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LABOUR GAZETTE

Started in 1921, the *Labour Gazette*, issued monthly, is a journal for the use of all interested in obtaining prompt and accurate information on matters specially affecting labour in India and abroad. It contains statistical and other information on consumer price index numbers for working class, industrial disputes, industrial relations, cases under labour laws, labour legislation, etc. Special articles on labour etc., are published from time to time.

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LABOUR GAZETTE

The Labour Gazette is a journal for the use of all persons in industrial, commercial and agricultural establishments in India.

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The Month in Brief

Labour Legislation—

Beedi workers welfare cess (Amendment) Act, 1981, No. 47 of 1981.

Consumer Price Index Numbers for working Class

The Bombay, Solapur, and Nagpur Consumer Price Index Numbers for working Class for the month of January 1982, with average prices for the year ended December 1960, equal to 100 were 468, 530, 485, respectively. The Pune, Jalgaon, Nanded and Aurangabad Consumer Prices for the month of January 1982, with the average Prices for the year ended December 1961, equal to 100 were 444, 482, 536, 512 respectively.

All India Average Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers

All India Average Consumer Price Index Number for Industrial Workers (General) on Base 1960—100 for January 1982 was 459 as compared to 460 in December 1981. The Index Number for January 1982 on base 1949-100 derived from 1960 based Index worked out to 558 as against 559 for December 1981.

Industrial Disputes in Maharashtra State

During December 1981, there were 70 disputes involving 32, 691 workmen and time loss of 6,91,635 working days as compared to 69 disputes in November 1981, involving 40, 343 workmen and time loss of 7,00,357 mandyas.

Further Particulars of Industrial Disputes are given at Page 859 of this issue.

Benefits under the Employees State Insurance Scheme.

During the month of January 1982, 20, 562 Insured Persons received Rs. 51,63,169.40 Cash Benefit due to Employment Injuries. This includes 5 400 Persons who were in receipt of Pension for Permanent Disablement Benefit and 2,171 Persons who were in receipt of Dependants Benefit as dependants of deceased Insured Persons. During the month 10,565 accidents were reported as against 10,406 during the Preceding month.

Current Notes

I.L.O. Keen on improving workers' lot

Mr. Francis Blanchard, Director-General of the International Labour Organisation, said in Bombay on January 29, 1982 that I.L.O. was anxious to ensure improvement in the lot of the unorganised workers the world over. It was already taking steps to extend beyond the organised sector the setting up of standards for the welfare of the unorganised workers. He said he was conscious of the imbalances in the working norms of the organised and unorganised workers.

(E.F.I. Bulletin, dated 1st February 1982)

Board to provide jobs for scientists

Unemployed scientists and technologists will soon have access to a "single window" for all assistance for setting up their own units. A national science and technology entrepreneurial development board is being formed by the Union Government to co-ordinate all activities in this regard. It will be headed by the member (Science) of the planning commission. Dr. M. S. Swaminathan, and will have representatives of various ministries, scientific organisations, banking institutions and the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry. The top administrators of these ministries and organisations will be on the board, According to Prof. M. G. K. Menon, Secretary in the Department of Science and Technology, the number of unemployed scientific and technological personnel could be one lakh to three lakhs depending on how one defines such personnel. If all those who have taken their bachelor's degree in science or engineering are included the number could be three lakhs.

(E.F.I. Bulletin, dated 1st February 1982)

Proposal for integration of Social Security Schemes

Mr. Bhagwat Jha Azad, Union Minister of Labour, stated on February 8, 1982 that the proposal is under consideration for integrating the existing social security schemes like provident fund into a comprehensive social security scheme. A pilot project was being tried in the coal mines.

(E.F.I. Bulletin, dated 15th February 1982)

ESI Scheme For Seasonal Units Likely

The Government proposes to extend the Employee's State Insurance (ESI) scheme to seasonal factories, according to official sources.

To begin with, the proposal is to extend it to sugar industry for which a recommendation of a high-power committee had already been received.

Another proposal is to introduce the ESI scheme to slate manufacturing units in Mandasaur district in Madhya Pradesh.

At present, the compensation cases are being dealt with by the Commissioner of Workmen's Compensation appointed by the state Government.

The ESI has so far constructed and commissioned 77 hospitals and 36 annexes in different states and Union territories.

Another 22 ESI hospitals and seven annexes are under various stages of construction.

(Indian worker, dated 8th February 1982)

16 Categories of Supplies and Services Notified as Essential

The Government of India has in a gazette notification—in compliance with the directive of the Supreme Court which has upheld the constitutional validity of the National Security Act—issued here on February 8 has listed sixteen categories of essential supplies and services to the community whose disruption would entail detention under the said Act.

The court had held that no person can be detained under sub-section (2) of Section (3) of the National Security Act, 1980, with a view to preventing him from acting in any manner prejudicial to the maintenance of supplies and services essential to the community unless by law or notification made or published fairly in advance and the supplies and services the maintenance of which is regarded as essential to the community and in respect of which the order of detention is proposed to be passed are made known appropriately to the public.

The Ministry of Home Affairs has already issued copies of the notification to this effect to all the State Governments and Union Territory administration and all Central Ministries and Departments for information and necessary action.

Besides road, rail, water and air transportation and telecommunication services, those notified as essential include a wide range of public and private undertakings scheduled in the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act.

Defence services, defence production and customs services are also covered by the notification.

The essential supplies and services are the following :

1. Any postal, telegraph or telephone service, including any service connected therewith;
2. Any railway service or any transport service for the carriage of passengers or goods by air or any other transport service for the carriage of passengers or goods by land or water;
3. Any service connected with the operation or maintenance of aerodromes, or with the operation repair or maintenance of aircraft, or any service in the International Airports Authority of India constituted under Section 3 of the International Airports Act 1971 (43 of 1971).
4. Any service in, or in connection with the working of any major port, including any service connected with the loading, unloading movement of storage of goods in any such port;

5. Any services connected with the clearance of goods or passengers through the customs or with the prevention of smuggling;
6. Any service in any establishment of, or connected with, the armed forces of the Union or in any either establishments or installations connected with defence;
7. Any service in any establishment or undertaking dealing with the production of required for any purpose connected with defence;
8. Any service in any section of any industrial undertaking pertaining to a scheduled industry on the working of which the safety of such undertaking or the employees employed therein depends.
9. Any service in, or in connection with the working of any undertaking being an undertaking engaged in the purchase, procurement, storage, supply or distribution of foodgrains;
10. Any service in, or in connection with the working of, any system of public conservancy, sanitation or water supply, hospitals or dispensaries.
11. Any service in connection with or in relation to banking;
12. Any service in any establishment or undertaking dealing with the production, supply or distribution of coal, power, steel or fertilisers;
13. Any service in any oilfield or refinery or in any establishment or undertaking dealing with the production, supply or distribution of petroleum and petroleum products;
14. Any service in any mint or security press;
15. Any service in connection with elections to Parliament or to the legislatures of the states; and,
16. Any service in connection with the affair of the Union, or a state not being a service specified in any of the foregoing categories.

(Indian worker, dated 15th February 1982)

States Told to Revise Farm Wages

The Centre has directed state Governments to expedite revision of minimum wages of agriculture labour.

This directive has been sent in the light of the fact that states had either already constituted committee for revision of wages or announced proposals for minimum wages in other industries as well.

It may be recalled that the state governments last year had expressed their inability to enforce the minimum wages programme due to lack of implementation machinery.

It is in this light that the Centre decided to strengthening the enforcement machinery for employments in agriculture at the rate of an additional inspector in each block of all the States in the country. The Plan scheme would include proposals for setting up an effective monitoring unit for implementation of the Minimum Wages Act.

The Union Labour Ministry has also decided to carry out amendments in the Minimum Wages Act to secure better enforcement of the Act by enhancing penalties giving powers to officers of Regional Labour Commissioner's status and above.

It may be recalled that the Central Government reconstituted the minimum wages advisory board under Section 7 of the Minimum Wages Act in May, 1981. The board held its meeting on September 29, and recommended fixation of revision of minimum wages in 27 mining employments covered under the Minimum Wages Act.

Minimum wages in respect of these mining employments were fixed or revised in the first week of December, 1981. Proposals to fix minimum wages in mines were notified in October, 1981. Proposals to revise the minimum wages in the employment in agriculture were notified on November 19.

The minimum wages (Central) advisory board set up under Section 7 of the Minimum Wages Act was reconstituted on August 13. It held its meeting on October 20.

A meeting of a group of Labour Ministers was also held on September 11 to consider the problem of disparity in the wages fixed for beedi workers in different States.

The Ministers decided that taking into account the present cost of living index, the minimum wages for the employment in the bidi industry should be fixed between Rs. 7 and Rs. 8 and that the revision should be effective from January 1, 1982 at the latest.

The Ministers also considered that states should introduce D. A. as a distinct element of minimum wages linked to the C. P. I. numbers variable periodically or on the rise of every 5 points.

If any State Government found it difficult to introduce a D. A. formula, it should revise the minimum wage atleast once every year, it was desired.

The minimum wage in respect of the mining employments which had been revised in September, 1980 were revised again in December, 1981 raising the minimum wages,

(Indian worker, dated 15th February 1982)

Plan to Keep Labour Disputes out of Courts

The Labour Ministry proposes to place before the next meeting of the Indian Labour Conference suggestion which in essence seeks to keep industrial disputes out of the jurisdiction of all courts except the Supreme Court.

Hearing of the disputes will be under the proposal, taken up by Labour Appellate Tribunals to be revived for the purpose.

Alternatively, the proposal envisages the creation of separate appellate benches in High Courts and the Supreme Court for dealing with appeals arising out of the decisions and orders given under different labour laws.

Labour Appellate Tribunals were initially constituted in 1950 and later abolished by the Industrial Disputes Amendment Act mainly for the reason that these were taking an unduly long time after these had given their decisions the parties could go in appeal to the High Court. The new proposal will take note of this experience and obviate its repetition.

The date and composition of the Tripartite Labour Conference has not yet been determined.

Information on this proposal was given to the Parliamentary Consultative Committee for the Ministry here on February 12.

The Union Labour Minister, Shri Bhagwat Jha Azad emphasised the need for industrial peace in the year of productivity and reiterated that the Essential Services Maintenance Act was meant to be used against anti-social elements and not working class.

According to him, the Government was always willing to discuss problems with trade union organisations in search of solutions.

The Minister also assured that the government was fully responsive to the needs and aspiration of labour. He pointed out that no scheme for raising productivity could succeed unless there was harmonious industrial relations and the willing co-operation of labour.

(Indian worker, dated 22nd February 1982)

Articles, Reports, Enquires, etc.

CONCEPT OF 'WAGE' UNDER DIFFERENT LABOUR LAWS

BY

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The wage that a labourer receives has perhaps a greater significance for him than any other feature of the structure of the industry. The wage, largely determines the standard of living of the wage earner. No wonder, therefore, that he seeks every opportunity to get an increase in it. For the employer the wage is a matter of equal concern. The wage payment represents for him an important item of cost of production. The wage bill is always of a significant magnitude for him.

As a consequence, wages represent the chief point around which industrial disputes are centered. The determination of the size of the wage and the method by which it be paid, thus, constitutes the most important problem relating to industrial labour.

The term 'wage' has been defined in various labour laws and in each definition there has been different concept of wage with a view of concurrence with that particular scheme of the Act. Since 1923, when wage was first defined under Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, we have wages defined under the following important protective and employment labour laws, social security laws and laws relating to industrial relations such as the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Factories Act, 1948, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948, the Plantation Labour Act, 1951, the Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976.

The definitions of wage, comprising different components under different Acts, are intended to govern the rights of the workers and employers. The purpose of those definitions, however, cannot be accepted for ascertaining the meaning of different sections of different Acts.

The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.

The definition of wage is inclusive and also exclusive but not exhaustive. Wage is primarily a question of contract between employer and workmen. It includes any privilege or benefit which is capable of being estimated in money.

It excludes :—

- (i) Travelling allowances or value of any travelling concession.
- (ii) Contribution paid by the employer towards the workmen's pension fund or provident fund.

(iii) Sum paid to the workman to cover any special expenses entailed on him by the nature of his employment. Compensation is to be awarded under this Act to the injured employee on the basis of his wage, as the term has to be interpreted in the light of the definition given in the Act and not in the light of the definition of the Payment of Wages Act, 1936.¹

While determining the compensation payable to a workman under section 5(a) of the Act, the term 'wage' is to be interpreted as including not only the actual salary payable to the workman but also any other benefit that can be computed in terms of money such as dearness allowance or any other allowance but excluding contributions paid towards pension or provident fund. The compensation has to be determined on the basis of monthly wages payable to an employee and not on actual payment made. It is immaterial what the employees, might claim. The commissioner or the court has to grant compensation at the amount permissible under law.²

The privileges or benefits that can be calculated under wages are:—

1. Free accommodation : Free accommodation is a benefit within the meaning of privileges and benefit under the definition of wages.³
2. Maternity benefit : The maternity payable to work-woman delivering a child is under the ambit of definition of wages.⁴
3. Bonus : The receiving of bonus being a privilege or benefit enjoyed by a workman capable of being expressed in terms of money is covered by the definition of wage.⁵

Where under profit sharing scheme of the company bonus was declared on that date subsequent to the date of accident resulting in injury, the contention that bonus did not become due until it was declared and was, therefore, not part of 'total wage' was not accepted by the court. On the contrary, it was held that the workman having earned the bonus under the scheme on the date of accident, it formed part of his wages and must be taken into account in assessing the compensation payable under the Act.⁶

Leave carried forward to next year as annual leave with wages under the Factories Act, 1948 which provides that if a worker has completed a year's service, he can in the subsequent year, go on leave without any deduction from, the total amount of his wages to which he would be entitled next year in course of second year. But it cannot be said that after becoming entitled to leave with wages it is open to the worker either to take leave during the next year or to get the wages for the period of leave added to his total yearly income. Annual leave with wages no doubt is a privilege but this privilege only means that there should be an accretion or addition to the wages of the next year. Thus, in calculating compensation, the commissioner is not justified in adding the wages for the period of leave to which the worker was entitled after working for one year.⁷

*The author is grateful to Shri R. S. Murthy, Advocate, Ranchi, for his suggestions.

The condition would but be different wherein the worker is entitled either under the custom or terms of contract either to avail leave or to get wages for the period of leave added to his yearly income. It would then fall within the term 'Privilege or benefit' capable of being estimated as money.

The Payment of Wages Act, 1936 :—

The definition of wage is exclusive and also inclusive. It is defined as all remuneration expressed in terms of money or capable of being so expressed, which would, if the terms of employment, express or implied, were fulfilled, be payable to a person employed in respect of his employment. The expression term of employment express or implied, applies not only to contracts which are express in fact, but also include any liability arising out of application of law.

Contracts may either be express or implied, and of the latter there are two broad division. The term 'implied contract' in English law is applied not only to contracts, which are inferred from the conduct or presumed intentions of the parties but also to obligation imposed by application of law quite apart from and without regard to the probable intention of the parties and sometimes even in opposition to their expressed or implied intentions.⁸

The phrase, if the terms of employment express or implied, also means that there must be subsisting contract of employment, and there should exist a relationship of master and servant, and there should be mutual rights and obligations of the parties to the in contract existing.

There is a clearly demarcated 'included' and 'not included' component specified in the definition and it is an exhaustive one and not other meaning can be assigned to the term 'wage' other than that in definition. Also specified is that all wages should be paid in current money.

The following component is included in definition

- (i) Any remuneration payable under any award on settlement between the parties or order of court.
- (ii) Remuneration to which the employee is entitled in respect of
 - (a) Overtime work.
 - (b) Holidays.
 - (c) Any leave period.
- (iii) Any additional remuneration payable, under the terms of employment. Thus, bonus, if under contract of employment is paid, it is apart of wages.
- (iv) Any sum by reason of termination of employment of the person employed is payable under any law, contract or instrument which provides for payment of such sum without time limit.
- (v) Specification thus compensation paid for retrenchment of service under Industrial Disputes Act. 1947 falls within the ambit of wage.¹⁰
- (vi) Increment payable, under a contract between employer and worker is wages.¹¹

(vii) House rent allowance is wage, if it is granted under rules framed by the parties to contract. But as soon as the concerned employee is offered quarters for his accommodation he ceases to be entitled to house rent allowance whether he occupies the quarter or not.¹²

The following components are not included in the definition of 'wage'.

1. Any bonus which is not under contract of services, or award or settlement between the parties or order court.

2. Value of

- (a) House accommodation.
- (b) Supply of light,
- (c) Water supply.
- (d) Medical attendance.
- (e) Other amenity.
- (f) Any service excluded from computation by order of State Government.
- (g) Travelling allowance.

Value of house accommodation is different from house rent allowance. House rent allowance is given to employee in lieu of the absence of provision of house accommodation is the amount which employee has to pay for occupying accommodation of quarters provided by his employer.

3. Contribution paid by employer towards employees :—

- (a) Pension fund.
- (b) Provident fund.

4. Sum paid to employee to defray special expenses entailed on him by nature of his employment.

5. Gratuity payable on termination of service.

6. Compensation for wrongful dismissal is not wages as it is not any damage or compensation to which a servant would be entitled on wrongful dismissal of service.¹³

7. Maternity benefit is not wages. Under Maternity Benefit Act, benefit is payable for (a) the actual days of absence during six weeks immediately preceding the confinement, and six weeks immediately following confinement. The employer is prohibited from employing her in the second period and in the first period she can go on leave after giving notice or not. The employer is bound to pay benefits and she can claim amount even if she remains absent without the permission of employer. Thus, amount is payable to her even if she does not fulfil her terms of employment. Therefore, it cannot be said to be wages as per its definition.¹⁴

8. The compensation awarded by the Industrial Tribunal for involuntary unemployment (when standing orders of a concern did not provide for any

compensation for such period) could not be considered as wage as 'it is not in respect of employment or work done in employment' as laid down in definition.¹⁵

The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 :

The Definition of 'Wages' is in three parts. In the first part of it, wages have been defined as all remuneration which would be payable to the workmen if the terms of contract of employment express or implied were fulfilled.

In the second part of definition the components included in wages are defined they are:—

(i) Allowances including dearness allowances which the employee is entitled to;

(ii) Value of:—

- (a) House accommodation.
- (b) Supply of light.
- (c) Supply of water.
- (d) Medical attendance.
- (e) Other amenity or any service.
- (f) Concessional supply of food grains or other articles.
- (g) Any travelling concession.

(iii) Commission payable to *Sardars* who supplied labour force for recruitment in collieries and in addition to it performed duty of supervision were workmen, and commission payable to them being expressed in term of money fall within definition of wage.¹⁶

In the third part those components which do not form part of wages is specified which have been explicitly excluded. There are:—

(i) Any bonus

(ii) Contribution paid by employer towards employees:—

- (a) Pension fund
- (b) Provident fund
- (c) Scheme for benefit of workmen under any law in force at the time.

This definition of wage has been given to assist in making provision for the investigation and settlement of industrial disputes.

Lay off compensation paid to workmen under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 is not 'Wages' as it is not given in respect of employment or work done in such employment.¹⁷

In respect of lay off, it is said that the contract of employment has not come to end because a certain obligation remains upon the employer and a certain right still in the employee, the obligation to reinstate and right to be reinstated. But it is not right to say that there was effective and subsisting contract of employment of master and servant at material date which is period of lay off. So the contract of employment does not exist.

The definition varies from the definition in the Payment of Wages Act, 1936 in the sense that it says about wages which is *capable* of being expressed in terms of money whereas in latter case it also says expressed in terms of money.

The Factories Act, 1948:

Wages during the period of annual leave in terms of average daily wages are calculated on the basis of a worker's total full time earnings for the days worked during the month immediately preceding his leave, exclusive of any O. T. and bonus but inclusive of D. A. and cash equivalent of concessional supply of food-grains and other article.

Under the Mines Act, 1952, the concept of wages is same as in the Factories Act, 1948. However, in the former any cash compensation is also included.

The Minimum Wage Act, 1948:—

The meaning assigned to the term 'Wages' in this Act is the same as assigned in the Payment of Wages Act, 1936 with the difference that in the latter Act the inclusive components were specifically mentioned while in the former only the components explicitly not included are specified. It includes dearness allowance.

The following is not included in wages:—

- (i) Value of:—
 - (a) House accommodation.
 - (b) Supply of light.
 - (c) Supply of water.
 - (d) Medical attendance.
 - (e) Any amenity or service excluded by order of State Government.
 - (f) Travelling concession.
 - (g) Travelling allowance.
- (ii) Contribution paid by employer towards employees.—
 - (a) Pension fund.
 - (b) Provident fund.
 - (c) Any other scheme of social insurance.
- (iii) Sum paid to employee to defray special expenses entailed on him by the nature of his employment.
- (iv) Any gratuity payable on discharge.

The definition differs from that of Payment of Wages Act, 1936 also. In fact in the former definition it is sufficient that remuneration need only be capable of being expressed in terms of money while in the latter it should be expressed in terms of money and paid in cash.

There is no mention of bonus in the definition.

It is not doubted that in laying down the minimum rates of wages as contemplated by the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the hardship caused to the individual employer or their inability to meet the burden has no relevance.

The fact that minimum wages have been fixed by legislation does not mean that in appropriate cases wages should not be fixed at rates higher than the minimum wages fixed by the notification of the appropriate government.

Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948:—

The definition of Wage is very broad and almost every item of remuneration has been included under the said definition.

The general concept is same as in Payment of Wages Act, 1936 as far as contract of employment is concerned, about its being expressed or implied which were to be fulfilled.

The remuneration is paid or payable in cash.

There has been for the first time definition of 'Wages' reference to lay-off and strike.

The following components form part of wage:—

- (i) Any payment made in respect of:—
 - (a) Authorised leave i.e. leave granted under any law, agreement, awards or standing orders.
 - (b) Legal lock-out.
 - (c) Legal strike.
 - (d) Legal lay-off.

The meaning of lock-out, strike and lay-off is assigned to it as given in the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

(ii) Any additional remuneration paid at the interval not exceeding two months. This has a very wide connotation as it would include dearness allowance, production bonus and even acting wages.

The following terms are excluded from wages:—

- (i) Any payment made by employer to employees.—
 - (a) Provident fund.
 - (b) Pension fund.
- (ii) Any sum paid for—
 - (a) Travelling allowance.
 - (b) Value of house accommodation.
 - (c) To defray special expenses entailed on him by the nature of employment.
 - (d) Gratuity payable on discharge.

The Plantation Labour Act, 1951:

Wages payable for annual leave in terms of average daily wages are to be completed on the basis of a worker's total full-time earning during the preceding twelve Calendar months exclusive of any overtime earnings or bonus, if any, but inclusive of dearness allowance.

A worker has also to be paid the cash value of food and other concessions, if any, in addition to his daily wages if such concessions are not confirmed during the leave period. So such cash value has not strictly been treated as wages.

The Employee's Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952:—

Here, instead of the term 'Wages' as has been defined in all earlier Acts, the terms "Basic-Wages" has been defined.

The use of the term "Basic Wages" certainly implies that a certain part of total wages is excluded for certain purposes.

It is explicitly mentioned that these wages are those which are earned on duty or on leave with wages in accordance with the terms of contract of employment.

It does not obliges to pay wages in cash as in the Payment of Wages Act, 1936 but simply says wages paid or payable in cash.

What the aforesaid definition will not include is wages in the term 'Basic Wages' are contained in three clauses. They are.—

- (i) Cash value of any food concession.
- (ii) Any dearness allowance.
- (iii) House rent allowance.
- (iv) Overtime allowance.
- (v) Bonus.
- (vi) Commission or such allowance.
- (vii) Any present made by employer

This clause of present by employer to be excluded from 'Basic Wage' is specified in the definition.

The expression 'emoluments which are earned by employee while on duty or leave with wages' implies that payment made in lieu of notice of termination of service does not represent emoluments earned while on duty and accordingly such payments were held outside the purview of term 'Basic Wage' as defined in the Act, as it is not payment earned for duty but payment by way of consideration for termination of contract of employment of a permanent employee without notice. It cannot in any sense be regarded as 'emoluments earned while on duty'.

In the Employees' Family Pension Scheme, 1971, components which did not form the part of 'Basic Wages' in, Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 has been added. The term defined is 'Pay' which is used only in this Act of various labour laws, and it includes besides Basic Wages.

- (i) Dearness allowance.
- (ii) Retaining allowance, if any, and
- (iii) Cash value of food concessions available, if any.

The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965—

The term defined under this act is 'Salary or Wage'. It implies that there is not difference between wage or salary.

It is specified as in other Acts that 'Salary or Wage' means all remuneration capable of being expressed in terms of money which would *if terms of employment express or implied* or were fulfilled, be payable.

It includes the following components—

- (i) Dearness allowance.
- (ii) Value of free food or food allowance given in lieu of part or whole the salary payable to the employee.

It excludes the following components—

- (i) Overtime allowance.
- (ii) Value of—
 - (a) House accommodation
 - (b) Supply of light
 - (c) Supply of water
 - (d) Medical attendance
 - (e) Any other amenity or service.
 - (f) Concessional supply of foodgrain except when given in lieu of part of full salary payable.
 - (g) Travelling allowance.
 - (h) Bonus.
- (iii) Contribution made by employer towards employees—
 - (a) Provident fund
 - (b) Pension fund.
- (iv) Any retrenchment compensation.
- (v) Gratuity and other retirement benefits.
- (vi) Any *ex-gratia* payment made.
- (vii) Any other allowance to which the employee is entitled for the time being.

Wages or compensation paid for strike period would not come within the ambit of definition of 'Salary or wages' as it cannot be deemed to be wages in respect of work done in employment.

During the period of lay-off the contract of service is suspended and relationship of master and servant does not exist. Thus it cannot come under definition of 'Salary or Wages' if compensation is paid for the period of lay-off as the contract of employment, *express or implied*, is not fulfilled.

Doubts regarding salary earners and wage have been dispelled by using 'Wage or Salary' words as *synonyms* in the definition in the Act.

The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 :

The initial statement of definition of wages is similar to the one given in Employees' Provident Funds (And Family Pension Funds) Acts, 1952, as it states that it means all emoluments earned by employee while on leave or duty in accordance with terms and conditions of employment.

These are paid or payable in cash.

It does not differ from Employees' Provident Funds (And Family Pension Funds) Act, 1952 in regard to definition of wages. The Payment of Gratuity Act also excludes the following components from 'wages' for calculation of gratuity.

- (i) Bonus ;
- (ii) Commission ;
- (iii) House rent allowance ;
- (iv) Overtime wages ;
- (v) Any other allowance.

The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 :

It is interesting to note that the word 'Remuneration' has been extensively and widely used to explain the term 'Wages' since the enactment of Payment of Wages Act, 1936, and it has been interpreted mostly in its dictionary meaning. And it is now that the Government has defined remuneration in the Equal Remuneration Act.

The definition says that remuneration means basic wage or salary and any additional emolument whatsoever payable, either in cash or kind, to a person employed in respect of employment or work done in such employment. If the terms of contract, express or implies were fulfilled.

The definition implies that there is no difference between basic wage and salary and that remuneration includes something more than basic wage or salary.

There has been some amount of difficulty as regards the differences between terms 'remuneration' 'Salary and Wages'. Are they the same thing or is there some difference in them ?

Although the term remuneration is used widely it could be taken to include all payments for services rendered while term 'wages' is ordinarily used to indicate that portion of remuneration of the employee which is paid to him periodically on the basis of a particular rate of payment fixed according to a definite period of time and for piece rated workers, according to the number of pieces produced in the given time.

In Stroud's Judicial Dictionary, Vol. III, Page 2205, the word 'Wage' is defined in the following manner, Though the word might be said to include payment for any services in general, word 'Salary' is used to payment for services for a higher class and 'wages' is confined to the earning of labourers and artisans.

If an employee is receiving wages the question of its differentiation with salary has to be determined with regard to the period for which amount is settled to be paid. The opinion is definite that if remuneration is paid daily or weekly, it has to be called wages. But where it is monthly remuneration paid on the last day of the month or after that date and, where the remuneration, considering the general standard of payment is fairly high then it has to be understood as salary.

It is evident that the concept of 'wages' in different labour enactment is in consonance with the specific objectives and purposes of that enactment. Where doubts have arisen or the question of interpretation arose, the judiciary has spelled out the intentions of the framers of the law and introduced a lot of judge-made law, which in our country is a part of industrial jurisprudence now. The concept of 'wages' has also become dynamic, which is manifest from the fact that the Equal Remuneration Act uses the expression 'Remuneration' by giving it a wider berth instead of using the expression "wages". Similarly, since executives/managerial personnel are also covered to some extent under the Payment of Bonus Act, that enactment uses the expression "Salary or Wage". Even the collective bargaining agreements in some industries and specially the bipartite agreements finalised in many public sector industries have added new elements to "Wages" as for instance the Special Dearness Allowance in the National Coal Wage Agreement II, which is in fact the computed fringe benefit on "attendance bonus" at a given percentage. Thus as we march and make progress in the industrial relations and collective bargaining area, the concept of "wages" and its elements/constituents is bound to undergo a drastic change. The future labour enactments may, therefore, take note of these changes.

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EMERGING INDUSTRIAL RELATION SCENE IN MAHARASHTRA

BY

SYED WAHED ALI

Dy. Commissioner of Labour (IR) Bombay

In the decade of 1970 the Country has witnessed tremendous industrial development and rapid growth of Trade Union movement. This has necessarily influenced the pattern of industrial relations in the said decade. The tendencies which in general set the pattern of industrial relations in the said decade were :—

(a) “over consciousness” of “rights” and lesser realisation of “social obligations” by both the Industry and Labour ;

(b) “Commercialisation” of arts, professions and disciplines and devaluation of virtues and graces ;

(c) Increasing use of “coercive power” and frequent recourse to “rule of thumb” and “strong-arm” methods.

In the said decade both labour and the management were very much conscious about their rights and both neglected to realise their duties and obligations towards the society. Both lacked the feelings of National Solidarity and self interest dominated in their dealings with each other. Both adopted commercial approach and the moral values and virtues of life like honesty, integrity justice and truth lost their importance. Loyalty, Trust and Confidence yielded place to mutual distrust, suspicion and hatred. Respect of oldage sense of responsibility, politeness, sincerity and courtesy had become virtues of the past. Purely materialistic approach in industrial relations resulted into increasing use of coercive power and strong arm methods. Each felt that it is the use of coercive force which yields quick results. This type of approach towards industrial relations was the main cause of increased number of industrial strifes and work stoppages during the said decade. With this legacy of 1970's we have entered the decade of 1980's and the industrial relation scene in the country during the first year and the 5 months of the 2nd year of the current decade is not much different than what it was in the 1970's. Maharashtra is not an exception to the above general pattern.

As every one of us is fully aware, Maharashtra is one of the highly industrialised State in the Country. About 11 per cent of the total registered factories in the country are located in Maharashtra, and nearly 17 per cent of the total No. of workers employed in registered factories are employed in the State. The workers in the State are also well organised. There are about 3,254 registered trade unions in the State with a total membership of about 19 lakhs workers which also includes the membership of the unions in agriculture, shops and commercial establishments and other service industries. Most of these Trade Unions are also affiliated to all shades of central organisations of workers. Because of these special features, the industrial relations activities in the State of Maharashtra are bound to be more hectic than in any other

less industrially developed State in the Country. A study of the work stoppages situation in the last 4 years would however indicate that though the industrial relations pattern in Maharashtra was not much different than what it was in the rest of the country, it was not so alarming as it is generally sought to be projected:—

Year	No. of cases reported during the year.	No. of workers involved	Average per month (of cases)	Average per month (of workers involved)
			% to total No. of reg. factories	% of factory employment
1	2	3	4	5
1978	630	1,65,900	53 0.38%	13,825 1.28%
1979	619	1,81,898	52 0.40%	15,158 1.38%
1980	663	2,05,529	55 0.34%	17,127 1.51%
1981	636	2,02,178	53 0.30%	16,848 1.43%
1982 (upto 31st March 1982.)	336	2,67,360	67 0.35%	53,472 4.54

From the above figures it would be seen that during the four years from 1978 to 1981 on an average 52 to 55 work stoppages have been reported each month affecting on an average 13 thousand to 17 thousand workers every month. In relation to the total no. of registered factories in the State, the percentage of factories affected each month during the last 4 years was less than 1/2 per cent. Likewise, in relation to the total employment in all the registered factories in the State, the percentage of the no. of workmen involved each month was not more than 1 1/2 per cent. The position in the first five months of the year 1982 is however a little different and this is mainly because of the strike in the 60 Cotton Textile Mills in Bombay. The above facts and figures clearly indicate that in an industrially advanced State like Maharashtra where both the employers and workers are well organised, the industrial relations situation has always been kept within reasonable limits. This does not however mean that there is no scope for further improvement. The present Government is quite aware of its responsibilities and taking all necessary steps to contain labour unrest within reasonable bounds. With a view to

restoring confidence of working class in the legal machinery, Government is taking steps to curtail delays in the disposal of court cases, on the basis of the recommendations made by the Kantharia Committee. Government is also keen to see that all the labour laws are properly enforced and to achieve the said object it is also taking steps to strengthen the existing enforcement machinery. All these steps are being taken by Government to ensure better industrial relations which are essential for obtaining maximum production necessary for economic development. However as is well known, industrial relations are basically human relations. Government has no doubt an important role to play in maintaining good industrial relation, but basically it is the labour and the management who are directly concerned with it. Government can only provide guidelines and it is the employers and the workmen who have much bigger role to play in developing healthy relations. As mentioned earlier the tendency to adopt strong arm methods and to take recourse to coercive force for getting the disputes resolved is still on the increase. This is a challenge to all right thinking people. All efforts must therefore be directed by all those who are concerned with industrial relations to effectively curb such destructive tendencies. It is high time now for the employers to realise that workers are one of the most important factors of production and that maintenance of healthy and cordial relations is not an easy task nor does it happen by accident. It is a continuous process and demands constant vigilance. The old concept that man by nature is lazy and demands more wages for less efforts has given place to the new concept that workers performance depends on his ability to adjust with the work assigned to him, with his co-workers and with the surroundings where he works. What boosts his morale and increases his productivity is the need for recognition of his personality, security of Job and creation of sense of belonging to the organisation. Thus the "man" in the "workman" needs to be taken proper care of. He is to be given a fair and just treatment. The conventional methods of management to put more emphasis on rule of thumb has lost its relevance in the modern philosophy of management. The employers and the business executives must realise that power means co-active power and not coercive power. Co-active power means "jointly developed ability to achieve the desired effect". Such power develops with knowledge and experience and it grows stale when knowledge and experience diminishes. The management personnel are leaders of present day society. They must be persons who can energise groups with their knowledge and experience and who can educate and train their subordinates and should not be persons who can get their work done by coercion and force. Similarly workmen must also realise the importance of 'labour' in national economy. They must also understand that they have certain obligations towards society and nation. 'Labour' is a perishable commodity. Man-hours once lost can never be regained. Work is not an hazard. It is an essential part of mans' life. It is a work which gives the man a status and bounds him to Society. It is thus by realisation of each others rights and obligations and by re-establishing the moral values and by discarding commercial approach, one can expect to built better industrial relation in the current decade. This is a challenge and we must be prepared to face this courageously.

Labour Legislation

THE BEEDI WORKERS WELFARE CESS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1981

No. 47 of 1981

(Dated 15th December 1981.)

An Act to amend the Beedi Workers Welfare Cess Act, 1976.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Thirty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows :—

1. *Short title and commencement.* (1) This Act may be called the Beedi Workers Welfare Cess (Amendment) Act, 1981.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint.

2. *Amendment of long title.*—In the Beedi Workers Welfare Cess Act, 1976 (56 of 1976) (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in the long title, for the words "tobacco issued for the manufacture of beedi" the words "manufactured beedis" shall be substituted.

3. *Amendment of section 2.*—In section 2 of the principal Act, after clause (b), the following clause shall be *inserted*, namely :—

"(c) words and expressions used but not defined in this Act and defined in the Central Excise and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in that Act

4. *Substitution of new section for section 3.*—For section 3 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"3 *Levy and collection of cess on manufactured beedi.* (1) With effect from such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint there shall be levied and collected by way of cess for the purposes of the Beedi Workers Welfare Fund Act, 1976 (62 of 1976), a duty of excise on manufactured beedis at such rate which shall not be less than ten paise or more than fifty paise per thousand manufactured beedis, as the Central Government may, from time to time, fix by notification in the *Official Gazette*.

(2) The duty of excise levied under sub-section (1) shall be in addition to any cess or duty leviable on manufactured beedis (whether spelt as such or as beedis or in any other manner) under any law for the time being in force".

5. *Insertion of new section 3A.*—After section 3 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

"3A. *Application of Act 1 of 1944 to cess.*—The provisions of the Central Excise and Salt Act, 1944 or the rules thereunder, including those relating to

refunds and exemption from duty, as in force from time to time, so far as may be, apply in relation to the levy, collection and refund of, or exemption from, cess under this Act, as they apply in relation to the levy, collection and refund of, or exemption from, duties of excise in respect of manufactured beedis under that Act,".

6. *Amendment of section 7.*—In section 7 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), clause (a) shall be omitted.

(Published in *M. G. G.*, Part VI at 14th January 1982, Pages 4 & 5)

Gist of Important Notifications Under Labour Laws

I. BOMBAY RELIEF UNDERTAKINGS (SPECIAL PROVISIONS) ACT, 1958

Declaration of relief undertaking under the Act.—(a) In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 3 and 4 of the Act, the Government of Maharashtra has declared that the industrial undertakings called the Rajan (Textile) Mills Pvt. Ltd., Barahi (District Sholapur) to be relief undertaking shall for a further period of two months commencing on the first day of December 1981 and ending on 30th day of January 1982 (both days inclusive), to be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief, subject to fulfilling the conditions specified in the notification.

(Notification No. BRU-1081(7986)/IND-10, dated 30th November 1981, published in *M. G. G.*, Part I-L, dated 7th January 1982, p. 106).

(b) The Government of Maharashtra, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 3 and 4 of the Act declared that the industrial undertaking called the Bradbury Mills Ltd., Bombay to be relief undertaking shall for a further period of two months commencing on the 8th day of December 1981 and ending on the 7th day of February 1982 (both days inclusive) to be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief, subject to the conditions specified in the Notification.

(Notification No. BRU-1181/129845(8025)/IND-10, dated 7th December 1981, published in *M. G. G.*, Part I-L, dated 7th January 1982, p. 110).

(c) Government of Maharashtra in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 3 and 4 of the Act has declared the industrial undertaking called the W. G. Forge and Allied Industries Ltd., Bombay having its units at Thane and Kudal to be relief undertaking, shall for further period of one year commencing on 28th day of December 1981 and ending on 27th day of December 1982 (both days inclusive) to be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief subject to the conditions specified in the Notification.

(Notification No. BRU-1081/(8048)/IND-10, dated 23rd December 1981, published in *M. G. G.*, Part I-L, dated 28th January 1982, p. 446).

(d) Government of Maharashtra in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 3 and 4 of the said Act, declared the industrial undertaking called Messrs. Kulkarni Foundries Limited, Pune, shall further period of one year commencing on the 29th day of December 1981 and ending on the 28th day of December 1982 (both days inclusive) to be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief subject to the conditions specified in the Notifications.

(Notification No. BRU-1081/(8041)/IND-10, dated 28th December 1981, published in *M. G. G.*, Part I-L, dated 28th January 1982, p. 448).

II. BOMBAY INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS ACT, 1948.

Application of the Act to the Sugar Industry in Vidarbha region.—(a) The Government of Maharashtra in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 2 of the Act, shall, with effect from 1st January 1982 directed that all the provisions of the said Act apply to the following industry in all the local areas in the Vidarbha region of the State of Maharashtra which are declared under clause (23) of section 3 of the said Act to be local areas by the Government of Maharashtra in part I of the Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BIR-1065-(III)-LAB-1, dated the 2nd May 1965, namely —

The manufacture of sugar and its by-products including,—

(i) the growing of sugarcane on farms belonging to or attached to establishments engaged in the said manufacture or on farms, which immediately before the date on which the land comprised in such farms are taken possession of and vest in the State Government under section 21 of the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) Act, 1961 (Mah. XXVII of 1961), belonged to or were attached to such establishments, and which from the date are run or managed by a Corporation (including a company) owned or controlled by the State Government under that Act ;

(ii) all agricultural and industrial operations connected with the said manufacture or with the growing of sugarcane on the said farms ; and

(iii) all distilleries and breweries which are run by establishments engaged in the manufacture of sugar and its by-products, and forming an integral part of such establishment.

*Explanation.—*All services of employments connected with the conduct of the sugar industry shall be deemed to be a part of the industry, which engaged in or by an employer engaged in that industry.

(Notification No. BIR-1878/2976/Lab.-9, dated 3rd December 1981, published in *M. G. G.*, Part I-L, dated 7th January 1982, p. 109).

III. FACTORIES ACT, 1948.

Government of Maharashtra in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (i) of section 66 of the Act, in respect of the Ginning and Pressing Factories in the State of Maharashtra varies the limit laid down in clause (b) of the said sub-section (i), so that no women shall be employed in any factory except between the hours in any factory of 5-00 a.m. and 10-00 p.m. during the period from 1st July, 1981 to 30th June 1982.

(Notification No. FAC-1681/8229/Lab.4, dated 2nd November 1981, published in *M. G. G.*, Part I-L, dated 28th January 1982, p. 399).

IV. INDIAN BOILER ACT, 1923.

Exemption of boilers under the Act.—(a) Government of Maharashtra in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 34 of the Act has exempted the boiler bearing Nos. MR-9906 and MR-9907 belonging to the Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilisers Ltd., Chembur, Bombay 400 074 from the operation of clause (c) of section 6 of the said Act, for the period of six months i.e. from 13th November 1981 to 12th May 1982 (both days inclusive.).

(Notification No. IBA-1081/CR-6052/Lab.-5, dated 7th November 1981, published in *M. G. G.*, Part I-L, dated 28th January 1982, p. 399).

V. INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT, 1947.

The Government of Maharashtra in exercise of the powers conferred by section 38 of the Act, and all other powers enabling it in that behalf is hereby Published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section 38 for the information of all the persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration after the expiry of one month from the date of publication of this notification.

Draft Rules

1. These rules may be called the Industrial Disputes (Bombay) (Amendment) Rules, 1982.
2. In the Industrial Disputes (Bombay) Rules, 1957 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal rules"), for rule 82B the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" 82B. *Application for permission for closure.—*(1) Application under sub-section (1) of section 25-0 regarding intended closure of an undertaking shall be in English and shall be submitted in Form XXIV-C, in triplicate, to the State Government either personally or by Registered Post Acknowledgement Due.

(2) A copy of the application, alongwith its version in the regional language and in the language understood by the majority of the workmen employed in the undertaking proposed to be closed down, shall be displayed conspicuously on the Notice Board at the main entrance or entrances, in the Time-Keepers' Office and in the Manager's Office of the undertaking and it shall not be removed from the Notice Board before the expiry of minimum fifteen days.

(3) A copy of the application shall simultaneously be served either personally or by Registered Post Acknowledgement Due on the President or the Secretary or Secretaries of the Trade Union or Unions of workmen employed in the undertaking, wherever such union exists or unions exist.

(4) The employer concerned shall furnish to the State Government within a reasonable time such further information as the State Government may consider necessary and call for, for arriving at a decision on the application within a period of sixty days, as required by sub-section (3) of section 25-0. "

3. In Form XXIV-B appended to the principal rules —

(a) for the words and figures " Industries and Labour Department, Sachivalaya, Bombay 400 032 ", the following shall be substituted, namely :—

Industries, Energy and Labour Department, Mantralaya, Bombay 400 032. "

(b) after the existing endorsement No. 3 appearing at the end, the following endorsements shall be added, namely :—

" 4. The Industries Commissioner, Mantralaya, Bombay.

5. The Joint Director of Industries, Nagpur/Aurangabad/Konkan, Bombay/Pune Nashik, Pune (as may be applicable)."

4. In Form XXIV-C appended to the principal rules —

(a) in the title, for the words " notice for permission of closure to be given ", the words " application for permission of closure to be made " shall be substituted.

(b) for the word " Sachivalaya " the word " Mantralaya " shall be substituted ;

(c) in paragraph 4, for the word, brackets and figures " sub-section (7) " the word, brackets and figure " sub-section (9) " shall be substituted ;

(d) after the Annexure, the following endorsements shall be added at the end, namely —

Copy to :—

(1) The Commissioner of Labour, Maharashtra, Bombay,

(2) The Additional Commissioner of Labour, Pune/The Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Nagpur, The Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Aurangabad (as may be applicable).

(3) The Industries Commissioner, Maharashtra, Bombay.

(4) The Joint Director of Industries, Nagpur/Aurangabad/Konkan, Bombay/Pune-Nashik, Pune (as may be applicable)."

5. Form XXIV-D appended to the principal rules shall be deleted.

(Notification No. IDA-1081/5931/Lab.9, dated 28th December 1981, published in *M. G.G.*, Part I-L, dated 20th January 1982, p. 450-451).

VI. MINIMUM WAGES ACT, 1948.

Government of Maharashtra in exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Act has intended to give notice to add to part I of the Schedule to the said Act, with effect from the 15th March 1982, the following employment and fixed minimum rates of wages under the said Act, viz —

" Employment in manufacture of eatable tobacco (not being an employment falling under entry 3 in Part I of the Schedule) "

(Notification No. MWA-1581/3050/Lab-7, dated 10th December 1981, published in *M. G. G.*, Part I-L, dated 28th January 1982, p. 445).

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for January 1982

BOMBAY*

468—A fall of 1 point

In January 1982, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for the Bombay Centre with base January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 468 being 1 point lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at the Bombay Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 2 points to 516 due to a fall in the average prices of dry chillies, onion, vegetables and fruits.

The index number for the pan, supari tobacco etc. group increased by 7 points to 484 due to a rise in the average prices of pan leaf, supari and katha.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 11 points to 569 due to a rise in the average prices of fire wood, electricity charges and charcoal.

Six monthly house rent survey ending December 1981 was conducted by the N. S. S. O. and index was compiled by Labour Commissioner's Office on the basis of the data. The house rent index remained steady at 159.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group remained steady at 472.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 1 points to 369 due to a rise in the average prices of hair oil, tooth powder and ex. book.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES) FOR BOMBAY CITY

(Average price for the calendar year 1960=100)

Group	Weight proportional to the total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		December 1981	January 1982
I-A. Food	57.1	518	516
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	4.9	477	484
II. Fuel and Light	5.0	558	569
III. Housing	4.6	159	159
IV. Clothing Bedding and Foot-wear.	9.4	472	472
V. Miscellaneous	19.0	368	369
Total	100.0	469	468
<i>Consumer Price Index Number</i>	....	....	....

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 598 to 605 of December 1965 issue of *Labour Gazette*, For Errata (see) page 867 of January 1966 issue.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base 1933-34=100, the general index number on base 1960=100 should be multiplied by the linking factor viz., 4.44.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES) FOR BOMBAY CENTRE

782

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
I.A. Food—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg	59.23	0.70	2.29	2.32	327	331
(2) Wheat ..	"	25.05	0.41	1.74	1.74	424	424
(3) Jowar ..	"	9.42	0.53	2.57	2.60	485	491
(4) Bajra ..	"	3.22	0.55	2.43	2.41	442	438
(5) Bread ..	125 gms.	0.92	0.12	0.54	0.54	450	450
(6) Grinding charges	3 kg.	2.16	0.09	0.79	0.80	878	889
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(a)						383	386
(b) Pulses and pulse products							
(1) Arhar Dal	Kg.	63.78	0.78	5.66	5.79	726	742
(2) Gram Dal	"	12.99	0.60	5.30	5.14	883	857
(3) Moong Dal	"	12.21	0.90	5.80	5.77	644	641
(4) Masur Dal	"	7.87	0.78	5.47	5.38	701	690
(5) Urid Dal	"	3.15	0.88	5.10	5.06	580	575
Total		100.00					
Sub-group index I-A(b)						730	735

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(c) Oils and Fats							
(1) Palm Oil*	kg.	8.25	8.25	*	*
(2) Coconut Oil	500 ml.	9.55	1.36	8.35	8.29		
(3) Groundnut Oil	"	71.05	1.00	6.61	6.84	519	529
(4) Vanaspati (loose)	500 g.	19.40	1.75	8.34	8.33	477	476
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(c)						511	519
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat's Meat	500 g.	52.54	1.48	10.29	10.25	695	693
(2) Fish fresh—							
(f) Bumbrows	Dozen	38.41	0.44	3.27	3.65	786	841
(u) Pamfret	Each	...	1.23	10.20	10.65	776	780
(3) Fish dry Bombil†	Dozen	3.97	0.25	1.94	1.95	404	377
(4) Eggs	"	5.08	1.93	7.80	7.27		
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(d)						719	740
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk—							
(i) Pure	kg.	86.87	1.15	5.68	5.73	490	492
(u) Aarey	"	...	1.03	5.00	5.00		
(2) Curd	kg.	1.31	1.57	8.31	8.31	529	529
(3) Ghee	"	11.82	7.50	40.21	40.28	536	537
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(e)						496	498

*Quantities of coconut oil and Palm Oil have been taken into consideration with due weight while working out the price relative of oils (Excluding Vanaspati)

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—contd.

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Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt	kg.	5.40	0.13	0.57	0.56	438	431
(2) Turmeric	500 g.	5.40	0.72	3.93	3.93	546	546
(3) Chillies (dry)	"	28.42	1.35	7.61	7.56	564	560
(4) Chillies (green)	"	6.83	0.41	1.74	1.79	424	437
(5) Onion	"	19.42	0.15	1.32	0.87	880	580
(6) Garlic	"	4.67	0.60	3.18	3.66	530	610
(7) Coconut	100 g.	12.95	0.33	2.24	2.24	679	679
Other Spices—							
(8) Pepper	400 g.	16.91	3.69	12.15	12.32	546	603
(9) Jeera	"		1.80	9.81	12.46		
(10) Lavang	10 g.		0.31	2.37	2.43		
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(f)						618	573
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
(1) Potatoes	1/2 kg.	22.36	0.25	..	0.86	..	344
(2) Muli	Judi	2.21	0.06	..	0.35	..	583
(3) Brinjals	1/2 kg.	9.34	0.26	..	1.09	..	419
(4) Cauliflower	"	4.91	0.35	..	1.57	..	449
(5) Cabbage	"	6.88	0.26	..	1.04	..	400
(6) Tomato Ripe	"	11.06	0.38	..	1.46	..	398
(7) Tomato Raw	"	..	0.25	..	1.03
(8) Pumpkin red	"	2.46	0.20	..	0.87	..	435

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(9) Palak	Judi	1.47	0.06	..	0.34	..	567
(10) Methi	..	3.44	0.06	..	0.37	..	617
(11) Tondli	1/2 kg.	8.35	0.26	..	1.41	..	542
(12) Alu Leaves	Judi	5.41	0.06	..	0.25	..	417
(13) Banana	Doz.	15.97	0.48	..	2.35	..	400
(14) Orange	"	3.93	2.10	..	5.72	..	272
(15) Lemon	"	2.21	0.48	..	2.60	..	542
Total		100.00					
Index Number Sub-Group (g)						512	431
(h) Other Food							
(1) Sugar (Crystal)	500 g.	29.57	0.60	2.42	2.60	403	433
(2) Tea Leaf	50 g.	12.52	0.39	1.23	1.23	315	315
(3) Snacks (Bhajiya)	Plate of 8 pieces	15.01	0.11	0.91	0.92	827	836
(4) Snacks (Jalebi)	kg.	7.11	1.90	13.96	13.92	735	733
(5) Tea Readymade	Cup	34.55	0.07	0.47	0.48	671	686
(6) Cold Drink	Bottle of 340 ml.	1.34	0.12	1.76	1.77	1467	1475
Total		100.00					
Sub-Group Index I-A(H)						585	600
I-A. Food Group							
(a) Cereals and Cereals Products	..	35.29	..	..	..	383	386
(b) pulses and Products	..	4.79	..	..	..	730	735
(c) Oils and Fats	..	5.78	..	..	..	511	519
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs	..	10.62	..	..	..	719	740
(e) Milk and Milk Products	..	9.53	..	..	..	496	498
(f) Condiments and Spices	..	6.76	..	..	..	618	573
(g) Vegetables and Fruits	..	8.24	..	..	..	512	431
(h) Other Food	..	18.99	585	600
Total		100.00					
Index Number for food Group I-A						518	516

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS (NEW SERIES) FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-B, Pan, Supari, Tobacco etc.							
(1) Pan (leaf) ..	100 leaves ..	18.55	0.52	2.54	2.72	488	523
(2) Pan (finished) ..	Each ..	9.89	0.04	0.30	0.30	750	750
(3) Supari ..	500 g. ..	19.44	3.42	13.68	13.70	400	401
(4) Katha ..	" ..	3.53	4.76	43.65	45.52	917	956
(5) Bidli ..	Katta of 25 ..	28.80	0.16	0.70	0.70	438	438
(6) Cigarette ..	Pkt. of 10 ..	6.54	0.14	1.01	1.00	721	714
(7) Chewing Tobacco ..	kg. ..	13.25	4.16	9.00	9.00	216	216
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-Group I-B-Index—						477	484
II. Fuel and Lighting							
(1) Firewood ..	40 kg. ..	11.51	3.39	24.00	26.60	708	785
(2) Kerosene Oil ..	Litre ..	42.64	0.28	1.66	1.66	593	593
(3) Electricity Charges ..	Unit ..	9.81	0.22	0.56	0.59	255	268
(4) Charcoal ..	40 kg. ..	28.30	7.36	42.08	42.23	572	574
(5) Match box ..	Each (50 sticks) ..	7.74	0.05	0.24	0.24	480	480
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-Group II-Index—						558	569
III Housing—							
(I) Residential House		100.00	..	..	..	159	159
Total		100.00					
Group III. Index						159	159
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear—							
(1) Dhoti Bleached ..	Pair ..	10.72	9.97	54.94	54.97	551	551
(2) Dhoti Unbleached ..	" ..		8.89				
(3) Saree Ichalkarnaji ..	Yard ..	28.14	11.74	41.23	41.22	393	394
(4) Saree Malegaon ..	" ..		10.72	46.62	46.84		
(5) Shirting Shorrock ..	M ..	24.87	1.68	7.76	7.64	453	450
(6) Shirting Mafatlal ..	" ..		1.65	7.33	7.34		
(7) Longcloth ..	" ..					554	555
(8) Trouser's Cloth ..	" ..	5.95	1.60	8.86	8.88		
(9) Mulmul ..	" ..	2.76	1.80	8.51	8.54	473	474
(10) Markin ..	" ..	8.54	2.23	10.94	11.27		
(11) Bush-Shirt ..	Each ..	3.94	1.09	6.02	5.86	521	522
(12) Full Pant ..	" ..	3.77	4.20	20.95	21.23	499	505
(13) Vest ..	" ..	2.18	5.45	28.24	28.19	518	517
(14) Shoes Gents ..	Pair ..	3.10	1.18	5.91	5.91	501	501
(15) Chappal Ladies ..	" ..	6.03	16.75	82.40	82.40	492	492
Total		100.00					
Index Number for Group IV						472	472
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Medical Care—							
(1) Doctor's Fee ..	Per Visit	19.78	2.58	6.54	6.54	253	253
(2) Medicine ..	4 Doses	32.46	0.76	2.05	2.05	270	270
(3) E. S. I. Premium ..		47.76	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index-V(a)						186	186

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to Total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(b) Education Recreation and Amusements—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) School Fee	Per Student	22.54	6.75	8.00	8.00	119	119
(2) School Book	Each	7.64	2.47	3.20	3.20	130	130
(3) Stationary—							
(i) Exercise Book		4.73	0.12	0.60	0.62	458	467
(ii) Pencil			0.12	0.50	0.50		
(4) Newspaper	Per Copy	7.64	0.07	0.55	0.55	786	786
(5) Cinema	Adult	57.45	0.48	2.65	2.65	552	552
Total		100.00					
Sub-Group Index V(b)						435	436
(c) Transport and Communications—							
(1) Railway fare for 80 km.	Per passenger	51.13	1.61	3.50	3.50	217	217
(2) Bus fare	Per Adult	38.60	0.15	0.50	0.50	333	333
(3) Postage	Per Card	10.27	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(c)						271	271

Personal Care and Effect—							
(1) Hair Oil	Bottle (114 ml.)	26.92	1.36	7.74	7.81	569	574
(2) Barber Charges	Per head	44.23	0.94	4.02	4.02	428	428
(3) Toilet Soap	Cake	14.91	0.44	1.99	1.99	452	452
(4) Tooth Powder	Small Bottle No. 3	7.21	0.50	1.60	1.65	320	330
(5) Blade	Pkt. of 5	0.96	0.27	0.58	0.58	215	215
(6) Umbrella	Each	5.77	5.55	29.37	29.31	529	528
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(d)—						465	468
(a) Others—							
(1) Durrie	Each	2.66	4.93	27.61	27.38	560	555
(2) Trunk		2.66	5.82	29.08	29.08	500	500
(3) Utensils (Brass)	500 g.	7.99	2.84	22.08	22.08	777	777
(4) Bucket	Each	2.16	2.96	14.02	14.02	474	474
(5) Laundry Charges	Per Piece	25.29	0.15	0.77	0.77	513	513
(6) Washing Soap	Bar	35.28	1.28	5.99	5.97	468	466
(7) Tailoring charges of Shirt	Each	23.96	1.19	6.65	6.65	520	520
(8) Tailoring charges of Blouse	..		0.89	4.29	4.29		
Total		100.00					
Sub-group V(e)						520	519
V. Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical Care		28.27	..			186	186
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement.		11.94	..			435	436
(c) Transport and Communication		14.81	..			271	271
(d) Personal Care and Effect		18.89	..			465	468
(e) Others		26.09	..			520	519
Total		100.00					
Miscellaneous Group Index V						368	369

SOLAPUR

530—A rise of 9 points

In January 1982 the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (1960 series) for Solapur Centre with base year January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 530 being 9 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey in Solapur City.

The index number for the food group increased by 12 points to 581 due to a rise in the average prices of jowar, arhaddal, groundnut oil and vanaspati.

The index number for the pan, supari, tobacco etc. group increased by 9 points to 425 due to a rise in the average prices of pan-leaf, pan readymade and katha.

The index number for the fuel and light group remained steady at 622.

Six monthly house rent index has been compiled by chain method on the basis of house rent survey conducted by the N. S. S. O. The housing index number increased by 5 points to 227.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 5 points to 502 due to rise in the average prices of dhoti, saree and markin.

The index number for the miscellaneous group remained steady at 390.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SOLAPUR CITY.

(Average prices for the calendar year 1970 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to the total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982
I-A. Food	63.0	569	581
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	3.4	416	425
II. Fuel and Light	7.1	622	622
III. Housing	5.2	222	227
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	9.0	497	502
V. Miscellaneous	12.3	390	390
Total	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number		521	530

Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index may be seen on pages 610 to 613 December 1965 issue of *Labour Gazette*. For Errata see page 897 of January 1966 issue.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old index number 1927-28=100, the new index number should be multiplied by the linking factor of 3.82.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to Total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity				Index Number	
			Base Price	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982	
I-A. Food—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.			
(a) <i>Cereals and Cereals Products—</i>								
(1) Rice	..	26.98	0.55	2.38	2.38	431	433	
(2) Wheat	..	13.53	0.41	1.63	1.63	378	398	
(3) Jowar	..	56.97	0.46	2.78	2.78	346	404	
(4) Grinding Charges	3 kg.	2.52	0.05	0.60	0.60	1,200	1,200	
Total	..	100.00				312	343	
Sub-group Index I-A(a) ..	..						
(b) <i>Pulses and Pulses Products—</i>								
(1) Arhar dal	kg.	76.17	0.75	5.45	5.81	727	775	
(2) Gram dal	..	18.22	0.56	5.25	4.88	908	871	
(3) Masur dal	..	5.61	0.13	5.11	5.04	700	600	
Total	..	100.00				744	788	
Sub-group Index I-A(b)	..							
(c) <i>Oils and Fats—</i>								
(1) Groundnut oil	kg.	98.90	1.94	13.51	14.82	690	715	
(2) Palm oil	..	1.00	..	..	8.25	..	..
(3) Vanaspati (loose)	500 g.	..	1.86	8.96	8.89	82	48	
Total	..	100.00				744	732	
Sub-group Index I-A(c)	..							

* Palm oil :—Edible oil distributed through fair price shops in Jan. 1982 has been taken into consideration with due weight while working out the price relative of oils.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
SOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

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Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.			
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat meat	kg.	72.32	2.45	17.00	17.00	694	694
(2) Beef	"	23.69	0.66	8.00	8.00	1212	1212
(3) Fish (fresh) Rahu	"	1.50	1.46	7.00	7.00	479	479
(4) Fish (dry) Zinga	"	2.49	2.14	9.38	9.38	438	438
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(d)						807	807
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk	L.	89.79	0.67	4.00	4.00	597	597
(2) Ghee	kg.	10.21	6.19	36.00	36.00	582	582
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(e)						595	595
(f) Condiments and spices—							
(1) Salt	kg.	4.71	0.09	0.42	0.42	467	467
(2) Turmeric	"	3.40	1.11	5.38	5.62	485	506
(3) Chillies (green)	300 gms.	4.95	0.23	0.69	0.79	300	343
(4) Chillies (dry)	"	19.43	0.65	3.51	3.22	540	495
(5) Tamarind	kg.	7.59	1.20	7.53	7.58	628	632
(6) Onions	"	10.73	0.23	2.46	1.42	1070	617

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(7) Garlic	300 gms.	7.81	0.24	1.53	1.66	638	692
(8) Coconut	Each	5.31	0.27	1.55	1.54	514	570
Total		100.00					
Index Sub-group I-A(f)						594	527
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
Potatoes	kg.	12.93	0.46	....	1.49	....	324
Brinjals	300 gms.	15.95	0.11	....	0.73	....	664
Tomato	"	14.22	0.25	....	0.44	....	176
Methi	200 gms.	6.47	0.12	....	0.25	....	208
Dodka	300 gms.	11.64	0.13	....	0.45	....	346
Ambadi	200 gms.	27.15	0.09	....	0.21	....	233
Banana	Doz.	11.64	0.51	....	1.78	....	349
Total		100.00					
Index Number for sub-group I(g)						381	331
(h) Other food—							
(1) Sugar (Crystal)	kg.	47.53	1.16	4.32	4.49	372	387
(2) Gur	"	7.97	0.64	3.16	2.98	494	466
(3) Tea (leaf)	Pkt. of 50 g.	21.56	0.39	1.11	1.12	285	287
(4) Tea (readymade)	Cup	20.74	0.07	0.80	0.78	1143	1114
(5) Snack saltish (Bhajia)	kg.	1.10	1.60	16.00	16.00	1000	1000
(6) Snack sweet (Jalebi)	"	1.10	2.17	11.50	11.50	530	530
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(h)						532	531

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Articles	Unit of quantity	proportional to total expenditure	Base Price	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Products	..	48.79	..	..	..	512	545
(b) Pulses and Products	..	7.28	..	..	..	764	788
(c) Oils and Fats	..	4.99	..	..	..	694	732
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs	..	6.79	..	..	..	807	807
(e) Milk and products	..	7.37	..	..	..	595	595
(f) Condiments and Spices	..	8.25	..	..	..	594	527
(g) Vegetables and Fruits	..	4.29	..	..	..	381	331
(h) Other Food	..	12.24	..	..	..	532	531
Total		100.00					
Group Index I-A						569	581
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.—							
(1) Pan (leaf)	.. 100 leaves	10.22	0.19	0.89	1.00	468	526
(2) Pan finished	.. Each	6.07	0.04	0.28	0.29	700	725
(3) Supari	.. 300 g.	19.49	1.77	7.05	6.84	398	386
(4) Katha	.. 50 g.	3.84	0.51	4.00	4.50	784	882
(5) Bidi	.. Kahta of 25	37.06	0.19	0.62	0.62	326	326
(6) Cigarette	.. Pkt. of 10	5.43	0.15	1.03	1.03	687	687
(7) Chewing tobacco	.. 50 g.	17.89	0.21	0.70	0.70	333	333
Total		100.00					
Group Index I-B						416	425

II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood	.. 40 kg.	62.01	3.57	23.62	23.62	662	662
(2) Coal	..	13.81	6.99	41.00	41.00	587	587
(3) Dung cake	.. 100 cakes	7.06	0.85	4.88	4.88	574	574
(4) Match Box	.. Each (50 sticks)	4.06	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
(5) Kerosene Oil	.. 500 ml.	13.06	0.15	0.90	0.90	600	600
Total		100.00				622	622
Group Index II						222	227
III. Housing—							
(1) House Rent	.. P. M.	100.00	..	..	..	222	227
Total		100.00				222	227
Group Index III							
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear							
Dhoti—							
(i) Laxmi Mills	.. Pair	8.53	10.69	45.61	45.61	471	473
(ii) Vishnu Mills	.. "	..	10.47	53.93	54.45	457	468
Saree	.. Each	29.79	10.05	45.90	46.99	466	466
Shirt	.. "	2.92	3.41	15.88	15.88	588	588
Long cloth	.. M.	7.48	1.39	8.17	8.17	..	..
Shirting—							
(i) Ahmadabad Mills	.. M	25.70	1.61	6.67	6.72	453	455
(ii) Century Mills	.. "	..	1.49	7.33	7.33	625	634
Markin	.. "	17.41	1.28	8.00	8.11	577	577
Trousers cloth	.. "	2.57	1.47	8.48	8.48	387	387
Chappal (lady's)	.. Pair	4.67	6.40	24.79	24.79	490	490
Shoes (Gent's)	.. "	0.93	15.98	78.35	78.35	..	..
Total		100.00				497	502
Group Index IV							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
SOLAPUR CENTRE—Contd.

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Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Medical Care—							
(1) Doctor's fee ..	Per Visit	29.23	4.33	5.67	5.67	131	131
(2) Medicine	Phial of 3 doses.	70.77	0.71	1.33	1.33	187	187
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(a) ..						171	171
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement							
(1) School fee	Per student	33.15	6.00	7.00	7.00	117	117
(2) School Book	Each	22.65	2.50	3.20	3.20	128	128
(3) Stationery—							
(i) Exercise book ..	"	5.53	0.12	0.59	0.61	421	429
(ii) Pencil	"		0.12	0.42	0.42		
(4) Cinema	Per Adult	38.67	0.31	1.74	1.74	561	561
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(b)						308	308
(c) Transport and Communication—							
(1) Railway fare (from Solapur to Pune.)	Per Passenger	67.41	5.22	11.50	11.50	220	220
(2) Bus fare	Per Adult	32.59	0.15	0.88	0.88	587	587
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(c)						340	340

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(d) Personal care and Effects—							
(1) Hair Oil	Bottle of 250 g.	39.28	2.00	14.25	14.25	712	712
(2) Barber charges	Per adult ..	49.11	0.62	3.00	3.00	484	484
(3) Toilet Soap	Each	8.93	0.44	2.04	2.05	464	466
(4) Ornaments (glass)	Per dozen	2.68	0.75	3.88	3.88	517	517
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(d)						573	573
(e) Others—							
(1) Utensils (Copper)	500 g.	6.07	3.25	40.00	40.00	1231	1231
(2) Laundry Charges	Per Piece ..	9.64	0.11	0.66	0.66	600	600
(3) Washing Soap	Bar of 12 Pieces.	44.64	1.31	6.19	6.19	473	473
(4) Tailoring Charges—							
(i) Shirt	Each	36.43	0.80	4.50	4.50	504	504
(ii) Blouse	"		0.70	3.12	3.12		
(5) Durrvic	"	3.22	3.80	15.91	15.91	419	419
Total		100.00					
Sub-group Index V(e)						541	541
V. Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical care		25.86	..	..	..	171	171
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement		15.92	..	..	..	308	308
(c) Transport and Communication		12.49	..	..	..	340	340
(d) Personal care and Effects		21.02	573	573
(e) Others		24.71	541	541
Total		100.00					
Group Index V						390	390

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NAGPUR*

485—A rise of 6 points

In January 1982 the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (1960 series) for Nagpur Centre with base year January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 485 being 6 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey in Nagpur City.

The index number for the food group increased by 3 points to 522 due to a rise in the average prices of price, wheat grinding charges, gingelli oil, groundnut oil, linseed oil, sugar and tea leaf.

The index number for the pan, supari, tobacco etc. group increased by 13 points to 469 due to a rise in the average prices of pan readymade and katha.

The index number for the fuel and light group increased by 43 points to 599 due to a rise in the average prices of firewood, kerosene and coal.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 1 point to 558 due to a rise in the average prices of shirting, long cloth and material.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 3 points to 376 due to a rise in the average prices of tooth powder, busfare and trunk.

Six monthly house rent index has been compiled by the chain method on the basis of the house rent survey conducted by the N. S. S. O. The housing index number increased by 9 points to 224.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1960 = 100)

Groups	Weights proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982
I-A. Food	57.2	519	522
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	3.8	456	469
II. Fuel and Light	5.7	550	599
III. Housing	6.6	215	224
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear ..	10.9	557	558
V. Miscellaneous	15.8	373	376
Total ..	100.0	....	....
Consumer Price Index Number	....	479	485

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index may be seen on pages 771 to 779 of January 1968 issue of Labour Gazette.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old Index Number (1939 = 100), the new index Number should be multiplied by the linking factor viz. 5.22.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure.	Price per unit of quantity		Index Number	
			Dec. 1981	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1981
(a) Food—						
(1) Cereals and Cereal Products—						
(1) Rice	Kg.	57.00	0.64	2.29	372	372
(2) Wheat (O.S.)	"	1.68	2.00	2.22	512	549
(3) Bajra	"	8.72	1.80	1.80	478	473
(4) Jowar	"	1.88	0.90	0.90	475	538
(5) Grinding charges ..	"	100.00				
Total					442	457
(b) Pan, Supari and Tobacco Products—						
(1) Pan	"	17	0.11	0.29	741	741
(2) Supari	"	12	0.52	4.52	834	834
(3) Tobacco	"	7.71	0.55	4.32	775	775
Total		100.00			844	844
(c) Oils and Fats—						
(1) Palm Oil*	Kg.	84	2.11	8.25	845	845
(2) Gingelli Oil	"	9	1.82	4.80	523	523
(3) Groundnut Oil	"	7.58	1.52	3.62	736	736
(4) Linseed Oil	"	6	1.89	7.94	844	844
(5) Mustard Oil	"	6	1.89	7.94	444	444
Total		100.00			781	781
(d) Sub-group I-A(c) Index						
(1) Palm Oil*						
(2) Gingelli Oil						
(3) Groundnut Oil						
(4) Linseed Oil						
(5) Mustard Oil						
Total						
(e) Sub-group I-A(c) Index						
(1) Palm Oil*						
(2) Gingelli Oil						
(3) Groundnut Oil						
(4) Linseed Oil						
(5) Mustard Oil						
Total						

*Palm Oil.—Edible Oil distributed through Fair Price Shops in Jan. 1982 has been taken into consideration with due weight while working out the Price relative of oils.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CENTRE—contd.

800

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
<i>(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—</i>							
(1) Goat-meat ..	Kg.	Rs. P. 90.16	Rs. P. 2.68	Rs. P. 17.75	17.75	662	662
(2) Fish (fresh)—							
(i) Rahu ..	..	5.32	3.22	16.00	16.00	621	621
(ii) Mangur ..	..		3.22	24.00	24.00		
(3) Eggs ..	Dozen	4.52	2.06	6.40	6.20	311	301
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group I-A (d) Index</i>						644	644
<i>(e) Milk and Milk Products—</i>							
(1) Milk ..	Ltrc.	71.96	0.80	4.00	4.00	500	500
(2) Curd ..	Kg.	3.57	2.14	7.50	7.50	350	350
(3) Ghee ..	..	24.47	8.85	38.33	38.07	433	430
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group Index I-A (e)</i>						478	478
<i>(f) Condiments and Spices—</i>							
(1) Salt ..	Kg.	5.59	0.13	0.56	0.56	431	431
(2) Turmeric ..	..	7.69	1.63	9.38	8.62	575	529
(3) Chillies (dry) ..	..	49.65	2.88	15.25	15.25	530	530
(4) Onion ..	..	18.65	0.27	1.92	1.68	711	622
(5) Garlic ..	..	6.53	1.06	6.38	6.75	602	637
(6) Corriander ..	..	2.33	1.16	9.00	9.30	776	802
(7) Ginger	3.50	2.96	16.00	15.80	541	534
(8) Zeera	6.06	3.49	16.25	22.20	466	636
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group I-A(f) Index</i>						568	561

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<i>(g) Vegetable and fruits—</i>							
Potatoes ..	Kg.	41.83	0.39	..	1.13	..	290
Brinjals	25.00	0.41	..	0.68	..	166
Cauliflower ..	kg.	2.40	0.33	..	0.76	..	230
Cabbage ..	Kg.	0.48	0.38	..	1.29	..	339
Tomato ..	..	12.02	0.45	..	0.71	..	158
Gawarphali ..	..	1.92	0.32	..	0.96	..	300
Peas ..	..	0.48	0.40	..	1.45	..	362
Palak ..	..	4.81	0.31	..	0.62	..	200
Methi ..	..	1.92	0.33	..	0.66	..	200
Banana ..	Dozen	5.29	0.39	..	1.31	..	336
Orange ..	..	3.85	1.36	..	4.50	..	331
Total ..		100.00				336	240
<i>Index number sub-group I(g)—</i>							
<i>(h) Other Food—</i>							
(1) Sugar ..	Kg.	44.71	1.22	4.12	4.23	338	347
(2) Gur ..	..	2.40	0.72	3.84	3.75	533	521
(3) Tea (leaf) ..	Pkt. of 50 g.	13.26	0.19	0.57	0.60	300	316
(4) Bhatti ..	Kg.	8.46	2.14	15.50	15.50	724	724
(5) Jalebi ..	..	1.97	1.61	12.00	12.00	745	745
(6) Tea (ready made) ..	Cup	29.20	0.06	0.70	0.70	1167	1167
Total ..		100.00					
<i>Sub-group I-A(h) Index</i>						620	626
<i>I-A Food—</i>							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products		49.53	..	..	..	432	447
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products		8.83	..	..	..	785	781
(c) Oils and Fats		6.05	..	..	..	781	806
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs		5.00	..	..	..	644	644
(e) Milk and Milk Products		7.51	..	..	..	478	478
(f) Condiments and Spices		6.95	..	..	..	568	561
(g) Vegetables and Fruits		6.67	336	240
(h) Other Food		9.46	620	626
Total ..		100.00					
<i>I-A. Food-group Index</i>						519	522

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INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
 GROUP I - FUEL AND LIGHT

802

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Ind x Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.							
(1) Pan-leaf	100 leaves ..	14.85					
(2) Pan (ready-made)	Each	13.61	0.29	1.06	1.06	366	366
(3) Supari	kg.	26.60	0.03	0.19	0.21	633	700
(4) Katha ..	"	5.36	6.71	27.00	27.00	402	402
(5) Bidi	Katta of 25	21.44	8.57	60.25	60.25	703	773
(6) Cigarettes	Pkt. of 10 ..	8.04	0.16	0.69	0.69	431	431
(7) Chewing and leaf tobacco.	kg.	10.10	0.15	1.08	1.08	720	720
			5.00	10.00	10.00	200	200
Total		100.00					
I-B. Group Index						456	469
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Fire-wood	40 kg.	69.55	2.38	13.17	14.93	553	627
(2) Coke	"	5.90	2.88	23.88	22.10	829	767
(3) Kerosene Oil	Litre	14.13	0.34	1.88	1.90	553	559
(4) Electricity Charges	Unit	2.74	0.29	0.37	0.37	128	128
(5) Coal	40 kg.	2.61	6.38	34.50	35.10	541	550
(6) Match box	Each (50 sticks)	5.07	0.05	0.20	0.20	400	400
Total		100.00					
Group II Index for Fuel and Light.						550	599

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III. Housing—Residential House		100.00				215	224
Total		100.00					
Group III Index for Housing.						215	224
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear.—							
Dhoti Emp. Mill	Pair	9.87	12.10	62.73	62.73	494	494
Dhoti Model Mill	"		10.68	50.12	50.12	470	470
Saree	Each	36.44	8.09	38.03	38.03	653	659
Shirting Emp. Mill	M	18.35	1.21	7.39	7.42	680	680
Shirting Model Mill	"		1.05	7.30	7.40	764	768
Trouser cloth	"	3.34	1.43	9.73	9.73	668	670
Long cloth	"	3.06	1.14	8.71	8.75	668	670
Markin Emp. Mill	"	13.06	1.04	7.96	8.00	426	426
Markin Model Mill	"		1.09	6.23	6.23	457	457
Pajama	Each	1.60	4.25	18.12	18.12	497	497
Ganji	"	1.25	1.23	5.62	5.62	376	376
Shirt	"	1.60	3.75	18.62	18.62	497	497
Bed sheet	Pair	2.01	8.50	31.98	31.98	714	714
Shoes gents.	"	4.17	16.00	79.47	79.47	461	461
Chappal gents	"	4.17	4.96	35.39	35.39		
Sandle ladies	"	1.04	6.40	29.52	29.52		
Total		100.00				557	558
Index number for group IV—							
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Medical care—							
(1) Doctor's fee	Per visit	22.98	3.00	10.00	10.00	333	333
(2) Medicines	Phial of 3 doses.	45.06	0.75	2.00	2.00	267	267
(3) E. S. I Premium	"	31.96	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total		100.00				229	229
Sub-group V(a) Index							

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NAGPUR CENTRE—contd.

804

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
<i>(b) Personal care and effects—</i>							
(1) Hair oil	Bottle of 114 ml.	24.01	1.37	7.39	7.39	539	539
(2) Barber charges ..	Per Adult	38.30	0.50	2.50	2.50	500	500
(3) Toilet Soap	Per Cake	15.80	0.46	2.02	2.02	439	439
(4) Tooth powder (Medium size)	Bottle	2.74	0.87	3.04	3.11	349	357
(5) Ornaments (glass)	Dozen	4.25	0.75	2.50	2.50	333	333
(6) Watch	Each	12.16	65.00	101.79	101.79	157	157
(7) Face powder (Small)	Tin	2.74	1.00	5.43	5.43	543	543
Total		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V(b) Index</i>						448	448
<i>(c) Education, Recreation and Amusements—</i>							
(1) School fee	Per student	23.53	5.50	7.00	7.00	127	127
(2) School Book	Each	17.65	2.00	3.20	3.20	160	160
(3) Toy ..		1.02	0.24	1.44	1.44	600	600
(4) Stationery (Ex. book)	Mech.(40 pages)	1.79	0.12	0.57	0.57	475	475
(5) Cinema	Per Adult	56.01	0.42	1.74	1.74	414	414
Total		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V(c) Index</i>						305	305

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<i>(d) Transport and Communication</i>							
(1) Railway fare of 80 km.	Per Passenger	45.49	1.61	3.50	3.50	217	217
(2) Bus fare	Per Adult	29.19	0.15	0.45	0.55	300	367
(3) Post card	Each	3.86	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
(4) Rickshaw charges ..	Per Adult	21.46	0.37	2.25	2.25	608	608
Total		100.00					
<i>Sub-group V(d) Index</i>						329	348
<i>(e) Others—</i>							
(1) Cot	Each	5.94	5.50	30.00	30.00	545	545
(2) Trunk /Box	"	2.05	5.01	35.44	35.72	707	713
(3) Earthenware	"	2.05	0.30	4.00	4.00	1333	1333
(4) Utensil Aluminium	Kg.	4.79	8.50	33.33	33.33	392	392
(5) Utensil Brass	"	11.42	7.71	40.00	40.00	519	519
(6) Laundry charges ..	Per piece	9.59	0.12	0.51	0.51	425	425
(7) Washing Soap	Bar	33.11	1.30	6.19	6.19	476	476
(8) Tailoring Charges { Shirt	Each	31.05	0.88	7.25	7.25	745	745
{ Blouse	"		0.75	5.00	5.00		
Total		100.00				582	582
<i>Sub-group V(e) Index</i>							
<i>Miscellaneous—</i>							
(a) Medical care		28.00				229	229
(b) Personal care and effects		18.30				448	448
(c) Education, Recreation and amusements.		19.55				305	305
(d) Transport and Communication		12.25				329	348
(e) Others ..		21.90				582	582
Total		100.00					
<i>Miscellaneous Group Index.</i>						373	376

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
PUNE CENTRE -contd.

808

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to Total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(c) Oils and Fats—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Groundnut oil ..	Kg.	1.94	2.32	15.14	15.12	572	571
Karadai oil ..	1/2 Kg.	3.94	1.20	8.00	8.00		
• Palm oil ..	1/2 Kg.	1.22	1.66	8.25	8.25	451	446
Vanaspati (Dalda) (Loose) ..	1/2 Kg.	1.22	1.66	7.48	7.40		
Total ..		7.10					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(c).</i>						551	550
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
Mutton							
(i) Goat Meat ..	1/2 kg.	3.68	1.51	8.62	9.00	569	594
(ii) Sheep Meat ..	"	....	1.52	8.62	9.00		
Fish (Dry)							
(i) Bombil (Big) ..	Kg.	1.01	2.60	12.00	12.00	652	861
(ii) Bombil (Small) ..	"	....	2.46	12.00	12.00		
(iii) Zinga ..	"	....	2.57	12.00	12.00		
Fresh Fish—							
Varieties selected in the month of December 1981.							
(i) Bombay wamb ..	kg.	....	1.30	14.50			
(ii) Pamphret ..	"	....	2.63	20.00			
(iii) Surmai ..	"	....	2.58	16.00			
Varieties selected in the month of January 1982.							
(i) Butter fish ..	kg.	1.13		17.60		
(ii) Khawla ..	"	1.17		15.60		
(iii) Rawas ..	"	1.92		16.50		

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(iv) Hen's Eggs ..	Each	0.57	0.17	0.60	0.60	353	353
Total ..		5.26					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(d).</i>						562	619
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
Milk, buffalo ..	200 ml.	10.66	0.15	0.86	0.86	573	573
Ghee, Amul (tinned) ..	kg.	0.93	7.88	45.50	43.33	577	550
Total ..		11.59					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(e).</i>						574	571
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
Salt, White (Medium) ..	Kg.	0.16	0.11	0.50	0.54	455	491
Chillies (Dry), Gawaran (Medium).	250 g.	2.04	0.47	3.15	3.00	670	638
Turmeric, Sangli and Akhi (Medium)	"	0.15	0.33	1.92	1.91	582	579
Tamarind-Old Chinch No. I ..	Kg.	0.24	1.08	10.60	10.00	926	926
Mixed Spices— Garam Masala ..	50 g.	3.27	0.84	5.09	5.06	606	602
Total ..		5.86					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(f).</i>						637	624

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR PUNE CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—							
Potatoes—							
(i) Big Size	½ kg.	1.87	0.29	1.21	1.04		
(ii) Small Size	"	....	0.23	0.01	0.84	428	362
Onions—							
(i) Big Size	Kg.	0.92	0.31	3.38	2.02		
(ii) Small Size	"	....	0.24	3.10	1.78	1191	577
Brinjals—Big Size	"	0.56	0.49	2.88	2.10	588	429
Tomatoes Medium Red No. 2	"	0.77	0.79	3.00	2.60	380	329
Other Vegetables							
Varieties selected for December 1981							
(i) Cabbage	Kg.	4.42	0.47	2.64			
(ii) Cauliflower	"	....	0.68	2.88		524	....
(iii) Gawar	"	....	0.51	3.00			
Varieties selected for January 1982							
(i) Cabbage	Kg.	4.42	0.55		1.60		
(ii) Cauliflower	"	....	0.49		2.50		430
(iii) Gawar	"	....	0.51		2.50		
Total		8.54					
Index Number for Sub-group I(g).						566	435
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products—							
Banana—							
Big Size	Doz.	1.23	0.49	3.00	3.00	627	627
Small Size	"	....	0.39	2.50	2.50		
Total		1.23				627	627
Index Number for Sub-group I(h).						627	627

(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products							
Sugar	Kg.	6.29	1.18	5.04	5.21	427	442
Gur		1.20	0.58	4.00	4.08	690	703
Total		7.49				469	483
Index Number Sub-group I(i).							
(j) Beverages—							
Tea leaf—							
Brooke Bond (Medium)	Package of 50 gs.	3.43	0.38	1.25	1.25	325	325
Lipton (Medium)	"	....	0.39	1.25	1.25		
Hot drinks—							
Prepared Tea	Cup of 3½ ozs.	5.23	0.06	0.43	0.43	717	717
Total		8.66				561	561
Index Number Sub-group I(j)							
I. Food Sub-groups—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal products.	....	37.98	....	....	....	391	400
(b) Pulses and pulse products.	....	6.29	....	....	....	766	725
(c) Oils and Fats	....	7.10	....	....	....	551	550
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs	....	5.26	....	....	....	562	619
(e) Milk and Milk Products.	....	11.59	....	....	....	574	571
(f) Condiments and spices	....	5.86	....	....	....	637	624
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products.	....	8.54	....	....	....	566	435
(h) Fruits and Fruits products.	....	1.23	....	....	....	627	627
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.	....	7.49	....	....	....	469	483
(j) Beverages	....	8.66	....	....	....	561	561
Total		100.00					
Index Number Group I						509	502

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
PUNE CENTRE—contd.

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Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
II Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and chips (Raywal/ medium)	37 kgs.	30.63	3.08	14.80	14.80	481	481
(2) Kerosene, Chavi Brand	5 litres	24.03	1.54	8.60	8.60	558	558
(3) Electricity charges ..	Per unit	6.45	0.19	0.38	0.38	200	200
(4) Charcoal	37kgs.	35.36	7.47	37.00	37.00	445	461
(i) Big size	"	"	5.63	22.20	24.05		
(ii) Patti or Raywal ..	"	"	"	"	"		
(5) Match box (Teeka of 50 sticks)	One Box	3.53	0.05	0.20	0.20	400	400
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number, Group II</i>						466	471
III. Housing							
(2) Rent for selected tenements	Per month	100.00	.....	.....	.....	138	138
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group III</i>						138	138
IV. Clothing and Footwear							
(a) Clothing							
(1) Dhoti	Per sq. metre	3.57	1.28	5.52	5.52	431	431
(2) Saree	"	29.86	1.28	5.86	5.86	458	458
(3) Cloth for trousers	"	5.25	2.62	13.61	13.61	519	519

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(4) Long cloth	"	11.76	1.64	9.27	9.27	565	565
(5) Coloured poplin	"	40.44	2.25	11.24	11.24	500	500
Total		90.88					
<i>Index Number Sub-group IV(a)</i>						493	493
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—	Per Pair						
(i) Bata Co.	"	4.27	17.14	81.70	81.70	477	477
(ii) Flex Co.	"	.....	19.30	.....	.....
(2) Chappals—	"						
(i) Bata Co.	"	4.85	6.18	36.95	36.95	598	598
(ii) Flex Co.	"	.....	8.40	.....	.....
Total		9.12					
<i>Index Number Sub-group IV(b)</i>						541	541
IV. Clothing and Footwear							
(1) Clothing		90.88	.....	.....	.....	493	493
(2) Foot wear		9.12	.....	.....	.....	541	541
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group IV</i>						497	497
V. Miscellaneous							
(a) Pan Supari—							
(1) Pan-leaf—	Bundle of 100 leaves						
(i) Gawran Kachhi	"	1.08	0.33	1.50	1.50	455	455
(2) Pan Finished—	Each vida						
(i) Poona Masala	"	1.82	0.04	0.30	0.30	750	750
(3) Supari—	50 gs.						
(i) Manglori	"	1.57	0.45	1.50	1.50	333	333
Total		4.47					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(a)</i>						532	532

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
PUNE CENTRE—contd.

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Articles 1	Unit of Quantity	Weight propor- tional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
<i>(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—</i>							
(1) Bidiies—							
(i) Charbhai	Bundle of 25 bidies.	2.56	0.15	0.60	0.60	400	400
(ii) Pawar		0.00	0.15	0.60	0.60		
(2) Cigarettes—							
(i) Charminar		1.94	0.15	1.10	1.10	642	642
(ii) Pila Hathi		....	0.20	1.10	1.10		
(3) Chewing Tobacco—							
(i) Akoli Jarda No. 1		1.92	0.37	0.70	0.70	210	210
(ii) Akoli Jarda No. 2		....	0.28	0.60	0.60		
(iii) Satara Jarda		....	0.31	0.70	0.70		
Total		6.42	8.40	30.82	30.82		
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(b).</i>							
			18.20	81.30	81.30	416	416
<i>(c) House-hold Utilities Utensils</i>							
<i>Brass—</i>							
(1) Lota	kg.	4.76	7.14	42.00	42.00	588	588
Total		4.76	20.24	11.24	11.24		
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(c).</i>							
			588	588	588	588	588

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<i>(d) Washing Soap—</i>							
(1) Laundry charges (Ordinary, Wash- ing and Ironing).	Per Piece	4.23	0.13	0.60	0.60	462	462
(2) Washing Soap BB Chhap	Per Cake	7.37	0.40	1.55	2.00	388	500
Total		11.60					
<i>Index Number Sub-Group V(d)</i>							
						414	486
<i>(e) Medical Care—</i>							
(1) Patent Medicine—							
(i) Glycodine Terf Vasaka	Bottle of 170ml.	17.97	1.89	4.05	4.05	170	170
(b) Anacin	2 Tablets		0.12	0.15	0.15		
(2) Mixture, Daily Mixture.	Per day	1.35	0.57	0.96	0.96	168	168
Total		18.72					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(e)</i>							
						170	170
<i>(f) Personal Care—</i>							
(1) Hair Oil Tata Co. etc.	Small Bottle	3.37	1.34	6.95	7.00	519	522
(2) Barber charges—							
(a) Haircut with shave	Per Adult	6.52	0.75	3.00	3.00	428	428
(b) Haircut	"		0.65	2.50	2.50		
(c) Shave	"		0.20	1.00	1.00		
(3) Toilet Soap—							
(a) Lifebuoy	Cake	2.29	0.49	2.00	2.00	408	408
(b) Lux	"		0.49	2.00	2.00		
(4) Tooth Powder—							
(a) Bytco (Family size)	Bottle	1.98	1.87	6.95	7.00	376	432
(b) Bytco (Small size)			0.46	1.75	2.25		
(5) Blades—							
(a) Bharat	Packet of 10	0.04	0.43	1.10	1.10	420	420
(b) 6 Morning	2 Packets of 5 each.	0.60	3.50	3.50		
Total		14.20					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(f)</i>							
						439	448

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
PUNE CENTRE—contd.

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Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
<i>Education and Reading—</i>			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
1) School Fees for Std. VIII.	Per Student Per month	8.86	4.85	5.50	5.50	113	113
2) School Books—Std. VIII—	Per Copy	2.55	2.42	3.20	3.20	261	261
(i) Kumar Bharati			1.75	7.95	7.95		
(ii) Ankaganit			1.88	3.70	3.70		
(iii) Apali Prithwi	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
3) News papers—	"	2.50	0.07	0.50	0.50	750	750
(i) Sakal Daily			0.07	0.55	0.55		
(ii) Lok satta Daily	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total		13.91					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(g)</i>						255	255
<i>(h) Recreation and Amusement—</i>							
Cinema—	Per Adult	6.74	0.52	1.52	1.52	292	292
Lowest Class			6.74				
Total							
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(h)</i>						292	292

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

<i>(i) Transport and Communication—</i>							
<i>(1) Railway—</i>							
(i) Railway Fare for 50 km.	Per Passenger.	6.46	0.98	2.30	2.30	235	235
(2) Bus Fare—	"	11.43	0.10	0.40	0.40	333	387
(i) P.M.T. Bus fare for 3.22 km.			1.50	4.00	5.60		
(ii) S. T. Fare 48 k.m.	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
(3) Postage—	Per Card for Rs. 25	1.29	0.05	0.15	0.15	261	261
(i) Single Card			0.45	1.00	1.00		
(ii) M. O. Charges	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total		19.18				295	327
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(i)</i>							
<i>V Miscellaneous—</i>							
(a) Pan, Supari	"	4.47				532	532
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco products	"	6.42				416	416
(c) Household Utilities	"	4.76				588	588
(d) Washing Soap	"	11.60				414	486
(e) Medical Care	"	18.72				170	170
(f) Personal Care	"	14.20				439	448
(g) Education and Reading	"	13.91				255	255
(h) Recreation and Amusement	"	6.74				292	292
(i) Transport and Communication	"	19.18				295	327
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group V</i>						332	348

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE -*cond.*

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base price 4	Dec. 1981 Dec. 1961 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut oil ..	Kg.	7.21	2.28	13.82	14.60	606	633
(2) Palm Oil ..	½Kg.	1.16	1.99	7.50	8.25	377	377
(2) Vanaspati (loose)					7.50		
Total ..		8.37					
Index Number for sub-group I(c)						574	597
(d) Mutton Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton—							
(i) Goat meat ..	1/2 kg.	4.38	1.45	8.00	8.00	552	552
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(i) Bombil big ..	kg.	0.91	2.72	16.00	16.00		
(ii) Zinga ..	"		2.70	14.00	14.00		
(3) Fish fresh—							
Varieties selected for Dec. 1981						624	
(i) Bolm ..	kg.	1.35		9.50			
(ii) Shingada ..	"	1.50		9.50			
(iii) Pamplet ..	"	1.40		9.50			
Varieties selected for Jan. 1981							498
(i) Shingada ..	kg.	2.68			9.50		
(ii) Rahu ..	"	2.45			9.50		
(iii) Bolm ..	"	1.56			10.00		
Total ..		5.29				564	542
Index Number for Sub-group I(d)							

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

(e) Milk and Milk Products—			8.42	0.77	4.00	4.00	519	519
(1) Milk (Buffalo) ..	1 litre		1.31	3.71	19.00	19.00	512	512
(2) Ghee ..	1/2 kg.		9.73					
Total ..							518	518
Index Number for Sub-Group I (e)								
(f) Condiments and Spices—								
(1) Salt—								
(i) White ..	kg.		0.29	0.13	0.50	0.50	401	401
(ii) Black ..	"			0.12	0.50	0.50		
(2) Turmeric ..	250 kg.		0.30	0.34	1.25	1.25	368	368
(i) Sangli (whole) ..			4.56	1.65	12.00	12.00	727	727
(3) Chillies (dry)—								
(i) Asoda ..	kg.		0.24	0.31	2.00	2.00	645	645
(4) Corriander ..	250 kg.							
(5) Mixed spices—			1.86	4.95	14.23	14.23	287	287
(i) Garam Masala (whole) ..	kg.			1.79				
(ii) Lahoti powder ..	200 g.			0.68	3.50	4.30	515	632
(6) Jeera ..	250 g.		0.37					
Total ..			7.62				580	586
Index Number for Sub-group I (f)								

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE—contd.

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LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price Dec. 1961 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1981 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products—							
(1) Potatoes—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(i) Big	kg.	1.15	0.28	0.90	0.95	327	345
(ii) Small	"	"	0.24	0.80	0.84		
(2) Onions—							
(i) Red	kg.	0.86	0.27	2.00	1.90	741	704
(ii) White	"	"	0.27	2.00	1.90		
(3) Garlic	250 g.	0.54	0.20	2.00	2.15	1000	1075
(4) Other Vegetables							
<i>Varieties selected for Dec. 1981—</i>							
(i) Cabbage	250 g.	2.92	0.09	0.43		482	
(ii) Dodka	"	"	0.10	0.43			
(iii) Gilka	"	"	0.08	0.43			
<i>Varieties selected for Jan. 1982—</i>							
(i) Brinjal	"	"	0.13		0.37	343	
(ii) Cabbage	"	"	0.13		0.42		
(iii) Cauli flower	"	"	0.10		0.42		
Total		5.47					
<i>Index Number for Sub-groups</i>						541	472
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products—							
(1) Banana—							
(i) Big	Dozen	1.61	0.29	1.50	1.50	530	530
(ii) Small	"	"	0.23	1.25	1.25		
Total ..		1.61					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(h)</i>						530	530

(j) Sugar Honey and related products—							
(1) Sugar	kg.	5.60	1.23	4.63	4.92	376	400
(2) Gur—	"	1.63	0.57	3.12	3.00	547	526
(i) Kopargaon 1st Quality	"						
Total ..		7.23				415	428
<i>Index Number or Sub-group I(i)</i>							
(f) Beverages							
(1) Tea leaf—							
(i) Brooke Bond flower brand.	Pkt. of 50 g.	2.11	0.40	1.20	1.20	296	296
(ii) Lipton lable Lojee	"	"	0.41	1.20	1.20		
(2) Hot drink— prepared tea	Cup of 3 1/2 Doz.	3.73	0.12	0.70	0.70	583	583
Total ..		5.84				480	480
<i>Index Number for Sub-group I(i)</i>							
1. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products		40.71				499	512
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products		8.13				747	756
(c) Oils and Fats		8.37				574	597
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs		5.29				564	542
(e) Milk and Milk products		9.73				510	518
(f) Condiments and Spices		7.62				580	586
(g) Vegetables and Vegetable products.		5.47				541	472
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products		1.61				530	530
(i) Sugar, Honey and related products.		7.23				415	428
(j) Beverages		5.84				480	480
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number for all Food Group</i>						533	537

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**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE—contd.**

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and chips—							
(i) Khair	17 kg.	78.50	3.39	16.65	22.00	571	70
(ii) Dhawda	"	"	3.15	16.65	19.34		
(iii) Adjat or Mixed	"	"	2.71				
(2) Kerosene—							
(i) Chakra brand	Per Litre						
(3) Electricity charges	Per unit	11.40	0.45	1.75	1.75	389	3
(4) Match Box—							
(i) Horse head brand	Box of 50 sticks	6.28	0.50	0.37	0.37	74	
		3.82	0.06	0.20	0.20	333	3
Total		100.00					
Index Number for Group II						510	
III. Housing—							
(1) Rent—							
(1) Rent for selected tenements.	p.m.	100.00				178	
Total		100.00					
Index Number for Group III						178	
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti	per sq. met.	17.82	1.23	4.16	4.16	338	
(2) Saree	"	27.15	1.24	3.88	3.88	313	
(3) Cloth for trouser	"	0.51	2.15	13.12	12.08	564	
(4) Long cloth	per sq. met.	31.06	1.61	10.10	10.10	627	62
(5) Coloured poplin	"	14.36	2.13	9.77	9.78	459	45
Total		91.00					
Index Number for sub-group IV(a)						452	
(d) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata Co.	per pair	3.53	17.20	78.35	78.35	376	
(ii) Carona Co.	"	"	18.78	55.70	55.70		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata Co.	"	4.57	6.25	29.11	29.11	466	
Total		8.10					
Index Number for sub-group IV(b)						427	
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(1) Clothing		91.90				452	
(2) Footwear		8.10				427	
Total		100.00					
Index Number for Group IV—						450	
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan Supari—							
(1) Panleaf—							
(i) Akda pan	Bundle of 100 leaves	2.01	0.55	1.00	1.00	182	
(2) Pan finished—							
With Masala	Vida	5.39	0.04	0.20	0.20	500	
(3) Supari (Manglori)	50 g.	2.81	2.08	7.00	7.00	337	
(4) Katha—							
(i) Kanpur	250 g.	0.85	0.73	4.00	4.00	548	
(ii) Belgaum	"	"	0.36				
Total		11.06					
Index Number for Sub-group V(a)						404	

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALPAIGURI CENTRE—contd.

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Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to Total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(1) Bidies—							
(i) Camel brand	Bundle of 25 bidies.	5.80	0.19	0.75	0.75	395	395
(u) Shiledar			0.19	0.75	0.75		
(2) Jarda—							
(i) Gangaram Brand	Pkt. of 50 g.	3.54	0.24	0.78	0.78	369	369
(ii) Chandrakant Brand			0.23	0.95	0.95		
Total		9.34					
Index Number for Sub-group V(b)						385	385
(c) Household utilities—							
(1) Utensils—							
(i) Lota (Pune)	½ Kg.	5.28	3.55	22.00	22.00	620	620
(ii) Lota (Nashik)	"	"	3.45
Total		5.28					
Index Number for Sub-group V(c)						620	620

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(d) Washing Soap—							
(1) Laundry—							
(i) Ordinary washing and ironings of cotton cloth.	Per pieces	2.54	0.10	0.40	0.40	400	400
(2) Washing soap—	Bar Cake	7.44	1.40	6.20	6.20	409	409
(i) 501 Bar Soap			0.40	1.50	1.50		
(ii) B. Dhantak Co. . .							
Total		9.98					
Index Number for Sub-group V(d)						407	407
(e) Medical Care—							
(1) Dr. Vaze's Cough sirup	Small bottle	3.80	1.50	3.62	3.62	241	241
(2) Daily mixture	Per day	11.98	0.58	1.00	1.00	172	172
Total		15.78					
Index Number for Sub-group V(e)						189	189
(f) Personal care—							
(1) Hair Oil—	Small bottle	4.89	1.32	5.70	5.70	432	432
Tata Co.							
(2) Barber charges—							
(i) Hair cut with shave	Adult	7.32	0.50	2.00	2.00	370	370
(ii) Hair cut			0.40	1.50	1.50		
(iii) Shave	"	"	0.20	0.67	0.67		
(3) Toilet Soap—							
(i) Life Buoy	Cake	3.02	0.48	2.00	2.00	412	412
(ii) Hamam cake			0.49	2.00	2.00		
(4) Blades—							
(i) Bharat Blades	Pkt. of 10 Blades.	0.11	0.44	1.90	1.90	391	391
(ii) Six Morning	2 Pkts. of 5 blades each	"	0.57	2.00	2.00		
Total		15.34					
Index Number for Sub-group V(f)						398	398

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
JALGAON CENTRE- contd.

828

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight Proportional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			index Number			
			Base price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jbn. 1982 8		
			Rs. P.						
<i>(g) Education and Reading—</i>									
<i>(1) Books—</i>									
Bal Bharati Chauthi Pustak.			Copy	5.42	0.75	2.75	2.75	367	368
<i>(2) School fees—</i>									
For VIII Std.			Per student per month.	3.46	5.00	6.00	6.00	120	120
Total				8.88					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(g)</i>						271	271		
<i>(h) Recreation and Amusement—</i>									
<i>(1) Cinema (Lowest Class)</i>			Adult	6.69	0.32	1.45	1.45	453	453
Total				6.69					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(h)</i>						453	453		
<i>(i) Transport and Communication.</i>									
<i>(1) Rail—</i>									
Railway fare 50 km.			Per passenger	12.48	0.98	2.30	2.30	235	235
<i>(2) Bus fare—</i>									
S.T. Bus 32 km. (Full ticket)				4.09	1.00	3.00	4.20	300	420
<i>(3) Postage—</i>									
<i>(i) Single Card</i>			Per card for Rs. 30	1.08	0.05	0.15	0.15	261	261
<i>(ii) M. O. charges</i>					0.45	1.00			
Total				17.65					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(i).</i>						279	279		

V. Miscellaneous—

<i>(a) Pan-Supari</i>	..	..	11.06	..	..	..	..	404	404
<i>(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products</i>	..	..	9.34	..	..	..	..	385	385
<i>(c) Household Utilities</i>	..	..	5.28	..	..	..	..	620	620
<i>(d) Washing Soap</i>	..	..	9.98	..	..	..	..	407	407
<i>(e) Medical Care</i>	..	..	15.78	..	..	..	..	189	189
<i>(f) Personal Care</i>	..	..	15.34	..	..	..	..	398	398
<i>(g) Education and Reading</i>	..	..	8.88	..	..	..	..	271	271
<i>(h) Recreation and Amusement</i>	..	..	6.69	..	..	..	..	453	453
<i>(i) Transport and Communications</i>	..	..	17.65	..	..	..	..	251	251
Total	..	..	100.00	..	..	..	..
<i>Index Number for Group V</i>	..	..						344	344

NANDED

536—A rise of 5 points

In January, 1982 the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for Nanded Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was being 5 points higher than that in the preceding month. The Index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Nanded Centre.

The index number for the food group increased by 6 points to 595 due to a rise in the average prices of turdal, moongdal, groundnut oil, fresh fish gur and other vegetables.

The index number for the fuel and light group remained steady at 637.

Six monthly house rent index compiled by chain method on the basis of the house rent survey conducted by office of the Commissioner of Labour, Bombay. The housing index number increased by 11 points to 285.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group remained steady at 468.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 7 points to 396 due to a rise in the average prices of pan leaf and S. T. fare.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		December 1981	January 1982
I. Food	61.46	589	595
II. Fuel and Light	5.88	637	637
III. Housing	4.62	274	285
IV. Clothing and Footwear	12.22	468	468
V. Miscellaneous	15.82	389	396
Total	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number		531	536

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1107 to 1112 of the March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100 the new index number of base 1961 = 100 should be multiplied by the linking factor viz. 2.45.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982
I. Food Group—	2	3	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice	Kg.	13.02	0.64	2.56	1.67	416	417
(2) Wheat	"	6.81	0.42	1.89	1.87	450	441
(3) Jowar	"	30.64	0.34	2.05	2.03	603	591
(4) Orling charges	5 Kgs.	1.82	0.13	0.75	0.75	577	577
Total		53.29				536	533
Index Number Sub-group I(a).							
(b) Pulses and Pulses Products—							
(1) Turdal—	Kg.	3.89	0.64	5.20	5.48	812	856
(i) Gawran (Medium)	"	1.84	0.57	5.20	5.20	912	912
(2) Groundal Punjab (medium)	"						
(3) Moongdal—	"	1.55	0.66	4.90	5.00	742	758
Without husk	"	0.54	0.77	4.45	4.40	578	571
(4) Urdal without husk	"						
(5) Maurdal—	"	0.82	0.61	5.05	4.80	828	787
(a) High	"						
(b) Medium	"						
Total		8.64					
Index Number Sub-group I(b).							
Total						808	826

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.**

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to Total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(e) Oil and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut Oil Meetha (Raddish in Colour)	tol Kg.	4.84	2.22	13.55	14.14	610	630
(2) Palm oil	"	..	..	..	8.25	..	..
Total	..	4.84					
Index Number Sub-group (c).						610	630
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton—							
(i) Goat Meat	.. .. ½ Kg.	5.62	1.08	8.00	8.00	683	683
(ii) Beef	.. .. Kg.	..	0.96	6.00	6.00		
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(i) Bombil	.. .. Kg.	0.61	2.46	9.00	9.00	540	..
(ii) Zinga	.. .. "	..	2.02	8.00	8.00		
(3) Fish (fresh)—							
Varieties available in Dec. 1981							
(i) Rahu	.. .. Kg.	..	1.86	11.00			
(ii) Katerna	.. .. "	..	1.61	13.00			
Varieties available in Jan. 1982.							
(i) Rahu	.. .. Kg.	..	1.86	12.00		..	617
(ii) Katerna	.. .. "	..	1.32	14.00			
Total	..	6.23					
Index Number Sub-group I(d).						669	676
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk (Buffalo)	.. .. 200 ml.	4.54	0.13	0.60	0.60	462	462
(2) Ghee (Buffalo)	.. .. ½ Kg.	0.29	3.01	17.00	17.00	565	565
Total	..	4.83					
Index Number Sub-group I(e).						468	468
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt white	.. .. Kg.	0.28	0.12	0.60	0.60	500	500
(2) Turmeric Khandaki	.. .. 50 gms.	0.24	0.06	0.30	0.30	500	500
(3) Chillies (dry)							
(i) Garwarani (fine)	.. .. Kg.	4.22	1.30	12.00	12.00	928	928
(ii) Garwarani (med)	.. .. "	..	1.18	11.00	11.00		
(4) Tamarind, Kadiwali	.. .. 200 gms.	0.77	0.28	2.00	2.00	800	800
(5) Mixed spices, Bojwar	.. .. 50 gms.	1.61	0.20	2.00	2.00	1000	1000
Total	..	5.62					
Index Number Sub-group I(f).						899	899

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.**

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to Total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(c) Oil and Fats—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Groundnut Oil Meetha (Raddish in Colour)	100 gms.	4.84	2.22	13.55	14.14	610	630
(2) Palm oil	"	..	..	..	8.25	..	..
Total		4.84				610	630
Index Number Sub-group (c).						610	630
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Mutton—							
(i) Goat Meat	1 Kg.	5.62	1.08	8.00	8.00	683	683
(ii) Beef	"	..	0.96	6.00	6.00	..	..
(2) Fish (dry)—							
(i) Bombil	"	0.61	2.46	9.00	9.00	540	..
(ii) Zinga	"	..	2.02	8.00	8.00	..	..
(3) Fish (fresh)—							
Varieties available in Dec. 1981							
(i) Rahu	"	..	1.86	11.00	..	..	..
(ii) Katema	"	..	1.61	13.00	..	..	..
Varieties available in Jan. 1982.							
(i) Rahu	"	..	1.34	12.00	12.00	..	617
(ii) Katema	"	..	1.32	14.00	14.00	..	..
Total		6.23				669	676
Index Number Sub-group I(d).						669	676
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk (Buffalo)	200 ml.	4.54	0.13	0.60	0.60	462	462
(2) Ghee (Buffalo)	½ Kg.	0.29	3.01	17.00	17.00	565	565
Total		4.83				468	468
Index Number Sub-group I(e).						468	468
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
(1) Salt white	"	0.28	0.12	0.60	0.60	500	500
(2) Turmeric Khandaki	50 gms.	0.24	0.06	0.30	0.30	500	500
(3) Chillies (dry)							
(i) Garwarani (fine)	"	4.22	1.30	12.00	12.00	928	928
(ii) Garwarani (med)	"	..	1.18	11.00	11.00	..	..
(4) Tamarind, Kadiwali	200 gms.	0.77	0.25	2.00	2.00	800	800
(5) Mixed spices, Bojwar	50 gms.	1.61	0.20	2.00	2.00	1000	1000
Total		7.12				899	899
Index Number Sub-group I(f).						899	899

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
 NANNED CENTRE—cont/

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportionally to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
Vegetable and Vegetable Products—							
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. p.		
(i) Potatoes— (i) Big size ..	½ Kg.	0.69	0.30	0.76	0.75	246	
(ii) Small size ..			0.26	0.62	0.60		
(i) Onions— (i) Red ..	Kg.	0.97	0.31	2.02	1.42	651	
(ii) White ..			0.31	2.02	1.42		
(i) Brinjals (Kali) ..	250 gms.	0.50	0.11	0.75	0.75	682	
(i) Tomatoes— (i) Red ..	250 gms.	0.39	0.21	0.78	0.44	420	
(ii) Green ..	"		0.13	0.61	0.34		
(i) Garlic Gawathan ..	50 gms.	0.54	0.05	0.20	0.20	400	
Other vegetables—							
varieties available in the month of Dec. 1981.							
(i) Gawar Phali ..	250 gms.	1.20	0.10	0.64	..	533	
(ii) Dodka ..	"		0.15	0.64	..		
varieties available in the month of Jan., 1982.							
(i) Gawarphali ..	250 gms.	1.20	0.08	..	0.75	..	1
(ii) Caculiflower ..	"		0.04	..	0.52		
Total ..		4.29					
Index Number Sub-group I(g).						504	606

Fruit and Fruits Products—							
(i) Banana— (i) Big size ..	Per Dozen	0.87	0.35	2.00	2.00	545	545
(ii) Medium ..	"	..	0.29	1.50	1.50		
(iii) Small ..	"	..	0.22	1.20	1.20		
Total ..		0.87					
Index Number Sub-group I(h).						545	545
Sugar, Honey and Related Products							
(1) Sugar— (i) D-grade ..	Kg.	3.57	1.17	3.65	3.65	312	312
(2) Gur— (i) Gawran 1st quality ..	200 gms.	0.70	0.10	0.80	0.90	750	8
(ii) Gawaran 2nd quality ..	"	..	0.10	0.70	0.80		
Total ..		4.27					
Index Number Sub-group I(i).						384	4
f) Averages—							
(1) Tea leaf— (i) Brooke Bond ..	Packet of 50 gms.	1.13	0.35	1.00	1.00	300	300
(ii) Lipton ..	"	..	0.35	1.10	1.10		
(2) Hot drink— (i) Chalu Chaha ..	Per Cup	4.49	0.07	0.50	0.50	..	65
(ii) Canteen tea ..	"	..	0.04	0.24	0.24		
Total ..		5.62					
Index Number Sub-group I(f).						585	58

**CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE—contd.**

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
I. Food group—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products		53.29	..	..	..	536	533
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products		8.64	..	..	..	808	826
(c) Oils and Fats		4.84	..	..	..	610	630
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs		6.23	..	..	..	669	676
(e) Milk and Milk Products		4.83	..	..	..	468	468
(f) Condiments and Spices		7.12	..	..	..	899	899
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products.		4.29	..	..	..	504	606
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products		0.87	..	..	..	545	545
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.		4.27	..	..	..	384	400
(ii) Beverages		5.62	..	..	..	585	585
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number for food group I.</i>						589	595
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and Chips—							
(i) Dhawda (old)	20 kgs.	80.76	1.66	11.00	11.00	650	650
(ii) Gaheri	"	"	1.57	10.00	10.00		
(2) Kerosene—							
(i) Rock oil white in colour	Per litre	13.99	0.26	1.85	1.85	712	712
(3) Match Box—							
(i) Wimco, Horse Brand	Per Box (50 sticks).	5.25	0.06	0.15	0.15	250	250
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group II</i>						637	637

III. Housing—							
(i) Rent of selected Tenements	P. M.	100.00	5.47			285	285
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group III.</i>						285	285
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti	Per Sq. Metre.	11.33	1.08	4.48	4.48	415	415
(2) Saree..	"	19.77	1.24	4.16	4.16	335	335
(3) Cloth for Trousers	"	1.59	2.74	11.33	11.33	414	414
(4) Long Cloth	"	27.46	1.44	7.21	7.21	501	501
(5) Coloured fabrics	"	31.23	1.81	10.00	10.00	552	552
Total		91.57					
<i>Index Number for sub-group IV(a).</i>						470	470
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata, Janata	Per Pair	4.89	15.02	78.35	78.35	406	406
(ii) Carona Master Junior	"	"	18.34	53.28	53.28		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata All wear Rubber Sole	"	3.54	4.45	32.35	32.35	495	495
(ii) Panther Bata	"	"	6.18	29.11	29.11		
(iii) Carona Kolhapur	"	"	8.35	28.90	28.90		
(iv) Carona Bahadur	"	"	8.65	37.80	37.80		
Total		8.43					
<i>Index Number for sub-group IV(b).</i>						444	444
IV Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing		91.57				470	470
(b) Footwear		8.43				444	444
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group V.</i>						468	468

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
HANOI CENTRAL - 1982

838

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan supari—							
(1) Pan leaf—							
(i) Local (medium) ..	Bundle of 25 leaves.	2.83	0.07	0.30	0.40	527	661
(ii) Local (inferior) ..	..	..	0.04	0.25	0.30	..	..
(2) Pan finished without masala ..	Per Vida ..	6.61	0.04	0.20	0.20	500	500
(3) Supari Mangalori ..	50 grms. ..	4.22	0.41	1.30	1.30	317	317
Total ..	..	13.66	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(a).</i>						449	477
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(1) Bidi Kalilakali ..	Bundle of 25 Bidies.	9.00	0.13	0.55	0.55	423	423
(2) Cigarettes—							
(i) Golkonda ..							
(i) Golkonda ..	Packet of 10 Cigareties.	6.34	0.10	0.70	0.70	773	773
(ii) Charminar ..							
(3) Jarda Lal Dadhi Brand ..	Packet of 25 gms ..	1.63	0.13 0.14	1.10 0.42	1.10 0.42	300	300
Total	16.97
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(b).</i>						542	542

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(c) Household Utillies—							
(1) Utensils Brass— Lota, Pune ..	Kg. ..	1.90	7.80	43.00	43.00	551	551
(2) Utensils Aluminium Baghuna without chhap. ..	100 gms ..	0.69	0.90	3.50	3.50	389	389
Total ..	..	2.59	..	..	..	508	508
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(c).</i>						..	..
(d) Washing soap—							
(1) Laundry ordinary washing and ironing. ..	Per shirt ..	3.74	0.12	0.40	0.40	333	333
(2) Washing soap Shama ..	Per cake ..	6.52	0.25	0.90	0.90	360	360
Total ..	..	10.26	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(d).</i>						350	350
(e) Medical Care—							
(1) Patent Medicin—							
(i) Anacin ..							
(i) Anacin ..	2 Tablets ..	9.36	0.13	0.15	0.15	..	..
(ii) Aspro ..	..	..	0.10	0.15	0.15	179	179
(iii) Zinda Tilasmath ..	Bottle ..	..	0.37	1.00	1.00	..	..
(2) Mixture, Doctor's daily Mixture. ..	Per day ..	5.47	0.62	0.83	0.83	134	134
Total	14.83
<i>Index Number for sub-group V(e).</i>						162	162

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
NANDED CENTRE -contd.

849

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight proportional to total ex- penditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Personal Care—							
(i) Hair Oil—							
(i) Tata Co., Coconut Oil	Small bottle	4.20	1.34	7.00	7.00	522	522
(2) Barber charges—							
(i) Hair cut with shave	Adult	7.20	0.41	2.50	2.50	570	570
(ii) Hair cut	"	"	0.31	1.75	1.75		
(iii) Shave	"	"	0.14	0.75	0.75		
(3) Toilet soap—							
(i) Hamam	Cake	1.93	0.48	2.00	2.00	417	417
(ii) Lifebuoy	"	"	0.48	2.00	2.00		
(4) Blades—							
(i) Bharat	Packet of 10 blades.	0.07	0.47	2.00	2.00	398	398
(ii) 6 morning	2 pkts. of 5 blades each.	"	0.54	2.00	2.00		
Total		13.40					
<i>Index Number for sub-group V(f).</i>						532	532
(g) Education and Reading—							
(1) School fees for VIII Standard	Per student	3.30	2.14	7.00	7.00	327	327
(2) School Books—							
(i) Marathi Vachan Mala	Per copy	3.43	0.75	2.75	2.75	339	339
(ii) Subodh Ganit	"	"	0.69	2.15	2.15		
Total		6.73					
<i>Index Number for sub-group V(g).</i>						333	333

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

(h) Preparation and Amusement—							
(i) Cinema—							
Lower Class	Full ticket	6.62	0.30	0.80	0.80	267	267
Total		6.62					
<i>Index Number for sub-group V(h).</i>						267	267
(i) Transport and Communications—							
(1) Rail—							
(i) Fare for III Class 50 km.	Per Adult Ticket	7.94	1.04	2.30	2.30	221	221
(ii) Bus—S. T. Bus fare for 20 miles.	"	3.14	1.00	3.00	4.20	300	420
(2) Postage—							
(i) Card	Single	0.57	0.05	0.15	0.15	261	261
(ii) M. O. Charges for Rs. 30	Rs. 30	"	0.45	1.00	1.00		
(3) Rickshaw Fare for 2 miles	One Passenger	3.29	0.22	1.50	1.50	682	682
Total		14.94					
<i>Index Number for Sub-group V(i).</i>						341	366
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pansupari		13.66	..	..	..	449	477
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products		16.97	..	..	..	542	542
(c) Household Utilities		2.59	..	..	..	508	508
(d) Washing soap		10.26	..	..	..	350	350
(e) Medical care		14.83	..	..	..	162	162
(f) Personal care		13.40	..	..	..	532	532
(g) Education and Reading		6.73	..	..	..	333	333
(h) Recreation and Amusement		6.62	..	..	..	267	267
(i) Transport and Communication		14.94	..	..	..	341	366
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group V.</i>						389	396

AURANGABAD

512—A rise of 8 points

In January 1982 the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series for Aurangabad) Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was being 8 points higher than in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Aurangabad Centre.

The index number for the food group increased by 10 points to 571 due to rise in the average prices of wheat, pulses and edible oils.

The index number for the house rent group has remained steady at 316.

Six monthly house rent index compiled by chain method on the basis of the house rent survey conducted by office of the Commissioner of Labour, Bombay. The house rent group has remained steady at 316.

The index number for clothing and footwear group increased by 6 points to 469 due to rise in the average prices of saree and long cloth.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 6 points to 386 due to rise in the average prices of hair oil and S. T. fare.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS
FOR AURANGABAD CENTRE

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982
I. Food ..	46.72	561	571
II. Fuel and Light ..	1.58	546	546
III. Housing ..	13.25	316	316
IV. Clothing and Footwear ..	15.82	463	469
V. Miscellaneous ..	13.62	380	386
Total ..	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number ..		504	512

Note—To obtain the unrounded index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100 new index number on base 1961=100 should be multiplied by the linking factor 22.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to Total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity		Index Number	
			Base Price	Rs. P.	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982
1. Food Group—						
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—						
(i) Rice ..	Kg.	5.40	0.08	1.96	284	284
(ii) Wheat ..	"	10.72	0.42	1.94	284	462
(iii) Jowar ..	"	30.13	0.98	2.30	605	605
(iv) Grinding charges for cereals ..	"	2.55	0.02	0.15	710	730
Total ..		48.80				
Index Number sub-group I(a)—						
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—						
(i) Total, without husk ..	Kg.	3.95	0.70	5.61	786	801
(ii) Gramdal, Katori ..	"	2.01	0.80	4.90	852	817
(iii) Mungdal, without husk ..	"	1.21	0.71	5.25	739	734
(iv) Musardal Thick grain ..	"	0.73	0.54	4.90	181	760
Total ..		7.90				
Index Number sub-group I(b)—						

AURANGABAD

512—A rise of 8 points

In January 1982, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for Aurangabad Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was being 8 points higher than in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at Aurangabad Centre.

The index number for the food group increased by 10 points to 571 due to rise in the average prices of wheat, Jawar and edible oils.

The index number for the house rent group has remained steady at 546

Six monthly house rent index compiled by chain method on the basis of the house rent survey conducted by office of the Commissioner of Labour, Bombay. The house rent group has remained steady at 316.

The index number for clothing and footwear group increased by 6 points to 469 due to rise in the average prices of saree and long cloth.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 6 points to 386 due to a rise in the average price of hair oil and S. T. fare.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CENTRE

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982
I. Food ..	60.72	561	571
II. Fuel and Light ..	7.50	546	546
III. Housing ..	8.87	316	316
IV. Clothing and Footwear ..	9.29	463	469
V. Miscellaneous ..	13.62	380	386
Total ..	100.00		
<i>Consumer Price Index Number ..</i>	<i>....</i>	<i>504</i>	<i>512</i>

*Details regarding scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1130 to 1134 of March 1966 issue of Labour Gazette.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100 the new index number on base 1961 = 100 should be multiplied by the linking factor *vis.* 2.22.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to Total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1982
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Food Group—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice ..	Kg.	3.40	0.64	1.96	1.06	284	284
(2) Wheat ..	"	10.12	0.42	1.91	1.94	455	462
(3) Jowar ..	"	30.33	0.18	2.12	2.70	528	605
(4) Grinding charges for cereals ..	"	2.33	0.02	0.15	0.15	710	750
Total ..		48.20				515	546
<i>Index Number sub-group I(a)—</i>							
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Turdal, without husk ..	Kg.	3.96	0.70	5.50	5.61	786	801
(2) Gramdal, Katori ..	"	2.05	0.40	5.11	4.90	852	817
(3) Moongdal, without husk ..	"	1.11	0.11	5.21	5.25	739	739
(4) Masurdal Thick grain ..	"	0.74	0.11	5.00	5.25	781	766
Total ..		7.86					
<i>Index Number sub-group I(b)</i>						796	793

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

844

Articles 1	Unit of Quantity 2	Weight propor- tional to Total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number		
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8	
(c) Oils and Fats—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.			
(1) Groundnut oil Whitish	litre	2.00	1.07	6.50	6.70	607	675	
(2) Karada Oil	"	3.49	1.11	7.55	8.00	680	..	
(3) Palm Oil	"	..	..	..	7.43	..	..
(4) Vanaspati Dalda	½ Kg. (loose)	0.48	1.58	7.50	7.50	475	475	
Total		5.97						
Index Number sub-group I(c)						639	659	
(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—								
(1) Mutton, Goatmeat	½ Kg.	..	4.70	1.26	8.00	8.00	635	635
(2) Fish (dry)—								
(a) Bombil	Kg.	..	0.24	2.90	12.00	12.00	418	418
(b) Zinga	"	2.13	9.00	9.00
(c) Nathmi	"	1.93
Total		..	4.94					
Index Number sub-group I(d)						624	624	

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Milk and Milk Products								
Milk—								
(Buffalo Milk)	200 ml.	..	6.65	0.16	0.70	0.70	438	438
Total		..	6.65					
Index Number sub-group I(e)							438	438
(f) Condiments and Spices—								
(1) Salt— White	Kg.	..	0.35	0.11	0.60	0.60	545	545
(2) Turmeric— Whole	250 gms.	..	0.31	0.34	1.84	1.75	541	515
(3) Chillies (dry)— Superior quality	½ kg.	..	4.62	0.90	6.14	5.92	682	658
(4) Tamarind	"	..	0.45	0.49	4.00	4.00	816	816
(5) Mixed spices— Bojwar	250 gms.	..	1.80	0.42	3.00	3.00	714	714
(6) Jira— Thick Blackish (gray)	"	..	0.30	0.69	6.00	6.00	870	870
Total			7.83					
Index Number sub-group I(f)							693	677

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

846

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1981 8
<i>(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—</i>			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Potatoes— Medium	½ Kg.	1.35	0.30	1.10	1.10	367	367
(2) Onions— Red	Kg.	1.06	0.25	1.88	1.42	752	568
(3) Brinjals— Medium	½ Kg.	0.48	0.24	1.00	0.84	417	350
(4) Tomatoes— (1) Red (2) Green	..	..	0.64 0.18	1.31 0.64	0.93 0.46	412	294
(5) Garlic— Medium	50 gms.	0.68	0.06	0.60	0.60	1000	1000
<i>Other (Vegetables)—</i> Varieties available in the month of Dec. 1981—							
(i) Dodka	½ Kg.	1.80	0.22	1.50	}	555	
(ii) Gawar	..	..	0.35	1.50			
Varieties available in the month of Jan. 1982—							
(i) Pankobi	½ Kg.	1.80	0.18		1.15	}	549
(ii) Pumpkin	0.25		1.15		
Total		6.01					
<i>Index Number sub group I(g).</i>						572	519

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

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<i>(h) Fruits and Fruit Products—</i>								
Banana— Medium	Doz.	1.14	0.32	1.62	1.62	506	506	
Total		1.14				506	506	
<i>Index Number sub-group I(h)</i>								
<i>(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Product—</i>								
(1) Sugar—Medium	Kg.	3.45	1.17	3.65	3.65	312	312	
(2) Gur—Superior	..	1.81	0.46	3.88	3.47	843	754	
Total		5.26				495	464	
<i>Index Number Sub-Group I(i)</i>								
<i>(j) Beverages—</i>								
Tea leaf—Brooke Bond	50 gms.	1.86	0.41	1.00	1.05	244	256	
(2) Prepared Tea—Chalu Chaha	Cup or 3½ Ozs.	4.28	0.08	0.50	0.50	625	625	
Total		6.14				510	513	
<i>Index Number sub-group I(j)</i>								
<i>Food Group—</i>								
(a) Cereals and cereal products		48.20	..	..	..	515	546
(b) Pulses and pulse products		7.86	..	..	..	796	793
(c) Oil and fats		5.97	..	..	..	639	659
(d) Mutton, fish and eggs		4.94	..	..	..	624	624
(e) Milk and Milk products		6.65	..	..	..	438	438
(f) Condiments and spices		7.83	..	..	..	693	677
(g) Vegetables and vegetable products		6.01	..	..	..	572	519
(h) Fruits and fruit products		1.14	..	..	..	506	506
(i) Sugar, honey and related products.		5.26	..	..	..	495	464
(j) Beverages		6.14	..	..	..	510	513
Total		100.00				561	571	
<i>Index Number-Food Group I.</i>								

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
II Fuel and Light—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Firewood and chips							
(i) Mixture	37 kgs.	81.82	2.87				
(ii) Babhool	"	"	2.80	14.80	14.80	529	529
(2) Kerosene Ordinary	1 Litre	12.44	0.22	1.75	1.75	795	795
(3) Match Box Wimco Horse Brand	Box of 50 sticks	5.74	0.06	0.15	0.15	250	250
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number Group II.</i>						546	546
III. Housing							
<i>Rent—</i>							
House rent for selected tenements	P. M	100.00	..			316	316
Total		100.00	..				
<i>Index Number Group III.</i>						316	316
IV. Clothing and Foot-wear							
(1) Dhoti 8.2 mts. length and 119 to 121 cms. width.	Per sq. metre.	6.04	1.07	4.30	4.30	402	402
(2) Saree 7.3 to 8.2 mts. length and 102 to 152 cms. width.	"	31.57	1.28	5.24	5.36	409	419
(3) Cloth for trousers 89 to 97 cms. width	"	2.51	2.36	10.71	10.71	454	454
(4) Long cloth 89 to 97 cms. width	"	36.63	1.64	8.33	8.33	508	508
(5) Coloured fabric 67 to 69 cms. width	"	18.17	1.86	8.78	9.11	472	490
Total		94.92				460	467
<i>Index Number sub-group IV (a)</i>							
<i>(b) Footwear—</i>							
<i>Shoes—</i>							
(i) Bata Co.	Per pair	5.08	15.08	78.35	78.35	520	520
(ii) Flex Co.	"	"	19.22				
Total		5.08				520	520
<i>Index Number sub-group IV (b).</i>							
IV. Clothing and Footwear—contd.							
(a) Clothing		94.92	..	..	..	460	467
(b) Footwear		5.08	..	..	..	520	520
Total		100.00				463	469
<i>Index Number group III</i>							
V. Miscellaneous—							
<i>(a) Pan-supari—</i>							
(1) Pan leaf—Madras l	Bundle of 100 leaves.	3.84	0.50	1.50	1.50	300	300
(2) Pan Finished—With Masala	Vida	2.19	0.04	0.30	0.30	750	750
(3) Supari— Manglori	50 gms.	4.36	0.41	1.50	1.50	366	366
(4) Katha -- Kanpur		1.78	0.72	4.00	4.00	556	556
Total		12.17					
<i>Index Number sub-group III</i>						442	442

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—contd.

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Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to Total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco products—							
(1) Bidi— Totapuri	Bundle of 25 bidies.	15.38	0.15	0.65	0.65	433	433
(2) Jarda— Hazivazir								Packet of 25 gms.	3.18	0.19	0.54	0.54	284	284
Total		18.56					
Index Number sub-group V(b)						401	408
(c) Household Utilities—							
Utensils Brass—							
Lota (Poona Market)		2.55	7.18	50.00	50.00	696	696
Total		2.55					
Index Number sub-group V(c)						601	696

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

(d) Washing Soap—							
(1) Laundry— Ordinary washing and ironing of cotton shirt.	Per piece	4.86	0.11	0.40	0.40	364	364
(2) Washing Soap— Sunlight	Per Cake	9.27	0.42	1.70	1.70	405	405
Total		14.13					
Index Number Sub-group V(d)						391	391
(e) Medical care—							
(1) Patent Medicine Anacin	Two Tablets	4.67	0.12	0.15	0.15	125	125
(2) Mixture (Daily)	Per day	7.61	0.68	2.00	2.00	294	294
Total		12.28					
Index Number Sub-group V(e)						230	230
(f) Personal Care—							
(1) Hair Oil, Tata Co.	Small bottle	5.82	1.30	6.80	6.88	523	529
(2) Barber Charges—							
(i) Hair cut with shave	Adult	8.70	0.50	2.75	2.75 } 2.00 } 0.75 }	495	495
(ii) Haircut	"	"	0.37	2.00			
(iii) Shave	"	"	0.19	0.75			
(3) Toilet Soap—							
(i) Lifebuoy	Per Cake	2.74	0.48	2.00	2.00 } 2.00 }	417	417
(ii) Hamam	"	"	0.48	2.00			
(4) Blade Six morning	2 pkts. of 5 blades each	0.33	0.57	2.40	2.40	421	421
Total		17.59					
Index Number Sub-group V(f)						491	493

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

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CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
AURANGABAD CENTRE—*contd.*

Articles 1	Unit of quantity 2	Weight proportional to total expenditure 3	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Base Price 4	Dec. 1981 5	Jan. 1982 6	Dec. 1981 7	Jan. 1982 8
(g) Education and Reading—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) School fees for Std. IX.	Per Student per month	1.90	3.01	7.00	7.00	233	233
(2) School Books, Prathamik Ganit (Govt. Publication).	Per Copy.	1.33	0.62	2.15	2.15	347	347
Total		3.23					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(g)</i>						280	280
(h) Recreation and Amusement—							
Cinema Lower class	Full ticket	6.90	0.44	1.50	1.50	341	341
Total		6.90					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(h)</i>						341	341
(i) Transport and Communication—							
(1) Rail—							
Fare for 50 km.	Full ticket	6.19	1.04	2.30	2.30	221	221
(2) Bus—							
S. T. fare for 30 miles		5.30	1.50	4.00	5.60	267	267
(3) Postage—							
(1) Post card	Per card	1.10	0.05	0.15	0.15	261	261
(2) Money Order	For Rs. 30	..	0.45	1.00	1.00		
Total		12.59					
<i>Index Number Sub-group V(i)</i>						244	289

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

V Miscellaneous Group							
(a) Pan supari	....	12.17	..	..	..	442	442
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	....	18.56	..	..	..	408	408
(c) Household utilities	..	2.55	..	..	..	696	696
(d) Washing Soap	..	14.13	..	..	..	391	391
(e) Medical care	..	12.28	..	..	..	230	230
(f) Personal care	..	17.59	..	..	..	491	493
(g) Education and Reading	..	3.23	..	..	..	280	280
(h) Recreation and Amusement	..	6.90	..	..	..	341	341
(i) Transport and Communication	..	12.59	..	..	..	244	289
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Miscellaneous Group V.</i>						380	386

(G.C.P.) Ra 4171-9 (627-8-82)

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

THE STATEMENT SHOWING THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS BY GROUPS FOR SEVEN CENTRES OF MAHARASHTRA STATE FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY 1982.

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

Centre	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bombay	..	1960=100	516	484	569	159	472	369	468	2078	469	2082
Solapur	..	1960=100	581	425	622	227	502	390	530	2025	521	1990
Nagpur	..	1960=100	522	469	599	224	558	376	485	2532	479	2500
Pune	..	1961=100	502	471	138	497	348	444	444
Jalgaon	..	1961=100	537	616	178	449	349	482	2550	471	2492
Nanded	..	1961=100	595	637	285	468	396	536	1313	531	1301
Aurangabad	..	1961=100	571	546	316	469	386	512	1137	504	1119

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent old Index numbers the new Index numbers may be multiplied by the linking factors mentioned against the respective centres as follows :—

BOMBAY : 4.44, SOLAPUR : 3.82, NAGPUR : 5.22, JALGAON : 5.29, NANDED : 2.45, AURANGABAD : 2.22.

ALL INDIA AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR INDUSTRIAL WORKERS

The statistics for the Last 12 Calendar months from February 1981 to January 1982 are given in the following table :—

TABLE

Month	Base	Base
	1960=100	1949=100
1	2	3
February 1981	418	508
March 1981	420	510
April 1981	427	519
May 1981	433	526
June 1981	439	534
July 1981	447	543
August 1981	454	552
September 1981	456	554
October 1981	460	559
November 1981	462	562
December 1981	460	559
January 1982	459	558

*Index numbers under this column are derived from the 1950 based index.

Labour Intelligence

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS IN MAHARASHTRA REVIEW FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1981

Industrial Courts, Tribunals and Labour Courts

All 2000 applications were received by the Industrial Courts, Tribunals and Labour Court during the month. Their break-up are as under :-

Serial No.	Name of the Industrial Court/Tribunal and Labour Court	No. of applications, etc. received during the month under the—			Total
		B.I.R. Act, 1946	I.D. Act, 1947	Other Acts.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
I Industrial Courts/Tribunals—					
1	Industrial Court, Bombay ..	19	...	184	203
2	Industrial Tribunal, Bombay ..	...	15	...	15
3	Industrial Court, Nagpur ..	8	...	89	97
4	Industrial Tribunal, Nagpur ..	...	81	...	81
5	Industrial Court, Pune ..	6	...	34	40
6	Industrial Tribunal, Pune ..	...	77	...	77
7	Industrial Court, Thane ..	4	...	92	96
8	Industrial Tribunal, Thane ..	...	...	...	...
	Total ..	37	173	399	609
II Labour Courts—					
1	Labour Court, Bombay ..	40	365	164	569
2	Labour Court, Pune ..	8	29	39	76
3	Labour Court, Nagpur ..	15	156	145	316
4	Labour Court, Thane ..	7	17	39	63
5	Labour Court, Kolhapur ..	8	21	45	74
6	Labour Court, Solapur ..	64	38	37	60
7	Labour Court, Akola ..	1	23	96	115
8	Labour Court, ..	1	18	14	33
9	Labour Court, Aurangabad ..	3	16	...	...
	Total ..	146	683	650	1479

Wage Boards— Nil

Conciliation

An analysis of disputes handled by the Conciliation machinery in the State during October 1981 under various Acts is given below :-

(a) Cause-wise analysis of the cases received during the month :-

Act	1	2	3	4	Total
Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	450	113	113	663	663
Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	12	13	25	25	25
Bombay Industrial Relations (Extensions and Amendment) Act, 1964	...	...	...	...	...
Total ..	462	126	688	688	688

(b) Result-wise analysis of the cases dealt with during the month—

Act	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	1,357	663	140	310	50	149	449	1,479	1,578	1,578
R. Act, 1946	264	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	275
B.I.R. (Ext. and Amdt.) Act, 1964	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ..	1,621	688	145	310	50	150	560	1,578	1,578	1,578

Summary of the cases received during the month under Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and Bombay Industrial Relations (Amendment) Act, 1964.

Act	Cotton Textile	Textile	Chemical	Textile Processing	Hosiery	Banking	Sugar	Transport	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B. I. R. Act, 1946	5	3	1	1	4	5	3	2	1	25

Act	Textile Industry	Paper Industry	Chemical Industry	Press Industry	Electricity	Banking	Chemical Engineering	Other Misc.	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B. I. R. (Extension And Amendment) Act, 1964

District-wise analysis is given below :-

Act	Bombay	Pune	Thane	Nagpur	Auranga-bad	Ahamad-nagar	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
B. I. R. Act, 1946	5	3	2	10	5	..	25

Act	Amravati	Bombay	Wardha	Chanda	Akola	Bulhana	Total
B. I. R. (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1982
INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN MAHARASHTRA STATE
DURING DECEMBER 1981

	November 1981	December 1981	December 1980
No. of Disputes	69	70	34
No. of Workers Involved	40,343	32,691	5,864
No. of Man-days lost	7,00,357	6,91,635	71,563

No. of Man-days lost

Industry-wise classification is given below :-

Name of the Industry Group	Number of disputes in progress			Number of work people involved in all disputes	Aggregate man-days lost in
	Started before the month i.e. beginning of the month i.e. before December 1981	Started during the month i.e. December 1981	Total		
Textile	19	5	24	19,158	3,99,385
Engineering	16	4	20	5,505	1,23,041
Chemical	6	1	7	856	18,812
Miscellaneous	12	7	19	7,172	1,50,424
December 1981 Total	53	17	70	32,691	6,91,635
November 1981 Total	52	17	69	40,343	7,00,357

Thirty eight of the disputes arose over questions of "pay, allowances and bonus issues", 11 related to "Retrenchment and grievances about personnel", while the remaining 21 were due to other causes.

Out of the 11 disputes that terminated during the course of the month, 6 were settled either entirely or partially in favour of the workers, and 5 in favour of the employers.

*The word "Work stoppages" in the official sense means "strikes" and "lock-outs" hereby used in that sense as virtually synonymous with "Strike". In computing statistics of the industrial disputes, however, disputes in which 10 or more persons are involved are included.

STATEMENT ABOUT OWNERSHIP AND OTHER PARTICULARS
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(See Rule 8)

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Commerce Centre, Tardeo,
Bombay 400 034.
6. Names and addresses of The Government of Maharashtra,
individuals who own the Bombay.
- newspaper and partner's or
share-holders holding more
than one percent of the total
capital.

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are true to best of my knowledge and belief.

Date :

Signature of publisher.

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