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LABOUR GAZETTE

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No. 9

MAY 1979

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GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA

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LABOUR GAZETTE

Started in 1921, the *Labour Gazette*, issued monthly, is a journal for the use of all interested in obtaining prompt and accurate information on matters specially affecting labour in India and abroad. It contains statistical and other information on consumer price index, conditions for working class, industrial disputes, industrial relations, cases under labour laws, labour legislation, etc. Special articles on labour etc. are published from time to time.

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... MONTH IN BRIEF—

... NOTES—

International Year of the Child—Priority for Released Bonded Labour

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... A Programme Against Pollution in Management—3 Times

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... Panel Asks Hardship

... REPORTS, ENQUIRIES

... Climate in Maharashtra

... LEGISLATION—

... Undertakings (Taking over of the Working Journalists and Other Societies) Bill, 1978

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... IMPORTANT NOTIFICATIONS

... PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR MUMBAI AND MUMBAI METRO AREA

... STATE—

... SHOWING THE PERCENTAGE OF WORKING CLASS IN MUMBAI METRO AREA

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... INTELLIGENCE—

... Relations in Maharashtra

... Disputes in Maharashtra

... under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948

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The Sugar Undertakings (Taking over of Management) Amendment Ordinance, 1979, and the Working Journalists and other Newspaper Employees (Conditions and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1979

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price of the rate of contribution and its to
The Government proposes that during
the session
Under Undertakings (Taking over of Managements
of the Working Journalists And other Newspapers
and Miscellaneous Provisions (Amendment)
Bill, 1978 is published in this issue at pages 763 and 764.

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class
Bombay, Solapur and Nagpur Consumer Price
Index for the month of March 1979 with the average
index 1960 equal to 100 were 326, 341 and 322
Bombay and Amravati Consumer Price
Index for the month of March 1979 with the average
index 1961 equal to 100 were 331, 343, 313 and

1961 Average Consumer Price Index Numbers
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326. The Index Number for March 1979
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Industrial Disputes in Maharashtra State
In February 1979, there were 41 strikes involv
ing 2,72,578 mandays as compared to
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Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class

The Bombay, Solapur and Nagpur Consumer Price Index Numbers for working class for the month of March 1979 with the average prices for the year ended December 1960 equal to 100 were 326, 341 and 324 respectively, The Jalgaon, Nanded, Pune and Aurangabad Consumer Price Index Numbers for working class for the month of March 1979 with the average prices for the year ended December 1961 equal to 100 were 331, 348, 313 and 352 respectively.

All India Average Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers

All India Average Consumer Price Index Number for Industrial workers (General) on Base 1960=100 for March 1979 was 332 as compared to 329 in February 1979. The Index Number for March 1979 on base 1949=100 derived from 1960 based index worked out to 404 as against 400 for February 1979.

Industrial Disputes in Maharashtra State

During February 1979, there were 41 strikes involving 67,302 workmen and a time loss of 2,72,578 mandays as compared to 57 disputes in January 1979 involving 19,788 workmen and a time loss of 1,79,521 mandays. Further particulars of Industrial Disputes are given at pages 831 and 832 of this issue.

Benefits under the E. S. I. Scheme

During the month of March 1979, 14,302 Insured Persons received Rs. 28,68,788.11 cash benefits due to employment injuries. This includes 4293 persons who were in receipt of pensions for Permanent Disablement and 1733 persons who were in receipt of Dependant Benefit as dependants of deceased Insured Persons. During the month, 11,682 accidents were reported as against 10,603 during the preceding month.

LABOUR GAZETTE

Started in 1921, the *Labour Gazette*, issued monthly, is a journal for the use of all interested in obtaining prompt and accurate information on matters specially affecting labour in India and abroad. It

international year of child and Prime Minister's message

"The world of children is the world of innocence, of joy and of love. They are a civilisations' base for the future and as such constitute as valuable source of its perennial renewal. It is on them that humanity can build a foundation of a bright future.

If we wish to lay firm foundations of a just and happier world, we have to take care of generations of children who need to be nursed and nourished, helped and equipped to play their role in the world of tomorrow.

I am glad that the United Nations Organisation has brought the countries of the world closer to one another in a common endeavour to impart to various formative movements in international character. The declaration of the year 1979 as International Year of the Child is one of the most significant decisions of our time. Children have their special needs and it is necessary that peoples and the Governments of the world recognise those needs and accept the responsibility to satisfy them. Both at national and international levels, the socio-economic plans and programmes must include imaginative efforts to provide necessary facilities and amenities for the benefit of the children of today.

We realised the significance of this national trust and the founders of our Constitution firmly enshrined in it our commitment to promote the welfare of the children and to protect their interests. Articles 45 of the Constitution provides for free and compulsory education for children. Article 24 prohibits employment of children in factories and Article 39 prevents abuse of children of tender age. Many of our laws carry out and promote these objectives.

We are also one of the few countries in the world who have adopted a national policy for children. The policy recognises children as "the nations' supremely important asset. We have accepted "their nurture and solicitude as our responsibility". The national policy emphasises concern and commitment to achieve full physical, mental and social development of the child. Qualitative in character, the process of child development should lead to inculcation of high social and moral values consistent with the best traditions of our culture. Development of best human personality dedicated and responsible, fearless and strong is our objective. Within the context of this policy, we have worked out programmes which contemplate special efforts for the protection and advancement of children in the fields of nutrition, health and education.

Our deep concerned and interest in the development of the child is not confined to the national scene. India played a notable role in getting the United Nations General Assembly to pass a Resolution declaring a universal children's day which is observed in India every year, and when an Indian Co-sponsored Resolution to declare 1979 as the International Year of the Child was overwhelmingly adopted, we became the first country to announce our contribution to UNICEF for this purpose.

Within the age group of 0 to 14, our child population was 230 millions according to the 1971 census. Many of them are afflicted by poverty and are

LABOUR GAZETTE—MAY 1979

high rate of malnutrition and its tragic consequence. The Government proposes that during the International Year of the Child in 1979, the Government will promote programmes of health and development in order to ensure that every child should be strengthened and given a chance to lead a happy family life. In this endeavour I appeal for co-operation and goodwill from all sections of the community to contribute to the National Children's Funds and to donate liberally to the Centre as well as in the States;

to encourage employers to adopt the Child welfare scheme under the National Plan of Action;

to members of the medical profession to spare time at least 3 hours for voluntary provision of health care to the deprived child;

to representatives of houses, workers, businessmen, professionals to discharge their social responsibility towards children by adopting a school for implementing national programme; and

to writers and artists to help publish a set of 100 children's stories drawing the cultural heritage of India in our languages; of these 25 to be published in 1979.

I would like to remind you all that the child is a cherished and precious asset of the nation. To those of you who are sincerely interested in this effort, my appeal would be to spare your time, energy and resources for their welfare, their happiness and their all round development for the benefit of the children of today."

Released Bonded Laborers
The Government has decided to allow age-relaxation upto 40 years to all the bonded labourers from the bonded labour system for recruitment to 'd' posts under the Government, in its endeavour to provide an opportunity for the speedier rehabilitation of the released bonded labourers.

The purpose of employment through the Employment Exchanges for the physically handicapped.

The Secretaries of all the State Government, who generally have been advised to allow age-relaxation and priority to the released bonded labourers to comparable posts in the State services.

The studies and surveys undertaken by the State Government and the Central Government in the States, have been coordinated by the National Labour Institute in the Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir.

The National Labour Institute for completing the rehabilitation of bonded labour, in 1,000 villages of 19 States and Union Territories. The National Labour Institute (the State Labour Institute) was established by an Act of Parliament in 1978.

The National Labour Institute is responsible for implementation of the State Labour Institutes, responsible for implementation of the State Labour Institutes.

victims of a high rate of malnutrition and its tragic consequence, infant mortality. The Government proposes that during the International Year of the Child, its endeavours to promote programmes of health and development of the child and a happy family life should be strengthened and given more purposeful thrust. In this endeavour I appeal for co-operation and would urge :

- (1) all of you to donate liberally to the National Children's Funds being set up both at the Centre as well as in the States ;
- (2) voluntary organisations to adopt the Child welfare scheme outlined in the National Plan of Action ;
- (3) the members of the medical profession to spare time at least 3 hours in a week—for voluntary provision of health care to the deprived child ;
- (4) the organisations of kisans, workers, businessmen, professionals and others to fulfil their social responsibility towards children by adopting at least one school for implementing national programme ; and
- (5) the writers and artists to help publish a set of 100 children's story books explaining the cultural heritage of India in our languages ; of these 25 should be published in 1979.

It bears repetition to remind you all that the child is a cherished and valued trust, to be nurtured with care and affection. To these of you who are unable to contribute materially to this effort, my appeal would be to spare special thought for their welfare, their happiness and their all round development and to reserve a helpful smile for the children of today."

Jobs for Released Bonded Labourers

Government has decided to allow age-relaxation upto 40 years to all those who have been released from the bonded labour system for recruitment to group 'c' and group 'd' posts under the Government, in its endeavour to explore all possible avenues for the speedier rehabilitation of the released bonded labour.

For the purpose of employment through the Employment Exchanges, persons released from the bonded labour system shall be accorded priority as is given to the physically handicapped.

Chief Secretaries of all the State Government, who generally hold charge of the General Administration Departments in the States, have been addressed to extend similar age-relaxation and priority to the released bonded labour for recruitment to comparable posts in the state services.

Besides studies and surveys undertaken by the State Governments for the identification of bonded labour, the Central Government have sponsored studies by the Indian Institutes of Public Administration in Palamau districts of Bihar and by the National Labour Institute in the Union Territory of Gao, Daman and Diu. Active assistance is also provided to the Gandhi Peace Foundation and the National Labour Institute for completing national survey on the incidence of bonded labour, in 1,000 villages of 19 States from May to October, 1978. Promulgation of Bonded Labour System Abolition Ordinance 1975 (Labour Replaced by an Act of Parliament) the State Governments/ Union Territories, responsible for implementation of the statute, were requested

Co-operatives Focus on Agricultural and Industrial Development

The accent during the 6th five year plan if the co-operative sector will be on the development of agriculture and growth of labour-intensive small and village industries.

According to the annual report for Co-operation and Civil Supplies Department, steps have already been taken to ensure that the co-operatives are built up into strong and viable organisations to promote total and comprehensive rural development by progressively strengthening the links between credit, supply of agricultural inputs, agricultural production including ancillary activities like dairy, poultry, fishery and piggery marketing of agricultural produce to the best advantage of the producer members to ensure remunerative prices and distribution of essential consumer articles.

The report adds that as regards credit, programmes have also been drawn to enable the co-operatives to serve increasingly the small and marginal farmers and agricultural labourers who belong to the weaker sections of the society. The co-operative marketing infra-structure is being strengthened to bring about a more effective system of marketing of members' produce, supply of agricultural inputs and distribution of consumer goods. More agricultural commodities are being brought under the price support programmes with the involvement of co-operatives in the procurement operations. With a view to providing increased employment opportunities in the rural areas, co-operative processing and agro-based industries are being developed systematically.

Urban consumer co-operatives and the marketing and the service co-operatives in the rural areas are being strengthened in the context of establishing a strong and comprehensive public distribution system.

E. G. S. : A PROGRAMME AGAINST POVERTY

One of the most important schemes being implemented by the State Government for the benefit of the rural poor is the Employment Guarantee Scheme. The State Legislature had passed the Maharashtra Employment Guarantee Bill, 1977, which was sent for Presidential assent. In the meantime, the State Government decided to give effect to the main provision of this Bill including the provision relating to the payment of unemployment allowance, through administrative orders, with effect from 9th August, 1978. The State Government has by notification brought the Maharashtra Employment Guarantee Act, 1977, into force with effect from 26th January 1979. The guarantee of employment now has a statutory base.

The guarantee of work constitutes a major and fundamental objective of Government's fiscal and economic policy and is intended to provide the first step towards implementing the right to work enshrined in Article 41 of the Constitution.

The aim of the scheme is to provide gainful and productive employment gainful to the individual and productive to the economy in approved works to all unskilled persons in the rural areas including the areas of 'C' class municipal councils, who need work and are prepared to do manual labour but cannot find it on their own. The guarantee of work is restricted to unskilled manual work.

The operation of the scheme has been so designed as to ensure that labour is deployed to the extent possible on existing construction activities in the area and care is taken to see that the E. G. S. does not adversely affect agricultural operations and production. Work is to be provided under the scheme within 15 days of receipt of a notice of demand for work. In case the work is not provided within that period, there is a provision to pay the concerned person demanding work should be given unemployment allowance of Re. 1 per day. A fundamental objective of the scheme is that the works undertaken should result in the production of durable community assets and that wages paid to the workers should be linked with the quality and quantity of work output.

SALIENT FEATURES

The salient features of the scheme are : (i) guarantee of unskilled employment to all adult persons residing in the rural areas, (ii) no choice of work to the persons demanding work, (iii) the work provided to last normally for atleast 30 days, (iv) permission, normally only for productive works, (v) permission only to such works where the cost of unskilled component is more than 60 per cent of the total cost, (vi) while the works are invariably to be executed departmentally, exception is made when skilled items of the tank works are to be executed. Such works can be executed through piece workers, (vii) linking of wages to the quality and quantity of the output of work by the labour, (viii) the schedule of wages prescribed for the scheme so designed that an average person working diligently for 7 hours should earn atleast Rs. 4 which is the minimum wage for agricultural labour in the State. This will ensure that the operation of the scheme does not affect agricultural operations and at the same time the agricultural labour is assured of the minimum wages, (ix) a blue print of works which can be taken up under the scheme is kept ready for each panchayat samiti that there is practically no time lag between the registration of the actual demand for work and starting of the work.

WHEAT WITH WAGES

The quantum of wheat distributed under Government of India's "Food for Work Programme" to the labourers on the E.G.S. works, has been substantially increased with effect from 23rd October, 1978. Wheat is now being supplied to the E.G.S. labourers to the extent of about 40 per cent. of the cash component of the wages. This has resulted in an effective increase by one third in the total wages under the E.G.S. A scheme for distribution of rice on a restricted scale under the "Food for Work Programme" is also under consideration. The response to the E.G.S. has been an encouraging as is evidenced from the fact that the attendance on E.G.S. works on 15th January, 1979 was 6.53 lakhs as compared to the highest previous figure of 4.45 lakhs so far on the same date.

RESOURCES

In order to raise resources for the implementation of the scheme, the State Government has levied special taxes and levies as shown below :—

1. Taxes on professions, trades, callings and employment, 2. additional tax on motor vehicles, 3. additional tax on sales tax, 4. special assessment

LABOUR GUARANTEE ACT 1979
 The Government of India has received the approval of the Parliament for the Labour Guarantee Act, 1979. The Act provides for the establishment of a Labour Guarantee Commission to monitor the implementation of the scheme. The Commission will be headed by the Minister in charge of the scheme. He will be assisted by a number of members. The Commission will have the authority to call for information and documents from the State Government and to conduct inquiries into the working of the scheme. The Commission will also have the power to recommend the Government to take such steps as may be necessary for the purpose of the scheme.

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of irrigated agricultural lands, 5. surcharge on land revenue and 6. tax on non-residential urban lands and building under Education Cess Act.

The State Government has to make a matching contribution equal to the net collection of taxes and levies every year. The net collection of taxes and levies and the matching contribution from the State Government have to be credited to a separate fund called the employment guarantee fund which has been constituted to ensure that the resources raised for the purpose of the implementation of the E.G.S. are utilised for the same only.

ADMINISTRATIVE SET UP

The District Collector is in overall charge of the scheme. He has to accord sanction to the works from amongst those included in the blue prints and approved by the District Planning and Development Councils. The collectors are empowered to sanction the works costing up to Rs. 10 lakhs. If works costing more than Rs. 10 lakhs are to be undertaken, the collectors have to obtain the prior approval of the Government.

The works are implemented through the several government departments like irrigation, public works and housing, soil conservation and forest departments and the zilla parishads. Arrangements for drinking water, sanitary arrangements and medical aid are made and whenever work is provided beyond 5 kms. from the village, arrangements for camping have also to be provided.

Three tier administrative set up has been evolved for execution of employment guarantee scheme works. To ensure close and effective liaison and continuous supervision over the programme, committees for planning, direction, control, co-ordination and evaluation have been set up at the State, district and panchayat samiti (tahsil) levels.

At the State level the planning department is in overall charge of the programme covering all aspects of planning, administration, provision of funds, monitoring and evaluation of the rural employment programme. The Collector is in over all charge of the programme at the district level and looks after the planning, implementation, co-ordination, monitoring, supervision and inspection aspects of the programme.

At panchayat samiti level besides other related matters, the tahsildar has been assigned the functions of assessment of the demand for employment and development of employment seekers on different works under execution in the panchayat samiti.

In order to ensure proper technical supervision of the works and compliance of the Government instructions, an inspection cell has been recently created in the offices of the divisional commissioners.

PEOPLE'S PARTICIPATION

Under the Employment Guarantee Act the State Government has to constitute a District Employment Guarantee Committee in every district and a Panchayat Employment Guarantee Committee in every panchayat samiti area. A special committee of the Legislature has also been appointed to go

into the working of the State's Employment Guarantee Scheme to make visits to the works, hold discussions with labourers and implementing officers and submit their assessment as well as recommendations for the improvement of the programme. It will thus be seen that maximum participation is secured from all persons engaged and interested in the programme.

PROGRESS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF E.G.S.

The expenditure incurred on the scheme since its inception and the mandays of employment generated is as follows:—

	Rs.
1972-73	1.88 crores
1973-74	1.89 crores
1974-75	13.72 crores
1975-76	34.43 crores
1976-77	49.88 crores
1977-78	49.20 crores
and	
1978-79	43.39 crores
(January 1979).	

The response to the E.G.S. has been encouraging as evidence from the fact that attendance on January 15, 1979 was 6.30 lakhs which is highest as compared to the highest previous figure of 4.45 lakhs, so far on the same day. Total expenditure during 1978-79 is estimated to be Rs. 65.00 crores. In addition, nearly 53,000 m. tonnes of wheat are estimated to be distributed as wages in kind.

A budget provision of Rs. 72.83 crores has been made for 1979-80 which includes provision for wages in kind to the tune of Rs. 16.50 crores to be received from Government of India for the scheme during 1979-80. Under this programme top priority has been given to highly productive works like major, medium and minor irrigation, soil conservation, land development and a very small percentage of expenditure is incurred on infrastructure development works like roads. Nearly, 80 percent of the expenditure under this programme is incurred on productive programmes. The broad breakup of the likely expenditure on soil conservation, land development, major, medium and minor irrigation is Rs. 12 crores, Rs. 11 crores, Rs. 18 crores and Rs. 15 crores respectively. The amount provided by the various D. P. D. Cs. in their annual plans is Rs. 16.99 crores. The balance is kept as 'reserve' and the allocations from this reserve will be made on the basis of actual needs of each district.

The significance of E.G.S. lies in the fact that it has not only become an effective instrument of creating a work consciousness among the rural poor but has also created a feeling of self-reliance and self-respect among them to lead an honourable life. It has been given them a dignified place in the community and provided a sense of purpose to their life too as they are able to actively participate in the programme of rural regeneration.

WORKERS' PARTICIPATION IN MANAGEMENT

Workers' participation in management at shop level has been suggested by the Union Labour Ministry in a report to a news agency.

The report has stressed the importance of workers' participation and said that it should be compulsory for all enterprises employing 500 or more workers in public, private or co-operative sector.

It is the view that there should be a provision for at least 100 workers.

The report also said that the representatives at the participative forums should be elected by secret ballot. The committee has suggested that there should be a representation of employers and workers on the participative level but could not agree on the number of representatives at corporate level.

Workers' participation, the majority of the committee members expressed the view that it should be optional and that it should be ensured that not less than 10 per cent of all new enterprises should be reserved exclusively as works of that company.

The report said that the representatives at the various levels should be elected by a secret ballot and that there should be a representation between the collective bargaining agent and the workers of the committee felt that supervisors should have representation in the participative forums.

The report also said that the representatives of private sector enterprises should have separate representation to the participative forums but it was not correct in the real sense of the word.

The report said that there was a hierarchy of professional and technical staff in the management. They argued that the shop level, the participative arrangements should include representation of professional, storage facilities, material control, production schedules and targets, safety, cost control, quality of inputs, storage and inventory.

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PARTICIPATION IN MANAGEMENT

3-tier Workers' Say Mooted

A three-tier system of workers' participation in management—at shop, plant and corporate or board level—has been suggested by the committee on workers' participation headed by the Union Labour Minister, Shri Ravindra Varma, according to a news agency report.

The committee is understood to have stressed the importance of introducing a scheme of legislation on workers' participation and said it should cover all such undertakings employing 500 or more workers irrespective of the fact whether it is in public, private or co-operative sector.

It is also of the view that there should be a provision for extending it to units with atleast 100 workers.

The representatives at the participative forums should be elected through secret ballot. The committee has suggested that there should be parity between the representatives of employers and workers on the participative forums at shop and plant levels but could not agree on the number of workers' representatives at the corporate level.

On enquiry participation, the majority of the committee are understood to have expressed the view that it should be optional and should not be looked upon as a legal means to ensure participation in management. It is also generally agreed that not less than 10 per cent of all new shares issued in future by a company should be reserved exclusively as workers' share and offered to the workers of that company.

The argument that the representatives at the various participating forums should be elected by a secret ballot became necessary in order to avoid any possible friction between the collective bargaining agent and the representatives.

The members of the committee felt that supervisors and the middle management should have representation in the participative forums so that they could be fully involved in the decision making process.

The employers' representatives of private sector did not subscribe to the idea of giving separate representation to the supervisors and middle management. The majority of members, however, are reported to have expressed the view that it was not correct in the real sense of term that officers *ipso facto* were part of the management. They argued that even among the professional managements, there was a hierarchy of professionals from supervisors upwards.

At the shop level, the participative arrangement will cover common production facilities, storage facilities, material economy errors in documents, operational problems, wastage control, safety problems, quality improvement, monthly production schedules and targets, cost reduction programmes, technological innovations in the shop etc.

The plant-level participation has been enlarged to cover areas like operations, economies and finance, personnel, welfare measures and environment. Some of the important functions include evolution of productivity schemes, materials supply, quality of inputs, storage and inventories, sharing gains of productivity

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At the corporate or board level, issues relating to finance, wage structure, fringe and other benefits, housing, medical facilities, overall recruitment and personnel policies etc., would be covered.

The committee's list is only in the nature of a guideline and the management and workers at the enterprise level are left by mutual consultation to decide and adapt them with such modifications as might be necessary to suit their local conditions.

(Indian Worker, dated 23rd April 1979)

Fewer Women Workers

The percentage of women workers in India has been declining for the last 13 years due to mechanisation of sectors like agriculture and coal. This has harmed half the population, the Union Education Minister, Dr. P. C. Chunder said in Calcutta.

He was speaking at a recent seminar on new technology for growth organised by the State Level Research and Development Committee, West Bengal in collaboration with the National Research Development Corporation and National Council of Science Museums.

Dr. Chunder called for adoption of a technology that suited the Indian conditions, spread of adult education and more training to women.

(Indian Worker, dated 6th April 1979)

Jobless Data Panel Asks Hardship Index

A study commission examining the methods used to compile the government's unemployment statistic says that an economic "hardship" index should be developed to supplement current jobless data.

The National Commission on Employment and Unemployment, in a 348 page interim report, notes that while current Labour Department statistics measure whether individuals are working or not working they tell nothing about "how well or badly they are doing in their economic requirements and those of their families".

Many fulltime workers require public welfare to supplement inadequate wages, the commission pointed out. On the other hand, some workers suffer little hardship even when they are unemployed because they remain part of a family with an adequate or even ample income, the panel said.

"Our present statistics on employment do not accurately measure the full extent of economic well-being, and our statistics on unemployment do not accurately measure the full extent of economic hardship", the commission declared.

The commission said that it had not decided on an...
...but suggested a variety of ways to...
...the labour force count with earnings...
...the national unemployment...
...of Labour Statistics, is not nearly so...
...of federal grants as are the official estima...
...to give the national figure, derived from...
...of 8000 households, high marks for accurac...
...in the state and local figures.

...of the statistics is extremely imp...
...by more than 10 million a year in fede...
...localities for public service jobs,...

...state reporting, one recommendatio...
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...recommendations include :-

...the size of the Census Bureau Su...
...jobless data, from the present 56,00...
...of about \$36 million a year. The expand...
...for states and metropolitan areas and...
...particularly regarding blacks and Hi...
...military personnel when computing...
...the jobless rate. The abolition of the c...
...military force have "outdated the...
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...from other employment...
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...by scales between the two sectors have b...
...the commission stressed that the military...
...because it would distort the...
...and military personnel generally...
...of duty.

...commission found too many technical di...
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...that it had not yet decided whether t...
...be excluded from the official labour for...
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...and made recommendations f...

The commission said that it had not decided on any single approach to measure hardship but suggested a variety of ways to develop a hardship index by interrelating the labour force count with earnings and family income.

The panel noted that the national unemployment rate, announced monthly by the Bureau of Labour Statistics, is not nearly so crucial in determining the allocation of federal grants as are the official estimates of state and local unemployment. It gave the national figure, derived from a monthly Census Bureau Survey of 56,000 households, high marks for accuracy but expressed on similar confidence in the state and local figures.

The accuracy of the statistics is extremely important, since the figures determine how more than 10 million a year in federal dollars are distributed among states and localities for public service jobs, economic development and other programmes.

To improve state reporting, one recommendation would allocate funds to train state officers.

Other recommendations include :—

Broadening the size of the Census Bureau Survey on which BLS derives its monthly jobless data, from the present 56,000 households to 160,000 at a cost of about \$36 million a year. The expanded sampling would provide more data for states and metropolitan areas and cities with over one million residents, particularly regarding blacks and Hispanics.

Counting military personnel when computing the number of jobholders and thus the jobless rate. The abolition of the draft and the establishments of a voluntary military force have "outdated the idea that military personnel should be excluded from the official employment figures," the panel said.

"Employment in the volunteer armed forces no longer appears to be substantially different from other employment situations," it observed. "Individuals are free to choose between employment in the military or civilian sector. Pay scales between the two sectors have become more competitive."

But the commission stressed that the military should not be included in figures on localities because it would distort the status of job opportunities in a community and military personnel generally leave the area at the end of their tour of duty.

The commission found too many technical difficulties in labour's proposal that so-called "discouraged" workers be counted as unemployed. These are workers who give up looking for employment in the belief that there are no jobs to be found.

It said that it had not yet decided whether to recommend that 16 and 17 year-olds be excluded from the official labour force count. Nearly 90 percent of all workers in this age category are in school, and most have only a "casual" attachment to the labour force, the panel observed.

The commission noted, however, that age 16 is a standard in many labour market matters, and made recommendations for the collection of additional

data to clarify the job needs of teenagers, particularly those in minority and low-income families.

Created by Congress in October 1976, the nine-member panel is to submit a final report to President Carter in September. It has invited public comment on its interim report through Apr. 2.

Members of the panel include AFL-CIO Research Director Rudy Oswald. Chaired by Sar Levitan, director of George Washington University's Centre for Social Policy Studies, the commission represents the business and academic communities as well as labour.

(AFL-CIO News, dated 10 February 1979)

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Article, Report, Executive

THE NATIONAL YOUTH INVESTMENT BOARD
FOR THE ATTAINMENT OF YOUNG PEOPLE

ly those in minority and
member panel is to submit
invited public comment

Director Rudy Oswald,
University's Centre
e business and academic

10 February 1979

Articles, Reports, Enquiries, etc.

(The views expressed in signed Articles appearing in this section carry weight inasmuch as they are expressed by the persons who know their subject well. They, however, do not necessarily reflect the views of Government. All rights concerning these Articles are reserved)

INDUSTRIAL CLIMATE IN MAHARASHTRA BY KAMAL M. MORARKA PRESIDENT, NATIONAL ALLIANCE OF YOUNG ENTREPRENEURS

Maharashtra occupies a pride of place on the industrial map of India, To-day Maharashtra accounts for 17.5 per cent of productive capital, 19 per cent employment, 24 per cent of the gross value of output and 28 per cent value added by manufacture in the factory sector in the country. Maharashtra State tops the list in the industrial activity with Rs. 1,214 as per capita value of gross output and Rs. 294 as per capita value added by manufacture.

The pattern of industrial development of Maharashtra is also quite broad based. About 20 years ago the textile industry dominated the industrial scene of the State. But, to-day along with textile, progress has been achieved in the field of engineering industries, manufacturing of machine tools, industrial plants and equipment and agricultural implements, basic, chemical industries, dyestuffs, synthetic fibres and plastic industries, pharmaceuticals etc. Progress has been made in development of agro-industries.

The regional balance or equitable participation by all regions of the State in the process as well as in the benefit of development is one of the major objectives of planned development. The development programmes of the State have been in a manner that the life becomes richer and fuller not for a few but for all.

The need for dispersal of industries as a means for achieving balanced development of all the regions has been appreciated by the Government. Special efforts are being made to encourage industrial development of the under-developed areas. The State Industrial and Investment Corporation of Maharashtra Limited (SICOM), has been set up with the principal objective of promoting industrial development of under-developed areas. The Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation Limited (MIDC) has been active in the field of providing developed land and other infrastructural facilities in the under-developed areas.

Bombay is considered as the industrial nerve centre of India. The rapid growth of industries in the State and the diversity of the goods being produced by the industries of Maharashtra are certainly noteworthy. This rapid industrial development has tended to concentrate in the Bombay-Thane-Pune belt, and if we leave this areas out of consideration, the remaining part of the State remains industrially under-developed.

Industrial development has also led to excessive urbanisation and just as Maharashtra contributed a large portion of the total industrial production of the country, the State also leads the country in the process of urbanisation. Naturally, a great emphasis is being laid on dispersal of industries in the State.

15 per cent subsidy scheme of the Government of India, which is applicable to its three districts, namely Aurangabad, Chandrapur and Ratnagiri.

Export Promotion

The State Board for Export Promotion and panels thereunder, which were set up in June 1965, have been discontinued since September 1976. However, State Committee for Export Promotion continues functioning as an advisory body and the export promotion cell to work as secretariate to the committee.

Maharashtra accounts for approximately 26 per cent of the total exports from the country.

Production of Minerals

The prominent minerals exploited in the State are manganese ore, coal, iron ore, silica sand, dolomite, kyanite, bauxite, chromite, white clay, gypsum soapstone, china clay and common sand. The major mineral production comes from the Nagpur Division (Vidarbha area) followed by Ratnagiri and Kolhapur districts. The number of mining leases existing presently in the state are 268.

The chief minerals exported from the State are iron ore and manganese ore. Of late, kyanite from Bhandara district is also being exported. The export of iron ore from Ratnagiri district shows a continuous rising trend whereas the export of manganese ore from Nagpur and Bhandara districts shows a somewhat falling trend. This is because the international demand for manganese ore has gone down and further because as a matter of policy, the Government is not encouraging the export of manganese ore in view of the anticipated demand, in future for manganese ore in the country.

During 1973 and 1974, the total average daily labour employment in major mineral mines of the State was 16,453 and 16,491 respectively.

As a result of the discoveries of mineral deposits by the Directorate of Geology and Mining which has helped in the increase in production, there has been an increase of mineral revenue from Rs. 27.44 lakhs in 1963-64 to Rs. 95.79 lakhs in 1974-75.

Industrial Development Corporation

The MIDC was established in 1962 with the objective of securing and assisting the rapid and orderly establishment and two or three industrial areas around the Bombay-Thane complex but now it has 52 well developed areas all over the State. By the end of this year there will be at least one industrial area in each district of the State.

In the earlier years, most of the MIDC'S development expenditure was in the developed areas of the State but over the years a significant shift has taken place. Up to 1972-73 the expenditure in the developed areas was Rs. 5.45 crores compared to Rs. 2.75 lakhs in the backward areas but during the last three years, the expenditure in the developed parts is only Rs. 194 lakhs compared to almost Rs. 600 lakhs spent in the backward areas.

So far Rs. 30.73 crores have been spent by the corporation on the development of water supply schemes which have an installed capacity of five lakhs cubic metres per day. Large water works have been undertaken in backward

Development of Leather Industry

The Leather Industries Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited was incorporated as a Government company from 1st May 1974 with an authorised capital of Rs. 5 crores. The activities of the Corporation include production of Kolhapuri chappals, purchase of footwear from the small artisans in Miraj Kupwad area and selling them in cities like Bombay through the agency of the Corporation. Articles like washers, office bags, fancy chappals etc. are purchased from the local artisans and they are marketed in cities. In order to provide employment to the weaker section, namely, road side cobblers, efforts are being made to provide them stalls.

Regional Development Corporation

In addition to State level corporations the State Government has also set up Regional Corporations in order to promote, encourage and assist the orderly establishment, growth and development of industries and industrialisation in different regions of Maharashtra and to prepare, undertake and promote industrial projects solely or jointly with the Government or with other agencies, the four regional corporations were established viz :—

- (1) Marathwada Development Corporation Limited was incorporated in August 1967. Its authorised capital is Rs. 3 crores. In pursuance of the main object of promoting and developing industries in Marathwada region the Corporation has already implemented an integrated powerlooms project and has undertaken a cattle development and dairy programme on a large scale.
- (2) The Development Corporation of Vidarbha Limited was incorporated on December 3, 1970. The authorised share capital of the Corporation is rupees one crore.
- (3) The Western Maharashtra Development Corporation Limited, was incorporated on December 3, 1970 as a private Limited Company with an authorised capital of Rs. 1 crore. The paid up capital is Rs. 70 lakhs.
- (4) The Development Corporation of Konkan Limited was set up on December 3, 1970 as a private limited company, with an authorised capital of Rs. 1 crore. The main object of the company has been to promote industries based on the raw materials available in Konkan region.

Ancillary Industry

The development of ancillary industry in Maharashtra has been equally impressive during the last two decades. This is natural because almost all the medium and large industries which have a large ancillary potential are developed in the State.

The ancillary items include parts, components and sub-assemblies of automobiles, mopeds and scooters, bicycles, machine tools, electronics, diesel engines, ships and trawlers, etc. The ancillary relationship is predominantly with private sector industries rather than with public sector undertakings.

Under the 1973 census, the registered number of ancillary units in the State was, 1,406. The actual number, inclusive of unregistered units, is much higher.

Inventive and innovative talent in the small scale sector for development of import substitutes, new designs and new modified processes, etc. is another distinguishing feature in Maharashtra. During the last 5 years, more than 55 young technicians, entrepreneurs and SSI units have won either awards or merit certificates in these fields at the national and state levels and also from reputed chambers of commerce like the Maharashtra Chamber and the Maharashtra Chamber for outstanding entrepreneurship or innovative merits. Pulse monitor, surgical instruments, off-set printing machine, polariscope, blood plasma fractions, sanitised paper, etc. are only a few examples.

On the export front, the progress and performance of the SSI sector in Maharashtra, especially in respect of non-traditional products, is very creditable. The export product range cover light engineering and electrical items, electronic equipment and instruments, industrial machinery, powerloom and jandloom fabrics, made ups and readymade garments, drugs and pharmaceuticals, dyes and intermediates, paints and varnishes, cosmetics, gems and jewellery, processed foods, plastic, rubber and leather consumer and industrial goods, etc. These include both semi-sophisticated and highly sophisticated products for the developing as well as developed markets.

Another breakthrough by the SSI sector is the setting up of joint industrial ventures abroad particularly in the Middle East, Africa and Far-East countries with Indian technical know how and consultancy services. There are about 65 such ventures from Maharashtra which include C. I. foundry, electrical accessories, fine chemicals, etc. The estimated direct exports from the SSI sector in Maharashtra were of the order of Rs. 566 crores in 1977-78, which constitute about 43 per cent of the total exports of the State.

Contribution to defence production by supply of large number of parts, hardware, etc. conforming to rigid components, equipments, instruments, quality standards, is yet another outstanding achievement of the small scale industries in Maharashtra.

Industrial Location Policy

In the matter of Dispersal of industries, particularly small industries in the developing areas of the State, the results achieved, during the last decade, have been encouraging because of the assistance and incentive measures of the State Government and its industrial location policy, prohibiting expansion of medium and large industries and setting up of new industries in the Greater Bombay area. In 1961, Greater Bombay alone accounted for about 72 per cent (3,468) of the total 4,860 registered small scale units in the State. In 1977, this percentage has come down to 27.

District Industries Centres

However, the degree of dispersal, achieved in terms of creation of large-scale employment in the developing areas and its impact on the rural economy falls short of the expectations. The revised industrial policy, therefore, rightly

process of developing small villages in the rural areas.

In this process, a new strategy, namely, the creation of a new District Industries Centre (DIC) has been set up at the local level and an entrepreneur interested in setting up a unit in the rural areas, should be able to get the entire process under one roof, namely, of the DIC. The DIC has been set up in Maharashtra in the first phase and they have started functioning. In the second phase, similar centres have been established from March 15, 1978. A advisory committee headed by the District Collector at the State level is also set up. Maharashtra State has taken a higher leap on the path of rural industrial

work is gathering momentum, as is evident from the number of persons availing of assistance under the Employment Guarantee Scheme has gone up from 155 in May 1978 to 348 in July 1978. Increase in seed money sanctioned is from Rs. 10 lakh

development of offshore oil-fields at Bombay High and the discovery marks a cheerful event in the industrial development of the State. The ambitious plan of completing the physical infrastructure up to 13 to 14 million tonnes per year and a total of 10 million cubic meters per day by 1980 will be met in the refineries, petro-chemicals and fertiliser

to give a boost to other industries like plastic products, pharmaceuticals and other organic chemical products of the petro-chemical industries in the Vidarbha and Ratnagiri areas offering a wide range of products and bottle-based industries like, a

of deep fishing programme in the coastal areas. Ratnagiri has opened out new vistas for the development of industries complex comprising ship-yard, ice-making, deep freezing, cold storage and canning. A lot of auxiliary units to feed the shipyard.

of the irrigation projects like Jayakwadi project in the Ratnagiri etc. offer large variety of agro-industrial products such as agricultural machinery and fertiliser formulation and

puts stress on accelerating the process of developing small village and cottage industries in the rural areas.

For this purpose, a new strategy, namely, the creation of a new institutional mechanism, named as district industries centre (DIC) has been devised. The district will be the focal point and an entrepreneur interested in setting up small/cottage industry in the rural areas, should be able to get the entire package of assistance which he needs under one roof, namely, of the DIC. Fourteen such DICs have already been set up in Maharashtra in the first phase on May 1, 1978 and they have started functioning. In the second phase DICs for the remaining 11 districts have been established from March 15, 1979. Each DIC has an advisory committee headed by the District Collector and as similar committee at the State level is also set up. Maharashtra State is thus poised to take a longer and higher leap on the path of rural industrialisation.

The work is gathering momentum, as is evident from the fact that the number of persons availing of assistance under the Employment Promotion Programme has gone up from 155 in May 1978 to 348 in July 1978, and the corresponding increase in seed money sanctioned is from Rs. 5.44 lakhs to Rs. 10.39 lakhs.

Prospects

The development of off-shore oil-fields at Bombay High and at nearby Bassein North oil-fields marks a cheerful event in the industrial development of the State. The ambitious plans of completing the physical infrastructure to step up the crude oil up to 13 to 14 million tonnes per year and a gas production at the rate 3.10 million cubic meters per day by 1980 will shortly boost the industrial activities of the State. Hundreds of crores of rupees are expected to be invested in the refineries, petro-chemicals and fertilisers industries. This would also give a boost to other industries like plastic processing, dyes and intermediates, pharmaceuticals and other organic chemicals which are based on the down stream products of the petro-chemical industries. The development of minerals in the Vidarbha and Ratnagiri areas offer a high promise for the growth of coal-based and iron ore-based industries in Vidarbha area such as fertilisers steel plants and boxite based industries like, alumina, aluminium and aluminium products in Ratnagiri area.

The launching of deep fishing programme in the coastal districts of Thane, Kulaba and Ratnagiri has opened out new vistas for the development of integrated marine industries complex comprising ship-yards for trawlers and barges, fish processing, deep freezing, cold storage and canning units, fish netting units and a host of ancillary units to feed the shipyard.

Many of the irrigation projects like Jayakwadi project on the Godavari, Ujani projects on the Bhima etc. offerer large irrigation facilities. This will give a further fill-up to the growth of a variety of agro-industries both on the input and output sides such as agricultural machinery and equipment, agro-chemicals like pesticide and fertiliser formulation and a number of processed and conversion products.

Maharashtra continued to lead all other States on Industrial activities in 1978-79 also. According to the latest information the State accounts for nearly 16 per cent of the fixed investment, about 21 per cent of the industrial labour and approximately 25 per cent of the value of industrial output with only nine per cent of the total population *vis-a-vis* all-India. The State's gross per capita industrial output is Rs. 2,301.

It is expected that the State will maintain its lead on the industrial front over other States in future also.

From the foregoing, it will be seen that Maharashtra Government has done a commendable job on the industrial front. The Government must be given due credit for relentless in the direction of industrial growth of the State.

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the Commission for securin
MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE
(LEGISLATIVE D

New Delhi, the 31st January 19

THE SUGAR UNDERTAKING
(MANAGEMENT) AMENDM

No. 2 O

Provoked by the President
Republic

As Ordinance to amend the Suga
Management

When Parliament is not in sess
circumstances exist which render it
inadvisable;

AND, THEREFORE, in exercise of the
powers conferred by clause (1) of
article 123 of the Constitution, the President
has issued the following Ordinance:

1. Short title and commencement.
This Ordinance shall be called the
Sugar Undertakings (Taking Over of
Management) Amendment Ordinance, 1979.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. Amendment of section 3 of Act
of 1975.—Section 3 of the Sugar
Undertakings (Taking Over of Man-
agement) Act, 1975, in sub-section
(a) shall be amended to read as follows:
"purchased before that date", the
land always to have been substituted
purchased, at any time (whether
before or after the commencement of
this Act), before that date".

3. Validation.—Notwithstanding
anything to the contrary contained
in any law for the time being in
force or otherwise) of any court
of law or of the Central Government or
of any State Government or of any
local authority or of any person or
firm or company or of any body of
persons, any act or thing done or
taken in pursuance of the provisions
of this Act, shall, for all purposes, be
deemed to have been done or taken
as if such thing had been done or
taken in pursuance of the provisions
of this Act, before that date".

AND WHEREAS the consequent delay on the part of the said Boards in making their recommendations to the Central Government has impeded the

MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS

(LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT)

New Delhi, the 31st January 1979/Magha 11, 1900 (Saka).

THE SUGAR UNDERTAKINGS (TAKING OVER OF MANAGEMENT) AMENDMENT ORDINANCE, 1979

No. 2 OF 1979

Promulgated by the President in the Thirtieth Year of the Republic of India

An Ordinance to amend the Sugar Undertakings (Taking Over of Management) Act, 1978.

WHEREAS Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action ;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance :—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Sugar undertakings (Taking Over of Management) Amendment Ordinance, 1979.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of section 3 of Act 49 of 1978.*—In section 3 of the Sugar Undertakings (Taking Over of Management) Act, 1978 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in sub-section (1), in clause (b), for the words “purchased before that date”, the following shall be substituted and shall be deemed always to have been substituted, namely :—

“purchased, at any time (whether in that sugar year or in any earlier sugar year or sugar years and whether before or after the commencement of this Act), before that date”.

3. *Validation.*—Notwithstanding any judgment, decree or order (whether interim or otherwise) of any court, anything or any action (including the issue by the Central Government of any notification declaring that the management of any sugar undertaking shall vest in the Central Government on and from the date specified in such notification) done or taken or purported to have been done or taken under section 3 of the principal Act or under the corresponding provisions of the Ordinance which was repealed by the principal Act, shall, for all purposes, be deemed to be and to have always been so validly done or taken as if such thing or action (including the issue of such notification)

Maharashtra continued to lead all other States on Industrial activities in 1978-79 also. According to the latest information the State accounts for

(a) no suit or other proceeding shall be instituted or continued in any court against the Central Government or any person or authority whatsoever for the restoration to the owner of the management of any sugar undertaking with respect to which such notification had been issued by the the Central Government ;

(b) no court shall enforce any decree or order (including an interim order for the restoration to the owner of the management of any sugar undertaking with respect to which such notification had been issued by the Central Government ; and

(c) every such notification shall be, and shall be deemed always to have been, valid, effective and enforceable by or on behalf of the Central Government in accordance with the tenor thereof and the provisions of the principal Act as amended by this Ordinance.

Explanation.—Words and expressions used in this section which are defined in, or for the meanings of which provision has been made in, section 2 of the principal Act shall have the same meanings as under that section.

(M.G.G., Part VI, dated 12th April 1979 at P.34 & 35)

MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS
(LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT)

New Delhi, the 31st January, 1979/Magha 11, 1900 (Saka)

THE WORKING JOURNALISTS AND OTHER NEWSPAPER
EMPLOYEES (CONDITIONS OF SERVICE) AND
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS (AMENDMENT)
ORDINANCE, 1979

No. 3 OF 1979

*Pronulgated by the President in the Thirtieth Year of the
Republic of India.*

*An Ordinance further to amend the Working Journalists and Other
Newspaper Employees (Conditions of Service) and Miscellaneous
Provisions Act, 1955.*

WHEREAS the Wage Board constituted under section 9 of the Working Journalists and Other Newspaper Employees (Conditions of Service) and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1955 (45 of 1955) by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. S. O. 809, dated the 6th February, 1976 for fixing and revising rates of wages in respect of working journalists and the Wage Board constituted under section 13C of the said Act by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. S. O. 1958, dated the 11th June, 1975 for fixing and revising rates of wages in respect of non-journalist newspaper employees have not been able to function effectively ;

40 WHEREAS the consequent delay in the recommendations to the effect of paper provision for section 13A of the Act, the following clause shall

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OTHER NEWSPAPER (SERVICE) AND (AMENDMENT)

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AND WHEREAS the consequent delay on the part of the said Boards in making their recommendations to the Central Government has impeded the making of proper provision for securing to working journalists and non-journalist newspaper employees just conditions of work ;

AND WHEREAS for dealing with the situations referred to in the foregoing paragraphs and matters arising therefrom it is necessary in the public interest to make alternative arrangements for the purpose of fixing and revising rates of wages in respect of working journalists and in respect of non-journalist newspaper employees under the said Act and thereby securing to them speedily just conditions of work ;

AND WHEREAS Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action ;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance :—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Working Journalists and Other Newspaper Employees (Conditions of Service) and Miscellaneous Provisions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1979.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Act 45 of 1955 to be temporarily amended.*—During the period of operation of this Ordinance, the Working Journalists and Other Newspaper Employees (Conditions of Service) and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1955 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act) shall have effect subject to the amendments specified in sections 3 to 7.

3. *Amendment of section 2.*—In section 2 of the principal Act, after clause (e), the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

“(ee) “Tribunal” means,—

(i) in relation to working journalists, the Tribunal constituted under section 13AA ; and

(ii) in relation to non-journalist newspaper employees, the Tribunal constituted under section 13DD ;”

4. *Insertion of new section 13AA.*—In Chapter II of the principal Act, after section 13A, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

“13AA. *Constitution of Tribunal for fixing or revising rates of wages in respect of working journalists.*—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, where the Central Government is of opinion that the Board constituted under section 9 for the purpose of fixing or revising rates of wages in respect of working journalists under this Act has not been able to function (for any reason whatsoever) effectively, and in the circumstances, it is necessary so to do, it may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, constitute a Tribunal, which shall consist of a person who is, or has been,

shall on account of the loss of the fixed holiday be granted compensatory holiday on the days specified in column 2 of the Schedule within a month, from the respective holiday.

Schedule

~~GOVERNMENT~~ ^{Period} and non-journalist, newspaper employees, subject to the modifications that—

(a) the references to the Board and working journalists therein, wherever they occur, shall be construed respectively as references to the Tribunal and to non-journalist, newspaper employees ;

(b) in sub-section (3) of section 11,—

(i) the reference to the office of Chairman or any other member of the Board shall be construed as a reference to the office of the person constituting the Tribunal ; and

(ii) the reference to section 9 shall be construed as a reference to sub-section (1) of this section ; and

(c) the references in section 13 and section 13A to section 12 shall be construed as references to section 12 read with this section.

(3) The Tribunal, in discharging its functions under this Act, may act on the evidence recorded by the Wage Board or partly recorded by the Wage Board and partly recorded by itself :

Provided that if the Tribunal is of opinion that further examination of any of the witnesses whose evidence has already been recorded is necessary in the interest of justice, it may re-summon any such witness, and after such further examination, cross-examination and re-examination, if any, as it may permit, the witness shall be discharged.

(4) On the constitution of a Tribunal under sub-section (1), the Board constituted under section 13C and functioning immediately before such constitution shall cease to exist and the members constituting that Board shall be deemed to have vacated their offices :

Provided that any interim rates of wages fixed by the Central Government under section 13A read with section 13D in respect of non-journalist newspaper employees and in force immediately before the constitution of the Tribunal shall remain in force until the order of the Central Government under section 12 read with this section comes into operation."

6. *Amendment of section 19.*—In section 19 of the principal Act, after the words " member of the Board ", the words " or the person constituting the Tribunal " shall be inserted.

7. *Amendment of section 20.*—In section 20 of the principal Act, in clause (d) of sub-section (2), after the word " Board ", the words " or, as the case may be, the Tribunal," shall be inserted.

(M.G.G., Part VI, dated 12th April 1979 at P.36 to 39)

shall on account of the loss of the fixed holiday be granted compensatory holiday on the days specified in column 2 of the Schedule within a month, from the respective holiday.

Schedule

Period	
Week ending 14th April 1979.	.. Mahavir Jayanti Day. (10 April 1979).
Week ending 11th August 1979.	.. Coconut Day (7th August 1979.)
Week ending 25th August 1979.	.. Paryushan Parva 1st Day. (20th August 1979).
Week ending 1st December 1979.	.. Paryushan Parva last Day. (27th August 1979).

(Notification No. P. 7378/CR-2456/Lab-5, dated 23rd January, 1979 published in M.G.G., Part-I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at Page 1424.)

(c) Government of Maharashtra has suspended the operation of all the provisions of Section 13 (relating to closing hours) Sections 14(1), 14(2) and 17 for the period from 29th, 30th and 31st January, 1979, and 1st February 1979, in respect of the Chartered Bank, on account of completion of the accounts and stock taking for the yearly closing in December 1978 in the State of Maharashtra, subject to the conditions mentioned below—

(1) If an employee is required to work in excess of the list of hours of work specified in section 63 of the Act, he shall be entitled in respect of overtime work (which shall be noted in the prescribed register) to wages at the rate not less than those prescribed in section 63(1) of the said Act.

If an employee is required to work on any day in excess of the period fixed under the said Act, the spread over of such an employee shall not exceed sixteen hours a day.

The suspension of provisions of section 13 relating to closing hours and sub sections (1) and (2) of section 14 shall be available to the Bank to the extent that they do not exceed the time limit of six days specified in Rule 9 of the Maharashtra Shops and Establishments Rules, 1961

(Notification No. P-7378/CR-2543/Lab-5, dated 25th January 1979 published in M.G.G., Part-I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at Page 1429.)

(d) Government of Maharashtra has suspended the operation of all provisions of Section 10(1)(b), Section 14, Section 16 and Section 18 for the period from 9th March 1979 to 14th April 1979, in respect of all shops in Wani; District Yeotmal on the occasion of Wani Fair, subject to the conditions mentioned in the Notification.

(Notification No. P-7379/CR-2584/Lab-5, dated 23rd February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part-I-L, dated 29th March 1979 at Page 1889.)

II—Amendment to the existing entry in Schedule II.—(a) Government of Maharashtra has amended schedule II by substituting new, entry in place of the old entry No. 239, in entry No. 239 for column, 2, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“ 239, Union establishments situated in the Gram panchayat area of Lasalgaon, Pimpalgaon, Saikheda and Municipal area of Manmad in Nashik District.”

(Notification No. BSE.1478/CR-2489/Lab-5, dated 14th February 1979, published in M.G.G., Part-I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at Page 1423.)

C. MINIMUM WAGES ACT, 1948.

I—Exemption of Part-time Employees from the Provisions of the Act.—(a) Government of Maharashtra has directed that for a period ending 31st December 1979 the provisions of the Act shall not apply to the employees employed on part-time basis in scheduled employments mentioned in the schedule below :—

Schedule

- (1) Employment in any rice mill, flour mill or dal mill.
- (2) Employment in any tobacco (including bidi making) manufactory.

- (3) Employment in any oil mill.
- (4) Employment under any local authority.
- (5) Employment on the construction or maintenance of roads or in building operations
- (6) Employment in stone breaking or stone crushing.
- (7) Employment in public motor transport.
- (8) Employment in tanneries and leather manufactory.
- (9) Employment in residential hotel, restaurant or eating houses, as defined in the Bombay Shops and Establishment Act, 1948.
- (10) Employment in any industry in which any process of printing by letterpress, lithography, photogravure or other similar work incidental to such process or book-binding is carried on.
- (11) Employment in any cotton ginning or cotton pressing manufactory.
- (12) Employment in glass industry.
- (13) Employment in any shop or commercial establishment (not being an employment in any Bank or any employment which is included under any of the other entries in the Schedule to the Act.)

Explanation.—For the purpose of this entry, the expressions "Shop" and "Commercial Establishment" shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948.

- (14) Employment in potteries.
- (15) Employment in rubber manufacturing industry.
- (16) Employment in paper and Paper-Board Manufactory.
- (17) Employment in any industry in which any process of transforming plastics into various solid shapes through moulding, forming, extrusion or casting by application singly or together with heat and/or pressure or both or others similar work or work incidental to such process is carried on.
- (18) Employment in any brick or roof-tiles manufactory.
- (19) Employment in any premises wherein buffaloes or cows or both are kept for milking, cleaning or feeding and for all other ancillary processes.
- (20) Employment in Automobile repairing workshops and garages.
- (21) Employment in canteens and clubs not falling under entry in part 1 of the Schedule of the Act.
- (22) Employment in film production industry.
- (23) Employment in any industry engaged in saw milling.
- (24) Employment in any industry in which wooden furniture making or other similar work or any work incidental to such process is carried on.
- (25) Employment in any industry in which wooden photo or picture frames making and other similar work incidental to such process is carried on.
- (26) Employment in bakeries.
- (27) Employment in cashew processing industry.
- (28) Employment in Engineering Industry (not being an employment falling under entry 26 of the Schedule).
- (29) Employment in salt pan industry.
- (30) Employment in Laundry industry.
- (31) Employment in cloth dyeing and/or cloth printing.

Explanation.—An employee shall be deemed to be employed on part-time basis, if his daily hours of work do not exceed five and such hours of work are not split into more than two periods of work.

(Notification No. MWA. 5378/2083/Lab.7, dated 30th January 1979 published in MGG., Part-I-L, dated 1st March 1979 at Pages 1380-1381).

II—*Corrigendum.*—(a) In the notification published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part-I-L, dated 8th February, 1979 at pages 1001 to 1004, the following correction shall be made :—

On page No. 1004 in the first paragraph, in the last but one line before the word 'January' and after the words 'on the' words and figure "1st day of" shall be inserted.

(Notification No. MWA/SPL/REDM, dated 7th March 1979.

Published in MGG, Part -I-L, dated 15th March 1979 at page 1557).

Notification No. MWA/SPL/Powerloom dated 7th March 1979 at Page 1045
Part-I-L, Pages 1045

Notification No. MWA/SPL/Powerloom, dated 7th March 1979 at Page 1557.

Notification No. MWA/SPL/Shops, dated 7th March 1979, at pages No. 1380-1381.

Notification No. MWA/SPL/Shops, dated 7th March 1979, at page 1557.

Notification No. MWA/SPL/Shops, dated 7th March 1979, at page 1557.

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Notification No. MWA/SPL/Shops, dated 7th March 1979, at page 1557.

Notification No. MWA/SPL/Shops, dated 7th March 1979, at page 1557.

(b) In the notification No. MWA/SPL/Powerloom dated 8th February, 1979, published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part-I-L Pages 1045 to 1049 the following correction shall be made :—

On page No. 1049 in the first paragraph, last line before the word 'January' and after the words 'on the' the figure and words '1st day of' shall be inserted.

(Notification No. MWA/SPL/Powerloom, dated 7th March 1979 Published in M.G.G., Part-I-L, dated 15th March 1979 at Page 1557).

(c) In the notification No. MWA/SPL/Shops, dated 8th February, 1979 published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part-I-L, at pages No. 1049 to 1052, the following correction shall be made :—

On page No. 1052 in the first paragraph, in the list but one line before the figure '1979' and after the words 'day of' the word 'January' shall be inserted instead of the word 'July'.

(Notification No. MWA/SPL/Shops, dated 7th March 1979, published in M.G.G., Part-I-L, dated 15th March 1979, at page 1557).

D. MAHARASHTRA UNEMPLOYMENT ALLOWNCE PAYMENT TO WORKMEN IN FACTORIES (FOR TEMPORARY PERIOD) ACT, 1976.

Government of Maharashtra has specified the period Commencing on the 1st day of January 1979 and ending on the 30th day of June 1979 to be the temporary period for the whole of the State for the purpose of the above Act.

(Notification No. IDA/ 1379/2082/Lab-7, dated 6th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part-I-L, dated 1st March 1979 at Page 1382).

E. PAYMENT OF GRATUITY ACT, 1972.

Government of Maharashtra has appointed the Labour Enforcement Officer (central) under the Chief Labour Commissioners Organisation in the State of Maharashtra, specified in the Schedule below to be Assistant Public Prosecutors for conducting prosecutions under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 in relation to industrial establishments in respect of which the Central Government is the appropriate Government and arising within the limits of their respective jurisdiction under the Act namely :—

Schedule

- (1) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central)-I, Bombay.
- (2) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central)-II, Bombay.
- (3) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central)-III, Bombay.
- (4) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central)-IV, Bombay.
- (5) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central)-V, Bombay.
- (6) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central)-VI, Bombay.
- (7) Labour Enforcement Officer (Central)-VII Bombay.
- (8) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central)-VIII, Bombay.
- (9) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central) Nagpur.
- (10) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central) Bhusawal.
- (11) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central) Chandrapur.
- (12) Labour Enforcement Officer, (Central) Pune.

(Notification No. PGA/1078/1200/Lab-7, dated 30th January 1979 published in M.G.G., Part-I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at Page 1419.)

F. MAHARASHTRA MATHADI, HAMAL AND OTHER MANUAL WORKERS (REGULATION EMPLOYMENT AND WELFARE) ACT, 1969.

(a) Government of Maharashtra has published Draft scheme called Railway Goods Clearing and Forwarding Unprotected Workers (Regulation and Employment and Welfare) (Amendment) Scheme 1979 to amend the Railway Goods Clearing and Forwarding Unprotected Workers (Regulation and Employment and Welfare) Scheme 1976 for information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and the notice is also given that the said draft scheme will be taken into consideration by the Government of Maharashtra after 15th March 1979.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received by Secretary to the Government of Maharashtra, Industries, Energy and Labour Department, Bombay from any person with respect to the said draft before the aforesaid date will be considered by the Government.

(Notification No. A-1478/CR-2033-Lab-5, dated 7th February, 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 1st March 1979 at Page 1383).

(b) Government of Maharashtra has nominated Shri V. G. Deshpande, Dy. Commissioner of Labour, Bombay as a member representing the State Government on the Khokha Marketing and Timber Market Labour Board in place of Shri T. R. Bhagwat and for that purpose amended the earlier Notification No. UWA 1478/CR-1968/Lab-5, dated 20th July 1979.

(Notification No. UWA/1478/CR-2370/Lab-5, dated 31st January 1979, published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at pages 1419-20).

(c) Government of Maharashtra has appointed Shri Bhaishankarbai N. Rawal, C/o, Stainless Steel Merchants' Association Bombay and Shri Nathuram K. Gujar, General Secretary, Metal Bazar Kamgar Sangh, Bombay to be member representing, respectively the Employers and Unprotected. Workers on the Metal (excluding Iron and Steel) and Paper Markets and Shops, Mathadi Labour Board for Greater Bombay, and for that purpose amended Government notification, Industries, Energy and Labour Department No. UWA-1376/CR-592/Lab. 5, dated the 14th April 1979.

(Notification UWA. 1378/CR-2272/Lab-5, dated 7th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 1st March 1979 at Page 1374.).

G. EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE ACT, 1948

I. *Exemption of Establishments under the Act.*—(a) Government of Maharashtra has exempted every factory situated in the following areas from the operation of the provisions of the Act for a further period from 24th April 1979 upto and inclusive of the 23rd April 1979 :—

- (1) The Municipal limits of Bellarpur in Taluka and District Chandrapur.
- (2) The Revenue survey Nos. 23, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48 and 49, of Ballarpur in Taluka and District Chandrapur.
- (3) The Revenue Survey Nos. 305/LKH, 309 and 310 of Village Vispur in Taluka and District Chandrapur.

(Notification No. SIA. 1779/1372/Lab-11, dated 7th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at page 1420).

(b) Government of Maharashtra after consultation with the Employees' State Insurance Corporation has exempted Messrs. M.G.T. Diesel Power House, Butchu Island, Bombay whose employees are otherwise in receipt of the benefits substantially similar to the benefits provided under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, for period from 1st October 1978 to 31st March 1979, Subject to the conditions mentioned in the Notification.

(Notification No. SIA. 1578/1286/Lab-11, dated 27th January 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at Page 1428.).

II. *Exemption of Employees under the Act.*—(a) Government of Maharashtra has exempted the employees of Messrs. Indo-Pharma Pharmaceuticals Works Limited., Bombay who are posted at Margaon where the provisions of Employees' State Insurance Act, 1978 are not yet implemented for a period from 1st January 1978 and inclusive of 31st December 1978 from the operation of the Act, subject to the conditions mentioned in the Notification.

(Notification No. SIA. 1779/1370/Lab-11, dated 7th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at Page 1421.).

(b) Government of Maharashtra has exempted such salesmen of Messrs. Calcutta Confectionery Works, Bombay 400 016, as remain on tour for seven months or more in a year for the period with effect from 1st May 1976 to 30th April 1978 from the operation of the Act, except Chapter V-A, thereof subject to the condition mentioned in the notification.

(Notification No. SIA. 1779/1389/Lab-11, dated 13th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at page 1421.).

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES)
FOR BOMBAY CENTRE

	Weight	Price per unit of
Part I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at pages 1424-25).		

III. *Exemption of individual Employees under the Act.*—(1) Government of Maharashtra has exempted Shri S. G. Gosavi, an employee of Messrs. Ground Nut Processor's Co-operative Society Limited, Sangli, Code No. 33-6014, who has been deputed by the Divisional Joint Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Pune to work as an Office Superintendent for a period of one year with effect from 3rd November 1978 or upto the period he is deputed to the above employer which is earlier, subject to the conditions mentioned in the Notification.

(Notification No. BIA. 1779/1317/Lab-11, dated 18th January 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L dated 8th March 1979 at pages 1425-26).

(b) Government of Maharashtra has exempted Shri Ashokkumar R. Tiwari an employee of Shree Niwas Cotton Mills, Bombay who is residing at Central Railway Quarters No. D/26, Igatpuri from the operation of the Act, for period of one year from 14th February 1979 to 13th February 1980, subject to the conditions mentioned in the Notification.

(Notification No. SIA. 1779/1333/Lab-11, dated 18th January 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 8th March 1979 at pages 1427-28).

H. INDIAN BOILERS ACT, 1923

I. *Exemptions of Boilers under the Act*—(a) Government of Maharashtra has exempted the Boilers bearing No MR-9111 and belonging to the National Rayon Corporation Limited, Mohane, District Thane, from the operation of clause (c) of section 6 of the Act, for one year from the 5th March 1979 to 4th March 1980 (both days inclusive).

(Notification No. IDA. 1079/CR-2553/Lab-5, dated 9th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 22nd March 1979 at page 1751).

(b) Government of Maharashtra has exempted the Boiler bearing No. MR/7795 (Weste Heat) belonging to the Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited, Mahul, Chembur, Bombay 400 074, from the operation of clause (c) of section 6 of the Act, for the period of one year from the 12th February 1979 to 11th February 1980 (both days inclusive).

(Notification No. IBA 1079/CR-2538/Lab-5, dated 5th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 22nd March 1979 at page 1751)

(c) Government of Maharashtra has exempted the boiler bearing No MR/E 338 belonging to the Vidarbha Mills, Berar, Achalpur, District Amravati from the operation clause (c) of section 6 of the Act, for the period of two months from the 15th February 1979 to 14th April 1979 (both days inclusive).

(Notification No. IBA. 1079/CR-2548/Lab-5, dated 5th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 22nd March 1979 at page 1751.).

(d) Government of Maharashtra has exempted the boiler bearing No. MR. 9906 and MR 9907) Weste Heat and belonging to the Rashtriya Chemical and Fertilizer Limited Chembur, Bombay 400 074, from the operation of clause (c) of section 6 of the Act, for the period of three months from the 10th February 1979 to 9th May 1979 (both days inclusive).

(Notification No. IBA. 1079/CR-2515/Lab-5, dated 19th January 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 22nd March 1979 at page 1763).

(e) Government of Maharashtra has exempted the boiler bearing No MR. 10203 and belonging to the Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited, Chembur, Bombay 400 074, from the operation of clause (c) of the Section 6 of the Act, for the period of three months from the 24th February 1979 to 23rd May 1979 (both days inclusive).

(Notification No. IBA. 1079/CR-2571/Lab-5, dated 15th February 1979 published in M.G.G., Part I-L, dated 29th March 1979 at page 1850).

1979

Secretary to the Government of Bombay from any person who has been considered by the Government of Bombay, January, 1979 published in M.G.G.

G. Deshpande, Dy. Commissioner

for Working Class (New Series) to December 1960 equal to the preceding month. The Index for the year 1958-59 family living

by 1 point to 339 due to increase in prices of ardal, gramdal, masurdal, kalimiri, zeera, potatoes, etc., group increased by 15 points, pari, bidi and cigarettes.

increased by 25 points to 314, kerosene oil, coal and

at 153, being a six monthly

footwear group increased by 10 points, of dhoti, saree, mulmul

increased by 3 points to 276, oil, barber charges, toilet charges and washing soap.

WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES)

(1958-59=100)

Group Index Numbers	Group Index Numbers	
	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
	339	339
	340	359
	344	429
	404	153
	153	354
	351	277
	273	
	323	326

Index will be found on pages 3-34=100, the general index factor viz., 4.44.

LABOUR GAZETTE—MAY 1979

775

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES) FOR BOMBAY CENTRE

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended December 1960	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I.A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice	kg. ..	59.23	0.70	1.77	1.76	253	251
(2) Wheat	" ..	25.05	0.41	1.45	1.45	354	354
(3) Jowar	" ..	9.42	0.53	1.63	1.58	308	298
(4) Bajra	" ..	3.22	0.55	1.57	1.54	285	280
(5) Bread	125 kg	0.92	0.12	0.37	0.37	308	308
(6) Grinding charges ..	3 kg. ..	2.16	0.09	0.42	0.42	467	467
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(a) ..						289	288
(b) Pulses and pulse products—							
(1) Arhar Dal	kg. ..	63.78	0.78	4.61	4.53	591	581
(2) Gram Dal	" ..	12.99	0.60	3.05	3.01	508	502
(3) Moong Dal	" ..	12.21	0.90	5.11	5.12	568	569
(4) Masur Dal	" ..	7.87	0.78	3.69	3.50	473	449
(5) Urid Dal	" ..	3.15	0.88	4.82	4.83	548	549
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(b) ..						567	558
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Coconut Oil	500 ml.	9.55	1.36	6.74	6.74	496	496
(2) Groundnut Oil	" ..	71.05	1.00	3.40	3.49	340	349
(3) Vanaspati (loose) ..	500 g.	19.40	1.75	5.40	5.67	309	324
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(c) ..						349	358
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat's Meat	500 g.	52.54	1.48	6.99	7.11	472	480
(2) Fish fresh—							
(i) Bumlows	Dozen	38.41	0.44	1.98	1.98	431	431
(ii) Pamfret	Each		1.23	5.06	5.06		
(3) Fish dry Bombil	Dozen	3.97	0.25	1.25	1.25	504	500
(4) Eggs	" ..	5.08	1.93	5.91	5.48	306	284
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(d) ..						449	452

Ra 4446—3a

Unit of quantity		Index number	
Dec. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
6	7	8	9
P.	Rs. P.		
47	3.48	257	258
19	2.19		
69	5.70	363	362
48	26.47	353	353
		270	270
55	0.53	423	408
54	5.14	769	714
37	4.13	324	306
26	1.35	307	329
59	0.50	380	333
19	2.30	582	383
57	1.56	476	473
6	12.27	523	516
3	10.05		
5	2.04		
		428	401
0.59			236
0.25			417
0.85			321
1.26			360
0.82			315
1.28			305
1.17			284
0.65			295
0.59			400
0.24			450
0.27			373
0.97			353
0.20			338
1.62			180
3.79			527
2.53			
		306	313

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES)
FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(h) Other Food—							
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	500 g. ..	29.57	0.60	1.12	1.21	187	202
(2) Tea Leaf ..	50 g. ..	12.52	0.39	1.10	1.10	282	282
(3) Snacks (Bhajjya) ..	Plats of pieces.	15.01	0.11	0.49	0.49	445	445
(4) Snacks (Jalebi) ..	Kg. ..	7.11	1.90	8.79	8.72	463	459
(5) Tea Readymade ..	Cup ..	34.55	0.07	0.26	0.26	371	371
(6) Cold Drink ..	Bottle of 340 ml.	1.24	0.12	1.24	1.24	1,033	1,033
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(h) ..						331	336
I-A, Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and cereals Products.	....	35.29	....	....	....	289	288
(b) Pulses and Products.	....	4.79	....	....	....	567	558
(c) Oils and Fats ..	....	5.78	....	....	....	349	358
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs ..	....	10.62	....	....	....	449	452
(e) Milk and Milk Products.	....	9.53	....	....	....	270	270
(f) Condiments and Spices.	....	6.76	....	....	....	428	401
(g) Vegetables and Fruits ..	....	8.24	....	....	....	306	313
(h) Other Food ..	....	18.99	....	....	....	331	336
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group I-A Food						340	339
I-B, Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.							
(1) Pan (leaf) ..	100 leaves ..	18.55	0.52	2.02	2.00	388	385
(2) Pan (finished) ..	Each ..	9.89	0.04	0.20	0.20	500	500
(3) Supari ..	500 g. ..	19.44	3.42	6.92	7.49	202	219
(4) Katha ..	..	3.53	4.76	37.08	37.08	779	779
(5) Bidli ..	Katta of 25 ..	28.80	0.16	0.49	0.54	306	338
(6) Cigarette ..	Pkt. of 10 ..	6.54	0.14	0.80	0.90	571	643
(7) Chewing Tobacco ..	Kg. ..	13.25	4.16	9.42	8.96	226	215
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-Group I-B-Index						344	359
II, Fuel and Lighting—							
(1) Firewood ..	40 kg. ..	11.51	3.39	16.64	17.03	491	502
(2) Kerosene Oil ..	Litre ..	42.64	0.28	1.20	1.29	429	461
(3) Electricity charges ..	Unit ..	9.81	0.22	0.34	0.34	155	155
(4) Charcoal ..	40 kg. ..	28.30	7.36	32.75	33.55	445	456
(5) Match box ..	Each (50 sticks).	7.74	0.05	0.15	0.20	300	400
Total ..		100.00					
Fuel and Light Group-II						404	429

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES)
FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—contd.**

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended December 1960	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
III. Housing—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Residential House ..		100.00	..			153	153
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Group III. Index</i> ..						153	153
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear :—							
Dhoti Bleached ..	Pair ..	10.72	9.97	41.48	41.98	416	421
Dhoti Unbleached ..	..	..	8.89	..	..	..	..
Saree Ichalkaranji ..	Each ..	28.14	11.74	32.49	32.50	..	..
Saree Malegaon ..	..	..	10.72	30.29	30.77	280	282
Shirting Shorrock ..	Metro ..	24.87	1.68	6.40	6.26	..	..
Shirting Mafatal ..	..	..	1.65	6.05	6.04	374	369
Long Cloth ..	..	5.95	1.60	6.66	6.70	416	419
Trouser Cloth, Mulmul ..	..	2.76	1.80	6.61	6.59	367	366
Markin ..	..	8.54	2.25	8.92	8.98	..	..
Bush Shirt ..	..	3.94	1.09	5.10	5.26	434	443
Full Pant ..	Each ..	3.94	4.20	14.83	14.91	353	355
Vest ..	..	3.77	5.45	19.60	19.71	360	362
Shoes Gents ..	Pair ..	2.18	1.18	4.66	4.71	395	399
Chappal Ladies ..	..	3.10	16.75	56.95	58.15	340	347
Total ..		100.00	6.57	18.03	18.89	274	288
<i>Index Number for Group IV</i> ..						351	354
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Medical Care—							
(1) Doctor's Fee ..	Per Visit ..	19.78	2.58	5.04	5.04	195	195
(2) Medicine ..	4 Doses ..	32.46	0.76	1.70	1.70	224	224
(3) E. S. I. Premium ..	.....	47.76	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total ..		100.00				160	160
<i>Sub-group Index-V (a)</i> ..						160	160
(b) Education Recreation and amusement—							
(1) School Fee ..	Per Student ..	22.54	6.75	8.00	8.00	119	119
(2) School Book ..	Each ..	7.64	2.47	2.50	2.50	101	101
(3) Stationery—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(i) Exercise Book ..	..	4.73	0.12	0.21	0.21	217	221
(ii) Pencil ..	..	..	0.12	0.31	0.32	..	..
(4) Newspaper ..	Per Copy ..	7.64	0.07	0.35	0.35	500	500
(5) Cinema ..	Adult ..	57.45	0.48	1.91	1.91	398	398
Total ..		100.00				311	312
<i>Sub-Group Index V (b)</i> ..						311	312

LABOUR
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER
FOR BOMBAY CENTRE

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Year ended December 1960	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
III. Housing—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Residential House ..		100.00	..			153	153
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Group III. Index</i> ..						153	153
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear :—							
Dhoti Bleached ..	Pair ..	10.72	9.97	41.48	41.98	416	421
Dhoti Unbleached ..	..	..	8.89	..	..	..	..
Saree Ichalkaranji ..	Each ..	28.14	11.74	32.49	32.50	..	..
Saree Malegaon ..	..	..	10.72	30.29	30.77	280	282
Shirting Shorrock ..	Metro ..	24.87	1.68	6.40	6.26	..	..
Shirting Mafatal ..	..	..	1.65	6.05	6.04	374	369
Long Cloth ..	..	5.95	1.60	6.66	6.70	416	419
Trouser Cloth, Mulmul ..	..	2.76	1.80	6.61	6.59	367	366
Markin ..	..	8.54	2.25	8.92	8.98	..	..
Bush Shirt ..	..	3.94	1.09	5.10	5.26	434	443
Full Pant ..	Each ..	3.94	4.20	14.83	14.91	353	355
Vest ..	..	3.77	5.45	19.60	19.71	360	362
Shoes Gents ..	Pair ..	2.18	1.18	4.66	4.71	395	399
Chappal Ladies ..	..	3.10	16.75	56.95	58.15	340	347
Total ..		100.00	6.57	18.03	18.89	274	288
<i>Index Number for Group IV</i> ..						351	354
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Medical Care—							
(1) Doctor's Fee ..	Per Visit ..	19.78	2.58	5.04	5.04	195	195
(2) Medicine ..	4 Doses ..	32.46	0.76	1.70	1.70	224	224
(3) E. S. I. Premium ..	.....	47.76	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total ..		100.00				160	160
<i>Sub-group Index-V (a)</i> ..						160	160
(b) Education Recreation and amusement—							
(1) School Fee ..	Per Student ..	22.54	6.75	8.00	8.00	119	119
(2) School Book ..	Each ..	7.64	2.47	2.50	2.50	101	101
(3) Stationery—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(i) Exercise Book ..	..	4.73	0.12	0.21	0.21	217	221
(ii) Pencil ..	..	..	0.12	0.31	0.32	..	..
(4) Newspaper ..	Per Copy ..	7.64	0.07	0.35	0.35	500	500
(5) Cinema ..	Adult ..	57.45	0.48	1.91	1.91	398	398
Total ..		100.00				311	312
<i>Sub-Group Index V (b)</i> ..						311	312

Index Number		Index Number	
Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
5	6	7	8
P.	Ra. P.		
		153	153
		153	153
48	41.98	416	421
49	32.50		
29	30.77	280	282
05	6.26		
66	6.04	374	369
61	6.70	416	419
32	6.59	367	366
10	8.98		
33	5.26	434	443
60	14.91	353	355
56	19.71	360	362
95	4.71	395	399
03	58.15	340	347
	18.89	274	288
		351	354
		195	195
	5.04	224	224
	1.70	101	101
	0.70		
		160	160
		119	119
	8.00	101	101
	2.50		
	0.21	217	221
	0.32		
	0.35	500	500
	1.91	398	398
		311	312

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES)
 FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—concl'd.

Article	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended December 1960	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1978	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(c) Transport and Communications—			Ra. P.	Ra. P.	Ra. P.		
(1) Railway fare for 80 Km.	Per Passenger	51.13	1.61	3.45	3.45	214	214
(2) Bus fare	Per Adult	38.60	0.15	0.40	0.40	267	267
(3) Postage	Per Card	10.27	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(c) ..						243	243
(d) Personal Care and Effect—							
(1) Hair Oil	Bottle (114 ml.)	26.92	1.36	5.60	5.63	412	414
(2) Barber Charges	Per head	44.23	0.94	2.69	2.87	286	305
(3) Toilet Soap	Cake	14.91	0.44	1.29	1.34	293	305
(4) Tooth Powder	Small Bottle No. 3.	7.21	0.50	1.16	1.16	232	232
(5) Blade	Pkt. of 5	0.96	0.27	0.50	0.50	185	185
(6) Umbrella	Each	5.77	5.55	20.87	20.87	376	376
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(d) ..						321	332
(e) Others—							
(1) Durrie	Each	2.66	4.93	17.95	18.30	364	371
(2) Trunk	Each	2.66	5.82	21.99	22.19	378	381
(3) Utensils (Brass)	500 g	7.99	2.84	18.20	19.12	641	673
(4) Bucket	Each	2.16	2.96	11.75	11.95	397	404
(5) Laundry charges	Per Piece	25.29	0.15	0.47	0.48	313	320
(6) Washing Soap	Bar	15.28	1.28	3.88	3.89	303	304
(7) Tailoring charges of Shirt	Each	23.96	1.19	5.08	5.08	396	396
(8) Tailoring charges of Blouse	"	"	0.89	3.25	3.25		
Total ..		100.00				361	366
Sub-group V(e)							
V Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical Care	.....	28.27	..	..	..	160	160
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement	.....	11.94	..	..	..	311	312
(c) Transport and Communication	.....	14.81	..	..	..	243	243
(d) Personal Care and Effect	.....	18.89	..	..	..	321	332
(e) Others	.....	26.09	..	..	..	361	366
Total ..		100.00					
Miscellaneous Group Index V.						273	276

*SOLAPUR

341-A Fall of 2 points.

In March 1979, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for the Solapur Centre with base January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 341 being 2 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 Family Living Survey at Solapur City.

The index number for the food group decreased by 4 points to 351 due to a fall in the average prices of wheat, jowar, gramdal, masurdal, beef, fish dry, ghee, turmeric, tamarind, onions, garlic, coconut, tealaf, and fall in the sub group index of vegetable and fruit group.

The index number for the Pan supari, tobacco etc., group increased by 6 points 327, due to a rise in the average prices of supari, bidi and cigarettes.

The index number for the fuel & light group increased by 6 points to 408, due to a rise in the average price of match box and kerosene oil.

The index number for the housing remained steady at 200 being six monthly item.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 1 point to 391 due to a rise in the average prices of shirting and shoes gents.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 1 point to 276 due to a rise in the average prices of tailoring charges.

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR SOLAPUR CITY**

(Average prices for the calendar year 1960=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to the total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Feb. 1979	March 1979
I-A. Food	63.0	355	351
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	3.4	321	327
II. Fuel and Light	7.1	402	408
III. Housing	5.2	200	200
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	9.0	390	391
V. Miscellaneous	12.3	275	276
Total	100.0		
Consumer Price Index Number		343	341

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index may be seen on pages 607 to 612 of December 1965 issue of Labour Gazette. For Errata see page 897 of January 1966 issue.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old index number 1927-28=100, the new Index should be multiplied by the linking factor of 3.82.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to expenditure
1	2	3
I. Food—		
(A) Cereals and Products—	kg.	..
(B) Milk .. .. .	..	..
(C) Meat .. .. .	..	..
(D) Eggs .. .. .	..	..
(E) Fish .. .. .	..	..
(F) Other .. .. .	..	..
(G) Dressing Charges	3 kg.	..
Total		
Sub-group Index I-A(e)		
II. Fuel and Products—	kg.	..
(A) Kerosene .. .. .	..	..
(B) Gas .. .. .	..	..
(C) Match .. .. .	..	..
Total		
Sub-group Index I-A(f)		
III. Housing		
(A) Rent		
(B) Maintenance		
(C) Repairs		
(D) Taxes		
(E) Insurance		
(F) Other		
Total		
Sub-group Index I-A(g)		
IV. Clothing and Footwear—	kg.	..
(A) Cloth .. .. .	..	..
(B) Cotton .. .. .	..	..
(C) Woollen .. .. .	..	..
(D) Tailoring .. .. .	..	..
(E) Other .. .. .	..	..
Total		
Sub-group Index I-A(h)		
V. Miscellaneous	kg.	..
(A) Meat, Fish and Eggs .. .. .	..	..
(B) Cereals .. .. .	..	..
(C) Milk .. .. .	..	..
(D) Fish (fresh) .. .. .	..	..
(E) Fish (dry) .. .. .	..	..
(F) Other .. .. .	..	..
Total		
Sub-group Index I-A(i)		
VI. Miscellaneous	kg.	..
(A) Milk .. .. .	..	..
(B) Milk .. .. .	..	..
(C) Milk .. .. .	..	..
(D) Milk .. .. .	..	..
(E) Milk .. .. .	..	..
Total		
Sub-group Index I-A(j)		

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure.	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Products—							
(1) Rice	kg. .. .	26.98	0.55	1.69	1.72	307	313
(2) Wheat	" .. .	13.53	0.41	1.56	1.52	380	371
(3) Jowar	" .. .	56.97	0.46	1.30	1.23	283	267
(4) Grinding Charges	3 kg. .. .	2.52	0.05	0.30	0.30	600	600
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(a)						311	302
(b) Pulses and Products—							
(1) Arhar dal	kg. .. .	76.17	0.75	4.12	4.19	549	559
(2) Gram dal	" .. .	18.22	0.56	2.91	2.88	520	514
(3) Masur dal	" .. .	5.61	0.73	3.16	2.90	433	397
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(b)						537	542
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut oil	kg. .. .	98.91	1.94	7.40	7.56	381	390
(2) Vanaspatti (loose)	500 g. .. .	1.09	1.86	5.71	5.95	307	320
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(c)						381	389
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat meat	kg. .. .	72.32	2.45	12.00	12.00	490	490
(2) Beef	" .. .	23.69	0.66	6.00	5.40	909	818
(3) Fish (fresh) Rahu	" .. .	1.50	1.46	7.00	7.20	479	493
(4) Fish (dry) Zinga	" .. .	2.49	2.14	7.88	6.92	368	323
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(d)						386	364
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk	L .. .	89.79	0.67	3.00	3.00	448	448
(2) Ghco	kg. .. .	10.21	6.19	24.00	23.53	388	380
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(e)						442	441

For Working Class (New Series) December 1960 equal to December 1958-59 Family

4 points to 351 due to masurdal, beef, fish dry, beef, and fall in the sub

group increased by 6 i, bidi and cigarettes.

ed by 6 points to 408, ene oil.

200 being six monthly

rtwear group increased rting and shoes gents.

ssed by 1 point to 276

FOR WORKING CLASS

Group Index Numbers	
Feb. 1979	March 1979
355	351
321	327
402	408
200	200
390	391
275	276
343	341

pages 607 to 612 of Decem

new Index should be

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR SOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and spices							
(1) Salt ..	kg.	4.71	0.09	0.40	0.40	444	444
(2) Turmeric ..	"	3.40	1.11	10.34	9.50	932	856
(3) Chillies (green) ..	300 gm.	4.98	0.23	0.60	0.72	261	313
(4) Chillies (dry) ..	"	59.43	0.65	1.93	2.01	297	309
(5) Tamarind ..	kg.	7.39	1.20	5.05	3.56	421	297
(6) Onions ..	"	10.73	0.23	0.74	0.73	322	317
(7) Garlic ..	300 gm.	7.85	0.24	1.36	1.18	567	492
(8) Coconut ..	Each	1.31	0.27	1.24	1.22	459	452
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (f)						359	350
(g) Vegetable and fruits-Products:—							
Potatoes ..	kg.	12.93	0.46	..	1.18	..	257
Brinjals ..	300gm.	15.95	0.11	..	0.30	..	273
Tomato ..	..	14.22	0.25	..	0.15	..	60
Methi ..	200gm.	6.47	0.12	..	0.21	..	175
Dodka ..	300 gm.	11.64	0.13	..	0.52	..	400
Ambadi ..	200 gm.	27.15	0.09	..	0.20	..	222
Banana ..	Dozen	11.64	0.51	..	1.44	..	282
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for sub-group I-A (g).						222	236
(h) Other food—							
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	kg.	47.53	1.16	2.08	2.31	179	199
(2) Gur ..	"	7.97	0.64	1.27	1.31	198	205
(3) Tea (leaf) ..	Pkt. of 50 g.	21.56	0.39	0.91	0.90	233	231
(4) Tea (readymade) ..	Cup	20.74	0.07	0.40	0.40	571	571
(5) Snack saltish (Bhaji) ..	kg.	1.10	1.60	8.50	8.50	531	531
(6) Snack sweet (Jalebi) ..	"	1.10	2.17	5.88	5.88	271	271
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (h)						279	288

LABOUR GAZETTE
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES)
FOR SOLAPUR

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure
1	2	3
A. Food—		
1. Cereals and Products		48.79
2. Pulses and Products		7.28
3. Oil and Fat		4.99
4. Milk and Milk Products		6.79
5. Eggs and Poultry		7.37
6. Meat and Fish		8.25
7. Beverages		4.29
8. Miscellaneous		12.24
Total		100.00
B. Non-Food—		
1. Housing, Fuel, Transport, etc.		
2. Clothing		
3. Entertainment		
4. Health		
5. Education		
6. Miscellaneous		
Total		100.00
C. Total		
1. Total		
2. Total		
3. Total		
4. Total		
5. Total		
6. Total		
7. Total		
8. Total		
9. Total		
10. Total		
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RIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
E—contd.

Unit of quantity		Index Number	
Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
5	6	7	8
Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
0.40	0.40	444	444
0.34	9.50	932	126
0.60	0.72	261	311
1.93	2.01	297	329
5.05	3.56	421	297
0.74	0.73	322	317
0.36	1.18	567	491
0.24	1.22	459	453
		359	359
1.18			237
0.30			217
0.15			160
0.21			115
0.52			401
0.20			221
1.44			211
		222	215
			199
2.31	179		205
1.31	198		231
0.90	233		571
0.40	571		531
8.50	531		271
5.88	271		
		279	211

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR SOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I-A. Food—							
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Products		48.79	..	..	..	311	302
(b) Pulses and Products		7.28	..	..	..	537	542
(c) Oils and Fats		4.99	..	..	..	381	389
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs		6.79	..	..	..	586	564
(e) Milk and products		7.37	..	..	..	442	441
(f) Condiments and Spices		8.25	..	..	..	359	350
(g) Vegetables and Fruits		4.29	..	..	..	222	236
(h) Other Food		12.24	..	..	..	279	288
Total		100.00				355	351
Group Index I-A							
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.—							
(1) Pan (leaf)	100 leaves	10.22	0.19	0.96	0.85	505	447
(2) Pan finished	Each	6.07	0.04	0.18	0.18	450	450
(3) Supari	300 g.	19.49	1.77	2.89	3.52	163	199
(4) Katha	50 g.	3.84	0.51	4.13	4.10	810	804
(5) Bidi	Katta of 25	37.06	0.19	0.50	0.51	263	268
(6) Cigarette	Pkt. of 10	5.43	0.15	0.85	0.92	567	613
(7) Chewing tobacco	50 g.	17.89	0.21	0.60	0.60	286	286
Total		100.00				321	327
Group Index I-B							
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firwood	40 kg.	62.01	3.57	14.00	14.00	392	392
(2) Coal	"	13.81	6.59	35.00	35.00	501	501
(3) Dung cake	100 cakes	7.06	0.83	3.00	3.00	353	353
(4) Match Box	Each (50 sticks)	4.06	0.05	0.10	0.12	200	240
(5) Kerosene Oil	500 ml.	13.06	0.15	0.65	0.70	433	467
Total		100.00				402	408
Group Index II							
III. Housing—							
(1) House rent	P.M.	100.00	..	..	..	200	200
Total		100.00				200	200
Group Index III							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Quantity	Index Number	
March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
6	7	8
Rs. P.		
37.49	385	373
41.49	381	381
38.25	289	289
9.86	494	481
6.78	350	361
5.50	462	462
5.66	435	435
5.92	291	274
6.40	353	360
7.55		
7.55	390	391
	131	131
	176	176
	163	163
	117	117
	100	100
	238	233
	361	361
	214	214

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(c) Transport and Communication—							
(1) Railway fare (from Solapur to Pune)	Per Passenger	67.41	5.22	9.70	9.70	186	186
(2) Bus fare	Per Adult	32.59	0.15	0.31	0.31	207	207
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(c) ..						193	193
(d) Personal care and Effects—							
(1) Hair Oil	Bottle of 250 g.	39.28	2.00	9.60	9.60	480	480
(2) Barber charges	Per adult	49.11	0.62	2.00	2.00	323	323
(3) Toilet Soap	Each	8.93	0.44	1.32	1.33	300	302
(4) Ornaments (glass)	Per dozen	2.68	0.75	3.00	3.00	400	400
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(d) ..						384	385
(e) Others—							
(1) Utensils (Copper)	500 g.	6.07	3.25	35.00	35.00	1077	1077
(2) Laundry Charges	Per Piece	9.64	0.11	0.42	0.42	382	382
(3) Washing Soap	Bar of 12 Pieces	44.64	1.31	4.00	4.00	305	305
(4) Tailoring Charges—							
(i) Shirt	Each	36.43	0.80	3.09	3.12	363	365
(ii) Blouse	"	"	0.70	2.38	2.38		
(5) Durvie	"	3.22	3.80	12.96	12.96	341	341
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(e) ..						382	382
V. Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical care	"	25.86	"	"	"	163	163
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement	"	15.92	"	"	"	214	214
(c) Transport and Communication	"	12.49	"	"	"	193	193
(d) Personal care and Effects	"	21.02	"	"	"	384	385
(e) Others	"	24.71	"	"	"	382	382
Total ..		100.00					
Group Index V ..						275	276

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	kg.	53.60	0.64	1.74	1.77	272	277
(2) Wheat (O.S.) ..	"	35.69	0.41	1.49	1.52	363	371
(3) Jowar ..	"	8.72	0.41	1.20	1.20	293	293
(4) Grinding charges ..	3 kg.	1.99	0.08	0.29	0.29	362	362
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A(a) Index..						308	313
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Arhar dal ..	kg.	68.17	0.71	4.37	4.14	615	583
(2) Gram dal ..	"	28.12	0.52	2.82	2.76	542	531
(3) Moong dal ..	"	3.71	0.55	3.75	3.68	682	669
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A(b) Index						597	572
(c) Oils and fats—							
(1) Gingell Oil ..	kg.	4.84	2.75	8.62	8.44	313	307
(2) Groundnut Oil ..	"	7.91	1.92	7.48	7.69	390	401
(3) Vanspati (loose) ..	500 g.	9.67	1.79	5.00	5.06	279	283
(4) Linseed Oil ..	kg.	77.58	1.54	6.50	6.40	422	416
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (c) Index						400	396
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs							
(1) Goat-meat ..	kg.	90.16	2.68	12.00	12.00	448	448
(2) Fish (fresh)—							
(i) Rahu ..	"	5.32	3.22	10.12	10.12	345	345
(ii) Mangur ..	"	4.52	3.22	12.12	12.12	345	345
(3) Eggs ..	dozen	4.52	2.06	5.40	5.40	262	262
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group I-A (d) Index						434	434
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk ..	L.	71.96	0.80	2.29	2.29	286	286
(2) Card ..	"	3.57	2.14	5.00	5.00	234	234
(3) Ghee ..	kg.	24.47	8.83	26.67	26.60	301	301
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A (e)						288	288

Working Class (New
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FOR WORKING

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1979	March 1979
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187	187
398	398
244	244
324	324

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Index Number should

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—contd.

of quantity	Index Number	
	March 1979	Feb. 1979
6	7	8
Rs. P.		
0.41	315	311
12.38	763	758
9.64	347	343
0.82	304	304
5.91	692	691
4.00	359	349
17.35	585	584
20.25	580	580
	415	399
0.80	205	183
0.75	211	158
0.52	171	171
0.77	190	171
0.55	173	173
1.20	194	194
0.60	242	242
0.80	317	317
0.95	256	256
1.00	184	184
2.50		
171	201	201
2.45	190	201
1.74	250	242
0.50	263	263
8.00	374	374
7.88	489	489
0.40	667	667
	362	366
	308	313
	597	572
	400	396
	434	434
	288	288
	415	399
	171	201
	362	366
	347	349

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Pan-leaf	100 leaves..	14.85	0.29	1.00	1.00	345	345
(2) Pan (ready-made)	Each ..	13.61	0.03	0.10	0.10	333	333
(3) Supari	kg. ..	26.60	6.71	12.00	12.80	179	191
(4) Katha	..	5.36	8.57	45.00	45.00	525	525
(5) Bidi	Katta of 25 ..	21.44	0.16	0.41	0.41	256	256
(6) Cigarettes	Pkt. of 10 ..	8.04	0.15	0.87	0.87	580	580
(7) Chewing and leaf tobacco.	kg. ..	10.10	5.00	7.38	7.38	148	148
Total ..		100.00					
I-B. Group Index ..						289	292
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Fire-wood	40 kg. ..	69.55	2.38	8.12	8.12	341	341
(2) Coke	..	5.90	2.88	11.20	11.20	389	389
(3) Kerosene Oil	..	14.13	0.34	1.30	1.30	382	382
(4) Electricity Charges	Unit ..	2.74	0.29	0.36	0.36	124	124
(5) Coal	40 kg. ..	2.61	6.38	27.75	27.75	435	435
(6) Match box	Each (50 sticks).	5.07	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
Total ..		100.00					
Group II Index for Fuel and Light.						344	344
III. Housing—							
Residential House ..	....	100.00	....	....	....	187	187
Total ..		100.00					
Group III Index for Housing.						187	187
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear—							
(1) Dhoti Emp. Mill	Pair ..	9.87	12.10	49.54	49.73	405	406
(2) Dhoti Model Mill	..	....	10.68	42.68	42.82	349	349
(3) Sarra	Each ..	36.48	8.09	28.20	28.20	349	349
(4) Shirting, Emp. Mill	M. ..	18.35	1.21	4.78	4.91	435	439
(5) Shirting, Model Mill	..	....	1.05	4.99	4.96	517	519
(6) Trouser cloth	..	3.34	1.43	7.40	7.42	569	568
(7) Long cloth	..	3.06	1.14	6.49	6.47	501	498
(8) Markin Emp. Mill	..	13.06	1.04	6.08	6.09	271	271
(9) Markin Model Mill	..	....	1.09	4.54	4.47	285	285
(10) Pajjama	Each ..	1.60	4.25	11.50	11.50	320	320
(11) Ganji	..	1.25	1.23	3.50	3.50	312	316
(12) Shirt	..	1.60	3.75	12.00	12.00	357	357
(13) Bed Sheet	Pair ..	2.01	8.50	26.51	26.84	317	317
(14) Shoes (gents)	..	4.17	16.00	57.15	57.15	245	245
(15) Chappal (gents)	..	4.17	4.96	15.70	15.70		
(16) Sandic (ladies)	..	1.04	6.40	15.70	15.70		
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group IV.						397	398

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—contd.**

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
4. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Medical care—							
(1) Doctor's fee ..	Per visit ..	22.98	3.00	5.00	5.00	167	167
(2) Medicine ..	Phial of 3 doses.	45.06	0.75	1.00	1.00	133	133
(3) E. S. I. Premium ..	....	31.96	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group V(a) Index ..						131	131
(b) Personal care and effects—							
(1) Hair oil ..	Bottle of 114 ml.	24.01	1.37	5.14	5.11	375	373
(2) Barber charges ..	Per Adult ..	38.30	0.50	1.50	1.50	300	300
(3) Toilet soap ..	Per Cake ..	15.80	0.46	1.35	1.35	293	293
(4) Tooth powder (Medium size)	Bottle ..	2.74	0.87	2.44	2.44	280	280
(5) Ornaments (glass)	Doses ..	4.25	0.75	2.00	2.00	267	267
(6) Watch ..	Each ..	12.16	65.00	115.36	115.36	177	177
(7) Face powder (Small)	Tin ..	2.74	1.00	4.35	4.35	435	435
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group V(b) Index ..						304	303
(c) Education, Recreation and Amusements—							
(1) School fee ..	Per student	23.53	5.50	7.00	7.00	127	127
(2) School Book ..	Each ..	17.63	2.00	2.50	2.50	125	125
(3) Toy ..	" ..	1.02	0.24	0.95	0.95	396	396
(4) Stationery (Ex-book)	Mech. (40 pages)	1.79	0.12	0.21	0.21	175	175
(5) Cinema ..	Per Adult ..	56.01	0.42	1.27	1.27	302	302
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group V(c) Index ..						229	229

-MAY 1979

(SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
2—contd.

Price per unit of quantity		Index Number	
Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
5	6	7	8
Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
5.00	5.00	167	167
1.00	1.00	133	133
0.70	0.70	101	101
		131	131
5.14	5.11	375	373
1.50	1.50	300	300
1.35	1.35	293	293
2.44	2.44	260	260
2.00	2.00	267	267
0.36	115.36	177	177
0.35	4.35	435	435
		304	303
7.00		127	127
2.50		125	125
0.95		396	396
0.21		175	175
1.27		302	302
		229	229

LABOUR GAZETTE—MAY 1979.

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(d) Transport and Communication—</i>							
(1) Railway fare of 80km.	Per Passenger.	45.49	1.61	3.45	3.45	214	214
(2) Bus fare ..	Per Adult	29.19	0.15	0.30	0.30	200	200
(3) Post card ..	Each ..	3.86	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
(4) Rickshaw charges ..	Per Adult	21.46	0.37	1.00	1.00	270	270
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V(d) Index</i>						225	225
<i>(e) Others—</i>							
(1) Cot ..	Each ..	5.94	5.50	20.00	20.00	364	364
(2) Trunk/Box ..	" ..	2.05	5.01	27.12	27.12	541	541
(3) Earthenware ..	" ..	2.05	0.30	2.44	2.44	813	813
(4) Utensil Aluminium	Kg.	4.79	8.50	30.00	30.00	353	353
(5) Utensil Brass ..	" ..	11.42	7.71	33.17	33.17	430	430
(6) Laundry charges ..	Per piece ..	9.59	0.12	0.32	0.32	267	267
(7) Washing Soap ..	Bar ..	33.11	1.30	4.00	4.00	308	308
(8) Tailoring Charges	{ Shirt	Each ..	31.05	0.88	4.00	394	394
	{ Blouse	" ..	....	0.75	2.50		
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V(e) Index</i>						365	365
<i>Miscellaneous—</i>							
(a) Medical care ..		28.00	..	..	..	131	131
(b) Personal care and effects.		18.30	..	..	..	304	303
(c) Education, Recreation and amusements.		19.55	..	..	..	229	229
(d) Transport and Communication.		12.25	..	..	..	225	225
(e) Others		21.90	..	..	..	365	365
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Miscellaneous Group Index.</i>						244	244

Ra 4446—4a

AURANGABAD*

352-A fall of 4 points.

In March 1979, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for Aurangabad Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 352 being 4 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Aurangabad Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 6 points to 374 due to a fall in the average prices of rice, wheat, jowar, groundnut oil, karad oil, turmer-ic, chillies dry, tamarind, jeera, brinjals, garlic, other vegetables and banana.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 6 points to 399 due to a rise in the prices of kerosene oil and match box.

The index number for the housing remained steady at 266 (being six monthly item.).

The index number for the clothing and footwear increased by 4 points to 367 due to a rise in the prices of cloth for trouser and coloured fabric.

The index number for the miscellaneous group decreased by 5 points to 275 due to a fall in the prices of pan-leaf, sunlight and balde six morning.

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR AURANGABAD CENTRE**

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
I. Food	60.72	380	374
II. Fuel and Light	7.50	393	399
III. Housing	8.87	266	266
IV. Clothing and Footwear	9.29	363	367
V. Miscellaneous	13.62	280	275
Total ..	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number ..	....	356	352

*Details regarding scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1130 to 1134 of March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100, the new index number on base 1961=100 should be multiplied by the linking factor viz. 2.22.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg. ..	5.40	0.69	2.21	2.09	320	303
(2) Wheat ..	" ..	10.12	0.42	1.57	1.54	374	367
(3) Jowar ..	" ..	30.33	0.38	1.32	1.25	347	329
(4) Grinding charges for cereals.	" ..	2.35	0.02	0.10	0.10	500	500
Total ..		48.20					
Index Number sub-group I(a)						357	342
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Turdal, without husk.	Kg. ..	3.96	0.70	4.56	4.85	651	693
(2) Gramdal, Katori	" ..	2.05	0.60	2.80	2.89	467	482
(3) Moongdal, without husk.	" ..	1.11	0.71	4.53	4.87	638	686
(4) Masurdal Thick grain.	" ..	0.74	0.64	3.78	3.61	591	564
Total ..		7.86					
Index Number sub-group I(b)						596	625
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut Whittish.	oil † Ltr.	2.00	1.07	3.65	3.49	341	326
(2) Karad Oil ..	" ..	3.49	1.11	3.60	3.56	324	321
(3) Vanaspati Dalda	† Kg. (1000g)	0.48	1.58	5.00	5.15	316	326
Total ..		5.97					
Index Number sub-group I(c)						329	323
(d) Mutton Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton, Goat meat	† Kg.	4.70	1.26	5.88	5.90	467	468
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(a) Bombil ..	Kg. ..	0.24	2.90	10.00	10.00	313	374
(b) Zinga ..	" ..	....	2.13	6.00	6.80		
(c) Nathmi ..	" ..	....	1.93	..	8.83		
Total ..		4.94					
Index Number sub-group I(d)						459	464

1979
ber for Working Class (New
ary to December 1961 equal
the preceding month. The
ring the year 1958-59 family

d by 6 points to 374 due to
; groundnut oil, karad oil,
arlic, other vegetables and

increased by 6 points to 399
box.

ly at 266 (being six monthly

r increased by 4 points to
d coloured fabric.

decreased by 5 points to 275
alde six morning.

WORKING CLASS
RE
(=100)

Group Index Number	
Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
380	374
393	399
266	266
363	367
280	275
356	352

the index will be found on
st 1943 to July 1944=100
lied by the linking factor.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(a) Milk and Milk Products— Milk— (Buffalo Milk) ..	200 ml. ..	6.65	Rs. P. 0.16	Rs. P. 0.50	Rs. P. 0.50	312	312
Total ..		6.65					
Index Number sub-group I(e).						312	312
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt— White ..	Kg. ..	0.35	0.11	0.30	0.30	273	273
(2) Turmeric— Whole ..	250 gms. ..	0.31	0.34	2.51	2.30	738	676
(3) Chillies (dry)— Superior quality ..	½ kg. ..	4.62	0.90	4.78	4.50	531	500
(4) Tamatind ..	" ..	0.45	0.49	3.18	2.64	649	539
(5) Mixed spices— Bojwar ..	250 gms. ..	1.80	0.42	2.50	2.50	595	595
(6) Jira— Thick Blackish (gray) ..	" ..	0.30	0.69	5.66	5.55	820	804
Total ..		7.83					
Index Number sub-group I(f).						560	533
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—							
(1) Potatoes— Medium ..	½ kg. ..	1.35	0.30	0.50	0.87	167	290
(2) Onions— Red ..	Kg. ..	1.06	0.25	0.62	0.68	248	272
(3) Brinjals— Medium ..	½ kg. ..	0.48	0.24	0.55	0.53	229	221
(4) Tomatoes— (1) Red ..	" ..	0.64	0.28	0.65	0.59	232	216
(2) Green ..	" ..	....	0.18	....	0.40	583	433
(5) Garlic— Medium ..	50 gms. ..	0.68	0.06	0.35	0.26		
Other Vegetables— Varieties available in the month of Feb. 1979—							
(i) Pumpkin ..	½ kg. ..	1.80	0.17	0.55	....	305	....
(ii) Pankobi ..	" ..	....	0.21	0.60	....	....	....
Varieties available in the month of Mar. 1979—							
(i) Dilpasand ..	½ kg. ..	....	0.28	....	0.58	....	276
(ii) Pankobi ..	" ..	....	0.21	....	....	....	....
Total ..		6.01					
Index Number sub-group I(g).						281	286

Articles	Unit of quantity
(a) Milk and Milk Products— Milk— (Buffalo Milk) ..	200 ml. ..
Total ..	
Index Number sub-group I(e).	
(f) Condiments and Spices—	
(1) Salt— White ..	Kg. ..
(2) Turmeric— Whole ..	250 gms. ..
(3) Chillies (dry)— Superior quality ..	½ kg. ..
(4) Tamatind ..	" ..
(5) Mixed spices— Bojwar ..	250 gms. ..
(6) Jira— Thick Blackish (gray) ..	" ..
Total ..	
Index Number sub-group I(f).	
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—	
(1) Potatoes— Medium ..	½ kg. ..
(2) Onions— Red ..	Kg. ..
(3) Brinjals— Medium ..	½ kg. ..
(4) Tomatoes— (1) Red ..	" ..
(2) Green ..	" ..
(5) Garlic— Medium ..	50 gms. ..
Other Vegetables— Varieties available in the month of Feb. 1979—	
(i) Pumpkin ..	½ kg. ..
(ii) Pankobi ..	" ..
Varieties available in the month of Mar. 1979—	
(i) Dilpasand ..	½ kg. ..
(ii) Pankobi ..	" ..
Total ..	
Index Number sub-group I(g).	

of quantity	Index Number	
	March 1979	March 1979
6	7	8
Rs. P.		
0.50	312	312
	312	312
0.30	273	273
2.30	738	676
4.50	531	500
2.64	649	539
2.50	595	593
5.55	820	804
	560	533
0.87	167	290
0.68	248	272
0.53	229	221
0.59	232	216
0.40		433
0.26	583	
	305	
0.58		276
	281	286

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight Proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(h) Fruits and fruit Products— Banana— Medium ..	Doz. ..	1.14	0.32	1.39	1.35	434	422
Total ..		1.14				434	422
Index Number sub-group I (h).							
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Product— (1) Sugar— Medium ..	Kg. ..	3.45	1.17	2.20	2.31	188	197
(2) Gur— Superior ..	.. ..	1.81	0.46	1.34	1.44	291	313
Total ..		5.26				224	237
Index Number sub-group I (i).							
(j) Beverages— Tea leaf— Brooke Bond ..	50 gms. ..	1.86	0.41	0.99	1.00	241	244
(2) Prepared Tea— Chalu Chaha ..	Cup of 3 1/2 Ozs.	4.28	0.08	0.30	0.30	375	375
Total ..		6.14				335	335
Index Number sub-group I (j).							
Food Group— (a) Cereals and cereal products ..	....	48.20	....	....	....	357	342
(b) Pulses and pulse products ..	....	7.86	....	....	....	596	625
(c) Oils and fats ..	....	5.97	....	....	....	329	323
(d) Mutton, fish and eggs ..	....	4.94	....	....	....	459	464
(e) Milk and Milk products ..	....	6.65	....	....	....	312	312
(f) Condiments and spices ..	....	7.83	....	....	....	560	533
(g) Vegetables and vegetable products ..	....	6.01	....	....	....	281	286
(h) Fruits and fruit products ..	....	1.14	....	....	....	434	422
(i) Sugar, honey and related products ..	....	5.26	....	....	....	224	237
(j) Beverages ..	....	6.14	....	....	....	335	335
Total ..		100.00				380	374
Index Number—Food Group I.						380	374

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and chips							
(i) Mixture ..	37 kgs.	81.82	2.87	10.40	10.40	379	379
(ii) Babhool ..	"	"	2.80	11.10	11.10		
(2) Kerosene Ordinary	1 Litre	12.44	0.22	1.25	1.32	568	600
(3) Match Box Wimeo Horse Brand,	Box of 50 Sticks.	5.74	0.06	0.12	0.15	200	250
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group II ..</i>						393	399
III. Housing—							
Rent—							
House rent for selected tenements.	P. M.	100.00		....	....	266	266
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group III</i>						266	266
IV. Clothing and Footwear.							
(1) Dhoti 8.2 mts. length and 119 to 121 cms. width.	Per sq. metre.	6.04	1.07	3.50	3.50	327	327
(2) Sarco 7.3 to 8.2 mts. length and 102 to 152 cms. width.	"	31.57	1.28	3.40	3.40	266	266
(3) Cloth for trousers 89 to 97 cms. width.	"	2.51	2.36	8.57	8.68	363	368
(4) Long cloth 89 to 97 cms. width.	"	36.63	1.64	7.14	7.14	435	435
(5) Coloured fabric 67 to 69 cms. width.	"	18.17	1.86	7.77	8.11	418	436
Total ..		94.92					
<i>Index Number sub-group IV (a).</i>						367	370
(b) Footwear—							
Shoes—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	Per pair	5.08	15.08	48.95	48.95	299	299
(ii) Flex Co. ..	"	"	19.22	52.50	52.50		
Total ..		5.08					
<i>Index number sub-group IV (b).</i>						299	299

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure
1	2	3
...	...	94.92
...	...	5.08
Total ..		100.00
<i>Index Number Group IV</i>		
...		393
...		399
<i>Index Number Group III</i>		
...		266
...		266
<i>Index Number sub-group IV (a)</i>		
...		367
...		370
<i>Index Number sub-group IV (b)</i>		
...		299
...		299
<i>Index number sub-group IV (b)</i>		
...		299
...		299

of quantity	March 1979		Feb. 1979		March 1979	
	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
0-9	10-40		379		379	
10-10	11-10					
15-25	1-32		568		600	
2	0-15		200		250	
			393		399	
	....		266		266	
			266		266	
	3-50		327		327	
	3-40		266		266	
	8-68		363		363	
	7-14		435		435	
	8-11		418		436	
			367		370	
	48-95		299		299	
	52-50					
			299		259	

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
IV. Clothing and Footwear—contd.							
(a) Clothing ..	....	94.92	....	....	....	367	370
(b) Footwear ..	....	5.08	....	....	....	299	299
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group IV</i>						363	367
V. Miscellaneous—							
<i>(a) Pan-supari—</i>							
(1) Pan leaf—Madras I ..	Bundle of 100 leaves.	3.84	0.50	1.39	1.36	278	272
(2) Pan Finished—With Masala ..	Wida ..	2.19	0.04	0.20	0.20	500	500
(3) Supari—Manglari ..	50 gms. ..	4.36	0.41	0.70	0.75	171	183
(4) Katha—Kanpur ..	.. ..	1.78	0.72	4.00	4.00	556	556
Total ..		12.17					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(a).</i>						320	323
<i>(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—</i>							
(1) Bidi—Totapuri ..	Bundle of 25 bidies.	15.38	0.15	0.45	0.45	300	300
(2) Jarda—Hazivazir ..	Packet of 25 gms.	3.18	0.19	0.40	0.40	211	211
Total ..		18.56					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(b).</i>						285	285
<i>(c) Household Utensils—</i>							
Utensils Brass—Lota (Poona Market)	Kg. ..	2.55	7.18	40.00	40.00	557	557
Total ..		2.55					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(c).</i>						557	557

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(d) Washing Soap—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Laundry—							
Ordinary washing and ironing of cotton shirt.	Per piece ..	4.86	0.11	0.25	0.25	227	227
(2) Washing Soap—							
Sunlight ..	Per Cake ..	9.27	0.42	1.50	1.20	357	286
Total ..		14.13					
Index Number Sub-group V (d).						312	266
(e) Medical care—							
(1) Patent Medicine							
Anacin	Two tablets, Per day ..	4.67	0.12	0.15	0.15	125	125
(2) Mixture (Daily) ..		7.61	0.68	1.50	1.50	221	221
Total ..		12.28					
Index Number Sub-group V (e).						184	184
(f) Personal Care—							
(1) Hair Oil, Tata Co.	Small bottle	5.82	1.30	4.80	5.00	369	385
(2) Barber charges—							
(i) Hair cut with shave.	Adult ..	8.70	0.50	1.75	1.75		
(ii) Haircut ..	" ..	" ..	0.37	1.25	1.25		
(iii) Shave ..	" ..	" ..	0.19	0.50	0.50	317	317
(3) Toilet Soap—							
(i) Life Buoy ..	Per Cake ..	2.74	0.48	1.40	1.40	297	297
(ii) Hamam ..	" ..	" ..	0.48	1.45	1.45	297	297
(4) Blade Six morning	2 pkts. of 5 blades each	0.33	0.57	1.10	1.50	193	263
Total ..		17.59					
Index Number Sub-group V (f).						329	335
(g) Education and Reading—							
(1) School fees for Std. X.	Per Student per month	1.90	3.01	7.00	7.00	233	233
(2) School Books, Prathamik Gnanit, (Govt. Publication)	Per Copy	1.33	0.62	1.05	1.05	169	169
Total ..		3.23					
Index Number Sub-group V (g).						207	207

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure
1	2	3
(i) Reservation and Advance— Economic Lovers class	Full ticket	6.93
Total ..		6.90
Index Number Sub-group V (i)		
(ii) Transport and Communication—		
(1) Rail— Full ticket for 50 km.	Full ticket	6.19
(2) Bus— 1st class for 50 miles	" ..	5.30
(3) Passes— (i) Full card	Per card ..	1.10
(ii) Money Order	For Rs. 30 ..	" ..
Total ..		12.59
Index Number Sub-group V (ii)		
(iii) Miscellaneous Group—		
(1) Transport		
(2) Education and Tobacco Products		12.1
(3) Household articles		18.5
(4) Washing Soap		2.5
(5) Medical care		14.1
(6) Personal care		12.1
(7) Education and Reading		17.1
(8) Reservation and Advance		3.1
(9) Transport and Communication		6.1
Total ..		12.1
Index Number for Miscellaneous Group V.		10.1

of quantity	Index Number	
	March 1979	Feb. 1979
6	7	8
Rs. P.		
0.25	227	227
1.20	357	286
	312	284
0.15	125	125
1.50	221	221
	184	184
5.00	369	385
1.75 } 1.25 } 0.50 }	317	317
1.40 } 1.45 }	297	297
1.50	193	261
	329	335
7.00	233	233
1.05	169	169
	207	207

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CENTRE—concl'd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional of total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(h) Recreation and Amusement— Cinema— Lowest class ..	Full ticket.	6.90	0.44	1.05	1.05	239	239
Total ..		6.90					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(h).</i>						239	239
<i>(f) Transport and Communication—</i>							
(1) Rail— Fare for 50 km. ..	Full ticket	6.19	1.64	2.25	2.25	216	216
(2) Bus— S.T. fare for 30 miles ..		5.30	1.50	2.90	2.90	193	193
(3) Postage— (1) Post card ..	Per card ..	1.10	0.05	0.15	0.15	261	261
(2) Money Order	For Rs.30..	..	0.45	1.00	1.00		
Total ..		12.59					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(i).</i>						211	211
<i>V. Miscellaneous Group—</i>							
(a) Pansupari ..	....	12.17	....	....	....	320	323
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	....	18.56	....	....	....	285	285
(c) Household utilities	....	2.55	....	....	....	557	557
(d) Washing Soap ..	....	14.13	....	....	....	312	266
(e) Medical care ..	....	12.28	....	....	....	184	184
(f) Personal care ..	....	17.59	....	....	....	329	335
(g) Education and Reading.	....	3.23	....	....	....	207	207
(h) Recreation and Amusement.	....	6.90	....	....	....	239	239
(i) Transport and Communication.	....	12.59	....	....	....	211	211
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Miscellaneous Group V.</i>						280	275

NANDED*

348-A rise of 1 point :

In March 1979, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for Nanded Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 348 being 1 point higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Nanded Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 7 points to 366 due to a fall in the average prices of wheat, jowar, turdal, uriddal, chillies dry and tamarind.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 8 points to 461 due to a rise in the average prices of kerosene and match box.

The index number for housing remained steady at 196 (being six monthly item).

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 2 points to 331 due to a rise in the prices of dhoti, long cloth and coloured polin.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 25 points to 290 due to a rise in the average prices of supari, bidi, cigarettes, utensils, patent medicine, hair oil, barber charges, toilet soaps and tickshaw fare.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Feb. 1979	March 1979
I. Food	61.46	373	366
II. Fuel and Light	5.88	453	461
III. Housing	4.62	196	196
IV. Clothing and Footwear	12.22	329	331
V. Miscellaneous	15.82	265	290
Total	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number .. .. .	.....	347	348

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1107 to 1112 of the March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100 the new index number on base 1961=100 should be multiplied by the linking factor viz. 2.45.

LABOUR GAZETTE
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER
NANDED

Item	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure
1	2	
I. Food Group—		
1. Cereals and Cereals		
2. Oil	Kg.	
3. Meat	"	
4. Eggs	"	
5. Vegetables	"	
6. Fish	"	
7. Milk	"	
8. Sugar	"	
9. Miscellaneous	"	
Total		
II. Fuel and Light		
1. Kerosene	"	
2. Coal	"	
3. Gas	"	
4. Electricity	"	
5. Miscellaneous	"	
Total		
III. Housing		
1. Rent	"	
2. Repairs	"	
3. Fuel	"	
4. Electricity	"	
5. Water	"	
6. Telephone	"	
7. Miscellaneous	"	
Total		
IV. Clothing and Footwear		
1. Cloth	"	
2. Footwear	"	
3. Miscellaneous	"	
Total		
V. Miscellaneous		
1. Tobacco	"	
2. Alcohol	"	
3. Medicines	"	
4. Transport	"	
5. Entertainment	"	
6. Education	"	
7. Miscellaneous	"	
Total		

number for Working Class for
 number 1961 equal to 100 was
 ing month. The index relates
 1958-59 family living survey

d by 7 points to 366 due to
 al, uriddal, chillies dry and

increased by 8 points to 461
 match box.

at 196 (being six monthly

group increased by 2 points
 and coloured polin.

increased by 25 points to
 , cigarettes, utensils, patent
 l tickshaw fare.

WORKING CLASS FOR

=100)

Group Index Number	
Feb. 1979	March 1979
373	366
453	461
196	196
329	331
265	290
347	348

the index will be found on

at 1943 to July 1944=100
 the linking factor viz. 2.45.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
 NANNED CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I. Food Group—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg. ..	13.02	0.64	1.70	1.70	266	266
(2) Wheat ..	" ..	6.81	0.42	1.75	1.67	417	398
(3) Jowar ..	" ..	30.64	0.34	1.22	1.15	359	338
(4) Grinding charges ..	5 Kgs. ..	2.82	0.13	0.30	0.30	231	231
Total ..		53.29					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I (a).</i>						337	322
(b) Pulses and Pulses Products—							
(1) Turdal— (f) Gawran (Medium)	Kg. ..	3.89	0.64	4.50	4.44	703	694
(2) Gramdal Punjab (medium).	" ..	1.84	0.57	2.90	2.92	509	512
(3) Moongdal— Without husk	" ..	1.55	0.66	4.40	4.64	667	703
(4) Uriddal without husk	" ..	0.54	0.77	4.40	4.28	571	556
(5) Masurdal— (a) Big	" ..	0.82	0.61	3.80	3.48	623	570
(b) Medium	" ..	.....	0.61	.....		
Total ..		8.64					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I (b).</i>						639	636
(c) Oil and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut Oil Meetha tel (Raddish in Colour).	Kg. ..	4.84	2.22	7.60	7.90	342	356
Total ..		4.84					
<i>Index Number Sub-group (c).</i>						342	356

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—</i>							
<i>(1) Mutton—</i>							
<i>(i) Goat Meat</i>	.. ½ Kg.	.. 5.62	1.08	6.00	6.00	434	434
<i>(ii) Beef</i>	.. Kg.	.. ..	0.96	3.00	3.00		
<i>(2) Fish (dry)—</i>							
<i>(i) Bombil</i>	.. Kg.	.. 0.61	2.46	7.00	8.00	379	417
<i>(ii) Zinga</i>	.. "	.. ..	2.02	6.00	6.80		
<i>(3) Fish (fresh)—</i>							
<i>Varieties available in Feb. 1978—</i>							
<i>(i) Rahu</i>	.. Kg.	.. ..	1.48	6.00	7.00	379	417
<i>(ii) Katema</i>	.. "	.. ..	1.32	7.00			
<i>Varieties available in March 1979—</i>							
<i>(i) Rahu</i>	.. Kg.	.. ..	1.22		6.00	314	314
<i>(ii) Katema</i>	.. "	.. ..	1.36		7.00		
Total		6.23					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(d).</i>						429	432
<i>(e) Milk and Milk Products—</i>							
<i>(1) Milk (Buffalo)</i>	.. 200 ml.	.. 4.54	0.13	0.40	0.40	308	305
<i>(2) Ghee (Buffalo)</i>	.. ½ Kg.	.. 0.29	3.01	12.50	12.50	415	415
Total		4.83					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(e).</i>						314	314
<i>(f) Condiments and Spices—</i>							
<i>(1) Salt white</i>	.. Kg.	.. 0.28	0.12	0.35	0.35	292	292
<i>(2) Turmeric Khandakl</i>	.. 50 gms.	.. 0.24	0.06	0.50	0.50	833	833
<i>(3) Chillies (dry)—</i>							
<i>(i) Garwarani (fine)</i>	.. Kg.	.. 4.22	1.30	7.50	7.00	564	522
<i>(ii) Garwarani (med.)</i>	.. "	.. ..	1.18	6.50	6.00		
<i>(4) Tamarind, Kadiwali</i>	.. 200 gms.	.. 0.77	0.25	1.00	0.88	400	352
<i>(5) Mixed spices, Bojwar</i>	.. 50 gms.	.. 1.61	0.20	0.60	0.72	300	360
Total		7.12					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(f).</i>						485	469

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>(1) Milk (Buffalo)</i>	.. 200 ml.	.. 4.54	0.13	0.40	0.40	308	305
<i>(2) Ghee (Buffalo)</i>	.. ½ Kg.	.. 0.29	3.01	12.50	12.50	415	415
Total		4.83					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(e).</i>						314	314
<i>(f) Condiments and Spices—</i>							
<i>(1) Salt white</i>	.. Kg.	.. 0.28	0.12	0.35	0.35	292	292
<i>(2) Turmeric Khandakl</i>	.. 50 gms.	.. 0.24	0.06	0.50	0.50	833	833
<i>(3) Chillies (dry)—</i>							
<i>(i) Garwarani (fine)</i>	.. Kg.	.. 4.22	1.30	7.50	7.00	564	522
<i>(ii) Garwarani (med.)</i>	.. "	.. ..	1.18	6.50	6.00		
<i>(4) Tamarind, Kadiwali</i>	.. 200 gms.	.. 0.77	0.25	1.00	0.88	400	352
<i>(5) Mixed spices, Bojwar</i>	.. 50 gms.	.. 1.61	0.20	0.60	0.72	300	360
Total		7.12					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(f).</i>						485	469

Unit of quantity		Index Number	
Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
5	6	7	8
Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
6.00	6.00	434	41
3.00	3.00		
7.00	8.00	379	41
6.00	6.80		
6.00	6.00	429	41
7.00	7.00		
40	0.40	308	308
50	12.50	415	415
		314	314
5	0.35	292	292
0	0.50	833	833
0	7.00	564	52
0	6.00	400	352
	0.88	300	360
	0.72		
		485	459

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1979	Jan. 1979	Dec. 1979	Jan. 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Potatoes—							
(i) Big size ..	½ kg.	0.69	0.30	0.58	0.50	189	160
(ii) Small size ..	" "	....	0.26	0.48	0.40		
(2) Onions—							
(i) Red ..	Kg.	0.97	0.31	0.80	0.68	290	251
(ii) White ..	" "	....	0.31	1.00	0.88		
(3) Brinjals (Kali) ..	250 gms.	0.50	0.11	0.26	0.29	236	264
(4) Tomatoes—							
(i) Red ..	250 gms.	0.39	0.21	0.23	0.25	124	136
(ii) Green ..	" "	....	0.13	0.18	0.20		
(5) Garlic Gawathan ..	50 gms.	0.54	0.05	0.38	0.42	760	840
Other vegetables—							
Varieties available in the month of Feb. 1979.							
(i) Coull Flowers ..	250 gms.	1.20	0.08	0.32		383	408
(ii) Walkkichi ..	" "	....	0.06	0.22			
Varieties available in the month of March 1979.							
(i) Gawar Phall ..	250 gms.	....	0.11	....	0.42	....	408
(ii) Pan Kobi ..	" "	....	0.06	....	0.26		
Total ..		4.29					
Index Number Sub-group I (g).						338	346
(h) Fruit and Fruits Products—							
(1) Banana—							
(i) Big size ..	Per Dozen ..	0.87	0.35	1.46	1.49	428	431
(ii) Medium ..	" "	....	0.29	1.20	1.20		
(iii) Small ..	" "	....	0.22	1.00	1.00		
Total ..		0.87					
Index Number Sub-group I (h).						428	431
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related products—							
(1) Sugar—							
(i) D-grade ..	Kg.	3.57	1.17	2.14	2.46	183	210
(2) Gur—							
(i) Gawran 1st quality	200 gms. ..	0.70	0.10	0.35	0.35	325	325
(ii) Gawran 2nd quality	" "	....	0.10	0.30	0.30		
Total ..		4.27					
Index Number Sub-Group I (i).						206	229

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(f) Averages—</i>							
(1) Tea leaf—							
(i) Brooke Bond ..	Packet of 50 gms.	1.13	0.35	0.90	0.90	287	287
(ii) Lipton ..	"	....	0.35	1.11	1.11		
(2) Hot drink—							
(i) Chalu Chaha ..	Per Cup ..	4.49	0.07	0.25	0.25	329	329
(ii) Canteen tea ..	" ..	....	0.04	0.12	0.12		
Total ..		5.62					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(f).</i>						320	320
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products.		53.29	..	..	..	337	322
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products		8.64	..	..	..	639	636
(c) Oils and Fats ..		4.84	..	..	..	342	356
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.		6.23	..	..	..	429	432
(e) Milk and Milk Products.		4.83	..	..	..	314	314
(f) Condiments and Spices.		7.12	..	..	..	485	469
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products.		4.29	..	..	..	338	346
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products.		0.87	..	..	..	428	431
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.		4.27	..	..	..	206	229
(ii) Beverages ..		5.62	..	..	..	320	320
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for food Group I</i>						373	366
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and Chips	20 kgs.						
(i) Dhawda (old) ..		80.76	1.66	8.00	8.00	464	464
(ii) Gaheri ..	" ..	....	1.57	7.00	7.00		
(2) Kerosene—							
(i) Rock oil white in colour.	Per litre ..	13.99	0.26	1.30	1.40	500	538
(3) Match Box—							
(i) Wimco, Horse Brand.	Per Box (50 sticks).	5.25	0.06	0.10	0.13	167	217
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group II</i>						453	461

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>(f) Averages—</i>							
(1) Tea leaf—							
(i) Brooke Bond ..	Packet of 50 gms.	1.13	0.35	0.90	0.90	287	287
(ii) Lipton ..	"	....	0.35	1.11	1.11		
(2) Hot drink—							
(i) Chalu Chaha ..	Per Cup ..	4.49	0.07	0.25	0.25	329	329
(ii) Canteen tea ..	" ..	....	0.04	0.12	0.12		
Total ..		5.62					
<i>Index Number Sub-group I(f).</i>						320	320
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products.		53.29	..	..	..	337	322
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products		8.64	..	..	..	639	636
(c) Oils and Fats ..		4.84	..	..	..	342	356
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.		6.23	..	..	..	429	432
(e) Milk and Milk Products.		4.83	..	..	..	314	314
(f) Condiments and Spices.		7.12	..	..	..	485	469
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products.		4.29	..	..	..	338	346
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products.		0.87	..	..	..	428	431
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.		4.27	..	..	..	206	229
(ii) Beverages ..		5.62	..	..	..	320	320
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for food Group I</i>						373	366
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and Chips	20 kgs.						
(i) Dhawda (old) ..		80.76	1.66	8.00	8.00	464	464
(ii) Gaheri ..	" ..	....	1.57	7.00	7.00		
(2) Kerosene—							
(i) Rock oil white in colour.	Per litre ..	13.99	0.26	1.30	1.40	500	538
(3) Match Box—							
(i) Wimco, Horse Brand.	Per Box (50 sticks).	5.25	0.06	0.10	0.13	167	217
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group II</i>						453	461

MAY 1979
FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
—contd.

per unit of quantity		Index Number	
Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
5	6	7	8
Ra. P.	Ra. P.		
0.90	0.90	287	210
1.11	1.11		
0.25	0.25	329	19
0.12	0.12		
		320	11
		337	11
		639	66
		342	19
		429	43
		314	31
		485	48
		338	34
		428	41
		206	29
		320	30
		373	34
			46
8.00	8.00	464	46
7.00	7.00	500	53
1.30	1.40	167	21
0.10	0.13		
		453	46

LABOUR GAZETTE—MAY 1979

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Ra. P.	Ra. P.	Ra. P.		
III. House Rent—							
(1) Rent of selected Tenements.	P. M.	100.00	5.47	.....	.....	196	195
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group III						196	195
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti	Per Sq. Metre.	11.53	1.08	3.54	3.60	328	333
(2) Sarree	"	19.77	1.24	3.33	3.33	269	269
(3) Cloth for Trousers	"	1.58	2.74	6.46	6.46	236	236
(4) Long Cloth	"	27.48	1.44	5.38	5.39	374	374
(5) Coloured fabrics	"	31.21	1.81	6.31	6.42	349	355
Total ..		91.57					
Index Number for sub-group IV(a).						334	337
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata, Janata	Per Pair	4.89	15.02	42.50	42.50	248	248
(ii) Carona Master Junior.	"	.....	18.34	39.15	39.15	269	269
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata All wear Rubber Sole.	Per Pair	3.54	4.45	13.60	13.60	297	297
(ii) Panther Bata	"	.....	6.18	15.70	15.70	269	269
(iii) Carona Kolhapur	"	.....	8.35	25.30	25.30	269	269
(iv) Carona Bahadur	"	.....	8.65	28.05	28.05	269	269
Total ..		8.43					
Index Number for sub-group IV(b).						269	269
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing		91.57					
(b) Footwear		8.43					
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group IV.						329	331

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Fan supari—							
(1) Fan leaf—							
(i) Local (medium) ..	Bundle of 25 leaves	2.83	0.07	0.25	0.25	429	429
(ii) Local (inferior) ..	"	....	0.04	0.20	0.20		
(2) Fan finished without masala.	Per Vida	6.61	0.04	0.15	0.15	375	375
(3) Supari Manglōri ..	50 gms. ..	4.22	0.41	0.60	0.69	146	168
Total ..		13.66					
Index Number for Sub-group V(a).						315	322
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(1) Bidi Kalilakali ..							
(i) Golkonda ..	Bundle of 25 Biddies.	9.00	0.13	0.35	0.45	269	346
(ii) Charminar ..	Packet of 10 Cigarettes.	6.34	0.10	0.50	0.65	519	671
(iii) Jarla Lal Dadhl Brand.	Packet of 25 gms.	1.63	0.14	0.30	0.30		
Total ..		16.97					
Index Number for Sub-group V(b).						357	455
(c) Household Utillies—							
(1) Utensils Brass—							
Lota, Poona ..	Kg. ..	1.90	7.80	34.33	35.00	440	449
(2) Utensils Aluminium—							
Baghuna without chhap.	100 gms.	0.69	0.90	2.20	2.80	244	311
Total ..		2.59					
Index Number for Sub-group V(c).						388	412
(d) Washing soap—							
(1) Laundry ordinary washing and ironing.							
Per shirt ..		3.74	0.12	0.25	0.25	208	208
(2) Washing soap Shama							
Per cake		6.52	0.25	0.25	0.25	100	100
Total ..		10.26					
Index Number for Sub-group V(d).						139	139

Articles	Unit quantity
1	2
(a) Medical Care—	
(i) Dental Medicine—	2 Tab
(ii) Ascor	Bottle
(iii) Acro	
(iv) Zoda Tilamath	Per d
(v) Mince Doctor's	
(vi) Mince	
Total ..	
Index Number for sub-group V(a).	
(b) Personal Care—	
(i) Hair Oil—	
(ii) Tata Co. Coconut Oil	Small bot
(iii) Barber charges—	Adm
(iv) Hair cut with shave	"
(v) Hair cut	"
(vi) Shave	"
(c) Toilet soap—	
(i) Hiran	Cak
(ii) Lifeway	"
(iii) Bala	"
(iv) Eural	"
(v) 6 Maming]	Pac
Total ..	2 p bl
Index Number for sub-group V(b).	
(c) Education and Reading—	
(i) School fees for VIII	Pe
(ii) School Books—	
(iii) School Books—	
(iv) Marathi Vachan	Pe
(v) Marathi	
(vi) Sabodh Ganit ..	
Total ..	
Index Number for sub-group V(c).	
(d) Recreation Amusement—	
(i) Cinema	and
(ii) Lower Class	
Total ..	
Index Number for sub-group V(d).	

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CENTRE—contd.

Quantity	Index Number		
	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
	6	7	8
P.	Rs. P.		
0.25		429	428
0.20		375	371
0.15		146	161
0.69			
		315	322
0.45		269	346
0.65		519	671
0.90		214	211
0.30			
		357	433
35.00		440	449
2.80		244	311
		388	417
0.25		208	209
0.25		100	100
		139	139

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(e) Medical Care—							
(1) Patent Medicine—							
(i) Anacin	2 Tablets ..	9.36	0.13	0.13	0.15	146	161
(ii) Aspro	.. ..	....	0.10	0.15	0.15		
(iii) Zinda Tilasmath	Bottle ..	....	0.37	0.70	0.80		
(2) Mixture. Doctor's daily Mixture.	Per day ..	5.47	0.62	0.83	0.83	134	134
Total ..		14.83					
Index Number for sub-group V(e).						142	151
(f) Personal Care—							
(1) Hair Oil—							
(i) Tata Co. Coconut Oil.	Small bottle.	4.20	1.34	4.50	4.86	336	363
(2) Barber charges—							
(i) Hair cut with shave	Adult ..	7.20	0.41	1.50	1.75	352	396
(ii) Hair cut	.. ..	....	0.31	1.25	1.25		
(iii) Shave	.. ..	....	0.14	0.40	0.50		
(3) Toilet soap—							
(i) Hamam	.. Caka ..	1.93	0.48	1.31	1.50	261	297
(ii) Lifebuoy	.. ..	....	0.48	1.20	1.35		
(4) Blades—							
(i) Bharat	.. Packet of 10 blades.	0.07	0.47	0.90	0.90	216	216
(ii) 6 Morning	.. 2 pkts. of 5 blades each	....	0.54	1.30	1.30		
Total ..		13.40					
Index Number for sub-group V(f).						333	370
(g) Education and Reading—							
(1) School fees for VIII Standard.							
(1) School fees for VIII Standard.	Per student	3.30	2.14	7.00	7.00	327	327
(2) School Books—							
(i) Marathi Vachan Mala.	Per copy ..	3.43	0.75	2.05	2.05	209	209
(ii) Subodh Ganit	.. ..	....	0.69	1.00	1.00		
Total ..		6.73					
Index Number for sub-group V(g).						267	267
(h) Recreation and Amusement—							
(1) Cinema—							
Lower Class	.. Full ticket..	6.62	0.30	0.80	0.80	267	267
Total ..		6.62					
Index Number for sub-group V(h).						267	267

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANNED CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Units of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(I) Transport and Communications—							
(1) Rail—							
(i) Fare for III Class 50 km.	Per Adult Ticket	7.94	1.04	2.25	2.25	216	215
(ii) Bus—S.T. Bus fare for 20 miles.	.. ..	3.14	1.00	2.15	2.15	215	215
(2) Postage—							
(i) Card	Single ..	0.57	0.05	0.15	0.15	261	261
(ii) M.O. Charges for Rs. 30	Rs. 30 ..	....	0.45	1.00	1.00		
(3) Rickshaw Fare for 2 miles.	One Passenger	3.29	0.22	0.70	0.75	318	341
Total ..		14.94					
Index Number for Sub-group V(I).						240	245
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pansupari	.. ..	13.66	....	....	....	315	322
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	.. ..	16.97	....	....	....	357	455
(c) Household Utilities	.. ..	2.59	....	....	....	388	412
(d) Washing soap	.. ..	10.26	....	....	....	139	139
(e) Medical care	.. ..	14.83	....	....	....	142	151
(f) Personal care	.. ..	13.40	....	....	....	333	370
(g) Education and Reading	.. ..	6.73	....	....	....	267	269
(h) Recreation and Amusement.	.. ..	6.62	....	....	....	267	269
(i) Transport and Communication.	.. ..	14.94	....	....	....	240	245
Total ..		100.00				265	290
Index Number for Group V							

JALGAON*

331—A fall of 2 points in March 1979, the Jalgaon Centre with 331 being 2 points below the standard of 1 at Jalgaon Centre.

The index number a fall in the average onions, garlic and

The index number due to a rise in the

The index number item).

The index number to 335 due to a rise

The index number due to a rise in the

CONSUME

- I. Food
- II. Fuel and Light
- III. Housing
- IV. Clothing and
- V. Miscellaneous

Consum

*Details regarding pages 758 to 760. Note.—To obtain index viz. S

JALGAON*

331—A fall of 2 points

In March 1979, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for Jalgaon Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 331 being 2 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Jalgaon Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 6 points to 353 due to a fall in the average prices of salt, chillies dry, garam masala, jeera, potatoes, onions, garlic and other vegetables.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 2 points to 419 due to a rise in the price of kerosene oil.

The index number for housing remained steady at 158 (being six monthly item).

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 6 points to 335 due to a rise in the prices of dhoti, long cloth and coloured poplin.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 3 points to 269 due to a rise in the average price of bidi (camel br.) only.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CENTRE

(Average price for the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure.	Group Index Numbers	
		Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
I. Food	60.79	359	353
II. Fuel and Light	7.20	417	419
III. Housing	6.11	158	158
IV. Clothing and Footwear	10.29	329	335
V. Miscellaneous	15.61	266	269
Total	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number		333	331

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 758 to 760 of the January 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1939=100, the new index number on base 1961=100 should be multiplied by the linking factor viz. 5.29.

LINKING CLASS FOR

Quantity	Index Number	
	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
March 1979	7	8
6		
Ra. P.		
2.25	216	215
2.15	215	211
0.15	261	261
1.00		
0.75	318	341
	240	245
	315	321
	357	413
	388	412
	139	139
	142	151
	333	370
	267	269
	267	269
	240	245
	265	290

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg.	6.72	0.63	1.92	1.92	305	305
(2) Wheat ..	"	10.89	0.46	1.50	1.58	326	326
(3) Jowar ..	"	21.16	0.35	1.18	1.18	337	337
(4) Grinding charges— For cereals ..	7 kgs.	1.94	0.12	0.35	0.35	292	292
Total ..		40.71					
Index Number for sub-group I(a).						327	377
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Turdal—							
(i) Jalna ..	Kg.	3.79	0.73	4.49	4.73	615	648
(ii) Gawran (Bharwa) ..	"	..	0.66	..	..	..	..
(2) Gramdal ..	"	2.13	0.58	2.72	2.80	469	483
(3) Moongdal—							
(i) With husk ..	Kg.	1.35	0.70	4.50	4.62	608	625
(ii) Without husk ..	"	..	0.83	4.76	4.89		
(4) Uriddal—							
(i) With husk ..	Kg.	0.86	0.65	3.97	4.06	575	583
(ii) Without husk ..	"	..	0.83	4.47	4.50		
Total ..		8.13					
Index Number for sub-group I(b).						571	594
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut oil ..	Kg.	7.21	2.28	7.35	7.61	322	334
(2) Vannapati (loose). Dalda	½ kg.	1.16	1.99	4.74	5.19	238	261
Total ..		8.37					
Index Number for sub-group I(c).						311	324

Articles	Unit of Quantity	1	2
(1) Milk, Fat and	.. kg.		
(2) Milk—	.. kg.		
(3) Milk—	.. kg.		
(4) Milk—	.. kg.		
(5) Milk—	.. kg.		
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Quantity		Index Number	
Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
6	7	7	8
Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
1.92	305	305	305
1.58	326	326	326
1.18	337	337	337
0.35	292	292	292
	327	327	327
4.73	615	615	615
2.80	469	469	469
4.62	608	608	608
4.89	575	575	575
4.06	571	571	571
4.50	322	322	322
7.61	239	239	239
5.19	311	311	311

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—			Ra. P.	Ra. P.	Ra. P.		
(1) Mutton—							
(i) Goat meat ..	½ kg.	4.38	1.45	5.50	5.50	379	379
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(i) Bombli big ..	kg.	0.91	2.72	12.00	12.00		
(ii) Zinga ..	"	"	2.70	12.00	12.00		
(3) Fish fresh—							
Varities selected for February 1979—							
(i) Rahu ..	kg.	"	1.88	7.00	"		
(ii) Balm ..	"	"	1.71	6.00	"		
(iii) Sand ..	"	"	1.76	6.00	"	390	"
Varities selected for March 1979—							
(i) Rahu ..	"	"	2.01	"	7.00	"	
(ii) Balm ..	"	"	1.78	"	6.00	"	390
(iii) Sandkhol ..	"	"	1.59	"	6.00	"	
Total ..		5.29					
Index Number for Sub-group I (d).						381	381
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk (Buffalo) ..	1 litre	8.42	0.77	2.48	2.50	322	325
(2) Ghee ..	½ kg.	1.31	3.71	12.00	12.50	323	337
Total ..		9.73					
Index Number for Sub-group I (e).						322	326
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt—							
(i) White ..	kg.	0.29	0.13	0.42	0.41	328	324
(ii) Black ..	"	"	0.12	0.40	0.40		
(2) Turmeric—							
(i) Sangli (whole) ..	250 g.	0.30	0.34	2.22	2.22	653	653
(3) Chillies (dry)—							
(i) Asoda ..	kg.	4.56	1.65	10.00	9.20	606	558
(4) Corriander ..	250 g.	0.24	0.31	0.75	0.75	242	242
(5) Mixed spices—							
(i) Garam Masala (whole) ..	"	1.86	4.95	13.61	13.50	255	273
(ii) Lahoti powder ..	200 g.	"	1.79	"	"	"	"
(6) Jecra ..	250 g.	0.37	0.68	4.40	4.39	647	646
Total ..		7.62					
Index Number for Sub-group I (f).						507	477

Quantity	Index Number
Mar. 1979	Feb. 1979
6	7
Rs. P.	
0.50	
0.44	199
0.64	
0.87	315
1.22	690
	478
1.00	346
0.80	
	346
	180
2.44	244
1.63	
	194
	218

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Beverages—							
(1) Tea leaf—							
(i) Brook Bond lable brand.	Pkt. of 50 g.	2.11	0.40	0.87	0.87	243	243
(ii) Lipton lable Loojee	.. ..	..	0.41	1.10	1.10		
(2) Hot drink—							
Prepared tea	Cup of 3 1/2 Dozs.	3.73	0.12	0.40	0.40	333	333
Total ..		5.84					
Index Number of Sub-group I(f).						301	301
I. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products.	....	40.71	..	..	..	327	327
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products.	....	8.13	..	..	..	571	594
(c) Oils and Fats	.. ..	8.37	..	..	..	311	324
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.	....	5.29	..	..	..	381	381
(e) Milk and Milk Products.	....	9.73	..	..	..	322	326
(f) Condiments and Spices.	....	7.62	..	..	..	507	477
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products.	....	5.47	..	..	..	478	320
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products.	....	1.61	..	..	..	345	346
(i) Sugar, Honey and related Products.	....	7.23	..	..	..	194	218
(j) Beverages	.. ..	5.84	..	..	..	301	301
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for all Food Group.						359	353
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and chips—							
(i) Khair	37 kgs. ..	78.50	3.39	..	..
(ii) Dhawda	.. ..	..	3.15	13.88	13.88	476	476
(iii) Adjat or Mixed	.. ..	..	2.71	13.88	13.88		
(2) Kerosene—							
(3) Chakkor Brand	Per Litre ..	11.40	0.45	1.23	1.32	273	293
(3) Electricity charges	Per unit ..	6.28	0.50	0.31	0.31	62	62
(4) Match Box—							
Horse head brand	Box of 50 sticks.	3.82	0.06	0.12	0.12	200	200
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group II						417	419

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE—contd.

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price 4	Feb. 1979 5	Mar. 1979 6	Feb. 1979 7	Mar. 1979 8
III. Housing—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Rent—							
(1) Rent for selected tenements.	p.m. ..	100.00				158	158
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group III						158	158
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti ..	per sq. met. ..	17.82	1.23	4.26	4.48	346	364
(2) Saree ..	" ..	27.15	1.24	3.26	3.26	263	263
(3) Cloth for trouser ..	" ..	0.51	2.15	7.39	7.39	344	344
(4) Long cloth ..	" ..	32.06	1.61	6.42	6.52	399	405
(5) Coloured poplin ..	" ..	14.36	2.13	6.67	6.76	313	317
Total ..		91.90					
Index Number for sub-group IV (a)						335	341
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	per pair ..	3.53	17.20	57.55	57.55	287	287
(ii) Carona Co. ..	" ..	..	18.78	44.80	44.80		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	" ..	4.57	6.25	15.70	15.70	251	251
Total ..		8.10					
Index Number for Sub-group IV (b)						267	267
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(1) Clothing ..		91.90				335	341
(2) Foot wear ..		8.10				267	267
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group IV						329	335
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan Supari—							
(1) Panicle—							
(i) Akda pan ..	Bundle of 100 leaves	2.01	0.55	1.08	1.00	196	182
(2) Pan finished—							
With Masala							
(3) Supari (Manglori)	250 g. ..	5.39	0.04	0.15	0.15	375	375
(4) Katha—							
(i) Kanpur ..	150 g. ..	2.81	2.08	3.00	3.01	144	145
(ii) Belgaum ..	" ..	..	0.73	3.44	3.50	471	479
Total ..		11.06	0.36	..	..
Index Number for Sub-group V (a)						291	289

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure
1	2	3
(1) Rent for selected tenements	p.m.	100
Total		100
Index Number for Group III		
IV. Clothing and Footwear—		
(a) Clothing—		
(1) Dhoti	per sq. met.	17.82
(2) Saree	"	27.15
(3) Cloth for trouser	"	0.51
(4) Long cloth	"	32.06
(5) Coloured poplin	"	14.36
Total		91.90
Index Number for sub-group IV (a)		
(b) Footwear—		
(1) Shoes—		
(i) Bata Co.	per pair	3.53
(ii) Carona Co.	"	..
(2) Chappals—		
(i) Bata Co.	"	4.57
Total		8.10
Index Number for Sub-group IV (b)		
IV. Clothing and Footwear—		
(1) Clothing		91.90
(2) Foot wear		8.10
Total		100.00
Index Number for Group IV		
V. Miscellaneous—		
(a) Pan Supari—		
(1) Panicle—		
(i) Akda pan	Bundle of 100 leaves	2.01
(2) Pan finished—		
With Masala		
(3) Supari (Manglori)	250 g.	5.39
(4) Katha—		
(i) Kanpur	150 g.	2.81
(ii) Belgaum	"	..
Total		11.06
Index Number for Sub-group V (a)		

WORKING CLASS FOR

of quantity	Index Number		
	Mar. 1979	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
	158	158	158
	158	158	158
	346	344	344
	263	263	263
	344	344	344
	399	399	399
	313	313	313
	335	341	341
	287	287	287
	251	251	251
	267	267	267
	335	341	341
	267	267	267
	329	331	331
	196	196	196
	375	375	375
	144	144	144
	471	471	471
	291	291	291

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(1) Bidi's—							
(i) Camel brand ..	Bundle of 25 bidies.	5.80	0.19	0.60	0.65	289	342
(ii) Shildedar ..	" ..	..	0.19	0.50	..		
(2) Jarda—							
(i) Gangaram Brand	Pkt. of 50 g.	3.54	0.24	0.75	0.75	363	363
(ii) Chandrakant brand	" ..	..	0.23	0.95	0.95		
Total ..		9.34					
Index Number for sub-group V(b).						317	350
(c) Household utilities—							
(1) Utensils—							
(i) Lota (Pune) ..	½ kg. ..	5.28	3.55	18.00	18.00	507	507
(ii) Lota (Nashik) ..	" ..	..	3.45	..	..
Total ..		5.28					
Index Number for Sub-group V(c).						507	507
d) Washing Soap—							
(1) Laundry—							
(i) Ordinary washing and ironings of cotton cloth.	Per piece ..	2.54	0.10	0.25	0.25	250	250
(2) Washing soap—							
(i) 501 Bar Soap ..	Bar ..	7.44	1.40	3.73	3.73	271	271
(ii) B. Dhantak Co. ..	Cake ..	..	0.40	1.10	1.10		
Total ..		9.98					
Index Number for Sub-group V(d).						266	266
(e) Medical Care—							
(1) Dr. Vaze's Cough syrup.							
(1) Dr. Vaze's Cough syrup.	Small bottle	3.80	1.50	3.50	3.50	233	233
(2) Daily mixture ..							
(2) Daily mixture ..	Per day ..	11.98	0.58	0.62	0.62	107	107
Total ..		15.78					
Index Number for Sub-group V(e).						137	137

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight Proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>(f) Personal care—</i>			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Hair oil— Tata Co. ..	Small bottle.	4.89	1.32	5.50	5.50	417	417
(2) Barber charges— (i) Hair cut with shave	Adult ..	7.32	0.50	1.50	1.50	271	271
(ii) Hair cut ..	" ..	..	0.40	1.25	1.25		
(iii) Shave ..	" ..	..	0.20	0.40	0.40		
(3) Toilet Soap— (i) Life Buoy ..	Cake ..	3.02	0.48	1.30	1.30	278	278
(ii) Hamam cake ..	" ..	..	0.49	1.40	1.40		
(4) Blades— (i) Bharat Blade ..	Pkt. of 10 blades.	0.11	0.44	1.00	1.00	210	210
(ii) Six Morning ..	2 Pkts. of 5 blades each	..	0.57	1.10	1.10		
Total ..		15.34					
Index Number for Sub-group V(f).						318	318
<i>(g) Education and Reading—</i>							
(1) Books— Bal Bharati Chauthi Pustak.	Copy ..	5.42	0.75	2.00	2.00	267	267
(2) School fees— For VIII Std. ..	Per student per month	3.46	5.00	6.00	6.00	120	120
Total ..		8.88					
Index Number for Sub-group V(g)						210	210
<i>(h) Recreation and Amusement—</i>							
(1) Cinema (Lowest class)	Adult ..	6.69	0.32	1.05	1.05	328	328
Total ..		6.69					
Index Number for Sub-group V(h)						328	328
<i>(i) Transport and Communication.</i>							
(1) Rail— Railway fare 50 km.	Per Passenger.	12.48	0.98	2.25	2.25	230	230
(2) Bus fare— S.T. Bus 32 km. (Full ticket)	" ..	4.09	1.00	2.15	2.15	215	215
(3) Postage— (i) Single card ..	Per card for Rs. 30	1.08	0.05	0.15	0.15	261	261
(ii) M. O. charges ..	..	..	0.45	1.00	1.00		
Total ..		17.65					
Index Number for Sub-group V(i)						228	228

CLASS FOR

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CENTRE—concl'd.

Sub-Group	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1978	Jan. 1979	Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan-Supari		11.06	....	....	....	291	289
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products		9.34	....	....	....	317	350
(c) Household Utilities		5.28	....	....	....	507	507
(d) Washing Soap		9.98	....	....	....	266	266
(e) Medical Care		15.78	....	....	....	137	137
(f) Personal Care		15.34	....	....	....	318	318
(g) Education and Reading		8.88	....	....	....	210	210
(h) Recreation and Amusement		6.69	....	....	....	328	328
(i) Transport and Communications		17.65	....	....	....	228	228
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group V.						266	269

Group	Weight (proportional to total expenditure)	Consumer Price Index Number
I. Food and Drink	38.28	261
II. Housing	6.00	230
III. Clothing and Footwear	16.31	215
IV. Miscellaneous	39.41	261
Total	100.00	261

* Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on page 217 of the Labour Gazette, Vol. 103, No. 5, May 1979.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR PUNE CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure revised.	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Products—							
(1) Rice	kg.	13.81	0.76	1.67	1.68	220	221
(2) Wheat	"	11.28	0.53	1.45	1.45	274	274
(3) Jowar	"	8.39	0.45	1.60	1.50	356	333
(4) Bajri	"	3.08	0.51	1.46	1.43	286	280
(5) Grinding charges for Cereals.	4 kgs.	1.42	0.14	0.60	0.60	429	429
Total		37.98					
Index Number for Sub-group I (a).						279	274
(b) Pulses and Products—							
Turdal—Laxmi Chhap or Surti (Fine).	kg.	3.80	0.80	4.70	4.61	588	576
Gramdal	"	1.81	0.60	3.00	3.03	500	505
Mungdal—Without Husk (Medium).	"	0.68	0.82	4.80	4.99	585	609
Total		6.29					
Index Number for Sub-group I (b).						562	559

Number for Working Class (New to December 1961 equal to preceding month. The index for the year-1958-59 family

increased by 7 points to 334 due to fresh fish, eggs, ghee, potatoes, banana.

increased by 24 points to osene oil and match box.

at 130 (being six monthly

group increased by 1 point oth.

increased by 6 points to 259 washing soap, lifebuoy, lux.

WORKING CLASS FOR

1961=100)

Group Index Numbers	
Feb. 1979	Mar. 1979
341	334
382	406
130	130
364	365
253	259
314	313

be found on pages 1727 to 1730 of September 1965 issue.

Quantity	Index Number		
	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
	6	7	8
Rs. P.			
2-30	183	193	
1-80	302	310	
	202	211	
1-15	289	299	
1-15			
0-20	333	333	
	320	320	
	279	271	
	562	559	
	327	315	
	428	416	
	398	397	
	499	523	
	374	291	
	284	267	
	202	213	
	320	320	
	341	341	

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR PUNE CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
II. Fuel and Light—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Firewood and chips (Raywal/medium).	37 kgs. ..	30.63	3.08	13.46	14.80	437	481
(2) Kerosene, Chavi Brand.	5 litres ..	24.03	1.54	6.10	6.60	396	429
(3) Electricity charges ..	Per unit ..	6.45	0.19	0.38	0.38	200	200
(4) Charcoal—							
(i) Big size ..	37 kgs. ..	35.36	7.47	29.27	29.38	365	365
(ii) Patil or Raywal ..	" ..	....	5.63	19.01	18.94		
(5) Match box (Teeka of 50 sticks).	Box ..	3.53	0.05	0.15	0.20	300	400
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Group II ..						382	406
III. Housing—							
(2) Rent for selected tenements.	Per month..	100.00	....	....	....	130	130
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Group III ..						130	130
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti ..	Per sq. metre.	3.57	1.28	5.06	5.06	395	395
(2) Saree ..	" ..	29.86	1.28	4.32	4.37	338	341
(3) Cloth for trousers ..	" ..	5.25	2.62	9.58	9.58	366	366
(4) Long cloth ..	" ..	11.76	1.64	7.24	7.30	441	445
(5) Coloured poplin ..	" ..	40.44	2.25	8.40	8.39	373	373
Total ..		90.88					
Index Number Sub-group IV(a).						371	372
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	Per Pair ..	4.27	17.14	58.35	58.35	300	300
(ii) Flex Co. ..	" ..	....	19.30	49.95	49.95		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata Co. ..	" ..	4.85	6.18	18.65	18.65	293	293
(ii) Flex Co. ..	" ..	..	8.40	23.95	23.95		
Total ..		9.12					
Index Number Sub-group IV(b).						296	296

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR PUNE CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
IV. Clothing and Footwear—contd.							
(1) Clothing ..		90.88	....	....	...	371	372
(2) Footwear ..		9.12	....	....	....	296	296
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group IV</i>						364	365
V. Miscellaneous—							
<i>(a) Pan Supari—</i>							
(1) Pan-ical ..							
(2) Gawran Kachhi ..	Bundle of 100 leaves	1.08	0.33	1.50	1.50	455	455
(3) Pan Finished ..							
(f) Poona Masala ..	Each vida	1.82	0.04	0.20	0.20	500	500
(g) Supari ..							
(h) Manglori ..	50 gs.	1.57	0.45	0.60	0.60	133	133
Total ..		4.47					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V (a).</i>						360	360
<i>(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—</i>							
(1) Bidies—							
(i) Charbbhal ..	Bundle of 25 bidies.	2.56	0.15	0.50	0.50	333	333
(ii) Pawar ..			0.15	0.50	0.50		
(2) Cigarettes—							
(f) Charminar ..	Pkt. of 10 Cigarettes	1.94	0.15	0.80	1.00	479	583
(ii) Pila Hathi ..			0.20	0.85	1.00		
(3) Chewing Tobacco—							
(i) Akoli Jarda No. 1 ..	50g.	1.92	0.37	0.60	0.60	178	178
(ii) Akoli Jarda No. 2 ..			0.28	0.50	0.50		
(iii) Satara Jarda ..			0.31	0.60	0.60		
[Total ..		6.42					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V (b).</i>						331	362
<i>(c) House-hold Utillies</i>							
<i>Utensils Brass—</i>							
(1) Lota ..	kg.	4.76	7.14	34.00	35.00	476	450
Total ..		4.76					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V (c).</i>						476	450

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure
1	2	3
1. Daily Soap—	Per Piece ..	4.25
2. Daily Soap—	Per Cake ..	7.3
3. Daily Soap—		11.0
4. Daily Soap—		
5. Daily Soap—		
6. Daily Soap—		
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200. Daily Soap—		

Unit of quantity		Index Number	
Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
5	6	7	8
Ra. P.	Ra. P.		
.....	.....	371	371
.....	.....	296	296
1.50	1.50	455	455
0.20	0.20	500	500
0.60	0.60	133	133
		360	360
0.50	0.50	333	333
0.50	0.50		
1.00	1.00	479	479
1.85	1.00		
0.50	0.60	178	178
0.50	0.60		
0.50	0.60		
		331	331
		476	476
35.00			
		476	476

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR PUNE CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Feb. 1979	March 1979	Feb. 1979	March 1979
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(d) Washing Soap—			Ra. P.	Ra. P.	Ra. P.		
(1) Laundry charges (Ordinary, Washing and Ironing).	Per Piece ..	4.23	0.13	0.40	0.40	308	308
(2) Washing Soap BB Chhap.	Per Cake ..	7.37	0.40	1.05	1.20	262	300
Total ..		11.60					
Index Number Sub-Group V(d).						279	303
(e) Medical Care—							
(1) Patent Medicine—							
(i) Glycodine Terf	Bottle of 70 ml.	17.37	1.89	4.05	4.05	170	170
(ii) Anacin	2 Tablets ..	..	0.12	0.15	0.15	..	..
(2) Mixture, Daily Mixture.	per day ..	1.35	0.57	1.00	1.00	175	175
Total ..		18.72					
Index Number Sub-group V(e).						170	170
(f) Personal Care—							
(1) Hair oil Tata Co. etc.	Small Bottle	3.37	1.34	4.60	4.60	343	343
(2) Barber charges—							
(a) Haircut with shave	Per Adult	6.52	0.75	2.00	2.00	249	249
(b) Haircut	..	..	0.65	1.50	1.50	..	..
(c) Shave	..	..	0.20	0.50	0.50	..	..
(3) Toilet Soap—							
(a) Lifebuoy	Cake ..	2.29	0.49	1.32	1.37	283	291
(b) Lux	..	..	0.49	1.45	1.48	..	..
(4) Tooth Powder—							
(a) Bytco(Family size)	Bottle ..	1.98	1.87	5.05	5.25	265	276
(b) Bytco(Small size)	..	..	0.46	1.20	1.25	..	..
(5) Blades—							
(a) Bharat	Packet of 10	0.04	0.43	1.00	1.00	200	233
(b) 6' Morning	2 Packets of 5 each	..	0.60	1.00	1.40	..	..
Total ..		14.20				279	282
Index Number Sub-group V(f).							
(g) Education and Reading—							
(1) School Fees for Std. VIII.	Per Student Per month	8.86	4.85	5.50	5.50	113	113
(2) School Books—Std. VIII—							
(i) Kumar bharati	Per Copy	2.55	2.42	2.50	2.50	194	194
(ii) Ankaganit	..	..	1.75	5.75	2.75	..	..
(iii) Apall Prithwi	..	..	1.88	2.80	2.80	..	..
(3) News papers—							
(i) Sakal Daily	..	2.50	0.07	0.30	0.30	429	429
(ii) Maratha Daily	..	..	0.07	0.30	0.30	..	..
Total ..		13.91					
Index Number Sub-group V(g).						185	185

Unit of quantity	Index Number	Index Number	
		Feb 1979	March 1979
L. P.	5	7	6
R. P.	1.52	291	292
		202	201
		221	221
		360	360
		331	331
		416	409
		219	201
		170	170
		279	212
		185	115
		292	292
		221	221
		233	210

STATEMENT SHOWING THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS BY GROUPS FOR SEVEN CENTRES OF MAHARASHTRA STATE FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH 1979.

Centre	Base Year	Food	Pan, supari, tobacco etc.	Fuel and light	Housing	Clothing, bedding and foot-wear	Miscellaneous	Con-sumer Price Index Number	Equi-valent old Index Number	Con-sumer Price Index Number	Equi-valent old Index Number
								March Now 9	1979 Old 10	February New 11	1978 Old 12
Bombay	.. 1960=100	339	359	429	153	354	277	326	1447	323	1434
Solapur	.. 1960=100	351	327	408	200	391	276	341	1303	343	1310
Nagpur	.. 1960=100	349	292	344	187	398	244	324	1691	324	1691
Pune	.. 1961=100	334	....	406	130	365	259	313	....	314	....
Jalgaon	.. 1961=100	353	....	419	158	335	269	331	1751	333	1762
Nanded	.. 1961=100	366	....	461	196	331	290	348	853	347	850
Aurangabad	.. 1961=100	374	....	399	266	367	275	352	781	356	795

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent old index numbers the new index numbers may be multiplied by the linking factors mentioned against the respective centres as follows:—

BOMBAY : 4.44; SOLAPUR : 3.82; NAGPUR : 5.22; JALGAON : 5.29; NANDED : 2.45; AURANGABAD : 2.22.

ALL INDIA AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR INDUSTRIAL WORKERS

The statistics for the last 12 calendar months from April 1978 to March 1979 are given in the following table.

TABLE

Month				Base	Base
				1960=100	1949=100*
1				2	3
April 1978	..	..	..	322	391
May 1978	..	..	..	323	393
June 1978	..	..	..	327	397
July 1978	..	..	..	330	401
August 1978	..	..	..	331	402
September 1978	..	..	..	336	408
October 1978	..	..	..	340	413
November 1978	..	..	..	340	413
December 1978	..	..	..	335	407
January 1979	..	..	..	332	404
February 1979	..	..	..	329	400
March 1979	..	..	..	332	404

*Index numbers under this column are derived from the 1960 based index

INDUSTRIAL D

Industrial Courts, Tribunals

In all 1981 applications were received by the month. Their break

Name of the Industrial Tribunal and Lab

1 2

Industrial Courts/Tribunal

- 1 Industrial Court, Bom
- 2 Industrial Tribunal, B
- 3 Industrial Court, Nag
- 4 Industrial Tribunal, N
- 5 Industrial Court, Pun
- 6 Industrial Tribunal, E
- 7 Industrial Court, Th
- 8 Industrial Tribunal,

II. Labour Courts—

- 1 Labour Court, Bor
- 2 Labour Court, Bor
- 3 Labour Court, Na
- 4 Labour Court, Na
- 5 Labour Court, Th
- 6 Labour Court, K
- 7 Labour Court, So
- 8 Labour Court, A
- 9 Labour Court, N

WAGE BOARDS—

Two references were received by the month under rev

MAY 1979
 PRICE INDEX NUMBERS
 WORKERS
 months from April 1978 to March

Base 1960=100	Base 1949=100
2	3
322	391
323	393
327	397
330	401
331	402
336	408
340	413
340	413
345	407
332	404
329	400
332	404

the 1960 based index

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN MAHARASHTRA STATE
 DURING FEBRUARY 1979

January 1979 February 1979 February 1978

Industrial Courts, Tribunals and Labour Courts

In all 1498 applications were received by the Industrial Courts, Tribunals and Labour Courts during the month. Their break-up are as under:—

Serial No.	Name of the Industrial Court/Tribunal and Labour Court	No. of applications, etc. received during the month under the—			Total
		B.I.R. Act, 1946	I.D. Act, 1947	Other Acts	
1	2	3	4	5	6
I. Industrial Courts/Tribunals—					
1	Industrial Court, Bombay ..	12	..	66	78
2	Industrial Tribunal, Bombay ..	..	27	..	27
3	Industrial Court, Nagpur ..	13	..	22	35
4	Industrial Tribunal, Nagpur ..	..	..	..	..
5	Industrial Court, Pune ..	..	..	6	6
6	Industrial Tribunal, Pune ..	..	5	..	5
7	Industrial Court, Thane ..	2	..	18	20
8	Industrial Tribunal, Thane ..	..	20	..	20
Total ..		27	52	112	191
II. Labour Courts—					
1	Labour Court, Bombay ..	52	314	216	582
2	Labour Court, Pune ..	38	96	24	158
3	Labour Court, Nagpur ..	6	59	33	98
4	Labour Court, Thane ..	6	136	35	177
5	Labour Court, Kolhapur ..	2	24	13	39
6	Labour Court, Solapur ..	7	33	20	60
7	Labour Court, Akola ..	1	69	65	135
8	Labour Court, Nashik ..	22	7	15	44
9	Labour Court, Aurangabad ..	2	1	11	14
Total ..		136	739	432	1,307

WAGE BOARDS—

Two references were received by the Wage Board for Cotton Textile Industry during the month under review.

ALL INDIA AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR INDUSTRIAL WORKERS

The statistics for the last 12 calendar months from April 1978 to March 1979 are given in the following table.

Act	to pay allowances and bonus	hours of work and miscellaneous causes	Total
(1) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 ..	105	459	564
(2) Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 ..	26	2	28
(3) Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	1	9	10
Total ..	132	470	602

(b) Result-wise analysis of the cases dealt with during the month—

Act	Pending at the beginning of the month	No. of cases received during the month	Settled amicably	Ended in failure	With-drawn or not pursued by parties	Closed	Total (4 to 7)	Pending at the end of the month
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
L.D. Act, 1947 ..	1315	564	95	175	60	74	404	1475
B.I.R. Act, 1946 ..	289	28	61	34	67	26	188	129
B.I.R. (Ext. and Amdt.) Act, 1964	95	10	25	24	3	6	58	47
Total	1699	602	181	233	130	106	650	1651

Industry-wise and District-wise analysis of the cases received during the month under Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964 are given below :—

Act	Cotton Textile	Silk Textile	Chemical	Textile Processing	Hosiery	Banking	Sugar	Misc.	Trans port	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B.I.R. Act, 1946 ..	18	3	1	..	..	2	2	2	..	28

Act	Textile Industry	Paper Industry	Printing Industry	Press Industry	Shops	Banking	Engi-neering	Local Bodies	Other Misc.	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B.I.R. (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10

District-wise analysis is given below :—

Act	Bombay	Nagpur	Thane	Solapur	Nanded	Kolha-pur	Ahmed-nagar	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
B.I.R. Act, 1946	10	6	..	1	1	10	..	28

Act	Amravati	Bombay	Wardha	Chanda	Akola	Buldhana	Total
B.I.R. (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964.	..	10	..	..	..	..	10

Registration of Agreements, Settlements, Awards, etc.

4 Agreements, 4 Settlements were registered under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964, during the month.

LABOUR
INDUSTRIAL DISPU
DURING

No. of Disputes ..
No. of Workers involved ..
No. of Man-days lost ..

Industry-wise classification

Name of the Industry Group

1

February 1979 Total
February 1979 Total

12 of the disputes
cases", 9 related t
1 dispute on leave
to other causes.

Out of the 21 dis
9 were settled eit
favour of the empl
indefinite.

The word "Work
has been used in that s
of the industrial dis
are included.

r months from April 1978 to M

allowances bonus	hours of work and Miscellaneous causes	Total
105 26 1	459 2 9	564 27 10
132	470	602

during the month—

ed- ture	With- drawn or not pursued by parties	Closed	Total (4 to 7)	Part of the total of the month
5 4 4	60 67 3	74 26 6	404 188 58	45 12 6
3	130	106	650	125

cases received during the month
y Industrial Relations (Extension

ry	Banking	Sugar	Misc.	Trans part.	Total
7	8	9	10	11	12
2	2	2	2	2	2

os	Banking	Engi- neering	Local Bodies	Other Misc.	Total
7	8	9	10	11	12

Nanded	Kolha- pur	Ahmed- nagar	Total
6	7	8	9
1	10	11	12

amanda	Akola	Buldhana	Total
10	11	12	13

Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and
during the month:

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN MAHARASHTRA STATE
DURING FEBRUARY 1979

	January 1979	February 1979	February 1978
No. of Disputes	57	41	31
No. of Workers involved	19,788	67,302	15,498
No. of Man-days lost	1,79,521	2,72,578	3,44,521

Industry-wise classification is given below:—

Name of the Industry Group	Number of disputes in progress			Number of work people involved in all disputes	Aggregate man-days lost in
	Started before beginning of the month i.e. February 1979	Started during the month i.e. February 1979	Total		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Textile .. .. .	..	7	7	57,202	1,41,422
Engineering	12	6	18	6,959	83,780
Chemical	7	2	9	866	13,379
Miscellaneous	5	2	7	2,275	33,997
February 1979 Total	24	17	41	67,302	2,72,578
January 1979 Total	33	24	57	19,788	1,79,521

12 of the disputes arose over questions of " pay allowances and bonus issues ", 9 related to " Retrenchment and grievances about personnel ", 1 dispute on leave and hours of work, while the remaining 19 were due to other causes.

Out of the 21 disputes that terminated during the course of the month, 9 were settled either entirely or partially in favour of the workers, 9 in favour of the employers, while the result of the remaining 3 disputes was indefinite.

*The word " Work stoppages " in the official sense means interruption of work and it is hereby used in that sense as virtually synonymous with " Strike ". In compiling statistics of the industrial disputes, however, disputes in which 10 or more persons are involved are included.

THE FOLLOWING, STATEMENT GIVES THE DETAILED INFORMATION OF IMPORTANT INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES CAUSING MORE THAN 10,000 MAN-DAYS LOST DURING THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1979

Serial No.	Name of the Concern	Sector	S/L	Reason	Date of work-Stoppages		No. of workers involved	Man-Days lost		Result
					Began	Ended		During the month	Till the close of the month	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Thane— Poysha Indl. Co. Ltd., Thane.	Pvt.	S/L	Indiscipline and Violence	23-7-1978	....	454	10,896	85,352	Continued.
2	Bombay— The Indian Hume Pipe Co. Ltd., Wadala.	Pvt.	L	Do. ..	3-11-1978	....	568	15,792	66,458	Continued.
3	Bombay— Golden Chemicals Pvt., Ltd., Dahisar Bombay, 400 068.	Pvt.	L	Do. ..	12-11-1978	....	533	12,792	50,102	Continued.
4	Thane.— Indian Aluminium Ltd., Kalwa, Thane.	Co. Pvt.	L	Do. ..	14-11-1978	....	510	12,240	45,900	Continued.
5	Pune— Kirkoskar Penamatic Ltd., Pune.	Co. Pvt.	S/L	Others ..	9-1-1979	....	1,400	33,600	61,600	Continued.
6	Sandoz (I) Ltd.;	.. Pvt.	S	Bonus ..	11-1-1979	....	942	15,288	27,616	Contineud.
7	Bombay— Swadeshi Mills Co. Ltd., Kurla, Bombay.	Pvt.	S	Retrenchment.	3-2-1979	21-2-1979	3,958	48,402	48,402	Compromised.
8	Nanded— Nanded Textile Mills Nanded.	Pub.	S.	Wages	14-2-1979	....	3,827	39,349	39,349	Continued.
9	Bombay— 18 Units Textile Mills 14 or Pvt. 84 of Pub.	Pvt. Pub.	S	Wages	13-2-1979	14-2-1979	47,089	47,089	47,089	Unsuccessful.

DIGEST OF INDUSTRIAL AND

This is a monthly publication and contains the following information:

The Employees' State Insurance Scheme (ESIS) and provides protection against injury, sickness and Maternity benefits by provision of medical benefits during the month of March 1979.

During the month of March 1979, Rs. 11,191 cash benefits due to employees who were in receipt of Dependent Gratuity were paid to 11,191 persons. During the month, 11,191 persons were in receipt of Dependent Gratuity during the preceding month.

Certainly fewer persons need to be notified of their Cash Benefit (CB) claims were received an amount of Rs. 1,191. During the month, Rs. 1,191 was paid towards this benefit.

During the month 34 Insured Workers were notified of their Maternity Benefit. The amount of Rs. 32,100 during the month was paid.

During the month Funeral Benefit was paid to Rs. 71,653.00 were paid.

During the month an amount of Rs. 1,191 was paid to 10 Insured Persons for Family Planning.

In memory of areas of Conflict in 15 cases aged

MAY 1979.

	9-1-1979	11-1-1979	3-2-1979	14-2-1979	13-2-1979	14-2-1979	17,089 Uninsured
6 Sandoz (I) Ltd., Bombay. — Pvt. S	1,400	33,600	61,600	Continued.			
7 Swadeshi Mills Co. Ltd., Kurla, Bombay. — Pvt. S	942	15,288	27,616	Continued.			
8 Nanded — Nanded Textile Mills Pub. S	3,958	48,402	48,402	Compro- mised.			
9 Bombay — 18 Units Textile Mills 14 or Pvt. S of Pub. S	3,827	39,349	39,349	Continued.			
	47,089	47,089	47,089				

DIGEST OF CURRENT INDUSTRIAL AND LABOUR LAW

This is a monthly publication and deals with Industrial and Labour Law. This periodical contains.

The Employees' State Insurance Scheme applies to 26 Centres in the State of Maharashtra and provides protection to 15,66,583 workers in the event of employment injury, Sickness and Maternity. This protection is made available in two ways, namely by provision of medical care and cash benefits when needed. During the month of March 1979, 14,302 Insured person received Rs. 28,68,788.11 cash benefits due to employment injuries. This includes 4,293 persons who were in receipt of Pensions for Permanent disablement and 1,733 persons who were in receipt of Dependent Benefit as dependents of deceased Insured persons. During the month, 11,682 accidents were reported as against 10,603 during the preceding month.

Comparatively fewer persons need the employment injury benefits but a fairly large number need Cash Benefit in the event of Sickness. During March 1979, 1,13,891 claims were received and an amount of Rs. 83,36,352.60 was paid out as Sickness Benefit. During the preceding month 1,04,574 claims were received and an amount of Rs. 73,31,631.60 was disbursed as Sickness Benefit.

Some Insured Persons suffering from T.B., Mental, Malignant, other long term diseases etc., require more attention and they are being paid additional benefit called Extended Sickness Benefit. During the month an amount of Rs. 7,98,153.75 paid towards this benefit.

During the month 341 Insured Women workers claimed Rs. 4,46,663.90 by way of Maternity Benefit. The attendance at the dispensaries as per certificates received was 3,27,100 during the month.

During the month Funeral Benefit in 175 cases amounting to Rs. 17,499.55 was paid.

During the month Confinement Charges in respect of wives of Insured Persons amounting to Rs. 77,653.00 were paid.

During the month an amount of Rs. 9,398.00 was paid as Enhanced Sickness Benefit to 70 Insured Persons who had gone under sterilisation operation for Family Planning.

For recovery of arrears of Contribution under the Scheme, Legal proceeding had to be initiated in 15 cases against defaulting employers.

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