear group increased by 8 points to 229 due to a rise in the average prices of sarees, shirting, mulmul, trouser cloth, long cloth markin, bush shirt, full pant, vest, shoes (gents), chappal ladies.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 2 points to 181 due to a rise in the average prices of hair oil, umbrella, durrie, trunk, utensils (brass) and washing soap.

The index number for the food group and housing remained stationary at 253 and 118 respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CITY

(Average price for the calendar year 1960=100)

Group	Weight proportional to the total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
I-A. Food	57.1	253	253
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	4.9	239	239
II. Fuel and Light	5.0	211	211
III. Housing	4.6	118	118
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	9.4	221	229
V. Miscellaneous	19.0	181	181
Total	100.0		
Consumer Price Index Number .. .. .	.....	228	228

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 598 to 605 of December 1965 issue of *Labour Gazette*. For Errata see page 867 of January 1966 issue.

Note.— To obtain the equivalent old index number 1933-34=100, the general index number 1960=100 should be multiplied by 4.44.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE— contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportion- al to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended December 1960 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
I.A. Food—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	kg. ..	59.23	0.70	1.48	1.40	211	200
(2) Wheat ..	" ..	25.05	0.41	0.91	0.91	222	222
(3) Jowar ..	" ..	9.42	0.53	.	.	.	.
(4) Bajra ..	" ..	3.22	0.55	1.75	1.58	318	287
(5) Bread ..	125 g. ..	0.92	0.12	0.40	0.28	333	233
(6) Grinding charges ..	3 kg. ..	2.16	0.09	0.21	0.21	233	233
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (a) ..						229	218
(b) Pulses and pulse pro- ducts—							
(1) Arhar Dal ..	kg. ..	63.78	0.78	2.43	2.47	312	317
(2) Gram Dal ..	" ..	12.99	0.60	2.48	2.54	413	423
(3) Moong Dal ..	" ..	12.21	0.90	2.73	2.57	303	286
(4) Masur Dal ..	" ..	7.87	0.78	2.14	2.15	274	276
(5) Urid Dal ..	" ..	3.15	0.88	3.01	3.00	342	341
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (b) ..						322	324
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Coconut Oil ..	500 ml. ..	9.55	1.36	4.79	5.90	352	434
(2) Groundnut Oil ..	" ..	71.05	1.00	3.77	3.60	377	360
(3) Anaspati (loose) ..	500 g. ..	19.40	1.75	4.58	4.58	262	262
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (c) ..						352	348
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat's Meat ..	500 g. ..	52.54	1.48	4.00	4.00	270	270
(2) Fish fresh—							
(i) Bumbleblows ..	Dozen ..	38.41	0.44	0.97	1.12	216	229
(ii) Pamfret ..	Each ..	.	1.23	2.60	2.50	.	.
(3) Fish dry Bombil ..	Dozen ..	3.97	0.25	0.75	0.75	300	300
(4) Eggs ..	" ..	5.08	1.93	4.57	4.61	237	239
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (d) ..						249	254

*Since no quotations of Jowar were available, its weight is imputed to Bajra which is an allied millet.

CONSUMER PR

Articles

1

(i) Milk and Milk
Products—

(1) Milk—
(i) Pure
(ii) Aerated
(2) Curd
(3) Ghee

Sub-group Index I-A

(i) Condiments
Spices—

(1) Salt ..
(2) Turmeric
(3) Chillies (dried)
(4) Chillies (green)
(5) Onion
(6) Garlic
(7) Coconut

Other Spices—

(8) Pepper
(9) Jeera
(10) Lavang

To

Sub-group Index I-A

(i) Vegetables

Fruits—
Potatoes
Mull
Brinjals
Cauliflower
Cabbage
Bhendi
Tomatoes
Tomatoes raw
Pumpkin
Karela
Peas
Palak
Methi
Tondali
Amla-leaves
Banana
Orange
Lemon

Index Number
I-A (d)

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended December 1960	Sept. 1973		Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milks—							
(i) Pure ..	L. ..	86.87	1.15	2.78	2.77	221	220
(ii) Aarey ..	"	1.03	2.06	2.06		
(2) Curd ..	kg. ..	1.31	1.57	3.94	3.95	251	252
(3) Ghee ..	" ..	11.82	7.50	22.19	22.50	296	300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (e)						230	230
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt ..	kg. ..	5.40	0.13	0.27	0.27	208	208
(2) Turmeric ..	500 g. ..	5.40	0.72	3.07	3.11	426	432
(3) Chillies (dry) ..	" ..	28.42	1.35	2.60	2.64	193	196
(4) Chillies (green) ..	" ..	6.83	0.41	1.23	1.18	300	283
(5) Onion ..	" ..	19.42	0.15	0.53	0.71	353	473
(6) Garlic ..	" ..	4.67	0.60	2.14	2.17	357	362
(7) Coconut ..	Each ..	12.95	0.33	1.10	1.24	333	376
Other Spices—							
(8) Pepper ..	500 g. ..	16.91	3.69	5.17	5.16	313	319
(9) Jeera ..	"	1.80	5.15	5.40		
(10) Lavang ..	10 g.	0.31	1.59	1.60		
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (f)						291	321
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
Potatoes ..	½kg. ..	20.82	0.25		0.73		292
Muli ..	Judi ..	2.06	0.06		0.24		400
Brinjals ..	½kg. ..	8.70	0.26		0.78		300
Cauliflower ..	" ..	4.58	0.35		1.20		343
Cabbage ..	" ..	6.41	0.26		1.12		431
Bhendi ..	" ..	4.58	0.42		0.75		179
Tomatoes Ripe ..	" ..	10.30	0.38		0.86		219
Tomatoes raw ..	"	0.25		0.53		250
Pumpkin red ..	" ..	2.29	0.20		0.50		262
Karela ..	" ..	1.60	0.42		1.10		408
Peas ..	" ..	0.69	0.48		1.96		300
Palak ..	Judi. ..	1.37	0.06		0.18		367
Methi ..	" ..	3.20	0.06		0.22		392
Tondali ..	½kg. ..	7.78	0.26		1.02		200
Alu-leaves ..	Judi ..	5.03	0.06		0.12		296
Banana ..	Doz. ..	14.87	0.48		1.42		190
Orange ..	" ..	3.66	2.10		4.00		383
Lemon ..	" ..	2.06	0.48		1.84		
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Sub-group I-A (g)						279	297

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR BOMBAY CENTRE— contd.**

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(h) Other Food—</i>							
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	500 g. ..	29.57	0.60	1.21	1.22	202	203
(2) Tea Leaf ..	50 g. ..	12.52	0.39	0.61	0.61	156	156
(3) Snacks (Bhajiya) ..	Plate of 8 pieces	15.01	0.11	0.34	0.33	309	300
(4) Snacks (Jalebi) ..	kg. ..	7.11	1.90	6.89	6.90	363	363
(5) Tea Readymade ..	Cup ..	34.55	0.07	0.17	0.17	243	243
(6) Cold Drink ..	Bottle of 340 ml.	1.24	0.12	0.56	0.56	467	457
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (h) ..						241	240
I-A. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and cereal products.	35.29				229	218
(b) Pulses and Pulse products.	4.79				322	324
(c) Oils and Fats	5.78				352	348
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs	10.62				249	254
(e) Milk and Milk Products.	9.53				230	230
(f) Condiments and Spices.	6.76				291	321
(g) Vegetables and Fruits	8.24				279	297
(h) Other Food.	18.99				241	240
Total ..		100.00					
Group I-A. Index ..						253	233
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco etc.							
(1) Pan (leaf) ..	100 leaves	18.55	0.52	2.23(R)	1.73	429	333
(2) Pan (finished) ..	Each	9.89	0.04	0.11	0.11	275	275
(3) Supari ..	500 g. ..	19.44	3.42	4.58	4.46	134	130
(4) Katha ..	"	3.53	4.76	12.83	13.79	270	290
(5) Bidi ..	Kattu of 25	28.80	0.16	0.30	0.30	188	188
(6) Cigarette ..	Pkt. of 10	6.54	0.14	0.45	0.45	321	321
(7) Chewing Tobacco ..	kg.	13.25	4.16	6.78	6.73	163	162
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-B ..						239	221
II. Fuel and Lighting—							
(1) Firewood ..	40 kg.	11.51	3.39	7.44	7.44	219	219
(2) Kerosene Oil ..	litre ..	42.64	0.28	0.62	0.62	221	221
(3) Electricity charges	Unit ..	9.81	0.22	0.34	0.34	155	155
(4) Charcoal ..	40 kg. ..	28.30	7.36	16.12	16.04	219	218
(5) Match box ..	Each (50 stick)	7.74	0.05	0.09	0.09	180	180
Total ..		100.00					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX		Unit Quant
Articles		
1		2
I Housing—		
I Residential House ..		
Total ..		
II. Index ..		
A Clothing, Bedding and Footwear :		
Semi Bleached ..	Pai	
Dark bleached ..	Pai	
Low Initial aranti ..	Eac	
Low Malegann ..	Eac	
Krispi Sharrock ..	M.	
Krispi Masfathal ..	M.	
Long Cloth ..	M.	
Towers Cloth ..	M.	
Mutha ..	M.	
Murba ..	M.	
Pashm ..	Mo	
Full Print ..	Ea	
Lax ..	Ea	
B & Girls ..	Pa	
Carpets-ladies ..	Pa	
Total ..		
Group IV. Index ..		
7. Miscellaneous—		
(a) Medical Care—		
(1) Doctor Fees ..	F	
(2) Medicine ..	4	
(3) E.S.I. Premium ..		
Total ..		
Stationery, Index-V(a)		
(1) Education, recreation and amusement—		
(1) School Fees ..		
(2) School Book ..		
(3) Stationery—		
(i) Ex. Book ..		
(ii) Pencil ..		
(iii) News paper ..		
(iv) Cinema ..		
Total ..		

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR BOMBAY CENTRE-- contd.

Index number	Oct. 1973	Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
					Year ended December 1960	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
					Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
200		III. Housing—							
156		(1) Residential House ..		100.00				118	118
300		Total ..		100.00					
163		Group III. Index ..						118	118
243		IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear :							
457		Dhoti Bleached ..	Pair ..	10.72	9.97	26.72	26.72	246	246
		Dhoti unbleached ..	Pair ..	..	8.89	19.83	19.83		
		Saree Inchallaranii ..	Each ..	28.14	11.74	23.29	23.96	193	197
245		Saree Malegaon ..	Each ..	..	10.72	20.20	20.34		
		Shirtings Sharrock ..	M. ..	24.87	1.68	3.86	3.96	229	240
		Shirting Mafatlal ..	M. ..	..	1.65	3.75	4.03		
		Long Cloth ..	M. ..	5.95	1.60	4.05	4.20	253	262
211		Trousers Cloth ..	M. ..	2.76	1.80	4.79	4.87	266	271
324		Mulmul ..	M. ..	8.54	2.23	5.17	6.20	259	292
		Markin ..	M. ..	..	1.09	3.11	3.33		
		Bush shirt ..	Each ..	3.94	4.20	8.85	8.99	211	214
341		Full Pant ..	Each ..	3.77	5.45	14.50	14.69	266	270
251		Vest ..	Each ..	2.18	1.18	3.30	3.34	280	283
259		Shoe-Gents ..	Pair ..	3.10	16.75	31.12	31.85	186	190
321		Chappal—ladies ..	Pair ..	6.03	6.57	9.40	9.92	143	151
297		Total ..		100.00					
243		Group IV. Index ..						221	229
253		V. Miscellaneous—							
		(a) Medical Care—							
		(1) Doctor Fees ..	Per visit ..	19.78	2.58	4.50	4.50	174	174
		(2) Medicine ..	4 Doses ..	32.46	0.76	1.00	1.00	132	132
		(3) E.S.I. Premium ..	....	47.76	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
313		Total ..		100.00					
279		Sub-group, Index-V(a)						126	126
130		(b) Education, recreation and amusement—							
290		(1) School Fees ..	Per Student ..	22.54	6.75	6.78	6.78	100	100
185		(2) School Book ..	Each ..	7.64	2.47	2.50	2.50	101	101
321		(3) Stationery—							
162		(i) Ex. Book ..	Each ..	4.73	0.12	0.23	0.23	200	200
		(ii) Pencil ..	..	..	0.12	0.25	0.25		
221		(4) News paper ..	Per copy ..	7.64	0.07	0.15	0.15	214	214
		(5) Cinema ..	Adult ..	57.45	0.48	1.43	1.43	298	298
219		Total ..		100.00					
221		Sub-group Index-V(b)						227	227

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS SHOLAPUR* FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—concl'd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(c) Transport and Com- munications—							
(1) Railway fare for 80 Km.	Per Passen- ger.	51.13	1.61	2.45	2.45	152	152
(2) Bus fare ..	Per Adult ..	38.60	0.15	0.20	0.20	133	133
(3) Postage ..	Per Card	10.27	0.05	0.10	0.10	200	200
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(c) ..						150	150
(d) Personal Care and Effects—							
(1) Hair Oil ..	Bottle .. (114 ml.)	26.92	1.36	3.42	3.48	251	256
(2) Barber Charges ..	Per head ..	44.23	0.94	1.77	1.77	188	188
(3) Toilet Soap ..	Cake	14.91	0.44	0.85	0.85	193	193
(4) Tooth Powder ..	Small Bot- tle No. 3.	7.21	0.50	0.79	0.79	158	158
(5) Blade ..	Pkt. of 5 ..	0.96	0.27	0.42	0.42	156	156
(6) Umbrella ..	Each ..	5.77	5.55	13.39	13.49	241	243
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(d) ..						207	208
(e) Others—							
(1) Durrice ..	Each ..	2.66	4.93	11.96	13.82	213	280
(2) Trunk ..	..	2.66	5.82	16.26	16.28	279	260
(3) Utensils (Brass) ..	500 g ..	7.99	2.84	11.29	12.12	398	427
(4) Bucket (Balti) ..	Each ..	2.16	2.96	7.25	7.25	245	245
(5) Laundry charges..	Per Piece ..	25.29	0.15	0.32	0.32	213	213
(6) Washing Soap ..	Bar ..	35.28	1.28	2.34	2.41	183	188
(7) Tailoring charges of Shirt.	Each ..	23.96	1.19	2.70	2.70	210	210
(8) Tailoring charges of Blouse.	..	....	0.89	1.72	1.72	210	210
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(e) ..						220	225
V. Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical Care ..	....	28.27	....	....	....	126	126
(b) Education, Recrea- tion and Amusement.	....	11.94	....	....	....	227	227
(c) Transport and Com- munication.	....	14.81	....	....	....	150	150
(d) Personal Care and Effect.	....	18.89	....	....	....	207	208
(e) Others ..	....	26.09	....	....	....	220	225
Total ..		100.00					
Group V. Index ...						181	183

79—A fall of 2
In October 1973
New Series) for
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CONSUMER

I.A. Food
I.B. Pan, Sup
II. Fuel and
III. Housing
IV. Clothing
V. Miscellan

*Details regar
pages 607 to 612
January 1966 is
Note.—For

SHOLAPUR*

—A fall of 2 points

October 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for the Sholapur Centre with base January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 279 being 2 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 from a living survey in Sholapur City.

The index number for the food group decreased by 5 points to 327 due to a fall in the average prices of jowar, arhar dal, masur dal, chillies green, chillies black, tamarind, onions and sub-group index of vegetables and fruits.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 4 points to 210 due to a rise in the average prices of firewood and match box.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 8 points to 228 due to a rise in the average prices of shirt, long cloth, shirting cloth and dhoti.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 2 points to 194 due to a rise in the average price of hair oil.

The index numbers for the pan, supari, tobacco etc., group and housing remained stationary at 183 and 151 respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SHOLAPUR CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1960 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
A. Food	63.0	332	327
B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	3.4	183	183
C. Fuel and Light	7.1	206	210
D. Housing	5.2	151	151
E. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	9.0	221	228
F. Miscellaneous	12.3	192	194
Total	100.0		
Consumer Price Index Number .. .. .	....	281	279

Details regarding scope and method of compilation of the index may be seen on pages 607 to 612 of December 1965 issue of *Labour Gazette*. For Errata see page 897 of January 1966 issue.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old index number 1927-28 = 100, the new index should be multiplied by the linking factor of 3.82.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Products—							
(1) Rice ..	kg. ..	26.98	0.55	1.68	2.17	305	395
(2) Wheat ..	.. ..	13.53	0.41	0.91	0.91	222	222
(3) Jowar ..	.. ..	56.97	0.46	1.97	1.70	428	370
(4) Grinding Charges ..	3 kg. ..	2.52	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (a) ..						364	355
(b) Pulses and Products—							
(1) Arhar dal ..	kg. ..	76.17	0.75	2.52	2.39	336	319
(2) Gram dal ..	.. ..	18.22	0.56	2.42	2.48	432	443
(3) Masur dal ..	.. ..	5.61	0.73	2.36	2.27	323	311
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (b) ..						353	341
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut oil ..	kg. ..	98.91	1.94	8.80	8.90	454	459
(2) Vanspati (loose) ..	500 kg. ..	1.09	1.86	4.82	4.88	259	262
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (c) ..						451	457
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat meat ..	kg. ..	72.32	2.45	6.50	7.12	265	291
(2) Beef ..	.. ..	23.69	0.66	2.50	3.12	379	473
(3) Fish (fresh) Rahu ..	.. ..	1.50	1.46	5.50	5.50	377	377
(4) Fish (dry) Zinga ..	.. ..	2.49	2.14	4.00	4.00	187	187
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (d) ..						292	332
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk ..	1 ..	89.79	0.67	2.50	2.50	373	373
(2) Ghee ..	kg. ..	10.21	6.19	19.00	19.50	307	315
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (e) ..						366	367

CONSUMER

Articles

1

(1) Cereals and Products—

(1) Salt

(2) Turmeric

(3) Chillies (green)

(4) Chillies (dry)

(5) Tamarind

(6) Onions

(7) Garlic

(8) Coconut

To

Sub-group Index I

(1) Vegetables and

(1) Potatoes

(2) Brinjals

(3) Tomato

(4) Methi

(5) Dodka

(6) Ambadi

(7) Banana

(8) Lemon

Index Number

(1) —

(2) Other Food—

(1) Sugar (Cry

(2) Ghee

(3) Tea (leaf)

(4) Tea (ready

(5) Snack Salts

(6) Snack Sweets

Sub-group Index

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt ..	kg. ..	4.71	0.09	0.20	0.20	222	222
(2) Turmeric ..	" ..	3.40	1.11	5.50	6.00	496	541
(3) Chillies (green) ..	300 g. ..	4.98	0.23	0.28	0.25	122	109
(4) Chillies (dry) ..	" ..	59.43	0.65	1.44	1.36	222	209
(5) Tamarind ..	kg. ..	7.59	1.20	4.88	4.50	407	375
(6) Onions ..	" ..	10.73	0.23	0.98	0.95	426	413
(7) Garlic ..	300 g. ..	7.85	0.24	1.20	1.20	500	500
(8) Coconut ..	Each ..	1.31	0.27	0.92	0.95	341	352
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index 1-4 (f).						285	275
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
(1) Potatoes ..	kg. ..	12.87	0.46		1.05		228
(2) Brinjals ..	300 g. ..	15.88	0.11		0.38		345
(3) Tomato ..	" ..	14.16	0.25		0.30		120
(4) Methi ..	200 g. ..	6.44	0.12		0.20		167
(5) Dodka ..	300 g. ..	11.59	0.13		0.30		231
(6) Ambadi ..	200 g. ..	27.04	0.09		0.15		167
(7) Banana ..	Doz. ..	11.59	0.51		1.00		196
(8) Lemon ..	" ..	0.45	0.28		1.00		357
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Sub-group 1 (g) :—						249	208
(h) Other Food—							
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	kg. ..	47.53	1.16	2.15	2.15	185	185
(2) Gur ..	" ..	7.97	0.64	2.41	2.42	377	378
(3) Tea (leaf) ..	Pkt. of 50 g. ..	21.56	0.39	0.58	0.58	149	149
(4) Tea (readymade) ..	Cup ..	20.74	0.07	0.15	0.15	214	214
(5) Snack Saltish (Bhaji) ..	kg. ..	1.10	1.60	7.00	7.00	438	438
(6) Snack Sweet (Jalebi) ..	" ..	1.10	2.17	6.00	6.00	276	276
Total ..		100.00					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I-A Food			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Products		48.79				369	355
(b) Pulses and Products		7.28				353	341
(c) Oils and fats		4.99				451	457
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs		6.79				292	332
(e) Milk and Products		7.37				366	367
(f) Condiments and Spices		8.25				285	275
(g) Vegetables and Fruits		4.29				249	208
(k) Other Food		12.24				202	203
Total ..		100.00					
Group I-A Index ..						332	327
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco etc.—							
(1) Pan (leaf) ..	100 leaves..	10.22	0.19	0.60	0.59	316	311
(2) Pan finished ..	Each ..	6.07	0.04	0.10	0.10	250	250
(3) Supari ..	300 g. ..	19.49	1.77	1.50	1.61	85	91
(4) Katha ..	50 g. ..	3.84	0.51	1.25	1.25	245	245
(5) Bidl ..	Katta of 25 ..	37.06	0.19	0.31	0.31	163	163
(6) Cigarettes ..	Pkt. of 10 ..	5.43	0.15	0.50	0.50	333	333
(7) Chewing tobacco ..	50 g. ..	17.89	0.21	0.36	0.36	171	171
Total ..		100.00					
Group Index I-B ..						183	183
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood ..	40 kg. ..	62.01	3.57	6.80	7.00	190	196
(2) Coal ..	" ..	13.81	6.99	17.20	16.50	246	236
(3) Dung cake ..	100 cakes. ..	7.06	0.85	2.12	2.12	249	249
(4) Match Box ..	Each (50) sticks. ..	4.06	0.03	0.07	0.10	140	200
(5) Kerosene Oil ..	500 ml. ..	13.06	0.15	0.35	0.35	233	233
Total ..		100.00					
Group II Index ..						206	210
III. Housing—							
(1) House rent ..	RM ..						

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Clothing, Bedding and Footwear—							
ti—							
Laxmi Mills ..	Pair ..	8.53	10.69	27.95	27.95	256	256
Vishnu Mills ..	..	..	10.47	26.14	26.14		
tee ..	Each ..	29.79	10.05	21.00	21.00	209	209
irt ..	..	2.92	3.41	5.24	5.44	154	160
ng cloth ..	M ..	7.48	1.39	3.24	3.56	233	256
ting—							
Ahmedabad Mills ..	..	25.70	1.61	3.12	3.37	201	209
Century Mills ..	..	..	1.49	3.11	3.11		
arkin ..	..	17.41	1.28	3.54	3.78	277	295
ousers cloth ..	..	2.57	1.47	3.84	3.84	261	261
appal (Lady's) ..	Pair ..	4.67	6.40	9.40	9.40	147	147
oes (Gent's) ..	..	0.93	15.98	23.55	28.55	179	179
Total ..		100.00					
Group IV Index ..						221	228
Miscellaneous							
Medical Care—							
Doctor's fee ..	Per Visit	29.23	4.33	5.00	5.00	115	115
Medicine ..	Phial of 3 doses	70.77	0.71	1.17	1.17	165	165
Total ..		100.00					
b-group Index V (a) ..						150	150
Education, Recreation and Amusement—							
(1) School fee ..	Per Student ..	33.15	6.00	5.90	5.90	98	98
(2) School Book ..	Each ..	22.65	2.50	2.50	2.50	100	100
(3) Stationery—							
(i) Exercise Book ..	..	5.53	0.12	0.20	0.20	146	146
(ii) Pencil ..	..	..	0.12	0.15	0.15		
(4) Cinema ..	Per Adult	38.67	0.31	0.95	0.95	306	306
Total ..		100.00					
b-group Index V (b)						182	182

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE— *concl'd.***

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(c) Transport and Communication—							
(1) Railway fare (from Sholapur to Poona).	Per Passenger	67.41	5.22	7.45	7.45	143	143
(2) Bus fare	Per Adult	32.59	0.15	0.25	0.25	167	167
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(c) ..						151	151
(d) Personal care and Effects—							
(1) Hair Oil ..	Bottle of 250 g.	39.28	2.00	5.62	6.30	281	315
(2) Barber charges ..	Per adult	49.11	0.62	1.30	1.30	210	210
(3) Toilet Soap ..	Each ..	8.93	0.44	0.95	0.90	216	205
(4) Ornaments (glass) ..	per dozen	2.68	0.75	0.75	0.75	100	100
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(d)						235	248
(e) Others—							
(1) Utensils (Copper) ..	500 g. ..	6.07	3.25	25.00	25.00	769	769
(2) Laundry Charges	Per Piece.	9.64	0.11	0.23	0.23	209	209
(3) Washing Soap ..	Bar of 12 Pieces.	44.64	1.31	2.60	2.60	198	198
(4) Tailoring Charges—							
(i) Shirt ..	Each ..	36.43	0.80	1.44	1.44	170	170
(ii) Blouse ..	" ..	" ..	0.70	1.12	1.12		
(5) Durrie ..	" ..	3.22	3.80	9.52	9.52	251	251
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(e)						225	225
V. Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical care ..		25.86				150	150
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement		15.92				182	182
(c) Transport and Communication.		12.49				151	151
(d) Personal care and Effects.		21.02				235	248
(e) Others ..		24.71				225	225
Total ..		100.00					

NAGPUR*

260— A fall of 1 point

In October 1973 the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for Nagpur Centre with base January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 260 being 1 point lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-69 family living survey in Nagpur City.

The index number for the food group decreased by 1 point to 312 due to fall in the average prices of rice, wheat and jowar.

The index number for the pan, supari, tobacco etc., group decreased by 2 points to 170 due to a fall in the average price of pan leaf.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 5 points to 193 due to a rise in the average price of firewood.

The index number for housing remained steady at 143.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 4 points to 257 due to a rise in the average prices of dhoti, saree, shirting, long cloth, marking and bed-sheet.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 1 point to 173 due to a rise in the average price of cot.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1960 = 100)

Groups	Weights proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		September 1973	October 1973
I-A. Food	57.2	313	312
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	3.8	172	170
II. Fuel and Light	5.7	188	193
III. Housing	6.6	143	143
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	10.9	253	257
V. Miscellaneous	15.8	172	173
Total	100.0		
Consumer Price Index Number		261	260

* Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index may be seen on pages 774 to 779 of January 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old Index Number (1939 = 100), the new index number should be multiplied by the linking factor of 5.22.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CENTRE

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportion- al to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg ..	53.60	0.64	2.44	2.40	381	375
(2) Wheat (0.5.) ..	.. ..	35.69	0.41	0.94	0.91	229	222
(3) Jowar ..	.. ..	8.72	0.41	1.68	1.34	410	327
(4) Grinding charges ..	3 Kg ..	1.99	0.08	0.16	0.16	200	200
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (a) Index ..						326	313
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Arhar dal ..	Kg ..	68.17	0.71	2.40	2.40	338	338
(2) Gram dal ..	.. ..	28.12	0.52	2.39	2.65	460	510
(3) Moong dal ..	.. ..	3.71	0.55	2.50	2.50	455	455
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (b) Index ..						377	391
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Gingelli Oil ..	Kg ..	4.84	2.75	9.02	9.02	328	328
(2) Groundnut Oil ..	.. ..	7.91	1.92	8.82	8.85	459	461
(3) Vanaspathi (loose) ..	500 g ..	9.67	1.79	4.43	4.30	247	240
(4) Linseed Oil ..	Kg ..	77.58	1.54	6.00	6.42	390	417
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (c) Index ..						378	399
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat-meat ..	Kg ..	90.16	2.68	7.70	8.00	287	299
(2) Fish (fresh)—							
(i) Rahu ..	.. ..	5.32	3.22	6.90	7.00	230	233
(ii) Mangur ..	.. ..	4.52	3.22	7.90	8.00	245	233
(3) Eggs ..	Dozen ..	4.52	2.06	5.04	4.80		
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (d) Index ..						282	292
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk ..	L ..	71.96	0.80	1.90	1.90	238	238
(2) Curd ..	Kg ..	3.57	2.14	4.50	4.50	210	210
(3) Ghee ..	.. ..	24.47	8.85	23.33	23.96	264	271
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (e) Index ..						243	245

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportion- al to total Expendi- ture 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt ..	Kg	5.59	0.13	0.26	0.26	260	200
(2) Turmeric ..	..	7.69	1.63	7.05	7.25	433	445
(3) Chillies (Dry) ..	..	49.65	2.88	5.09	5.09	177	177
(4) Onion ..	..	18.65	0.27	1.00	1.19	370	441
(5) Garlic ..	..	6.53	1.06	3.50	3.50	320	330
(6) Corriander ..	..	2.33	1.16	3.50	3.50	302	302
(7) Ginger ..	..	3.50	2.96	8.00	8.00	270	270
(8) Zeera ..	..	6.06	3.49	8.88	8.88	254	254
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (f) Index ..						255	269
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
(1) Potatoes ..	Kg	39.91	0.39	..	1.20	..	308
(2) Brinjals ..	..	25.04	0.41	..	1.37	..	334
(3) Cauliflower ..	Kg.	..	0.33	..	N.A.	..	..
(4) Lady's Finger ..	Kg	4.34	0.60	..	0.62	..	103
(5) Tomato ..	..	12.04	0.45	..	1.00	..	222
(6) Gawarphali ..	..	1.92	0.32	..	0.80	..	250
(7) Tondli ..	..	4.82	0.44	..	0.79	..	180
(8) Palak ..	..	4.59	0.31	..	0.86	..	277
(9) Chauli shang ..	..	0.46	0.38	..	0.90	..	237
(10) Methi shang ..	..	1.83	0.33	..	1.00	..	303
(11) Banana ..	Doz.	5.05	0.39	..	1.00	..	256
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (g) Index ..						270	283
(h) Other Food—							
(1) Sugar ..	Kg	44.71	1.22	2.15	2.15	176	176
(2) Gur ..	..	2.40	0.72	2.46	2.50	342	347
(3) Tea leaf ..	Pkt. of 25g	13.26	0.19	0.32	0.32	168	168
(4) Bhajia ..	Kg	8.46	2.14	6.50	6.50	304	304
(5) Jalebi ..	..	1.97	1.61	7.50	7.50	466	466
(6) Tea (readymade) ..	Cup	29.20	0.06	0.30	0.30	500	500
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A(h) Index ..						290	290
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products ..		49.53	..	..	..	326	313
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products ..		8.83	..	..	..	377	391
(c) Oils and Fats ..		6.05	..	..	..	378	399
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs ..		5.00	..	..	..	282	292
(e) Milk and Milk Products ..		7.51	..	..	..	243	245
(f) Condiments and Spices ..		6.95	..	..	..	255	269
(g) Vegetables and Fruits ..		6.67	..	..	..	270	283
(h) Other Food ..		9.46	..	..	..	290	290
Total ..		100.00	..	..	..
Group I-A Index ..						313	312

Since Cauliflower was not available in any of the selected markets at Nagpur during the month of October 1973, its weight Viz. 2.29, has been proportionately imputed to those of the other vegetables available during the month Viz. brinjals, lady's finger, tomato

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total Expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Sep. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sep. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Pan-leaf ..	100 leaves.	14.85	0.29	0.54	0.50	186	172
(2) Pan (ready made) ..	Each ..	13.61	0.03	0.07	0.07	233	233
(3) Supari ..	Kg.	26.60	6.71	8.00	8.00	119	119
(4) Katha ..	..	5.36	8.57	14.00	14.00	163	163
(5) Bidi ..	Katta of 25	21.44	0.16	0.25	0.25	156	156
(6) Cigarettes ..	Pkt. of 10	8.04	0.15	0.50	0.50	333	333
(7) Chewing and leafy tobacco.	Kg.	10.10	5.00	6.00	6.00	120	120
Total ..		100.00					
Group I-B. Index						172	170
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Fire-wood ..	40 kg ..	69.55	2.38	4.31	4.50	181	169
(2) Coke ..	..	5.90	2.88	8.00	8.00	278	278
(3) Kerosene Oil ..	Litre ..	14.13	0.34	0.70	0.70	206	206
(4) Electricity Charges ..	Unit ..	2.74	0.29	0.36	0.36	124	124
(5) Coal ..	40 kg. ..	2.61	6.38	12.00	12.00	188	188
(6) Match box ..	Each (50 sticks)	5.07	0.05	0.08	0.08	160	160
Total ..		100.00					
Group II Index						188	193
III. Housing—Residential House ..							
Total ..		100.00				143	143
Group III Index							
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear—						143	143
(1) Dhoti Emp. Mills ..	Pair ..	9.87	12.10	29.44	29.60	246	246
(2) .. Model Mills ..	..	..	10.68	26.48	26.48	..	..
(3) Saree ..	Each ..	36.48	8.09	15.33	15.75	189	195
(4) Shirting Emp. Mills ..	M. ..	18.35	1.21	3.54	3.64	..	..
(5) .. Model Mills ..	..	..	1.05	3.73	3.78	323	330
(6) Trousers Cloth ..	..	3.34	1.43	4.72	4.62	330	323
(7) Long cloth ..	..	3.06	1.14	4.44	4.48	389	393
(8) Markin Emp. Mills ..	..	13.06	1.04	4.23	4.30	..	..
(9) .. Model Mills ..	..	..	1.09	3.23	3.33	352	359
(10) Pyjama ..	Each ..	1.60	4.25	7.58	7.58	178	178
(11) Ganji ..	..	1.25	1.23	2.19	2.19	178	178
(12) Shirt ..	..	1.60	3.75	7.62	7.62	203	203
(13) Bed Sheet ..	Pair ..	2.01	8.50	20.09	20.09	236	236
(14) Shoes (Gents) ..	..	4.17	16.00	28.55	28.55	178	178
(15) Chappals (Gents) ..	..	4.17	4.96	11.05	11.05	223	223
(16) Sandal Ladies ..	..	1.04	6.40	11.53	11.53	180	180
Total ..		100.00					
Group IV Index						252	257

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX IN NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per Unit of Quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Oct. 1973	Nov. 1973	Oct. 1973	Nov. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Medicines—							
Medical care—							
Doctor's fee ..	Per visit ..	22.98	3.00	5.00	5.00	167	167
Medicine ..	Phial of 3 doses.	45.06	0.75	0.75	0.75	100	100
Premium ..	....	31.96	0.70	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total ..		100.00					
V(a) Index ..						116	116
Medical care and							
Oil ..	Bottle of 114 ml.	24.01	1.37	2.73	2.73	119	119
Surge charges ..	Per Adult ..	38.30	0.50	1.25	1.25	250	250
Toilet soap ..	Per Cake ..	15.80	0.46	0.90	0.90	195	196
Toilet Powder ..	Bottle ..	2.74	0.87	1.60	1.60	184	184
Medicine (medium size).							
Medicine (glass) ..	Dosen ..	4.25	0.75	0.75	0.75	100	100
Medicine ..	Each ..	12.16	65.00	90.00	90.00	138	138
Toilet powder (small)	Tin ..	2.74	1.00	2.90	3.00	290	300
Total ..		100.00					
V(b) Index ..						209	209
Education. Recreation							
Amusements—							
Pool fee ..	Per Student.	23.53	5.50	5.50	5.50	100	100
Pool Book ..	Each ..	17.65	2.00	2.50	2.50	125	125
.. ..	.. ..	1.02	0.24	0.26	0.26	108	108
Library (Ex.-book)	Each (40 pages).	1.79	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	167
.. ..	Per Adult ..	56.01	0.42	0.89	0.89	212	212
Total ..		100.00					
V(c) Index ..						168	168

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—concl'd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight pro- portional to total expenditure 3	Price per Unit of Quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price 4	Oct. 1973 5	Nov. 1973 6	Oct. 1973 7	Nov. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(d) Transport and Com- munication—</i>							
(1) Railway fare of 80km	Per Pass- enger ..	45.49	1.61	2.45	2.45	152	152
(2) Bus fare ..	Per Adult ..	29.19	0.15	0.25	0.25	167	167
(3) Post card ..	Each ..	3.86	0.05	0.10	0.10	200	200
(4) Rickshaw charges ..	Per Adult ..	21.46	0.37	0.62	0.62	168	168
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V (d) Index ..</i>						162	162
<i>(e) Others—</i>							
(1) Cot ..	Each ..	5.94	5.50	12.00	12.00	218	218
(2) Trunk/Box ..	.. ..	2.05	5.01	10.00	11.00	200	200
(3) Earthenware ..	.. ..	2.05	0.30	2.00	2.00	667	667
(4) Utensil Aluminium	Kg ..	4.79	8.50	15.00	16.00	176	176
(5) Utensil Brass ..	.. ..	11.42	7.71	23.00	25.00	298	324
(6) Laundry charges ..	Per piece ..	9.59	0.12	0.25	0.25	208	208
(7) Washing Soap ..	Bar ..	33.11	1.30	2.58	2.62	198	198
(8) Tailoring Charges	{ Shirt .. Each ..	31.05	0.88	2.00	2.00	214	214
	{ Blouse .. ..	..	0.75	1.50	1.50		
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V (e) Index ..</i>						225	225
<i>Miscellaneous—</i>							
(a) Medical care ..		28.00				116	116
(b) Personal care and effects.		18.30				209	209
(c) Education, Recrea- tion and Amusements.		19.55				168	168
(d) Transport and Com- munication.		12.25				162	162
(e) Others ..		21.90				225	230
Total ..		100.00					
<i>group V Index</i>						172	173

AURANGABAD*

284, A fall of 10 points.

In October 1973; the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for the Aurangabad Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 284 being 10 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Aurangabad Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 17 points to 342 due to a fall in the average prices of jowar, chillies dry, tamarind and banana.

The index number for the fuel and light group remained stationary at 177.

The index number for housing group remained stationary at 191.

The index number for clothing and footwear group increased by 1 point to 231 due to a rise in the prices of saree, cloth for trouser and long-cloth.

The index number for miscellaneous group remained stationary at 182.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY

(Average prices For the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Sept, 1973	Oct. 1973
I. Food	60.72	359	342
II. Fuel and Light	7.50	177	177
III. Housing	8.87	191	191
IV. Clothing and Footwear	9.29	230	231
V. Miscellaneous	13.62	182	182
Total ..	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number ..		294	284

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1130 to 1134 of the March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100 the new index number on base 1961=100 should be multiplied by linking factor i.e. 2.22

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CENTRE

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
I. Food Group—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg ..	5.40	0.69	1.22	1.28	177	186
(2) Wheat ..	.. ..	10.12	0.42	0.89	0.89	212	212
(3) Jowar ..	.. ..	30.33	0.38	2.14	1.89	563	497
(4) Grinding charges for cereals. ..	.. ..	2.35	0.02	0.05	0.05	250	250
Total ..		48.20					
Index Number sub group I(a)						431	390
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Turdal, without husk. ..	Kg ..	3.96	0.70	2.42	2.40	346	343
(2) Gramdal, Katori. ..	.. ..	2.05	0.60	2.27	2.44	378	407
(3) Moongdal, without husk. ..	.. ..	1.11	0.71	2.98	2.94	420	414
(4) Masurdal Thick grain. ..	.. ..	0.74	0.64	2.27	2.31	355	361
Total ..		7.86					
Index Number sub-group I(b)						366	371
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut oil Whitish. ..	½ Ltr	2.00*	1.07	....	....	....	....
(2) Karad Oil ..	.. ..	3.49	1.11	4.12	4.12	371	389
(3) Vanaspati Dalda. ..	½ Kg (loose)	0.48	1.58	4.13	4.13	261	261
Total ..		5.97					
Index Number sub-group I(c)						362	362
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton, Goat meat ..	½ Kg	4.70	1.26	3.43	3.50	272	278
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(a) Bombil ..	Kg. ..	0.24	2.90	7.00	7.42	262	280
(b) Zinga ..	.. ..	....	2.13	5.00	5.83		
(c) Nathmi ..	.. ..	....	1.93	6.00	6.00		
Total ..		4.94					
Index Number sub-group I(d)							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
Milk—							
(Buffalo Milk) ..	200 ml. ..	6.65	0.16	0.30	0.30	188	188
Total ..		6.65					
Index Number sub-group I(e).						188	188
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt—							
White ..	Kg. ..	0.35	0.11	0.22	0.22	200	260
(2) Turmeric—							
White ..	250 gms. ..	0.31	0.34	1.41	1.42	415	418
(3) Chillies (dry)—							
Superior quality ..	½ Kg. ..	4.62	0.90	2.88	2.85	329	317
(4) Tamarind ..	..	0.45	0.49	2.74	2.50	559	510
(5) Mixed spices							
Bojwar ..	250 gms. ..	1.80	0.42	1.37	1.38	326	329
(6) Jira—							
Thick Blackish (gray). ..	..	0.30	0.69	2.03	2.10	294	304
Total ..		7.83					
Index Number sub-group I(f).						333	329
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—							
(1) Potatoes—							
Medium ..	½ Kg. ..	1.35	0.30	0.60	0.66	200	220
(2) Onions—							
Red ..	Kg. ..	1.06	0.25	0.95	1.28	380	512
(3) Brinjals—							
Medium ..	½ Kg. ..	0.48	0.24	0.80	0.74	333	308
(4) Tomatoes—							
(i) Red ..	..	0.64	0.28	0.75	0.28	234	97
(2) Green ..	..	..	0.18	0.36	0.17		
(5) Garlic—							
Medium ..	50 gms. ..	0.68	0.06	0.24	0.21	400	350
Other Vegetables—							
Varieties available in the month of Sept. 1973—							
(i) Dodaka ..	½ Kg. ..	1.80	0.18	0.44	....	
(ii) Gawar ..	..	....	0.14	0.41	....	269	
Varieties available in the month of Oct. 1973—							
(i) Pankobi ..	..	..	0.33	..	1.25		325
(ii) Pumpkin ..	..	..	0.17	..	0.46		
Total ..		6.01					
Index Number sub-group I(g).						289	312

*The entire weight of "tomatoes" is imputed to tomato (Red)".

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE— contd.**

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	Sep. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sep. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(h) Fruits and fruit Products— Banana— Medium ..	Doz. ..	1.14	0.32	1.38	1.34	431	419
Total ..		1.14					
Index Number sub-group I(h).						431	419
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Product— (1) Sugar— Medium ..	Kg. ..	3.45	1.17	2.15	2.15	184	184
(2) Gur— Superior ..	.. ..	1.81	0.46	2.41	2.42	524	526
Total ..		5.26					
Index Number sub-group I(i)						301	302
(j) Beverages— (1) Tea leaf— Brooke Bond ..	50 gms. ..	1.86	0.41	0.58	0.58	141	141
(2) Prepared Tea— Chal, Chaba ..	Cup ..	4.28	0.08	0.15	0.17	188	212
Total ..		6.14					
Index Number sub-group I(j).						174	191
Food Group— (a) Cereals and cereal products.		48.20				431	390
(b) Pulses and pulse products.		7.86				366	371
(c) Oils and fats ..	....	5.97				362	362
(d) Mutton, fish and eggs.		4.94				272	278
(e) Milk and Milk products.		6.65				188	188
(f) Condiments and spices.		7.83				333	329
(g) Vegetables and vegetable products.		6.01				289	312
(h) Fruits and fruit products.		1.14				431	419
(i) Sugar, honey and related products.		5.26				301	302
(j) Beverages ..	....	6.14				174	191
Total ..		100.00					

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE— contd.**

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
IV. Clothing and Footwear—contd.							
(a) Clothing ..	..	94.92	..	..	..	233	233
(b) Footwear ..	..	5.08	..	..	..	180	180
Total ..		100.00					
Index Group IV						230	231
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan-supari—							
(1) Pan leaf— Madras I ..	Bundle of 100 leaves.	3.84	0.50	0.64	0.55	128	110
(2) Pan Finished— With Masala ..	Bida ..	2.19	0.04	0.09	0.09	225	225
(3) Supari— Mangluri ..	50 grms. ..	4.36	0.41	0.51	0.51	124	124
(4) Katha— Kanpur ..	..	1.78	0.72	1.30	1.37	181	190
Total ..		12.17					
Index Number Sub-group V (a)						152	148
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(1) Bidi— Totapuri ..	Bundle ..	15.38	0.15	0.29	0.29	193	193
(2) Jarra— Hazivazir ..	Packet of 25 gms.	3.18	0.19	0.20	0.20	105	105
Total ..		18.56					
Index Number Sub-group V (b).						178	178
(c) Household Utillies— Utensils Brass— Lota (Poona Market).	Each.	2.55	7 18	20.00	20.00	279	279
Total ..		2.55					
Index Number Sub-group V (c).						279	279

umber

Oct.
1973

233
180

231

110

225

124

190

148

193

105

78

79

79

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—*concl'd.*

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index N Sept. 1973 7
			Basic Price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	
(h) Recreation and Amusement— Cinema Lowest class	Full ticket.	6.90	0.44	1.05	1.05	239
Total ..		6.90				
Index Number Sub-group V (h).						239
(i) Transport and Communication— (1) Rail— Fare for 50 km..	Full ticket	6.19	1.04	1.50	1.50	144
(2) Bus— S. T. fare for 30 miles.	..	5.30	1.50	2.20	2.20	147
(3) Postage— (1) Post card ..	Per card	1.10	0.05	0.10	0.10	167
(2) Money Order	Rs. 30 ..	..	0.45	0.60	0.60	
Total ..		12.59				
Index Number Sub-group V (i).						147
V. Miscellaneous Group—						
(a) Pansupari ..	....	12.17				152
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	....	18.56				178
(c) Household utilities ..	....	2.55				279
(d) Washing Soap ..	....	14.13				175
(e) Medical care ..	....	12.28				139
(f) Personal care ..	....	17.59				235
(g) Education and Reading.	....	3.23				172
(h) Recreation and Amusement.	....	6.90				239
(i) Transport and Communication.	....	12.59				147
Total ..		100.00				
Index Group V.						182

NANDED***304—A fall of 7 points**

In October 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for the Nanded Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal 100 was 304 being 7 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at the Nanded Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 15 points to 368 due to a fall in the average prices of rice, jowar and ghee.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 14 points to 189 due to an increase in the average prices of firewood and chips and match box.

The index number for housing remained stationary at 147.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 5 points to 242 due to an increase in the prices of dhoti, saree, cloth for trousers, long cloth and coloured fabrics.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 1 point to 190 due to an increase in the average price of supari.

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CITY**

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
I. Food	61.46	383	368
II. Fuel and Light	5.88	175	189
III. Housing	4.62	147	147
IV. Clothing and Footwear	12.22	237	242
V. Miscellaneous	15.82	189	190
Total ..	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number ..		311	304

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1107 to 1112 of the March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100 the new index number on base 1961=100 should be multiplied by the linking factor i.e. 2.45

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Product—							
(1) Rice	Kg. ..	13.02	0.64	2.90	2.43	453	380
(2) Wheat	" ..	6.81	0.42	0.89	0.89	212	212
(3) Jowar	" ..	30.64	0.34	1.83	1.72	538	506
(4) Grinding charges ..	5 Kgs. ..	2.82	0.13	0.15	0.15	115	115
Total ..		53.29					
Index Number Sub-group I(a).						453	417
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Turdal— (1) Gawran (medium)	Kg. ..	3.69	0.64	2.36	2.36	369	369
(2) Gramdal Punjab (medium).	" ..	1.84	0.57	2.41	2.68	423	470
(3) Moongdal— Without husk	" ..	1.55	0.66	2.62	2.59	397	392
(4) Uriddal without husk	" ..	0.54	0.77	2.67	2.59	347	336
(5) Masurdal— (a) Big	" ..	0.82	0.61	2.20	2.20	361	361
(b) Medium .. ..	" ..	..	0.61	..	..	..	..
Total ..		8.64					
Index Number Sub-group I(b).						383	392
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut, Oil Meethatel (Redish in Colour).	Kg. ..	4.84	2.22	8.57	8.82	386	397
Total ..		4.84					
Index Number Sub-group I(c).						386	397

CONSUMER P

Articles

1

Meat, Fish and

Meat—

(1) Goat Meat

(2) Beef

(3) Fish (dry)—

(a) Bombil

(b) Zinga

(3) Fish (fresh)—

Varieties available

Sept. 1973—

(1) Rahu

(2) Katerua

Varieties available

Oct. 1973—

(1) Rahu

(2) Katerua

Total

Index Number

Sub-group I(d).

(1) Milk and Milk

Products—

(1) Milk (Buffalo)

(2) Ghee (Buffalo)

Total

Index Number

Sub-group I(e).

(1) Condiments

Spices—

(1) Salt white

(2) Turmeric Khan

(3) Chillies (dry)—

(1) Gawarani (H)

(2) Gawarani (H)

(1) Tamarind, Ka

(2) Mixed spices

Index Number

Sub-group I(f).

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE— contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton—							
(i) Goat Meat ..	1 Kg. ..	5.62	1.08	2.85	3.50	262	292
(ii) Beef ..	Kg. ..	....	0.96	2.50	2.50		
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(i) Bombil ..	Kg. ..	0.61	2.46	5.50	5.50		
(ii) Zinga ..	.. ..	....	2.02	4.50	4.50		
(3) Fish (fresh)—							
Varieties available in							
Sept. 1973—							
(i) Rahu ..	Kg. ..	....	2.06	3.62		209	232
(ii) Katarna ..	.. ..	....	2.00	4.24			
Varieties available in							
Oct. 1973—							
(i) Rahu ..	Kg. ..	....	2.07		4.45		
(ii) Katarna ..	.. ..	....	1.87		5.00		
Total ..		6.23					
Index Number Sub-						257	286
group I(d).							
(e) Milk and Milk Pro-							
ducts—							
(1) Milk (Buffalo) ..	200 ml. ..	4.54	0.13	0.35	0.35	269	269
(2) Ghee (Buffalo) ..	1 Kg. ..	0.29	3.01	9.30	9.17	309	305
Total ..		4.83					
Index Number Sub-						272	271
group I(e).							
(f) Condiments and							
Spices—							
(1) Salt white ..	Kg. ..	0.28	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	167
(2) Turmeric Khandaki	50 gms. ..	0.24	0.06	0.25	0.25	417	417
(3) Chillies (dry)—							
(i) Gawarani (fine) ..	Kg. ..	4.22	1.30	5.50	5.50	423	423
(ii) Gawarani (med.) ..	.. ..	....	1.18	5.00	5.00		
(4) Tamarind, Kadiwali	200 gms. ..	0.77	0.25	0.89	0.89	356	356
(5) Mixed spices Bojwar	50 gms. ..	1.61	0.20	0.25	0.25	125	125
Total ..		7.12					
Index Number Sub-						338	338
group I(f).							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CENTRE— contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportion- al to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(g) Vegetable and Vegeta- ble Products—							
(1) Potatoes—							
(i) Big size ..	½ Kg. ..	0.69	0.30	0.56 }	0.66 }	189	211
(ii) Small size ..	.. ..	....	0.26	0.50 }	0.52 }		
(2) Onions—							
(i) Red ..	Kg. ..	10.97	0.31	1.00 }	1.19 }	327	341
(ii) White ..	.. ..	....	0.31	1.03 }	1.19 }		
(3) Brinjals (Kali) ..	250 gms. ..	0.50	0.11	0.25	0.38	227	341
(4) Tomatoes—							
(i) Red ..	250 gms. ..	0.39	0.21	0.56 }	0.36 }	206	161
(ii) Green ..	.. ..	....	0.13	0.19 }	0.20 }		
(5) Garlic Gawathan ..	50 gms. ..	0.54	0.05	0.25	0.25	500	500
Other vegetables—							
Varieties available in the month of Sept. 1973—							
(i) Gawar Phalli ..	250 gms. ..	1.20	0.10	0.22 }		195	...
(ii) Dodka ..	.. ..	....	0.10	0.17 }			
Varieties available in the month of Oct., 1973—							
(i) Dodka ..	250 gms. ..	....	0.13		0.25 }		181
(ii) Gawar Phalli ..	.. ..	....	0.15		0.27 }		
Total ..		4.29					
Index Number group I(g).		Sub-				267	291
(h) Fruits and Products—							
(1) Banana—							
(i) Bigsize ..	Dozen ..	0.87	0.35	1.38 }	1.53 }	382	425
(ii) Medium ..	.. ..	....	0.29	1.07 }	1.26 }		
(iii) Small ..	.. ..	....	0.22	0.84 }	0.89 }		
Total ..		0.87					
Index Number group I(h).		Sub-				382	425
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products—							
(1) Sugar—							
(i) D grade ..	Kg. ..	3.57	1.17	2.15	2.15	184	184
(2) Gur—							
(i) Gawran 1st quality	200 gms. ..	0.70	0.10	0.42 }	0.42 }	420	420
(ii) Gawran 2nd quality	.. ..	....	0.10 } }		
Total ..		4.27					
Index Number group I(i).		Sub-				222	222

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR Nanded Centre—*contd.*

Index Number		Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973				Basic price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
7	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
					Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
189	218	(i) Beverages— (i) Tea leaf— (i) Brooke Bond ..	Packet of 50 gms.	1.13	0.35	0.55	0.55	157	157
327	314	(ii) Lipton ..	"	....	0.35	0.55	0.55		
227	314	(2) Hot drink— (i) Chalu Chaha ..	Per Cup ..	4.49	0.07	0.15	0.15	232	232
		(ii) Canteen tea ..	"	....	0.04	0.10	0.10		
206	163	Total ..		5.62					
500	500	Index Number Sub-group I(j).						217	217
195	....	Food Group— (a) Cereals and Cereal Products.		53.29	....			453	417
		(b) Pulses and Pulse Products.		8.64	....			383	392
	165	(c) Oils and Fats ..		4.84	....			386	397
		(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.		6.23	....			257	286
		(e) Milk and Milk Products.		4.83	....			272	271
		(f) Condiments and Spices.		7.12	....			338	338
267	291	(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products.		4.29	....			267	291
		(h) Fruits and Fruit Products.		0.87	....			382	425
		(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.		4.27	....			222	222
		(j) Beverages ..		5.62	....			217	217
382	425	Total ..		100.00				383	368
		Group I. Index							
382	425	1. Fuel and Light— (i) Firewood and Chips (i) Dhawda (old) ..	20 Kgs. ..	80.76	1.66	2.82	3.09	165	179
		(ii) Gaheri ..	"	....	1.57	2.50	2.71		
184	184	(2) Kerosene— (i) Rock oil white in colour.	Per litre ..	13.99	0.26	0.65	0.65	250	250
420	420	(3) Match Box— (i) Wimco, Horse Brand.	Per Box (50 sticks).	5.25	0.06	0.08	0.10	133	167
		Total ..		100.00					
222	222	Group II. Index						175	189

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR NANDED CENTRE— *contd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
III. Housing—							
(1) Rent of selected Tenements.	p.m. ..	100.00	5.47	....	....	147	147
Total ..		100.00					
Group III. Index						147	147
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti ..	Per Sq. Metre.	11.53	1.08	2.50	2.72	231	252
(2) Saree ..	" ..	19.77	1.24	2.54	2.58	205	208
(3) Cloth for Trousers ..	" ..	1.58	2.74	5.77	5.78	211	211
(4) Long cloth ..	" ..	27.48	1.44	3.98	4.02	276	279
(5) Coloured fabrics..	" ..	31.21	1.81	4.32	4.39	239	243
Total ..		91.57					
Index Number for sub-group IV(a).						241	247
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata, Janata ..	Per Pair ..	4.89	15.02	28.55	28.55	181	181
(ii) Carona Master Junior.	" ..	....	18.34	31.35	31.35		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata All wear Rubber Sole.	Per Pair ..	3.54	4.45	10.45	10.45	212	212
(ii) Panther Bata ..	" ..	....	6.18	11.05	11.05		
(iii) Carona Kolhapur ..	" ..	....	8.35	19.25	19.25		
(iv) Carona Bahadur ..	" ..	....	8.65	17.55	17.55		
Total ..		8.43					
Index Number for Sub-group IV(b).						194	194
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing ..		91.57				241	247
(b) Footwear ..		8.43				194	194
Total ..		100.00					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—*contd.*

Number	Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
				Basic Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
	V. Miscellaneous—							
	(a) Pansupari—							
147	(1) Pan leaf—							
	(i) Local (medium) ..	Bundle of 25 leaves.	2.83	0.07	0.21	0.20	338	330
	(ii) Local (inferior) ..	" ..	....	0.04	0.15	0.15		
	(2) Pan finished without masala.	Per Vida.	6.61	0.04	0.08	0.08	200	200
147	(3) Supari Manglori ..	50 gms.	4.22	0.41	0.33	0.38	80	93
	Total ..		13.66					
	Index Number for Sub-group V (a).						192	194
252	(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
208	(1) Bidi Kalilakali ..	Bundle of 25 Bides.	9.00	0.13	0.22	0.22	169	169
211	(2) Cigarettes—							
279	(i) Golkonda ..	Packet of 10 Cigarettes.	6.34	0.10	0.32	0.32	333	333
243	(ii) Charminar ..	" ..	..	0.13	0.45	0.45		
	(3) Jarda Lal Dadhi Brand.	Packet of 25 grms.	1.63	0.14	0.25	0.25	179	179
247	Total ..		16.97					
	Index Number for Sub-group V (b).						231	231
181	(c) Household Utillies—							
	(1) Utensils Brass—Lota, Poona ..	Kg. ..	1.90	7.80	22.00	22.00	282	282
212	(2) Utensils Aluminium—Baghuna without chhap.	100 gms.	0.69	0.90	1.40	1.40	156	156
	Total ..		2.59					
	Index Number for Sub-group V (c).						248	248
194	(d) Washing soap—							
	(1) Laundry ordinary washing and ironing.	Per shirt.	3.74	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	167
247	(2) Washing soap Shama Washing soap ..	Per Cake.	6.52	0.25	0.25	0.25	100	100
194	Total ..		10.26					
	Index Number for Sub-						124	124

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(e) Medical Care—							
(1) Patent Medicine—							
(i) Anacin ..	2 Tablets	9.36	0.13	0.13	0.13	128	128
(ii) Aspro ..	"	....	0.10	0.15	0.15		
(iii) Zinda Tilasmath ..	Bottle ..	....	0.37	0.50	0.50		
(2) Mixture, Doctor's daily mixture.	Per day	5.47	0.62	0.75	0.75	121	121
Total ..		14.83					
Index Number for Sub-group V (e).						126	126
(f) Personal Care—							
(1) Hair Oil—							
(i) Tata Co. Coconut Oil.	Small bottle.	4.20	1.34	2.55	2.55	190	190
(2) Barber charges—							
(i) Hair cut with shave	Adult ..	7.20	0.41	1.00	1.00	257	257
(ii) Hair cut ..	" ..	....	0.31	0.75	0.75		
(iii) Shave ..	" ..	....	0.14	0.40	0.40		
(3) Toilet soap—							
(i) Hamam ..	Cake ..	1.93	0.48	0.90	0.90	188	188
(ii) Lifebuoy ..	" ..	....	0.48	0.90	0.90		
(4) Blades—							
(i) Bharat ..	Packet of 10 blades.	0.07	0.47	0.85	0.85	183	183
(ii) 6 Morning ..	2 pkts. of 5 blades each.	....	0.54	1.00	1.00		
Total ..		13.40					
Index Number for Sub-group V (f).						226	226
(g) Education and Reading—							
(1) School fees for VIII Standard.	Per student	3.30	2.14	4.90	4.90	229	229
(2) School Books—							
(i) Marathi Vachan Mala.	Per copy	3.43	0.75	2.00	2.00	202	202
(ii) Subodh Ganit ..	"	....	0.69	0.95	0.95		
Total ..		6.73					
Index Number for Sub-group V (g).						215	215
(h) Recreation and Amusement—							
(1) Cinema—							
Lowest Class ..	Fullticket.	6.62	0.30	0.75	0.75	250	250
Total ..		6.62					
Index Number for Sub-group V (h).							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE— *contd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Transport and Communication.—							
Rail—							
(i) Fare for III Class 50 Km.	Adult Ticket.	7.94	1.04	1.50	1.50	144	144
(ii) Bus—S.T. Bus fare for 20 kms.	"	3.14	1.00	1.55	1.55	155	155
Postage—							
(i) Card ..	Single	0.57	0.05	0.10	0.10	167	167
(ii) M. O. Charges for Rs. 30		....	0.45	0.60	0.60		
(i) Rickshaw Fare for 2 miles.	One Passenger.	3.29	0.22	0.50	0.50	227	227
Total ..		14.94					
Index Number for Sub-group V (i).						166	166
Miscellaneous—							
(i) Pansupari ..		13.66	..	..	..	192	194
(i) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.		16.97	..	..	..	231	231
(i) Household Utilities..		2.59	..	..	..	248	248
(i) Washing soap ..		10.26	..	..	..	124	124
(i) Medical care ..		14.83	..	..	..	126	126
(i) Personal care ..		13.40	..	..	..	226	226
(i) Education and Reading.		6.73	..	..	..	215	215
(i) Recreation and Amusement.		6.62	..	..	..	250	250
(i) Transport and Communication.		14.94	..	..	..	166	166
Total ..		100.00				189	190
Group V							

JALGAON***298—A rise of 10 points**

In October, 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for Jalgaon City with base January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 298 being 10 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Jalgaon Centre.

The index number for the food group increased by 14 points to 369 due to a rise in the average prices of wheat, fresh fish, zeera, potatoes, onions, garlic and banana.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 6 points to 224 due to a rise in the prices of dhoti, saree, cloth for trouser and long cloth.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 3 points to 184 due to a rise in the average prices of katha, bidies, utensils and cinema charges.

The index number for fuel and light group and housing remained stationary at 185 and 137 respectively.

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CITY**

(Average price for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
I. Food	60.79	355	369
II. Fuel and Light	7.20	185	185
III. Housing	6.11	137	137
IV. Clothing and Footwear	10.29	218	224
V. Miscellaneous	15.61	181	184
.. ..			
Total	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number ..		288	298

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 758 to 760 of the January 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(i) Rice ..	kg. ..	6.72	0.63	2.76	2.76	438	438
(ii) Wheat ..	" ..	10.89	0.46	1.46	2.08	317	452
(iii) Jowar ..	" ..	21.16	0.35	1.91	1.90	546	543
(iv) Grinding charges— For cereals ..	7 kgs. ..	1.94	0.12	0.35	0.35	292	292
Total ..		40.71					
Index Number for Sub-group I (a).						455	489
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(i) Turdal—							
(A) Jalsa ..	kg. ..	3.79	0.73	2.54	2.49	363	341
(B) Gawran (Bharwa) ..	" ..	....	0.66	2.50	....	....	....
(C) Gramdal ..	" ..	2.13	0.58	2.37	2.55	409	440
(ii) Moongdal—							
(A) With husk ..	kg. ..	1.35	0.70	2.77	2.64	368	363
(B) Without husk ..	" ..	....	0.83	2.82	2.90		
(iii) Uriddal—							
(A) With husk ..	kg. ..	0.86	0.65	2.37	2.25	346	331
(B) Without husk ..	" ..	....	0.83	2.71	2.62		
Total ..		8.13					
Index Number for Sub-group I (b).						374	370
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(i) Groundnut oil ..	kg. ..	7.21	2.28	8.72	8.54	382	375
(ii) Vanaspathi Dalda .. (loose)	½ kg. ..	1.16	1.99	4.24	4.14	213	208
Total ..		8.37					
Index Number for Sub-group I (c).						359	351

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR JALGAON CENTRE—contd.**

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton—							
(i) Goat meat ..	½ kg. ..	4.38	1.45	3.50	3.50	241	241
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(i) Bombil big ..	kg. ..	0.91	2.72	8.00	8.00		
(ii) Zinga ..	.. ..	....	2.70	6.00	6.00		
(3) Fish fresh—							
Varieties selected for Sept. 1973—							
(i) Balm ..	kg. ..	....	2.23	3.42			
(ii) Shingada ..	.. ..	....	2.11	3.17			
(iii) Barik Machali ..	.. ..	....	1.13	2.17		202	309
Varieties selected for Oct. 1973—							
(i) Rahu ..	kg. ..	....	2.17		3.83		
(ii) Shingada ..	.. ..	....	1.75		3.17		
(iii) Pampret ..	.. ..	....	0.72		4.83		
Total ..		5.29					
Index Number for Sub-group I (d).						235	253
(e) Milk and Milk products—							
(1) Milk (Buffalo) ..	l ..	8.42	0.77	1.84	1.80	239	234
(2) Ghee (Buffalo) ..	½ kg. ..	1.31	3.71	10.00	10.00	270	270
Total ..		9.73					
Index Number for Sub-group I (e).						243	239
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt—							
(i) White ..	kg. ..	0.29	0.13	0.22	0.22	176	176
(ii) Black ..	.. ..	....	0.12	0.22	0.22		
(2) Turmeric—							
(i) Sangli (whole) ..	250 g. ..	0.30	0.24	1.45	1.44	426	424
(3) Chillies (dry)—							
(i) Asoda ..	kg. ..	4.56	1.65	5.77	5.77	350	350
(4) Corriander ..	250 g. ..	0.24	0.31	0.85	0.85	274	274
(5) Mixed spices—							
(i) Garam Masala ..	.. ..	1.86	4.95	11.22	11.22		
(ii) Lahoti powder ..	200 gr. ..	....	1.79	1.71	1.71	161	161
(6) Jira ..	250 gr. ..	0.37	0.68	2.08	2.20	306	324
Total ..		7.62					

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products—							
(1) Potatoes—							
(i) Big ..	1 kg.	1.15	0.28	0.52	0.68	191	249
(ii) Small	0.24	0.47	0.61		
(2) Onions—							
(i) Red ..	kg.	0.86	0.27	0.98	1.17	370	446
(ii) White	0.27	1.02	1.24		
(3) Garlic ..	250 g.	0.54	0.20	1.25	1.46	625	730
(4) Other Vegetables ..							
Varieties selected for Sept. 1973—							
Chavli Sheng ..	250 g.	2.92	0.08	0.21	}	373	
(ii) Mula	0.07	0.11			
(iii) Padwal	0.10	0.40			
Varieties selected for Oct. 1973—							
(i) Tondli	0.13		0.27	}	237
(ii) Gilka	0.13		0.25		
(iii) Dodka	0.10		0.31		
Total ..		5.47					
Index Number for Sub-group I (g).						306	321
(h) Fruits and Fruit products—							
(1) Banana—							
(i) Big ..	Dozen	1.61	0.29	1.01	1.00	337	338
(ii) Small	0.23	0.75	0.76		
Total ..		1.61					
Index Number for Sub-group I (h).						337	338
(i) Sugar, Honey and related products—							
(1) Sugar ..	kg.	5.60	1.23	2.32	2.32	189	189
(2) Gur—							
(i) Kopergaon 1st Quality.	1st	1.63	0.57	2.50	2.50	439	439
Total ..		7.23					
Index Number or Sub-group I (i).						245	245

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE— contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Sent. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
			4	5	6	7	8
(I) Beverages— (1) Tea leaf— (i) Brooke Bond Puli Brand (ii) Lipton Table (2) Hot drink— Prepared tea Total ..	Bond Pkt. of 50g. Laojee .. Cup of 3 oz.	2·11 3·73 5·84	Rs. P. 0·40 0·41 0·12	Rs. P. 0·59 } 0·59 } 0·25	Rs. P. 0·59 } 0·59 } 0·25	146 208	146 208
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(I).</i>						186	186
I. Food— (a) Cereals and Cereal Products. (b) Pulses and Pulse Products. (c) Oils and Fats .. (d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs. (e) Milk and Milk Products. (f) Condiments and Spices. (g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products. (h) Fruits and Fruit Products. (i) Sugar, Honey and related Products. (j) Beverages .. Total	40·71 8·13 8·37 5·29 9·73 7·62 5·47 1·61 7·23 5·84 100·00	455 374 359 235 243 296 306 337 245 186	455 374 359 235 243 296 306 337 245 186
<i>Group I Index</i>						355	36
II. Fuel and Light— (1) Firewood and chips— (i) Khair.. (ii) Dhawda (iii) Adjator Mixed .. (2) Kerosene— (i) Chakkar Brand .. (3) Electricity charges .. (4) Match Box— Horse head brand Box of 50 Sticks. Total ..	37 kgs. Litre . Per unit .. Box of 50 sticks.	78·50 11·40 6·28 3·82 100·00	3·39 3·15 2·71 0·45 0·50 0·06	6·50 } 6·50 } 5·50 } 0·65 0·36 0·10	6·50 } 6·50 } 5·50 } 0·65 0·36 0·10	200 144 72 167	200 144 72 167
<i>Group II Index</i>						185	185

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE— contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
III. Housing—							
(1) Rent—							
(i) Rent for selected tenements.	p.m. ..	100.00				137	137
Total ..		100.00					
						137	137
Group III Index							
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti ..	per sq. mt. ..	17.82	1.23	2.53	2.60	206	211
(2) Saree ..	.. ..	27.15	1.24	2.39	2.47	193	199
(3) Cloth for trouser ..	.. ..	0.51	2.15	5.96	6.09	277	283
(4) Long cloth ..	.. ..	32.06	1.61	4.23	4.39	263	273
(5) Coloured poplin ..	.. ..	14.36	2.13	4.46	4.46	209	209
Total ..		91.90					
						223	229
Index Number for Sub-group IV (a).							
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	per pair ..	3.53	17.20	29.65	29.65	169	169
(ii) Carona Co. ..	.. ..	....	18.78	31.25	31.25		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	.. ..	4.57	6.25	10.45	10.45	167	167
Total ..		8.10					
						168	168
Index Number for Sub-group IV (b).							
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(1) Clothing ..		91.90				223	229
(2) Foot wear ..		8.10				168	168
Total ..		100.00					
						218	224
Group IV Index							
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan Supari—							
(1) Pan leaf—							
(i) Akda pan ..	Bundle of 100 ..	2.01	0.55	0.80	0.80	145	145
(2) Pan finished—							
With Masala ..	Vida ..	5.39	0.04	0.06	0.06	150	150
(3) Supari (Manglori) ..	250 g. ..	2.81	2.08	2.07	2.07	100	100
(4) Katha —							
(i) Kanpur ..	50 g. ..	0.85	0.73	1.23	1.27	175	179
(ii) Belgaum ..	.. ..	....	0.36	0.65	0.66		
Total ..		11.06					
						138	139
Index Number for Sub-group V (a).							

[illegible]

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE—contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight Proportional to total Ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Personal care— Hair oil— Lita Co. ..	Small bottle	4.89	1.32	3.20	3.20	242	242
Barber charges— Hair cut with shave	Adult ..	7.32	0.50	1.25	1.25		
) Hair cut ..	.. ..	..	0.40	1.00	1.00	217	217
) Shave ..	.. ..	..	0.20	0.30	0.30		
toilet Soap— Life Buoy ..	Cake ..	3.02	0.48	0.88	0.88	184	184
Hamam cake ..	.. ..	..	0.49	0.90	0.90		
Blades— Bharat Blade ..	Pkt. of 10 blades.	0.11	0.44	0.80	0.80	179	179
Six Morning ..	2 Pkts. of 5 blades each	..	0.57	1.00	1.00		
Total ..		15.34					
Number or Sub- group V (f). Education and Read- ing—) Books— Bharati Chauthi (Pustak.) School fees— For VIII Std. ..	Copy .. Per student p.m.	5.42 3.46	0.75 5.00	2.00 5.00	2.00 5.00	267 100	267 100
Total .		8.88					
Number for Sub- group V (g). Recreation and Amuse- ment— Cinema (Lowest class)	Adult ..	6.69	0.32	0.78	0.85	244	266
Total .		6.69					
Number for Sub- group V (h). Transport and Com- munication— Rail— Railway fare 50 km...	Per Passen- ger	12.48	0.98	1.50	1.50	153	153
Bus fare— T. Bus 32 km. (Full ticket)	.. ..	4.09	1.00	1.55	1.55	155	155
Postage—) Single card ..) M. O. charges. for Rs. 30.	Per card	1.08 ..	0.05 0.45	0.10 0.60	0.10 0.60	167	167
Total ..		17.65					
Number for Sub- group V (i).						154	154

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE— *concl.*

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan-Supari	11.06	....	....	....	138	139
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	9.34	....	....	....	200	205
(c) Household Utilities..	5.28	....	....	....	286	296
(d) Washing Soap	9.98	....	....	....	197	197
(e) Medical Care	15.78	....	....	....	113	113
(f) Personal Care	15.34	....	....	....	218	218
(g) Education and Reading.	8.88	....	....	....	202	202
(h) Recreation and Amusement.	6.69	....	....	....	244	266
(i) Transport and Communications.	17.65	154	154
Total ..		109.69					
Index Number for Group V.						181	184

—31—

POONA*

247—A fall

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*Details
pages 172
page 217

fall of 2 points

October 1973, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class Poona Centre with base January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 247 points less than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the cost of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Poona Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 4 points to 297 due to a rise in the average prices of rice, jowar, bajri, turdal, moongdal, groundnut oil and fish.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 1 point to 200 due to a rise in the average prices of firewood and chips and char-coal.

The index-number for housing remained stationary at 124.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 3 points due to a rise in the prices of dhoti, saree, long-cloth and coloured poplin.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 1 point due to a rise in the average prices of cigarettes, laundry charges, hair oil and soap.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CENTRE

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
Food	55.85	301	297
Fuel and light	6.89	199	200
Housing	6.65	124	124
Clothing and Footwear	10.31	224	227
Miscellaneous	20.30	177	178
Total	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number		249	247

For details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on page 1730 of the August 1965 issue of *Labour Gazette*. For Errata thereto, see page 1730 of September 1965 issue.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
POONA CENTRE— contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Lg. ..	13.81	0.76	3.00	2.97	395	391
(2) Wheat ..	" ..	11.28	0.53	6.91	6.21	172	172
(3) Jowar ..	" ..	3.39	0.45	3.20	1.93	489	429
(4) Bajri ..	" ..	3.08	0.51	1.76	1.42	345	278
(5) Grinding Charges—							
For Cereals ..	4 Lg. ..	1.42	0.14	0.29	0.29	207	207
Total ..		37.98					
Index Number for Sub-group I (a).						338	318
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
Tur dal—							
Laxmi Chhap or Surti (Fine) ..	Lg. ..	3.80	0.80	2.79	2.74	349	342
Gram dal ..	" ..	1.81	0.60	2.42	2.53	403	422
Mung dal—							
Without Husk (Medium) ..	" ..	0.68	0.82	2.89	2.65	352	323
Total ..		6.29					
Index Number for Sub-group I (b).						365	363

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
POONA CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number			
			Basic Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.				
(c) Oils and Fats—									
Groundnut oil ..	kg. ..	1.94	5.88	8.57	8.19	349	338		
Karadai oil ..	kg. ..	3.94							
Vanaspati (Dalda) ..	.. ..	1.22						
(Loose)			1.20	4.12	4.12	248	248		
Total ..		7.10							
Index number for Sub-group I (c).						349	338		
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—									
Muttons									
Goat Meat ..	1 kg. ..	3.68	1.51	4.00	3.97	264	262		
Sheep Meat ..	.. ..	....	1.52	4.00	3.97		
Fish (Dry)—									
Bombil (Big) ..	kg. ..	1.01	2.60	6.64	6.20	260	259		
Bombil (Small) ..	.. ..	....	2.46	6.64	6.20		
Zinga ..	.. ..	....	2.57	6.00	5.00		
Fresh Fish—									
Varieties selected in the month of Sept. 1973—									
(i) Bombay Wamb ..	kg. ..	....	2.12	7.09	6.09	224	209	
(ii) Butler fish ..	.. ..	....	2.01	5.10			
(iii) Singada ..	.. ..	....	2.31	4.91			
Varieties selected in the month of October 1973—									
(i) Bombay Wamb ..	kg. ..	....	2.02	8.38	6.90	259	254	
(ii) Pamphret ..	.. ..	....	2.76		5.20		
(iii) Halwa ..	.. ..	....	2.60		5.39		
Eggs (Hen's) ..	Each ..	0.57	0.17		0.39				
Total ..		5.26							
Index Number for Sub-group I (d).						259	254		
(e) Milk and Milk Products—									
Milk buffalo ..	200 ml. ..	10.66	8.15	8.39	8.42	260	280		
Chae Anmol (tinned) ..	kg. ..	0.93	7.28	18.01R	18.01R	229	229		
Total ..		11.59							
Index Number for Sub-group I (e).						257	276		

R=Repacked

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
POONA CENTRE— contd.**

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6	Sept. 1973 7	Oct. 1973 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
Salt White (Medium) ..	Kg. ..	0.16	0.11	0.22	0.22	200	20
Chillies (Dry) Gawaran Medium.	250 g. ..	2.04	0.47	1.42	1.43	302	30
Turmeric, Sangli and Akhi (Medium).	.. ..	0.15	0.33	1.39	1.40	421	42
Tamarind—Old Chinch No. 1.	Kg. ..	0.24	1.08	4.76	4.84	441	44
Mixed Spices— Garam Masala ..	50 g. ..	3.27	0.84	2.54	2.54	302	30
Total ..		5.86					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (f).</i>						308	30
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—							
Potatoes— Big size ..	½ Kg. ..	1.87	0.29	0.58	0.64	204	23
Small Size ..	.. ..	....	0.23	0.48	0.55		
Onions— Big Size ..	Kg. ..	0.92	0.31	1.04	1.43	355	48
Small Size ..	.. ..	....	0.24	0.20	1.22		
Brinjals—Big Size ..	.. ..	0.56	0.49	1.80	1.49	367	30
Tomatoes Medium Red No. 2.	.. ..	0.77	0.79	1.68	1.22	213	15
Other vegetables ..							
Varieties selected for Sept. 1973— (i) Bhendi ..	Kg. ..	4.42	0.49	1.06	....	241	2
(ii) Watana ..	.. ..	....	1.16	3.06			
(iii) Ghewada ..	.. ..	....	0.31	0.75			
Varieties selected for Oct. 1973— (i) Bhendi ..	Kg. ..	....	0.55	1.01	1.48	251	2
(ii) Dodaki ..	.. ..	....	0.49				
(iii) Watana ..	.. ..	....	1.02				
Total ..		8.54			3.14		
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (g).</i>						251	2
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products—							
Banana— Big Size ..	Doz. ..	1.23	0.49	1.22	1.22	253	2
Small Size ..	.. ..	....	0.39	1.00	1.00		
Total ..		1.23					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I (h).</i>						253	2

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
POONA CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>(I) Sugar, Honey and Related Products—</i>			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Sugar ..	Kg. ..	6.29	1.18	2.57	2.57	218	218
Gur ..	.. ..	1.20	0.58	2.55	2.55	440	440
Total ..		7.49					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(i)</i>						253	253
<i>(i) Beverages—</i>							
Tea leaf—							
Brooke Bond (Medium).	Packet of 50 gs. ..	3.43	0.38	0.60	0.60	156	156
Lipton (Medium)	.. ..	..	0.39	0.60	0.60		
Hot drinks—							
Prepared Tea ..	Cup of 3½ oz.	5.23	0.06	0.17	0.17	283	283
Total ..		8.66					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(j).</i>						233	233
<i>I. Food Sub-groups—</i>							
(a) Cereals and Cereal products.	....	37.98	..	..	..	338	318
(b) Pulses and pulse products.	....	6.29	..	..	..	365	363
(c) Oils and Fats ..	....	7.10	..	..	..	349	335
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.	....	5.26	..	..	..	259	254
(e) Milk and Milk Products.	....	11.50	..	..	..	257	276
(f) Condiments and spices.	....	5.86	..	..	..	308	309
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products.	....	8.54	..	..	..	251	273
(h) Fruits and Fruits products.	....	1.23	..	..	..	253	253
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.	....	7.49	..	..	..	253	253
(j) Beverages ..	....	8.66				233	233
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Group I</i>						301	297

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS
FOONA CENTRE— *contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportion- al to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity		
			Basic Price 4	Sept. 1973 5	Oct. 1973 6
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.
II. Fuel and Light—					
(1) Firewood and chips (Rawal/medium)	37 kg.	30.63	3.03	6.85	6.95
(2) Kerosene, Chavi Brand.	5 litres	24.03	1.54	3.15	3.15
(3) Electricity charges ..	Per unit ..	6.45	0.19	0.28	0.28
(4) Charcoal—					
(i) Big size ..	37 kg.	35.36	7.47	13.75	13.70
(ii) Patti or Rawal ..	" ..	" ..	5.63	10.44	10.50
(5) Match Box (Ikkasa 50 sticks).	Box ..	3.53	0.05	0.10	0.10
Total ..		100.00			
<i>Group II Index Number</i>					
III. Housing—					
(2) Rent for selected tenements.	Per month.	100.00			
Total ..		100.00			
<i>Number Group III Index</i>					
IV. Clothing and Footwear—					
(a) Clothing—					
(1) Dhoti ..	Per sq. metre.	3.57	1.28	2.56	2.65
(2) Sarco ..	" ..	29.86	1.28	2.96	2.98
(3) Cloth for trousers ..	" ..	5.25	2.62	6.46	6.44
(4) Long cloth ..	" ..	11.76	1.64	4.18	4.21
(5) Coloured poplin ..	" ..	40.44	2.25	4.93	5.04
Total ..		90.88			
<i>Index Number Sub-Group (IV) (a).</i>					
(b) Footwear—					
(1) Shoes					
(i) Bata Co.	Per Pair ..	4.27	17.14	29.65	29.65
(ii) Flex Co. ..	" ..	" ..	19.30	32.95	32.95
(2) Chappals—					
(i) Bata Co. ..	" ..	4.85	6.18	10.45	10.45
(ii) Flex Co. ..	" ..	" ..	8.40	17.10	17.10
Total ..		9.12			
<i>Index Number Sub-group IV (b).</i>					

(CONS)MER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS; FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
PC/DNA (CONTINUED—contd.)

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4		6	7	8
			Rs. P.	S. P.	Rs. P.		
Foot-cloth ..		90.88				229	232
Footwear ..		9.12				180	180
Total ..		00.00					
Index ..						224	227
Handloom—							
Super—							
Pan-leaf—							
Charwan, Kachhi 100 ..		1.08	0.53	1.17	1.15	355	348
Pan Finished—							
Panna Masala Each side ..		1.82	0.64	0.10	0.10	250	251
Supari—							
Langori .. 50 gs. ..		1.57	0.53	0.50	0.50	111	111
Total ..		4.47					
Number Sub-group						226	225
Tobacco and Tobacco products—							
Bidis—							
Charbhai .. Bundle of 25 bides. ..		2.56	0.15	0.30	0.30	200	200
Pawar .. " ..			0.15	0.30	0.30		
Cigarettes—							
Charminar ... Pkt. of 10 Cigarettes ..		1.94	0.15	0.50	0.50	297	299
Pila Hathi .. " ..			0.20	0.52	0.53		
Chewin Tobacco—							
Ak 1 Jarda No.1 50 gs. ..		1.92	0.37	0.50	0.50	152	152
Volli Jarda No.2 " ..			0.28	0.45	0.45		
Satara Jarda .. " ..			0.31	0.50	0.50		
Total ..		6.42					
Number Sub-group						215	216
House-hold Utilities							
Brass—							
Lota .. kg. ..		4.76	7.14	20.00	20.00	380	380
Total ..		4.76					
Number Sub-group						280	280

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
POONA CENTRE— contd.**

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Washing Soap—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Laundry charges—	Per Piece ..	4.23	0.13	0.25	0.27	192	202
Ordinary. Washing (of Irons).							
Washing Soap BB Bhap.	Cake ..	7.37	0.40	0.80	0.80	200	200
Total ..		11.60					
Number Sub-Group						197	203
Medical Care—							
Patent Medicine—							
Glycodine Terp	Bottle of 70 ml.	17.37	1.89	2.64	2.64	124	124
Yasaka.	2 Tablets ..	1.35	0.12	0.13	0.13	139	139
Anacin	Per Day ..		0.57	0.79	0.79		
Mixture, Daily							
Mixture.							
Total ..		18.72					
Number Sub-group						125	125
Personal Care—							
Hair oil Tata Co. etc.	Small Bottle	3.37	1.34	3.24	3.25	242	243
Barber charges—							
Haircut with shave.	Per Adult	6.52	0.75	1.42	1.42		
Haircut ..	Per Adult ..	..	0.65	1.08	1.08	173	173
Shave ..	Per Adult ..	..	0.20	0.33	0.33		
Toilet Soap—							
Lifebuoy ..	Cake ..	2.29	0.49	0.87	0.89	183	187
Lux ..	Cake ..	..	0.49	0.92	0.94		
Tooth Powder—							
Bytco (Family size)	Bottle ..	1.98	1.87	3.29	3.29	185	185
Bytco (Small size)	Bottle ..	..	0.46	0.89	0.89		
Blades—							
Bharat ..	Packet of 10	0.04	0.43	0.90	0.90	180	180
6 th Morning ..	2 Packet of 5 each.	..	0.60	0.90	0.90		
Total ..		14.20					
Number Sub-group						193	194
Education and Road—							
School Fees for Std. III.	Per month	8.86	4.85	5.17	5.17	107	107
School Books—Std. III—							
Kumar bharat ..	Per Copy	2.55	2.42	2.50	2.50		
Ankaganit ..	Per Copy		1.75	3.85	3.85	142	142
Apala Prithwi ..	Per Copy		1.88	1.95	1.95		
News Papers—							
Sakal Daily ..	Per Copy	2.50	0.07	0.13	0.13	200	200
Maratha Daily ..	Per Copy		0.07	0.15	0.15		
Total ..		13.91					
Number Sub-group						130	130

LABOUR G	
CONSUMER PRICE IN PO	
Articles	Unit of quantity
1	2
X. LITERALS and AMUSEMENTS—	
(1) Cinema— Leisure Class	Ticket
Total	
Y. Transport and Communication—	
(1) Railway— (a) Railway Fare for 50 km.	Per Passenger
(b) Bus Fare— (1) P.M.T. Bus fare 3-22 km.	..
(2) S.T. Fare 48 km.	..
(3) Stage Card	.. Per card
(4) M.O. Charges	.. Rs. 25
Total	..
Z. Number Sub-group Y(i)	
V. Miscellaneous—	
(a) Fan, Supari	..
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products	..
(c) Household Utilities	..
(d) Washing Soap	..
(e) Medical Care	..
(f) Personal Care	..
(g) Education and Reading	..
(h) Recreation and Amusement	..
(i) Transport and Communication	..
Total	..
Group V Index	

[illegible]

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL CENTRES IN INDIA

The following table gives the Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for Bombay, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nagpur, Nanded, Aurangabad, Poona, Madras and Kanpur during September 1973 and October 1973 :—

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for certain Industrial centres in India for the months of September 1973 and October, 1973.

Groups	Bombay (a)		Sholapur (a)		Nagpur (a)	
	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
Food	253	253	332	327	313	312
Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc. .	239	221	183	183	172	170
Fuel and light .. .	211	210	206	210	188	193
Housing	118	118	151	151	143	143
Clothing bedding, footwear ..	221	229	221	228	253	257
Miscellaneous .. .	181	183	192	194	172	173
Consumer Price Index Number ..	228	228	281	279	261	260

Groups	Jalgaon (b)		Nanded (c)		Aurangabad (b)	
	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
Food	355	369	383	368	359	342
Fuel and light .. .	185	185	175	189	177	177
Clothing	218	224	237	242	230	231
House Rent	137	137	147	147	191	191
Miscellaneous .. .	181	184	189	190	182	182
Consumer Price Index Number ..	288	298	311	304	294	284

Groups	Poona (d)		Madras		Kanpur	
	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
Food	301	200		I.N.R.	I.N.R.	
Pan, Supari, Tobacco, Intoxicants ..	....	....		
Fuel and Light .. .	199	200				
Clothing	224	227				
House Rent	124	124				
Miscellaneous .. .	177	178				
Consumer Price Index Number ..	249	247				

Base: (a) Average prices for January to December 1960—100

(b) Average price for January to December 1960—100

The following table shows the Consumer Price Index Numbers for Bombay, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nagpur, Ahmedabad, Madras and Kanpur on base August 1939 equal to 100 :—

Month and Year	Bombay	Sholapur	Jalgaon	Nagpur	Ahmedabad	Madras	Kanpur
October 1972 ..	858	1,141	1,116	1,065	860		
November ..	854	1,173	1,143	1,070	868		
December ..	863	1,199	1,153	1,070	899		
January 1973 ..	867	1,199	1,148	1,065	916		
February ..	880	1,214	1,164	1,075	934		
March ..	896	1,256	1,180	1,081	951		
April ..	917	1,297	1,211	1,096	964	I.N.R.	I.N.R.
May ..	951	1,355	1,238	1,133	973		
June ..	972	1,392	1,370	1,148	999		
July ..	993	1,470	1,449	1,352	I.N.R.		
August ..	960	1,440	1,497	1,357	1,012		
September ..	964	1,470	1,524	1,362	1051		
October ..	964	1,460	1,576	1,357	1,073		

INDEX NUMBERS FOR BOMBAY, SHOLAPUR, JALGAON AND AHMEDABAD ON BASE SHIFTED TO 1944 EQUAL TO 100

Month and Year	Bombay	Sholapur	Jalgaon	Ahmedabad
October 1972 ..	380	414	378	292
November ..	378	426	387	299
December ..	382	435	391	309
January 1973 ..	384	435	389	316
February ..	390	441	395	322
March ..	397	456	400	327
April ..	406	471	410	332
May ..	422	492	420	335
June ..	431	505	464	344
July ..	440	534	491	I.N.R.
August ..	425	523	507	349
September ..	427	534	517	362
October ..	427	530	534	369

I.N.R. = Information not receive.

ALL INDIA AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR
INDUSTRIAL WORKERS (ON BASE : 1960=103) FOR
SEPTEMBER 1973

The All-India Average Consumer Price Index Number for Industrial Workers (General) on base 1960=100 for September 1973 is 248 (Two hundred and forty-eight) as compared to 247 in August 1973. The Index for the September 1973 on base 1949=100 derived from the 1960 based index works out to 301.

—EX—

INDUST

Industrial Co

Name

I. Industrial
(a) Industrial
rashtra

(b) Industrial
rashtra

II. (a) Industrial
Maharashtra
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Provi
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Labour Intelligence

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS IN MAHARASHTRA REVIEW FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1973

Industrial Courts and Tribunals

Name of the Court	No. of applications etc. received during the month.	Break-up of the applications.
1	2	3
<i>Under Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946</i>		
<i>Industrial Courts—</i>	No.	
a) Industrial Court, Maharashtra, Bombay.	22	10 References .. Submissions 9 Appeals .. Revision applications. .. Review applications. 2 Criminal appeals. 1 Miscellaneous application (TR)(IC) .. Appeals under Chapter VII reg. S Os.
Total ..	22	
b) Industrial Court, Maharashtra (Nagpur Bench)	4	1 Reference .. Submissions. 2 Appeals. 1 Application .. Revision applications. .. Review applications. .. Criminal appeals. .. Miscellaneous applications. .. Appeals under Chapter VII reg. S.O.S.
Total ...	4	
(a) Industrial Court, Maharashtra (Nagpur Bench) Cases under Section 16 of the Central Provinces and Berar Industrial Disputes Settlement Act, 1947.	..	
Total ...	..

LABOUR GAZETTE—DECEMBER 1973

Name of the Court	No. of applications etc. received during the month	Break-up of the applications.
1	2	3
<i>Under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947</i>		
(a) Industrial Tribunals, Bombay.	66	.. References 33 Adjudications. 20 Applications 13 Complaints. --- Total .. 66
(b) Industrial Tribunals, Nagpur.	4	.. References. 3 Adjudications 1 Application .. Complaints --- Total .. 4

I. Labour Courts—

Name of the Court	Total No. of applications etc. received	Break up of the applications received under—		
		Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
1	2	3	4	5
Labour Courts, Bombay.	209	No.	No.	No.
		40 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B.	7 Illegal strikes and lockouts. 1 Illegal change 43 Miscellaneous .. Criminal Complaints.	.. Under section 13-A.
		.. Under section 33(2) (b).	20 Submissions.	
		81 Under section 33C(2).	.. References. 1 Miscellaneous application	
		.. Under section 36A.	1 Application under section 78-D.	
		15 Miscellaneous applications.		
Total ..	135	73		

Size of the Court	Total No. of applications etc. received
1	2
Labour Courts, Poona.	35
Labour Court, Kolhapur.	
Labour Courts, Nagpur.	

Name of the Court	Total No. of applications etc. received	Break up of the applications received under—		
		Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
1	2	3	4	5
(2) Labour Courts, Poona.	35	No. 4 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B. .. Under section 33(2)(b). 10 Under section 33C(2). .. Under section 36A. 4 Miscellaneous applications.	No. 16 Illegal strikes and lockouts. .. Illegal change. 16 Miscellaneous Criminal Complaints. .. Submissions. .. References. 1 Miscellaneous application.	No. .. Under section 13-A.
	Total	18	17	..
(3) Labour Court, Kolhapur.	43	15 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B. .. Under section 33(2)(b). 14 Under section 33C(2). .. Under section 36A. .. Miscellaneous applications.	.. Illegal strikes and lockouts. .. Illegal change. .. Criminal complaints. .. Submissions. .. References. .. Miscellaneous applications. 14 Applications under section 78D.	.. Under section 13A.
	Total	29	14	..
(4) Labour Courts, Nagpur.	73	19 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B. .. Under section 33(2)(b). 50 Under section 33C(2). .. Under section 36A. .. Miscellaneous applications.	.. Illegal strikes and lockouts. 1 Illegal change. .. Criminal complaints. 2 Miscellaneous Submissions. .. References. 1 Miscellaneous application.	.. Under section 13A.
	Total	69	4	..

Name of the Court	Total No. of applications etc. received	Break up of the applications received under—		
		Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
1	2	3	4	5
(5) Labour Court, Akola.	43	No. 15 Under sections 10 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B. .. Under section 33(2)(b). 24 Under section 33C(2) .. Under section 36A. .. Miscellaneous applications.	No. .. Illegal Strikes and lockouts. .. Illegal change 4 Criminal complaints. .. Submissions. .. References. .. Miscellaneous applications. .. Reinstatements	No. .. Under section 13A.
	Total	39	4	..
(6) Labour Court, Sholapur.	99	41 Under section 10. 46 Under section 33(c)(2).	.. Illegal strikes .. Illegal change. 10 Miscellaneous 2 Miscellaneous applications.	.. Under section 13A.
	Total	87	12	..
V. Labour Court, Nagpur.	..	Break-up of the applications received under section 16 of the Central Provinces and Berar Industrial Disputes Settlement Act, 1947		
	Total	..	..	..

WAGE BOARDS—

In all one reference was received by the Wage Board for the Silk Textile Industry during month under review. Its break up is as under :

Type of references	Received by the Wage Board for—			Total
	Cotton Textile Industry	Silk Textile Industry	Sugar Industry	
1	2	3	4	5
Remanded references	..	1	..	1
Modification applications
Implementation references
Total	..	1	..	1

Conciliation

An analysis of disputes handled by the Conciliation machinery in the State during September 1973 under various acts is given below :—

(a) Cause-wise analysis of the cases received during the month—

Act	Issues relating to pay, allowances and bonus	Employment, leave, hours of work and Miscellaneous causes	Total
(1) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.	124	324	448
(2) Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946.	34	12	46
(3) Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	8	....	8
Total ..	166	336	502

(b) Result-wise analysis of the cases dealt with during the month :—

Act	Pending at the beginning of the month	No. of cases received during the month	Settled amicably	Ended in failure	Withdrawn or not pursued by parties	Closed	Total handled (3 to 6)	Pending at the end of the month
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I.D. Act, 1947	1,164	448	104	140	90	122	456	1150
B.I.R. Act, 1946	186	46	10	9	6	1	26	200
B.I.R. (Ext. and am't) Act, 1964	15	8	2	3	1	2	8	15
Total ..	1,365	502	116	152	97	125	490	1377

Industry-wise and district-wise analysis of the cases received during the month under Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act 1964 are given below :—

Act	Cotton Textile	Silk Textile	Woollen Textile	Textile Processing	Hosiery	Banking	Sugar	Electricity	Transport	Total
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B.I.R. Act, 1946	10	6	...	12	...	...	16	1	1	4

Act	Textile Industry	Paper Industry	Printing Industry	Press Industry	Shops	Bidi	Cinema	Local Bodies	Other Misc.	Total
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B.I.R. (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	8

District-wise analysis is given below :—

Act	Bombay	Thana	Poona	Sholapur	Satara	Sangli	Kolhapur	Jalgaon	Ahmednagar	Total
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B.I.R. Act, 1946	24	1	...	3	...	...	1	2	15	4

Act	Bhandara	Nagpur	Wardha	Chanda	Akola	Buldhana	Total
	1	7	...	...	...	...	8
B.I.R. Act, (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	1	7	...	...	...	...	8

Registration of Agreements, Settlements, Awards, etc.

Five Agreements, 4 Settlements and 2 Awards were registered under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946, and Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964, during the month of September, 1973.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN MAHARASHTRA STATE DURING AUGUST 1973

Disputes in August 1973	..	..	..	..	81
Work People involved	..	..	..	..	23,114
Working days lost	..	..	..	..	1,63 680

Though the number of disputes and number of workers affected due to strike activity in Maharashtra State during the month of August 1973 have increased as compared to the previous months, there was fall in time lost.

The figures for the month under review show 81 disputes in progress involving 23,114 workers and a time loss of 1,63,680 man-days as compared to 76 disputes in July 1973 with 25,805 workers affected and time loss of 1,89,905 man-days.

Eleven of the total disputes in progress during August 1973 were in the Textile industry 30 in the Engineering Industry and the remaining 40 were in other industries. 55 of the total disputes involving 19,129 workers were actually recorded during the month while 26 disputes involving 3,985 workers were carried over from the previous month.

The following table gives an analysis of industrial disputes by group of industries :-

Industry Group	Number of disputes in progress			Number of work people involved in all disputes August 1973	Aggregate man-days lost in August 1973
	Started before beginning August 1973	Started in August 1973	Total		
Textile ..	1	10	11	6,378	19,733
Engineering ..	13	17	30	6,954	62,686
Miscellaneous ..	12	28	40	9,782	81,261
Total August 1973 ..	26	55	81	23,114	1,63,680
Total July 1973 .	32	44	76	25,805	1,89,905

*The word "disputes" in the official sense means interruption of work and it is hereby used in that sense as virtually synonymous with "strike". In compiling Statistics of the industrial

Thirty-Seven of the disputes arose over questions of "pay allowances and bonus issues", 35 related to "retrenchment and grievances about personnel" on leave and hours of works and the remaining 6 were due to other causes.

Out of the 53 disputes that terminated during the course of the month were settled either entirely or partially in favour of the workers 23 in favour of the employers, while the result of the remaining 8 disputes were indefinite.

PROGRESS OF IMPORTANT INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN MAHARASHTRA STATE DURING THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1973

(1) *Oil Seals Mfg. Co. Pvt. and its sister concern, Bombay.*— The workers of Oil Seals Mfg. Co. Pvt. and its sister concerns at Bombay employing about 455 workers resorted to strike from 23rd October 1973 demanding increase in wages. The strike ended on 1st August 1973 causing loss of 1,10,793.

(2) *Echjay Industries Pvt. Ltd., and Echjay Electronics Pvt. Ltd., Bombay.*— The workers of Echjay Industries and Echjay Electronics Pvt. Ltd., at Bombay employing about 593 workers resorted to strike from 15th June 1973 over their demand for recognition of the union. The strike continued till the end of the month.

(3) *Mansukh Dyeing and Printing Mills, Bombay.*— The workers of Mansukh Dyeing and Printing Mills at Bombay employing about 426 workers resorted to strike from 11th May 1973 over their demand for reinstatement of discharged workers. The strike continued till the end of the month.

(4) *Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. of India Ltd., Bombay.*— The workers of Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. of India Ltd., (Pvt.) at Bombay employing about 1918 workers resorted to strike from 2nd August 1973 demanding withdrawal of suspension order of worker. The strike ended on 9th August 1973 causing loss of 11103 mandays.

(5) *Golden Tobacco Co. Ltd., Bombay.*— The workers of the Golden Tobacco Co. Ltd., at Bombay employing about 1250 workers resorted to strike from 8th August 1973 over their demand for increase in dearness allowance etc. and the strike continued till the end of the month.

(6) *Bush India Ltd., Thana.*— The workers of the Bush India Ltd., at Thana employing 1948 resorted to strike from 18th August 1973, demanding bonus etc. The strike ended on 26th August 1973 causing loss of 15,872 mandays.

(7) *Patel Engineering Co. Ltd., Vaitarana Nagar, Nasik.*— The total complement of 229 workers of the Patel Engineering Co. Ltd., at Vaitarana Nagar (Nasik) resorted to strike from 12th May 1973 demanding reinstatement of retrenched workers. The strike ended on 4th August 1973 causing loss of 16,717 mandays.

ABSENTEEISM STATISTICS FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER

The Textile Industry

The statistics of absenteeism in the Textile Industry in the State of Maharashtra are compiled from the mills at seven Textile Centres in State viz., Bombay, Sholapur, Nagpur, Jalgaon, Akola, Aurangabad and Nanded.

Returns were received from 45 Mills i.e., 77.59 per cent of the 79 Mills in the month of September 1973. The average absenteeism in the Industry in these centres amounted to per cent 16.22 as against 16.06 per cent in the previous month.

The following table shows the average percentage of absenteeism in seven centres for the month of September 1973 on the basis of information for all working shifts :—

Centre	Number of Mills		Percentage column 3 to column 2	No. of man-days Scheduled to work	No. of man-days absent	Average percentage of absenteeism	
	Working	Furnished information				Sept. 1973	Previous month
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Bombay ..	58	45	77.59	37,07,797	5,95,678	16.06	16.06
2. Sholapur ..	7	6	85.71	3,23,569	57,600	17.80	17.80
3. Jalgaon ..	3	3	100.00	1,06,972	10,080	9.42	9.42
4. Nagpur ..	2	1	50.00	2,30,256	36,890	16.02	16.02
5. Akola ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Aurangabad ..	1	1	100.00	11,544	817	7.08	7.08
7. Nanded ..	1	1	100.00	84,240	29,545	35.07	35.07
8. Other Centres ..	7	6	85.71	2,83,260	39,452	13.93	13.93
9. All Centres ..	79	63	79.75	47,47,638	7,70,012	16.22	16.06

NIGHT SHIFT IN COTTON MILLS IN BOMBAY CITY

At the beginning of October 1973 there were 48 mills in Bombay city working Night Shift and the number of men doing night work was 83,764.

LABOUR TURNOVER IN COTTON TEXTILE UNDERTAKINGS
FOR SEPTEMBER 1973

Seventy Cotton Textile undertakings in Maharashtra State employing 2,48,838 workers on an average, recorded an average percentage of Labour Turnover of 2.28 for the month of September 1973. The increase in employment of labour (accession) was reported to be 0.99 per cent, Whereas the extent of decrease in employment (separation) registered in the total labour employed in all undertaking was 1.29.

The following table indicates the correlation of labour turnover with the size of establishments :-

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR MAHARASHTRA STATE FOR
SEPTEMBER 1973

Group	Number of workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour Increase	Labour Decrease
Up to 100 ..	52	....	....	....	....	....
101 to 500 ..	801	0.25	1.25	1.50	....	1.00
501 to 1,000 ..	3,943	4.26	1.27	5.53	2.99	..
1,001 to 2,000 ..	10,720	1.25	2.01	3.26	....	0.76
More than 2,000 ..	2,33,322	0.92	1.26	2.18	....	0.34
All establishments ..	2,48,838	0.99	1.29	2.28	....	0.30

It may be seen that the rate of labour turnover was the highest viz., 5.53 per cent, in establishments engaging upto 501 to 1,000 workers, while it was lowest viz., 1.50 per cent, in undertakings employing upto 101 to 500 workers.

Considering the labour turnover according to centres, it may be observed that the highest rate of labour turnover viz., 7.85 per cent, was recorded in other Centres, whereas Sholapur area registered the smallest rate of 0.84 per cent. The following table indicates percentages of labour turnover in cotton textile undertakings in different areas of the State.

CENTRE-WISE LABOUR TURNOVER FOR SEPTEMBER 1973

Centres	No. of workers	Rate per 100 Workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour increase	Labour decrease
Bombay ..	2,03,837	1.05	1.39	2.44	..	0.34
Sholapur ..	14,940	0.35	0.77	1.12	..	0.42
Dhulia } Jalgaon }	10,143	1.12	0.06	1.18	1.06	..
Aurangabad ..	876	4.34	2.63	6.97	1.71	..
Nagpur ..	13,738	0.21	0.84	1.05	..	0.63
Other Centres ..	5,305	1.66	2.30	3.96	..	0.64
All Centres ..	2,48,838	0.99	1.29	2.28	..	0.30

As regards labour turnover in Bombay City more or less the same trends are noticeable in the State as a whole could be seen from the following table,

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR BOMBAY CITY FOR MONTH OF
SEPTEMBER 1973

Group	No. of workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour increase	Labour decrease
Up to 100 ..	....	....	....	....	....	....
101 to 500 ..	197	..	2.54	2.54	..	2.54
501 to 1,000 ..	1,515	4.62	0.46	5.08	4.16	....
1,001 to 2,000 ..	7,864	1.20	1.54	2.74	..	0.34
Over 2,000 ..	1,94,262	1.01	1.39	2.40	..	0.38
All establishments.	2,03,837	1.05	1.39	2.44	..	0.34

The percentage of labour turnover in the establishments engaging from 501 to 1,000 workers was 5.08 whereas it was only 2.40 in concerns engaging more than 2,000 workers.

In Sholapur the highest rate of labour turnover of 7.39 per cent, was recorded in mills engaging upto 501 to 1,000 employees. This can be seen from the following table :—

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR SHOLAPUR FOR SEPTEMBER 1973

Group	Number of workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour increase	Labour decrease
Up to 100 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
101 to 500 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
501 to 1,000 ..	649	4.31	3.08	7.39	1.23	..
1,001 to 2,000 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 2,000 ..	14,154	0.17	0.67	0.84	..	0.50
All Establishments.	14,940	0.35	0.77	1.12	..	0.42

LABOUR

WORKING OF TRADE

REVIEW FOR

the 30th September
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WORKING OF TRADE UNIONS ACT, 1926 IN MAHARASHTRA STATE

REVIEW FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1973

On the 30th September 1973 there were 3,106 trade unions registered under Trade Unions Act, 1926

Twenty six trade unions were registered under the Trade Unions Act, 1926 by the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Bombay, the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Nagpur, the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Poona and the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Aurangabad during the month of October 1973. They are as follows :—

(1) Bombay Division	..	..	..	11
(2) Nagpur Division ..	..	..	..	..
(3) Poona Division ..	..	..	..	..
(4) Aurangabad Division	..	..	..	15
Total ..				26

The registration of 134 trade unions was cancelled on 11th October 1973 on the ground that the unions have wilfully and after due notice from the Registrar continued to contravene the provisions of section 28 of the Trade Unions Act, 1926 in that they failed to send to the Registrar by the prescribed date the annual general statement of accounts for the year ending 31st December 1971 as required by that section to be sent annually to the Registrar,

Serial No.	Name of the Union	Registration No.
1	United Glass Workers Union, Andheri, Bombay.	711
2	Municipal Workers Union, Sholapur ..	808
3	Sholapur Municipal Staff Association, Sholapur ..	1327
4	Ahmednagar Cantonment Board Servants Union, Ahmednagar,	1527
5	The Hindustan Wire Netting Co, Ltd., Workers Union, Thana,	1811
6	The Bombay Mercantile Co-operative Bank Staff Union, Bombay,	1962
7	Municipal Kamgar Union, Dondaicha ..	1966
8	Assay Office Employces Union, Bombay ..	2192
9	Maharashtra State Agriculture Farm Mazdoor Union, District Poona,	2843
10	Warna Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Kamgar Union, Kolhapur,	3133
11	Hotel Restaurants and Soda Water Owners Association, Kolhapur,	3159

Serial No.	Name of the Union	Registration No.
12	Ichalkaranji General Kamgar Union, District Kolhapur ..	3160
13	Kurundwadi Nagarpalika Kamgar Union, Kurundwadi, District Sangli,	3197
14	Sangit Tamasha Kalawant Sangh, Shrirampur, District Ahmednagar,	3229
15	Sakhar Kamgar Sabha, Rahuri ..	3401
16	State Transport Kamgar Sabha, Ahmednagar ..	3406
17	Marathwada Market Committee Staff Union, Nanded ..	3506
18	United Enterprises Workers Union, Bombay ..	3571
19	Bhiwandi Nizampur Municipal Kamgar Union, Kalyan ..	3601
20	Ismetco Employees Union, Bombay ..	3624
21	Lion Pencils Kamgar Sangh, Bombay ..	3642
22	Raver Taluka Nagarpalika Kamgar Union, Jalgaon, E.K.	3762
23	Nagarpalika Kamgar Union, Jalgaon ..	3773
24	The Greater Bombay Nurses' Association, Bombay ..	3780
25	Mapari Union, Yeola ..	3806
26	Cantonment Board Dehu Road Workers Union, Dehu Road,	3846
27	The Bidi Utpadak Malak Sangh, Nandurbar ..	3871
28	Baramati Taluka Canning Pressing Workers Union, Baramati, District Poona,	3979
29	State Transport Kamgar Sabha, Thana ..	4002
30	Hospital Workers Union, Mangalwar Peth, District Sangli,	4113
31	Jalgaon Jilha Rashtriya Mudran Kamgar Sangh, Jalgaon ..	4114
32	Rayon Mazdoor Union, Ulhasnagar ..	4196
33	Saurakshan Kamgar Sabha, Poona ..	4238
34	Hotel Kamgar Sangh, Jalgaon ..	4242
35	Patanwala Glass Workers Union, Bombay ..	4408
36	Hind Metals Kamgar Sangh, Karad ..	4435
37	Indian Cork Mills Workers Union, Bombay ..	4474
38	Rashtriya B,E,S,T, Kamgar Union, Bombay ..	4516
39	Mapari Union, Malegaon ..	4603
40	Vidi Kamgar Sangh, Poona ..	4616
41	General Workers Union, Malegaon ..	4619
42	Calico Mills Chemical and Plastic Division Employees Union, Bombay,	4657
43	Thana Hotel Owners Association, Thana ..	4668
44	Chemical Mazdoor Union, Kalyan ..	4689
45	Press Metal Corporation Workers Union, Bombay ..	4697
46	The Nasik Motor Merchants Association, Nasik City ..	4701
47	Chhata Mazdoor Union, Bombay ..	4714
48	The S, P, D, C, I, M, and Wecors (C, M, D,) Store House	4735

Registration No.	Serial No.	Name of the Union	Registration No.
3160	49	Nasik Khadya-Peya Vikreta Sangh, Nasik City ..	4749
3197	50	Bombay Metal Mazdoor Union, Bombay ..	4754
	51	The Hamal Kamgar Union, Malegaon ..	4768
3229	52	Cement Tiles Mazdoor Union, Nasik ..	4779
	53	Jalgaon Zilla Pik-Engine Saurakshak Kamgar Union, Amalner.	4780
33401	54	Bombay Trunk and Steel Workers Union, Bombay ..	4788
3406	55	Excel Process Employees Association, Bombay ..	4790
3506	56	Prakash Cotton Mills Kamgar Committee, Bombay ..	4816
3571	57	Nasik Zilla Grampanchayat Kamgar Sabha, Nandgaon, District Nasik.	4842
601	58	Laxmi Ratan Engineering Employees Union ..	4862
624	59	Larsen and Toubro and Allied Companies Employees Union, Bombay.	4874
642	60	Societies and Trusts Workers Union, Bombay ..	4880
762	61	Ajanta Paper Mazdoor Union, Thana ..	4923
773	62	Bombay Hotel and Bakery Workers Union, Bombay ..	4925
780	63	Kalwan Taluka Sahakari Secretary Sangh, Kalwan, District Nasik.	4934
806	64	Shree Digvijay Cement Contractor Workers Union, Bombay,	4952
46	65	Jalgaon Jilha Patbandhare Kamgar Sangh, Jalgaon ..	4954
71	66	Greater Bombay Library Employees' Union, Bombay ..	4956
79	67	Nandgaon Taluka Khadya Peya Vikreta Association, Nasik.	4972
	68	Chopda-Municipal Employees Union, Jalgaon	4978
2	69	Indian Pilots Association, Bombay	4987
3	70	Jalgaon Zilla Shet Majur Union, Jalgaon ..	4999
4	71	Bombay Industrial Employees Union, Bombay ..	5003
6	72	Chaligaon Girni Kamgar Union, Jalgaon ..	5059
8	73	Dhule Shahar Nagarpalika Sabha, Dhulia ..	5066
2	74	J, J, Engineering and Allied Company's Workers Union, Bombay.	5071
3	75	Mahalaxmi Metal Works Employees Union, Bombay ..	5075
5	76	Cantonment Board Sevak Sangh, Poona ..	PN-55
7	77	Vidi Kamgar Union, Sangli ..	PN-70
9	78	Maval Taluka Kamgar Sangh, Poona ..	PN-86
11	79	Bel Air Sanatorium Kamgar Union, Satara ..	PN-101
13	80	Arbor Acres Kamgar Union, Poona ..	PN-115
15	81	The Poona Municipal Transport Drivers Ekjoot Sanstha, Poona.	PN-118
17	82	Chemical Kamgar Sangh, Poona ..	PN-121
19	83	Sugar Workers Union, Sangli ..	PN-122

Serial No.	Name of the Union	Registration No.
84	Bhide and Sons Kamgar Sangh, Sangli	PN-159
85	Phaltan Sugar Workers Kamgar Union, Satara	PN-161
86	The Poona Bidi Manufacturies Association, Poona	PN-165
87	Maharashtra State Road Transport Corporation Ministerial Staff Association, Poona.	PN-218
88	Swastik Rubber Staff Employees Union, Poona	PN-225
89	Sholapur Rashtriya Powerloom Mazdoor Sangh, Sholapur,	PN-229
90	Sholapur Sahakari Sut Girni Niyamit Kamgar Sangh, Sholapur.	PN-231
91	Sholapur Bhusar Vyapari Sahakari Nekar Sangh, Sholapur	PN-234
92	Madhyamik Pariksha Mandal Karmachari Sangh, Poona	PN-265
93	Indapur Taluka Sahakari Chitnis Sangh, Poona	PN-333
94	Municipal Kamgar Sangh, Ichalkaranji	PN-356
95	Dudh Sagar Kamgar Sangh, Miraj	PN-360
96	Pune Jilha Sakhar Karkhana Kamgar Union, Poona	PN-378
97	Poona Mazdoor Union, Poona	PN-384
98	Century Enka Kamgar Sabha, Poona	PN-391
99	Kadaba Vahatuk Kamgar Sabha, Poona	PN-397
100	Dairy Development Employees Association, Poona	PN-398
101	Haveli Taluka Sakhar Kamgar Sabha, Poona	PN-403
102	Rashtriya Nagarpalika Kamgar Sangh, Sholapur	PN-404
103	Nagpur Vishwavidhyalaya Karmachari Sangh, Nagpur	2772
104	Gumasta Mandal, Pulgaon	3689
105	Gumasta Union, Akola	3817
106	Rashtriya Motor Kamgar Union, Wardha	4077
107	Gin Press Kamgar Union, Akola	4287
108	Kanpure Chemical Kamgar Union, Nagpur	4301
109	Lipton Karmachari Union, Badnera	4422
110	Press Workers Union, Nagpur	4436
111	Deulgaonraja Nagarpalika Chungikar Karmachari Sangh, District Buldhana.	4680
112	Bhartiya Gin Press Kamgar Sangh, District Wardha	4681
113	Maharashtra Motor Kamgar Sangh, Wardha	4682
114	Nagarpalika Rashtriya Safai Kamgar Union and Karmachari Sangh, Pulgaon.	4716
115	Deulgaon Raja Block Sahakari Karmachari Union	4866
116	Law Reporting (All India Reporter) Workers Union, Nagpur.	4871
117	Bhandara Madhyawarti Sahakari Adhikosh Karmachari Sangh, Bhandara.	NGP-72
118	Chanda Colliery Mazdoor Sangh, District Chanda	NGP-101
119	Rashtriya Janata Consumers Karmachari Sangh, Akola	NGP-206
120	Bidi Karmachari Union, Gondia	NGP-225

Serial No.	Name of the Union	Registration No.
121	Saw Mill Kamgar Union, Gondia	NGP-226
122	Nandure Nagarparishad Karmachari Sangh, District Bul-dhana.	NGP-238
123	Rashtriya Girni Kamgar Sangh, Badnera	NGP-257
124	Nagpur Jilha Sahakari Shetki Kharedi Vikri Samiti Karma-chari Sangh, Nagpur.	NGP-266
125	District Sanitary Inspectors Association, Chandrapur ..	NGP-292
126	Vidarbha Power Loom Udyog Kamgar Union, Nagpur ..	NGP-314
127	Zilla Municipal Kamgar Union, Amraoti	NGP-319
128	Rashtriya Safai Kamgar Sangh, Tumsar	NGP-321
129	Motor Taxi Owners Cum-Drivers Association, Nagpur ..	NGP-322
130	Alembic Employees Union, Akola	NGP-328
131	Wardha Taluka Sahakari Sanstha Gat Sachiv Sanghatna, Wardha	NGP-331
132	Chandrapur Press Kamgar Sangh, Chandrapur	NGP-338
133	Amravati Nagarpalika Karmachari Sanghatana, Amravati,	NGP-343
134	Nagpur Petrol Pump Karmachari Sangh, Nagpur	NGP-350

The total number of registered trade unions thus stood at 2,998 at the end of the month of October 1973.

REGISTRATIONS DURING OCTOBER 1973

Serial No.	Name of the Union and Address	Registration No. and Date	Name of the President	Name of the General Secretary
1	2	3	4	5
BOMBAY DIVISION				
1	Bien Plastics Employees Union., 144, Government Industrial Estate Kandivali Bombay-67 N.B.	6781, 8th October 1973.	Shri Swami S. Devar.	Shri Ramq.
2	Dhule Mill Mazdoor Sangh., Municipal Shala No. 4, Gokak Market Chawl, Dhule.	6782, 8th October 1973.	Shri Manik Tukaram Kakade.	Shri Tanaji Punaji Sonawane.
3	Indian Aluminium Co. Ltd., Employees Union Bombay C/o Shri K. M. Patel, 246 Waterfield Road, Manju Villa, Bandra, Bombay-50.	6783, 10th October 1973.	Shri Faust D'Silva.	Shri K. M. Patel.
4	Ratnagiri Zilla Machhimar Union, Congress Bhavan, Ratnagiri.	6784, 10th October 1973.	Dr. Anil Birje.	Shri Sharad Pawar.
5	Abhyudaya Co-operative Banks Employees Association, C/o Peter D'Souza 27A Goodwin Cottage R. No. 1, Gujrathi Mandal Road, Vile Parle, Bombay-57.	6785, 11th October 1973.	Shri Peter D'Souza.	Shri U. Y. Shahane.
6	Maharashtra Silk and Processing Kamgar Union., C/o Dr. Datta Samant Office Building No. 2, Pant Nagar, Ghatkopar, Bombay-75.	6786, 16th October 1973.	Dr. Datta Samant.	Shri Nagesh R. Sabne.
7	Bayer (India) Staff Association., C/o No. 5 Shobana Rifle Range, Ghatkopar, Bombay-86.	6787, 16th October 1973.	Shri P. N. Konkar.	Shri C. S. Venkateswaran.

Serial No.	Name of the Union and Address	Registered No. and Date	Name of the President	Name of the General Secretary
1	2	3	4	5
8	International Industries Employees Union.. Chouhan Bhuvan Accessory House No. 1. Near Vikroli Railway Station (West) Bombay-83.	6788, 16th October 1973.	Shri V. C. Abraham.	Shri H. L. Sharma.
9	Rashtriya Kapus Kamgar Sangh., C/o Tushar Pawar B-4, 23 Dhyaneswar Nagar, Wadala, Bombay-31.	6789, 9th October 1973.	Shri Natha Muruti Garje	Shri Tushar Pandurang Pawar.
10	Greater Bombay General Workers. Sangh., 63 First Sitar Galli, Bombay-4.	6790, 19th October 1973.	Shri Nathuram Keshao Gujar.	Shri Ramchandra Digambar Ghodke.
11	Association of Honorary Medical Officer.. K.E.M. Hospital Bombay-12.	6791, 20th October 1973.	Dr. M. K. Mehta	Dr. I. J. Pinto.
AURANGABAD DIVISION				
12	The Aurangabad City Vividh Udyog Kamgar Sanghatana., Gandhi Bhavan Shah Ganj, Aurangabad.	AWB-271, 1st October 1973	Shri Bhanudasrao Vardhane	Shri P. V. Joshi
13	Janata Auto Rickshaw Union, Aurangabad. A. Rashid Khan (Mamu) House No. 2-5-70 Opp. Pawar House, Kotwalpura Aurangabad.	AWB-272, 8th October 1973.	Shri Abdul Rashid Khan.	Shri Shivnath Rathi.
14	Janata Tourist Taxi Association., Shah Ganj, Aurangabad.	AWB-273, 17th October 1973.	Shri N. S. Jedhe	Mohd. Fasiq din.
15	Nanded Zilla Nagar Palika Karmachari Sangh., C/o Ram Prasad Parikh, Behind Hanuman Mandir, Vazirabad, Nanded.	AWB-274, 17th October 1973.	Shri Anant Rao Joshi.	Shri Ramprasad Parikh.
16	The Bhir District Rickshaw Drivers Union., Bashir Ganj, Aurangabad.	AWB-275, 17th October 1973.	Shri Mohammad Maziuddin Sk. Hussain	Shri Iftekar Uddin Badruddin.
17	Lal Bawata Hamal Union., Weekly Bazar Road, Majalgaon, District Bhir.	AWB-276, 17th October 1973.	Shri Babanlal Papalal Rathod.	Shri Hamed Hussain.
18	Latur Kapad Gumasta Sahakari Sangh, Meghraj Nagar, Latur.	AWB-277, 17th October 1973.	Shri Mathuradas Karwa.	Shri Shankar Kishan.
19	Rickshaw Workers Union, Nanded., Gadipura Nanded.	AWB-263, 10th August 1973.	Shri Dashrat Sinha.	Shri Ramdas Madekar.
20	Maharashtra Distillery Employees Union, Chikhalthana., C/o Bharatiya Mazdoor Sangh Supari Hanuman Road, Aurangabad.	AWB-264, 13th August 1973.	Shri Shamrao Kachru Magre.	Shri Suresh Dhonduram Nile.
21	Shri Venkatesh Wholesale Food Grain Dealers Association, Nanded., House No. 4-6-200, Old Mondha, Nanded.	AWB-265, 20th August 1973.	Shri Dattopant Trimbak	Shri Vithal Gopal Gademwar.
22	Hamal Union, C/o Dipaji Patil Akhada Belapur Taluka Kalamnuri Parbhani.	AWB-266, 19th September 1973.	Shri Dipaji Shivram.	Shri Purbhaji Sakharan.
23	Bharat Rickshaw Drivers Union, Parbhani. C/o Rajabha Vaggaonkar Subash Road, Parbhani.	AWB-267, 26th September 1973.	Shri Rajabha Dhundiraj	Shri Shaikh Mahamood.
24	Automobile Products of India Employees Association, Aurangabad., Block No. 62 Rokadiy Hanuman Colony, Aurangabad.	AWB-268, 27th September 1973.	Shri C. K. Bho-sale.	Shri S. S. Ganga Khedkar.
25	Railway Hamal Sangh, Jalna., C/o Bharatiya Mazdoor Sangha, 2-15-21, Supari Hanuman Road, Aurangabad.	AWB-269, 27th September 1973.	Shri D. G. Shavtekar.	Shri Uttamrao Ganpatrao Mohite.
26	Hotel Kamgar Sangh, Aurangabad., C/o Bharatiya Mazdoor Sangh, 2-15-27 Supari Hanuman Road, Aurangabad.	AWB-270, 27th September 1973.	Shri D. G. Shavtekar.	Shri Sham Gujjanan Dandavate.

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Section-43

Section-83

WORKING OF THE EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE SCHEME OF MAHARASHTRA DURING OCTOBER 1973

Non-Medical Side

The following table shows the registration of employees and payment of cash benefit under the Employees' State Insurance Scheme during October 1973.

Serial No.	Registration	During the month	
		Bombay	Nagpur
1	Number of workers registered ..	18,851	449
2	Net number of IPs entitled to medical care at the end of the month.	8,96,312	26,370
		During the month	
	<i>Employment Injury Benefit</i>	Bombay	Nagpur
3	Number of accident reports received ..	5,723	620
4	Number of TDB payments	4,387	832
5	Amount of TDB paid Rs.	2,56,513.40	32,208.15
6	Number of cases referred to Medical Board (fresh).	311	....
7	Number of cases decided (admitted) ..	238	....
	(a) partial permanent disablement ..	238	....
	(b) total permanent disablement ..	....	....
8	Amount of PDB paid Rs.	6,21,353.80	17,076.60
9	Total number of IPs got fitted with artificial limbs.	....	....
10	Number of dependants admitted to DB ..	30	....
11	Amount of DB paid Rs.	90,181.25	8,500.75
	<i>Sickness Benefit</i>		
12	Number of SB payments	59,699	6,387
13	Number of SB days	3,01,459	37,443
14	Amount of SB paid Rs.	15,64,481.03	1,61,998.30
15	Amount of ESB paid Rs.	2,26,171.15	28,557.50
	<i>Maternity Benefit</i>		
16	Number of fresh maternity cases admitted ..	218	4
17	Number of MB days	16,850	664
18	Amount of MB paid Rs.	1,42,277.30	3,373.70

Decisions of the Court on applications filed by the Employees' State Insurance Corporation, Bombay under various legal provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948.

Section under which action taken	No. of cases	Amount recovered
		Rs.
Section-45(B)	4	1,54,419.19
Section-85	10	2,780.00

FATAL INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS AND INDUSTRIAL DISEASES IN MAHARASHTRA DURING OCTOBER 1973

During October 1973, deaths of four work people in the State of Maharashtra were reported to have occurred by accident in the course of their employment.

Industrial Accidents

31. *Manufacture of Chemicals and Chemical Products (Except Products of Petroleum and Coal)—*

319. Manufacture of Chemical Products not elsewhere classified (including Photo-chemicals sensitised films and paper).

319.9. Manufacture of Others

33. *Basic Metal and Alloys Industries—*

331. Foundries for casting and forging iron and Steel

331.9. Manufacture of others

332. Manufacture of ferro-alloys

332.2. Wire drawings

34. *Manufacture of Metal Products and Parts, except Machinery and Transport Equipment—*

340. Manufacture of fabricated metal products such as metal cans from tin-plate, terne plate or enamelled sheet metal, metal shipping containers, barrels, drums, kegs, pails, safes, vaults, enamelled sanitary and all other fabricated metal products not elsewhere classified.

340.1. Manufacture of Safes and Vaults and Almirahs

Total

4

Industrial Diseases

Nil.

Monthly Progress Report for September 1973

EMPLOYMENT SITUATION IN GENERAL IN
MAHARASHTRA STATE

There has been a slight fall in the number of applicants placed by Employment Exchanges in September 1973 as compared to the previous month. Vacancies notified by Employment Exchanges also declined during the month.

Total placements recorded by Employment Exchanges during September 1973 stood at 3,600 as against 3,652 in August 1973. Placements have declined in the State Government and private sectors. In the other two sectors viz., Central Government and Quasi-Government, the placements showed a moderate rise.

1,799 applicants were placed in Central Government establishments as against 1,667 in August 1973. 1,667 in State Government establishments as against 1,735, 666 in quasi-Government establishments as against 666 and 339 in private establishments as against 500.

Under the Special Employment Programme for the educated unemployed launched by Government, 7,198 vacancies were notified to the Employment Exchanges upto the end of September 1973 under the various schemes against which 77,887 submissions were made. 2,937 applicants were reported to have been absorbed in the vacancies/training posts upto the end of September.

The number of vacancies notified to Employment Exchanges showed a fall in all sectors except the private.

2,119 vacancies were notified by Central Government employers as against 2,337 in August 1973, 2,309 by State Government employers as against 2,840, 1,567 by quasi-Government employers as against 1,570 and 1,931 by Private employers as against 1,764.

A marked fall in placements is observed at Sub-Regional Employment Exchange, Sholapur—47 in September as against 173 in August 1973; District Employment Exchange, Kolhapur—65 as against 338, District Employment Exchange, Osmanabad—37 as against 105, Sub-Regional Employment Exchange, Pravara—30 as against 102 and District Employment Exchange, Bhandara—64 as against 118. These Employment Exchanges have not attributed any reasons for the fall in the placements.

Placements have risen at Sub-Regional Employment Exchange, Bombay—821 in September as against 545 in August and District Employment Exchange, Dhule—112 in September as against 19 in August 1973. These Exchanges have been able to improve their placements as a result of vigorous follow-up.

Registrations further declined to 35,856 in August 1973. The live register of applicants stood at 6,70,909 at the end of the month.

Appreciation of Statistics rendered

(a) *Registration*.—35,856 applicants were registered with Employment Exchanges in September 1973 as against 38,890 in August 1973.

(b) *Vacancies Notified*.—6,626 vacancies were notified to the Employment Exchanges in September 1973 as against 7,511 in August 1973.

(c) *Submission*.—43,099 submissions were made by Employment Exchanges in September 1973 as against 58,718 in August 1973.

(d) *Placement*.—3,600 applicants were placed by Employment Exchanges in September 1973 as against 3,652 in August 1973.

(e) *Employers using the Exchanges*.—1,601 employers notified vacancies to Employment Exchanges at the end of September 1973.

(f) *Live Register*.—There were 6,70,909 applicants on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges at the end of September 1973 as against 6,65,000 in August 1973.

Surplus.—There is a general surplus of fresh S.S.C., unskilled and skilled workers.

Vacancy Clearing

(a) Fresh vacancies circulated by S.E.C.O.

(b) Vacancies filled during the month—

(1) Vacancy Exchange

(2) Other Exchange

(c) Vacancies at the end of the month under limited or unlimited circulation—

(a) Less than three months

(b) More than three months but less than six months

(c) More than three months

Interesting Placements

Nanded (1) One Candidate holding Diploma in Mechanical Engineering was placed as Assistant Engineer at the Principal, Industrial Training Institute, Nanded on Rs. 525 per month.

Thana (1) 4 B.Sc., candidates were placed as Laboratory Assistants with Associated Cement Company, Thana on Rs. 525 per month.

(2) One Inter Science candidate was placed as Gauger-cum-Tester with Associated Cement Company Ltd., Thana on Rs. 420 per month.

Nasik (1) 3 candidates holding Diploma in Mechanical Engineering were placed as Assistant Engineers at the Principal, Industrial Training Institute, Nasik on Rs. 525 per month.

- (2) One applicant holding Degree in Mechanical Engineering was placed as Assistant Supervisor with the General Manager, H.A.L., Ojha, Nasik on Rs. 414 per month.

S.R.E.E., Bombay .. One candidate was placed as Engineer Trainee with Personnel Officer, Metal Box Co. of India Ltd., Worli, Bombay-18 on Rs. 725 per month.

Aurangabad .. (1) One B.E. (Elec.) and 3 B.E. (Civil) candidates registered with U.E.I. and G.B., Aurangabad were placed by Sub-Regional Employment Exchange, Aurangabad as a Electrical Supervisor and Jr. Engineers (Civil) with Superintending Engineer, Aurangabad Public Health Circle, Aurangabad and Superintending Engineer, Jayakawadi, Project Circle, Aurangabad respectively on Rs. 475 per month.

Satara .. (1) 5 B.E. (Civil) candidates were placed as Jr. Engineers with the Superintending Engineer, Kolhapur Irrigation Circle, Kolhapur on Rs. 491 per month.

(2) 3 B. Pharm. candidates were placed as Lecturer in Pharmacy with the Principal, Government Polytechnic, Karad on Rs. 589 per month.

(3) 2 B. Pharm. candidates were placed as Lecturer in Pharmaceuticals with the Principal, College of Engineering, Karad on Rs. 589 per month.

Amravati .. One M.Sc. in Physics applicant was placed as Assistant Lecturer in Physics with Principal, College of Engineering, Amravati on Rs. 416 per month.

Nagpur .. 2 Science post-graduates with Geology were placed as Geologist Assistant with the Director, Ground Water Survey and Development Agencies, Poona on Rs. 400 per month.

Dhulia .. (1) One candidate was placed as Jr. Engineer with the Deputy Engineer, River Gauging, Sub-Division, Dhulia on Rs. 487 per month.

(2) One candidate was placed as Jr. Scientific Assistant with the Executive Engineer, National Highway Division No. XI, Dhulia on Rs. 424 per month.

Appreciation of work done for Special types of applicants

	Registration	Placements	Live	Register
1. A. B. Standard	553	114		6,030
2. Displaced persons	89	....		851
3. Discharged Government servants ..	19	22		1,276
4. Women	4,142	327		85,145
5. I.T.I. Trainees	945	170		13,024
6. Ex-servicemen	702	112		6,777
7. Part-time Employment-seekers—				
(1) Registered .. ..	....	....		....
(2) Placed .. ..	....	....		....
(3) Vacancies notified .. ..	....	1		....
8. Recruitment to Armed Forces—				
	Army	Navy	Air-force	Total
(a) Ex-servicemen .. ..	....	....	....	....
(b) Others .. ..	....	....	....	....

Physically handicapped applicants registered with normal Employment Exchanges (other than the Special Employment Exchange) in the State during the September 1973.

Category	Number of Registration affected during the month	Number of placements affected during the month	Number on Live Register at the end of the month
1. Blind	4	1	153
2. Deaf and Dumb	5	....	37
3. Orthopaedically Handicapped ..	81	21	1,350
4. Respiratory Disorder .. ..	....	....	....
Total	90	22	1,540

Staff and Training

Out of 30 Exchanges, staff training classes were held at 10 Exchanges.

Conference and Meetings

Meetings of the District Committee on Employment were held at Pimpri, Alibag and Poona.

Meetings of the Special Committee to examine the fairness of submissions were held at Sub-Regional Employment Exchange, Bombay, and Bhir.

Many Employment Officers attended the District Plan Board Meeting.

Any other item of Interest

Work done by University Employment Information and Guidance Bureaux during September 1973,

Name of University	Registration	Vacancies notified	Placements obtained	Number on Live Register
1. U.E.I.G.B., Bombay	276	89	..	2,209
2. U.E.I.G.B., Poona	37	7	2	550
3. U.E.I.G.B., Nagpur	90	90	17	1,466
4. U.E.I.G.B., Aurangabad	18	....	1	273
5. U.E.I.G.B. Kolhapur	43	....	3	370

Work done by Special Employment Exchange for Physically Handicapped Bombay during September 1973,

Category	Registration	Vacancies notified	Placements obtained	Number on Live Register
1. Blind	6	..	..	259
2. Deaf and Dumb	7	4	4	54
3. Orthopaedically Handicapped	16	14	14	328
4. Respiratory Disorder	....	....	....	4
Total	29	18	18	645

Work done by P. and E. Office during the month of September 1973

(1) Number of X-1s on the Live Register at the end of the previous month	2,681
(2) Number of X-1s received during the month	297
(3) Number of candidates submitted during the month against—	
(i) Notified vacancies (Secondary Orders)	68
(ii) Central Employment Exchanges vacancies	133
(iii) Advertised vacancies	....
(4) Number of P. and E. candidates placed during the month	1
(5) Number removed from Live Register	108
(6) Number of P. and E. X-1s on Live Register at the end of the month	2,869

Youth Employment Service

(I) *Individual Guidance programme at Employment Exchanges.*—(1) During the month of September 1973 in all 1,761 applicants received individual information. Out of these, 1,310 were applicants. 280 were students and 171 were parents and guardians.

(2) In all 26 postal inquiries in occupational information were received during the month.

(3) Out of 530 applicants who received individual guidance 499 were fresh candidates and 31 were review cases.

(4) 4,010 applicants were given guidance at the time of registration.

(II) *Group Guidance Programmes at Employment Exchanges.*—(5) 221 Group discussions were conducted during the month.

(6) 4,117 applicants attended these group discussions.

(III) *Programme Outside the Exchanges.*—(7) 2 career talks were delivered by Employment Officers during the month. 4 visits were paid by Employment Officers to schools in connection with distribution or utilisation of career pamphlets, posters etc.

(8) 55 visits were paid by Employment Officers to employers and heads of training institutions in connection with collection of information on placements.

(IV) *Placement/Admission Activities.*—(9) During the month 2,165 applications were forwarded to various training centres for apprenticeship training.

(10) 137 applicants were actually placed in training.

(11) Placement of 20 guided applicants were received during the month of September 1973.

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TEXTILE EMPLOYMENT (DECASUALISATION) SCHEME REPORT FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1973

During the month of October 1973, under the Decasualisation Scheme, Bombay, 1958 workers were registered, demands for 2,088 workers were received from the mills, 2,268 submissions were made against these demands, placements of 1,003 workers were obtained against these submissions.

Similarly, during October 1973 under the Decasualisation Scheme, Sholapur, 97 workers were registered, demands for 65 workers were received from the mills, 75 submissions were made to the mills against these demands. Placements of 27 workers were obtained against these submissions.

“Appreciation of Statistics rendered (Bombay)”

Registration.—1,958 workers were registered under the Decasualisation Scheme as against 1,726 in September 1973.

Demands Notified.—2,088 vacancies were notified to the sectional offices as against 1,652 in September 1973.

Submissions.—2,268 submissions were made under the Decasualisation Scheme as against 2,079 in September 1973.

Placements.—1,003 workers were employed by the mills as against 929 in September 1973.

Live Register.—1,607 workers were on the Live Register at the end of October 1973.

“Appreciation of Statistics rendered (Sholapur)”

Registrations.—97 workers were registered under the Decasualisation Scheme as against 109 in September 1973.

Demand Notified.—65 vacancies were notified to the Scheme as against 27 in September 1973.

Submission.—75 submissions were made under the Decasualisation Scheme as against 3 in September 1973.

Placements.—27 workers were employed by the mills as against 121 workers in September 1973.

Live Register.—728 workers were on the Live Register at the end of October 1973.

WORK STOPPAGES IN U. K. IN 1972

During the year 1972, nearly 24 million working days were lost in the U. K. due to stoppages of work arising from industrial disputes.

At the beginning of 1972, 33 stoppages which had commenced in the previous year were still in progress. The number beginning in 1972 which came to the notice of the Department of Employment and were included in official statistics was 2,497, making a total of 2,530 stoppages in progress in the year.

Estimates of workers involved, working days lost as a result of stoppages at the establishments where disputes occurred are given below together with the corresponding figures for 1971.

	1971	1972
No. of stoppages in progress ..	2,530	2,263
No. of workers involved directly ..	1,453,000	866,000
No. of workers involved directly ..	281,000	312,000
No. of working days lost ..	23,909,000	13,551,000

Among the stoppages which were in progress in 1972, 2,497 began in the year and the remaining were continued from the previous year. The analysis of stoppages which began in 1972 by duration was as follows :—

	Number of stoppages beginning in 1972
Not more than one day ..	566
Over 1 and not more than 2 days ..	368
Over 2 and not more than 3 days ..	276
Over 3 and not more than 4 days ..	181
Over 4 and not more than 5 days ..	156
Over 5 and not more than 6 days ..	82
Over 6 and not more than 12 days ..	359
Over 12 and not more than 18 days ..	163
Over 18 and not more than 24 days ..	105
Over 24 and not more than 36 days ..	114
Over 36 and not more than 60 days ..	82
Over 60 days ..	45
Total ..	2,497

It can be seen therefrom that almost 50 per cent of the work-stoppages were over within 3 days. The following table gives the stoppages beginning in 1972 by total number of workers involved both directly and indirectly.

					Number of stoppages beginning in 1972
Under 25 workers	..	..	..	..	392
25 and under 50	..	..	..	..	355
50 and under 100	..	..	..	..	440
100 and under 250	..	..	..	..	499
250 and under 500	..	..	..	..	348
500 and under 1,000	..	..	..	..	224
1,000 and under 2,500	..	..	..	..	155
2,500 and under 5,000	..	..	..	..	48
5,000 and under 10,000	..	..	..	..	23
10,000 workers and over	..	..	..	..	13
Total					2,497

It is interesting to note that in almost half of the work-stoppages the number of workers involved is less than 100. This discloses that most stoppages were relatively small and of short duration. In fact, stoppages in which under 500 working days were lost accounted for 55 per cent of the total.

Wage disputes accounted for 1,477 out of the 2,497 work-stoppages as can be seen from the following table which gives the analysis by cause:—

Wages	Hours of work	Demarcation Disputes	Employment (Discharge) redundancy etc.	Others concerning personnel	Working arrange- ments rules and discipline	Trade Union statistics	Sympathe- tic action	Total
1,477	42	55	352	54	398	83	36	2,497

The figures for working days lost during 1972 represents an increase over 1971 of 76 per cent and was in fact the highest since 1926, the year of the general strike. The workers involved in stoppages in 1972 numbered 1,734,000 an increase of 47 per cent compared with 1971.

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Statistics

EMPLOYMENT THROUGH EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES

(Maharashtra)

Year and Month	Number of applicants on Live Registers at the end of the month/year	Registration	Placements	Number of Employer who used the exchanges	Vacancies notified	Vacancies outstanding at the end of month/year
1	2	3	4	5		7
1964 ..	2,58,676	3,68,711	72,583	....	1,36,667	24,078
1965 ..	2,76,852	4,04,490	75,301	....	1,42,716	23,654
1966 ..	2,82,826	3,96,688	71,336	....	1,32,680	28,052
1967 ..	2,86,676	4,05,063	40,634	....	76,018	14,107
1968 ..	2,94,711	4,12,803	39,704	....	80,487	18,363
1969 ..	3,00,133	3,92,540	42,104	....	86,450	23,954
1970 ..	3,28,313	4,02,039	38,662	....	87,221	27,193
1971 ..	4,29,578	4,75,360	44,184	....	85,253	22,652
1972—						
October ..	5,57,729	30,533	2,931	1,410	7,532	25,966
November ..	5,75,690	28,735	3,596	1,343	7,351	26,796
December ..	5,97,650	33,561	2,932	1,280	6,007	26,249
1973—						
January ..	6,18,540	32,651	3,056	1,413	7,016	26,249
February ..	6,23,203	27,635	3,117	1,330	6,321	26,619
March ..	6,24,524	25,367	4,126	1,522	7,527	26,957
April ..	6,15,121	29,507	2,956	1,211	6,816	27,687
May ..	6,10,896	30,907	3,003	1,674	8,461	30,564
June ..	6,30,949	48,456	3,443	1,709	7,346	32,211
July ..	6,54,382	49,671	3,651	1,710	8,726	33,803
August ..	6,65,243	38,890	3,652	1,488	7,511	35,422
September ..	6,70,909	35,856	3,600	1,601	6,626	35,124

EMPLOYMENT THROUGH (DECASUALISATION) SCHEME

Year	Months	Registra- tions	Demands	Sub- missions	Place- ments	Live Register
1971—	(Bombay)	34,069	33,902	39,442	19,680	16,254
	(Sholapur)	1,169	998	1,052	533	7,424
1972—						
November	.. (Bombay)	2,296	1,321	1,927	849	2,420
	(Sholapur)	188	55	82	83	830
1973—						
January	(Bombay)	2,400	1,174	1,899	754	3,439
	(Sholapur)	75	20	11	9	871
February	(Bombay)	2,582	3,458	4,372	1,104	2,351
	(Sholapur)	89	122	270	22	950
March	(Bombay)	3,435	3,425	5,231	2,009	1,873
	(Sholapur)	84	106	150	119	794
April	.. (Bombay)	3,229	3,623	4,699	2,118	1,858
	(Sholapur)	76	120	224	39	1,010
May	.. (Bombay)	3,721	5,395	5,967	3,249	1,067
	(Sholapur)	66	124	246	104	530
June ..	.. (Bombay)	2,225	2,115	2,895	1,668	1,172
	(Sholapur)	74	202	196	102	936
July ..	.. (Bombay)	2,567	3,976	2,892	1,478	1,292
	(Sholapur)	47	13	57	107	844
August	.. (Bombay)	1,729	1,175	1,886	956	1,795
	(Sholapur)	43	8	13	12	673
September	.. (Bombay)	1,726	1,652	2,079	929	1,799
	(Sholapur)	109	27	73	121	670
October	.. (Bombay)	1,958	2,088	2,268	1,003	1,607
	(Sholapur)	97	65	75	27	728
November	.. (Bombay)	2,964	4,388	3,629	1,580	1,551
	(Sholapur)	110	117	377	88	740

Serial No.	Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Amount	Present	Estimated date of completion	Estimated cost of the work	Estimated value of the work	Remarks
2				20th June 1973.	6	7	1,000	1,000	Continued.
			4			81	1,000	1,000	Unsuccessful.
				June 1973.	15		300	710	Indefinite.
				June 1973.				650	

Serial No.	Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	affected		Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month	Result
				Began	Ended					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Flour Mill	Poona— Western India Floor Mills (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in D.A.	29th June 1973.	....	81	..	1,825	3,998	Continued.
2	Pulse	Bombay— Mazgaon Azad Dall Mills (Pvt.).	L.&H.W.— Protest against granting weekly holiday to the workers by rotation.	28th June 1973.	23rd August 1973.	15	..	300	735	Unsuccessful.
3	Food	Thana— Cadbury Fry (India) Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.).	Personnel— Due to false allegation.	2nd August 1973.	2nd August 1973.	658	..	658	658	Indefinite.
4	Textile Processing	Bombay— Mansukh Dyeing and Printing Mills (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of discharged workers.	11th May 1973.	....	426	..	7,574	34,440	Continued.
5	Powerloom	Sangli— Eleven Powerloom Units (Pvt.).	Wages— Protest against draft settlement in which the terms are not included as per discussion.	23rd August 1973.	....	59	..	472	472	Continued.
6	Powerloom	Sangli— Eleven Powerloom Units (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of 2 workers.	8th August 1973.	11th August 1973.	59	..	236	236	Successful.
7	Art Silk	Bombay— Bharat Rayon Processors (Pvt.).	Wages— Protest against delay in Payment of Kharchi.	24th August 1973.	....	250	..	1,750	1,750	Continued.
8	Textile Processing.	Bombay— J. K. Prints (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against closure notice.	14th August 1973.	....	100	..	1,300	1,300	Continued.
9	Oil	Jalgaon— Khandesh Extractions (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in D. A.	3rd August 1973.	16th August 1973.	224	71	3,540	3,540	Indefinite.

Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Date when work-stoppage		Maximum No. of workers affected		Man-days lost		Result
			Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cotton Textile	Nagpur— The Central Indian Spg. Wvg. and Mfg. Co. Ltd. (Pvt.).	L. & H. W— Protest against staggering holiday.	30th August 1973.	30th August 1973.	2,716	..	2,716	2,716	Unsuccessful.
Cotton Textile	Bombay— Appollo Mills (Pub).	Personnel— Protest against collection of Unions Subscriptions.	10th August 1973.	10th August 1973.	1,613	..	1,613	1,613	Unsuccessful.
Cloth Pringing	Sholapur— Texreen Screen Printers (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in wages etc.	21st August 1973.	30th August 1973.	325	..	2,580	2,580	Successful.
Garments ..	Bombay— Jayshree Trading Co. (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for higher percentage of bonus.	4th August 1973.	4th August 1973.	100	..	100	100	Successful.
Shutters ..	Bombay— Bharat Timber Industries Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.).	Bonus— Lockout on account of goslow tactics indiscipline behaviour followed to press bonus demand.	27th August 1973.	....	65	11	325	325	Continued.
Paper ..	Kanhan, District Nagpur The Vidarbha Paper Mills Ltd., (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for immediate revision of pay scale classification etc.	30th July 1973	....	155	..	3,025	3,333	Continued.
Paper ..	Poona— The White Cloud Paper Mills (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched worker.	1st August 1973.	8th August 1973.	164	..	1,110	1,110	Compromise.
Paper Boxes ..	Bombay— Everest Packaging Corporation (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against punishment to a worker.	13th August 1973.	14th August 1973.	174	..	283	283	Partially Successful.

Corrugated Boxes.	Amravati—Keshav Industries, (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against termination of services of two workers.	1st August 1973.	5th August 1973.	..	..	..	..	Unsuccessful.
Paper conversion.	Bombay— Wagor & Co. Pvt. Ltd. and Bhawani and Sons Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for Bonus ..	18th August 1973.	29th August 1973.	63	..	598	598	Successful.
New papers ..	Bombay— .. Ltd.	Wages— Demand for ad-hoc	1st August 1973.	7th August 1973.	69	..	306	306	Successful.

19	Paper conversion.	Bombay— Wacproof Corp. Pvt. Ltd. and Bhawani and Sons Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for Bonus ..	18th August 1973.	29th August 1973.	63	..	598	598	Successful.
20	New papers ..	Bombay— Eve's Weekly Ltd., (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for ad-hoc increase in D.A.	1st August 1973.	7th August 1973.	69	..	306	306	Successful.
21	Tyres ..	Bombay— Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. of India Ltd., (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for with- drawal of suspension order of a worker.	2nd August 1973.	9th August 1973.	1,885	33	11,103	11,103	Unsuccessful.
22	Rubber Products.	Bombay— Oil Seals Mfg. Co. Pvt. Ltd. & its sister concern (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in Wages.	23rd October 1972.	1st August 1973.	455	..	455	1,10,338	Successful.
23	Plastics ..	Nagpur— Bajaj Plastics Ltd., (Pvt.).	L. H. W.— Protest against intru- sion of 7 day working etc.	3rd August 1973.	28th August 1973.	200	..	4,400	4,400	Unsuccessful.
24	Polythene bags.	Poona— Pratibha Plastic Indus- tries, (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for revision of pay-scale etc.	20th August 1973.	20th August 1973.	51	9	60	60	Successful.
25	Polythene sack.	Bombay— Munshi Plastic Fab. (Pvt.) Pvt., Ltd.	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of terminated workmen etc.	13th August 1973.	16th August 1973.	12	49	183	183	Unsuccessful.
26	Pharma- ceutical.	Thana— Bayer (India) Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for 40 per cent bonus.	7th August 1973.	22nd August 1973.	452	..	5,876	5,876	Partially Successful.
27	Do. ..	Thana— Sailor (India) Ltd., (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against charge sheet issued to a worker.	22nd August 1973.	22nd August 1973.	127	..	48	48	Successful.
28	Fire Fighting Equipment.	Bombay— Messrs Kaverji Devshi and Co. Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Others— Demand for abolition of Contract System.	29th June 1973.	6th August 1973.	204	10	1,284	7,169	Successful.
29	Scrap Glasses	Bombay— S. K. Gupta Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in wages.	21st July 1973	18th August 1973.	180	..	2,880	4,500	Successful.

Sl. No.	Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Date when work-stoppage		Maximum No. of workers affected		Man-days lost		Result
				Began	Ended	Directly	Indirectly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
				5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	Glass	Bombay— Baarat Glass Works (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for more bonus.	30th August 1973		60	287	532	532	Continued.
2	Asbestos Products.	Bombay— Hindustan Ferrodo Ltd (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of a foreman.	2nd August 1973	8th August 1973	1,184		5,464	5,464	Unsuccessful.
3	Casting	Bombay— Bombay Alloys and Castings (Pvt.)	Wages— Protest against delay in payment of wages.	8th August 1973	8th August 1973	211		211	211	Unsuccessful.
4	Copper Sheet	Bombay— B. Mohanlal and Co. (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages etc.	27th July 1973		66		1,716	1,947	Continued.
5	Hairclips	Bombay— Rex Trading Co. (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	29th July 1973		10		260	290	Continued.
6	Precession	Thana— Fuel Injection Ltd. (Pvt.)	Others— Protest against not serving morning snacks etc.	20th August 1973	20th August 1973	185		46	46	Successful
7	Steel Chairs	Bombay— Ashok Steel Chain Mfg Co.	Wages Protest against filing appeal in award.	24th June 1973		124		3,348	7,440	Continued.
8	Engineering	Bombay— Parkeon Brothers (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Protest against proposed retrenchment.	24th August 1973		15	3	104	104	Continued.
9	Crane	Ambernath (Thana) Tata Machinery Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against alleged wrongful discharge of a workman.	4th August 1973	15th August	91		694	694	Indefinite.

Electrical	Bombay— The National Electrical Industries Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against lifting staggered weekly holidays for August 1973.	1st August 1973	25th August						Indefinite.
Electrical	Poona— National Electrical Industry Ltd. (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages.	9th August 1973	16th August						Successful
			21st August 1973	7th August						

39	Textile Machinery	Bombay—Copper Rollers Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel—Demand for reinstatement of 2 discharged workers.	25th July 1973	....	80	..	2,080	2,560	Contd.
40	Electrical	Bombay—The National Electrical Industries Ltd., (Pvt.)	Personnel—Protest against lifting staggered weekly holiday for August 1973.	1st August 1973	2nd August 1973	945	..	1,851	1,851	Unsuccessful
41	Electrical	Poona—National Electrical Industry Ltd., (Pvt.)	Wages—Demand for increase in wages.	9th August 1973	16th August 1973	55	..	250	250	Indefinite.
42	Electrical Fain.	Poona—The Globe Electrical Industries and Raj Electrical Industries (Pvt.)	Wages—Demand for increase in D.A.	21st May 1973	7th August 1973	109	..	360	4,880	Successful.
43	Electrical Accessories.	Bombay—Parmount Commercial Corporation Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.)	Others—Lockout due to misbehaviour of the worker.	19th July 1973	26th August 1973	72	..	1,584	2,448	Unsuccessful.
44	Radio	Thana—Bush India Ltd., (Pvt.)	Bonus—Lockout following alleged Ghernao on Bonus issue.	18th August 1973	26th August 1973	1,824	160	15,872	15,872	Successful.
45	Electrical	Bombay—Ichjay Industries Pvt. Ltd., and Ichjay Electronics Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.)	Others—Demand for recognition of union.	15th June 1973	....	593	..	12,930	34,443	Contd.
46	Electrical	Poona—Electro - Components Co. (Pvt.)	Wages—Demand for increase in wages etc.	10th August 1973	....	31	..	475	475	Contd.
47	Electrical	Bombay—Gannon Electrolytics Ltd., (Pvt.)	Personnel—Protest against charge sheet given to 4 workers.	11th May 1973	....	20	..	520	1,920	Contd.
48	Clutches and Brakes.	Aurangabad—Automobile Products of India Ltd., (Pvt.)	Personnel—Demand for reinstatement of a terminated worker.	25th July 1973	11th August 1973	611	..	5,045	8,271	Unsuccessful.
49	Imitation Jewellery.	Bombay—Crown Art Industries (Pvt.)	Others—Protest against misbehaviour of the owner of the concern.	23rd May 1973	....	17	..	1,459	1,470	Contd.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN PROGRESS IN MAHARASHTRA STATE IN THE STATE SPHERE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1973—contd.

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LABOUR GAZETTE—DECEMBER 1973

Serial No.	Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Date when work-stoppage		Maximum No. of workers affected		Man-days lost		Result
				Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
50	Piano Hinges and Hard-ware.	Bombay—Win Art Industries (Pvt.).	Wages—Demand for increase in wages.	16th July 1973.	2nd August 1973.	18	4	44	338	Indefinite.
51	Packaging ..	Bombay—Modern Packing Ltd. (Pvt.).	Personnel—Demand for reinstatement of suspended workers.	24th July 1973.	....	20	..	540	680	Contd.
52	Glass ..	Bombay—Ajay Textile Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Personnel—Protest against for giving "C" Grade work to the "A" grade worker.	26th May 1973.	....	70	..	1,820	5,810	Continued
53	Tin Containers	Bombay—Kotcha Investment Corporation and its sister concern. (Pvt.).	Personnel—Demand for reinstatement of a suspended worker.	3rd August 1973.	4th August 1973.	123	..	246	246	Unsuccessful.
54	Chemical Plant and Equip-ments.	Bombay—Peacefort Chem-Ind. Engg. Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Wages—Demand for wage increase and revision of pay scale.	7th August 1973.	10th August 1973.	43	..	134	134	Indefinite.
55	Cigarettes ..	Bombay—Golden Tobacco Co. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Wages—Demand for increase in D. A. etc.	8th August 1973.	....	1,250	..	25,625	25,625	Continued.
56	Cotton Textile	Aurangabad—Aurangabad District Cotton Growers Co-op. Soc. Ltd., (Pvt.).	Wages—Demand for increase in wages.	6th August 1973.	15th August 1973.	230	..	1,598	1,598	Indefinite.
57	Woollen ..	Thana—The Bombay Fine Worsted Mfg. Castle Mills, No. 1 and 2, (Pvt.).	Personnel—Demand for get work in Castle Mills No. 2, to mending No. 2 Female workers, withdrawal of charge sheets etc.	28th August 1973.	....	814	..	2,404	2,404	Continued.

58	Corrugated Paper	Thana— Wadco Packaging Corporation (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers etc.	30th 1973.	July	25th 1973.	August	41	25	1,452	1,584	Successful.
59	Paper Box	Bombay— IPCO Packaging (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in wages.	8th 1973.	August	13th 1973.	August	48	..	210	210	Unsuccessful.
60	Rubber	Bombay— Purohit Rubber Works (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against recruitment of 2 new temporary workers after the removal of 2 old workers.	30th 1973.	July	....	....	115	..	3,105	3,335	Continued.
61	Chemicals	Bombay— Ahura Chemical Products Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for transport allowance to the transferred workers.	14th 1973.	August	14th 1973.	August	150	..	150	150	Successful.
62	Printing inks	Bombay— V. G. Colour Industries (pvt.)	Wages— Increase in wages	16th 1973	May	7th August 1973.	....	15	3	108	1,278	Successful.
63	Re-Rolling	Thana— Indian Steel Rolling Mills (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against notice reg., disciplinary action for go-slow etc.	21st 1973.	June	30th 1973.	August	44	5	650	1,697	Successful.
64	Re-rolling	Thana— Shreeram Rolling Mills (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for immediate filling the vacancy.	30th 1973.	August	....	....	26	..	52	52	Continued.
65	Engineering	Nagpur— Khandelwal Tubes (Pvt.)	Others— Demand for supply of safety dresses reinstatement of suspended workers etc.	2nd 1973.	August	....	....	362	..	7,801	7,801	Continued.
66	Chemicals	Thana— Albright Morarji and Pandit Ltd. (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for D. A. at 14 per cent of Textile Dearness allowance, 30 days basic wages etc.	27th 1973.	August	27th 1973.	August	114	..	11	11	Unsuccessful.
67	Electricals Goods.	Thana— K. P. Electricals Pvt. Ltd.	Wages— Demand for increase in wages etc.	8th July 1973.	....	8th 1973.	August	17	..	119	476	Unsuccessful.
68	Spg. Mill	Latur, Osmanabad— Jawahar Sahakari Kapus Utpadak Sut Girni (Pub.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages.	1st 1973.	August	1st 1973.	August	82	..	41	41	Successful.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTS IN THE STATE SPHERE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1973— conold.

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LABOUR GAZETTE— DECEMBER 1973

Serial No.	Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Date when work-stoppage		Maximum No. of workers affected		Man-days lost		Result
				Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
69	Gas	Bombay— The Bombay Gas Co., Ltd., (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for bonus for the year 1972.	21st August 1973.	21st August 1973.	113	..	21	21	Unsuccessful.
70	Construction	Vaitananagar (Nasik)— Patel Engg. Co. Ltd., (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	12th May 1973.	4th August 1973.	220	..	916	16,717	Unsuccessful.
71	Restaurant	Nagpur— Vrindavan Restaurant (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	17th August 1973.	.....	19	..	247	247	Continued.
72	Restaurant	Poona— Hotel Jeevan (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for bonus increase in D. A. etc.,	16th August 1973.	16th August 1973.	48	..	48	48	Unsuccessful.
73	Engineering	Ellora, Dis., Aurangabad Kailas Trust Prod. Unit No. 3 (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of terminated workers.	3rd August 1973.	24th August 1973.	79	..	719	719	Unsuccessful.
74	Electrical Engineering	Bombay— Crompton Greaves Ltd. (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of terminated workers.	19th August 1973.	21st August 1973.	555	..	1,205	1,205	Partially Successful.
75	Manufacturing of Bakelite.	Bombay— Economic Enterprises (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in wage.	7th August 1973.	7th August 1973.	31	..	13	13	Indefinite
76	Engineering	Bombay— R. S. Traders Lamps Caps Unit, Prop. Devdayal Metal Industries Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched Workers.	9th August 1973.	....	150	..	3,000	3,000	Continued.

77	Engineering ..	Bombay— Airaudo Enigneering Co, Co. (Pvt.).	Personel— Demand for reinstatement of suspended workers.	26th August 1973.	....	72	..	432	432	Continued.
78	Art Silk Cloth	Bombay— L. N. Textile and 3 others (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of terminated workers.	28th August 1973.	28th August 1973.	27	2	29	29	Unsuccessful.
79	Garment ..	Bombay— Garment (Exporters) Mfg., Co. (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wages.	30th August 1973.	....	47	..	94	29	Continued.
80	Printing Press	Poona— Vishwakarma Mudra- nalaya (Ltd.) (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched workers.	17th August 1973.	17th August 1973.	58	..	58	58	Unsuccessful.
81	Municipality	Pandharpur, District Sholapur— The Padharpur Municipal Council (Pub.).	Wages— Demand for advances from the Provident Fund Accounts.	18th August 1973.	19th August 1973.	240	..	330	330	Unsuccessful.

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR LOW-PAID EMPLOYEES
DIFFERENT MOFUSSIL CENTRES IN THE ANDHRA AND MADRAS
STATES FOR THE MONTHS OF SEPTEMBER 1973 AND OCTOBER 1973**

(Base : Year ended June 1936—100).

Groups	Visakhapatnam		Eluru		Cuddaore		Trichrapalli	
	September 1973	October 1973	September 1973	October 1973	September 1973	October 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR
Food
Fuel and Lighting
Clothing
House-rent
Miscellaneous
Consumer Price Index Number

Groups	Madurai		Coimbatore		Kozhikode	
	September 1973	October 1973	September 1973	October 1973	September 1973	October 1973
	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR
Food
Fuel and Lighting
Clothing
House-rent
Miscellaneous
Consumer Price Index Number

**DEARNESS ALLOWANCE FOR BOMBAY, SHOLAPUR, JALGAON, NAGPUR
AND NANDED PAYABLE AS PER CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER
FOR WORKING CLASS**

Centre	September 1973		October 1973	
	Number of working days	Dearness allowance	Number of working days	Dearness allowance
Bombay ..	26	255.55	24	236.95
Sholapur ..	26	237.38	26	235.82
Jalgaon ..	27	276.60	24	250.62
Nagpur ..	26	180.44	26	192.66
Nanded ..	....	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.

INR—Information is not received.

Trichy	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1973
INR	INR	INR
..
..
..
..
..
..

Kozhikode	October 1973
INR	INR
..	..
..	..
..	..
..	..
..	..
..	..

NAGPUR
OCTOBER 1973

INR	192-66	250-62	235-82	236-95
INR	INR	INR	INR	INR
..
..
..
..
..
..

STATEMENT OF AGRICULTURAL WAGES IN URBAN AREAS DURING SEPT. 1973.

DIVISION	BOMBAY									POONA					
District	Thana		Kolaba		Ratnagiri	Nasik		Dhulia	Jalgaon	Ahmednagar		Poona	Sangli	Sholapur	Kolhapur
Village	Kalyan	Palghar	Alibag	Mahad	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Malegaon	Nandurbar	Jalgaon	Shevgaon	Shrirampur	Poona	Miraj	Sholapur	Ichalkaranji
Normal Working Hours.—		(8)	(8)												
Type of Labour	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I. N. R.
Skilled Labour—															
(a) Carpenters ..		8-00	9-00				7-00	7-00	5-00	7-00					
(b) Blacksmiths ..		8-00	10-00				7-00	6-00	4-00	7-00					
(c) Mochies (Cobblers).		3-00	....				7-00	5-00	3-00	7-00					
Field Labour—															
(a) Men ..		2-75	4-00				3-00	3-00	4-00	2-75					
(b) Women ..		2-50	3-00				2-50	2-50	3-00	2-25					
(c) Children ..		1-50	3-00				1-50	2-00	3-00	2-25					
Other Agricultural Labour—															
(a) Men ..		2-75	2-50				....	3-00	3-00	3-50					
(b) Women ..		2-50	2-00				....	2-50	2-00	2-25					
(c) Children ..		1-50	2-00				....	2-00	....	2-25					
Herdsmen—															
(a) Men ..		2-75	3-50				2-50	3-00	3-00	4-50					
(b) Women ..		2-50	2-25				2-00	2-50	2-00	3-50					
(c) Children ..		1-50	2-25				1-00	2-00	2-00	2-50					

I.N.R.—Information not received.

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LABOUR GAZETTE—DECEMBER 1973

I.N.R.—Information not received.

DIVISION

[illegible]

STATEMENT OF AGRICULTURAL WAGES IN RURAL AREAS DURING SEPT. 1973

DIVISION		BOMBAY											POONA							
District	Thana		Kola-ba	Ratna-giri	Nasik		Dhulia			Jalgaon			Ahmednagar			Poona	Satara			
Village	Tana-shi	Dolk-hamb	Man-gaon	Masure	Lasal-gaon	Pimp-algaon	Taloda	Pim-Palner	Kapadne	Wagholi	Rot-wad	China-wal	Rashin	Deolali	Kalas-khurd	Jun-nar	Kel-ghar	Budh		
Normal Working Hours—	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.		
Type of Labour																				
Skilled Labour—																				
(a) Carpenters ..						12.00	8.00	8.00						7.50	8.00		4.50			
(b) Blacksmiths ..						8.00	9.00	9.00						7.50	6.00		4.00			
(c) Mochies (Cobblers). ..						8.00	7.00	7.00						7.50	5.00		3.00			
Field Labour—																				
(a) Men ..						6.00	2.50	2.50						4.00	3.00		3.50			
(b) Women ..						4.00	2.50	2.50						2.00	2.00		2.00			
(c) Children ..						2.00	1.25	1.25						1.50	1.50		1.50			
Other Agricultural Labour—																				
(a) Men ..						6.00	2.00	2.00						4.00	3.00		3.50			
(b) Women ..						4.00	1.50	1.50						2.00	2.00		2.00			
(c) Children ..						2.00	0.75	0.75						1.50	1.50		1.50			
Herdsmen—																				
(a) Men ..			10.00	....	....						4.00	....		4.50						
(b) Women ..			6.00	....	....						2.00	....		4.00						
(c) Children ..			3.00	....	....						1.50	....		2.50						

I. N.R.—Information not received.

STATEMENT OF AGRICULTURAL WAGES IN RURAL AREAS DURING JULY, 1973—contd.

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DIVISIONS	POONA					AURANGABAD					NAGPUR								
District	Sangli		Sholapur	Kolhapur		Aurangabad	Parbhani	Bhir	Nanded	Osmanabad	Buldhana	Akola	Yeshwantpur	Wardha	Nagpur	Bhandara	Amravati	Chandrapur	
Village	Jath	Atpadi Charan	Hajapur	Gargoti	Kadoli	Pbulmarin	Pingali	Amalnair	Loha	Latur	Mera Bk.	Akoli	Babulgaon	Seloo	Fetri	Sakoli	Khala-pur	Mul	Brahma-puri
Normal Working Hours.—		(8)	(8)		(8)							(8)			(8)	(8)	(8)		(8)
Type of Labour	I.N.R.		Rs. P.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	I.N.R.	Rs. P.
Skilled Labour—																			
(a) Carpenters.	6.00	6.00			9.00							3.00		7.00	6.00	5.00	6.00	5.00	5.00
(b) Blacksmiths.	5.00	6.00			10.00							3.00		5.00	6.00	4.00	6.00	3.00	....
(c) Mochies (Cobblers.)	6.00	1.00			7.00							3.00		3.00	6.00	4.00	6.00	3.00	....
Field Labour—																			
(a) Men ..	4.00	3.00			2.50							2.25		3.25	4.00	2.50	2.50	3.00	4.00
(b) Women ..	2.50	2.50			2.00							1.15		1.50	2.00	1.50	2.25	2.50	2.50
(c) Children ..	....	1.25			....							....		1.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	2.00
Other Agricultural Labour—																			
(a) Men ..	3.00	3.00			2.50							....		3.25	3.50	2.50	2.00	3.00	3.00
(b) Women ..	3.00	2.50			2.00							....		1.50	2.00	1.50	1.75	2.50	2.00
(c) Children	1.25			2.00								1.00	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Herdsmen—																			
(a) Men ..	2.50	3.00									2.25		2.50	3.00	2.00	2.50	2.00
(b) Women ..	2.00	2.50			1.50	1.50	2.00
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